

...the precious globule just as it was
...of falling. This it repeated a number of times,
...it had quenched its thirst, when it flew away
...rapping.—*Montrose Review.*

THE METROPOLIS.

HEALTH OF LONDON.—London is as healthy as usual at this season of the year; 1,026 deaths were registered in the week. The average number of deaths in the corresponding week of the ten years was 1,014, or 1,000 if we correct for increase of population and exclude 2,865 deaths in the second week of September, 1849 when the cholera was epidemic. In the last week there was a death every ten minutes in London; but the population is now about 2,851,000, and the mortality is therefore at the rate of one in 2,330 yearly. Two thirds were 1,422, and exceeded the deaths by 403; the population is increasing; partly by immigration at the rate of 42,000 a year, or 800 weekly. 535 males and 491 females die. The ages of 4 persons were not reported; 193 only were of the age of 60 and upwards. 359 were in the prime of life, and 465 were children. Of the 1,026 deaths, 722 occurred on the north, 304 on the south, 21 on the Thames; 72 persons died in hospitals, 9 in lunatic asylums, 33 in workhouses, 5 in prisons, 7 in military and naval hospitals, 5 in military and naval asylums. No deaths were reported from cholera and fever are the prevailing diseases; summer is increasing; cholera is slowly, diarrhoea rapidly, declining. The deaths in the last three weeks were 23, 17, and 17. In the last three weeks there were 24 men, 119 women, and 174 children, and 119 of consumption, and 31 of heart disease; women died in childbirth; 65 and 69 girls, in all. The births of 724 boys and 699 girls, in all. 1,429 children were registered in the week ending Saturday, the 13th September, was 30,308 in. The mean temperature of the week was 57.1 degrees; the atmosphere was cold for the season, and 1.5 degrees less than the average of the week. The thermometer during the week was 37.6 degrees, on Wednesday, and the highest on Saturday, 72.4 degrees, showing a range of about 35 degrees. No rain fell during the week. The mean direction of the wind was north-east.

HOMAGE EFFECTS OF THE BOTTLE.—On Friday last an inquest was taken by Mr. Payne, in the board-room of Bishopsgate Without, on view of the body of Mary Anne Johnson, fourteen months old, an illegitimate child, whose mother is now in Newgate, having been committed to the gaol for the Central Criminal Court on a charge of having neglected the maintenance of her child during her habitual state of intemperance. —Diana Phillips, nurse at the Marylebone workhouse, said that the deceased was placed under her care on the 27th of July. The child was then in a shocking state from neglect, and had a difficulty of breathing. The mother took it away in a few days, but witness received it again in less than a week. In three weeks' time the mother received her child, which left in good condition. City police officer Hoggan, who was present at the inquest, testified that he had made inquiries as to the former career of the deceased's mother, and had ascertained that she had formerly lived in a style of extravagance at Notting-hill, where she occupied an elegantly furnished house for several years, and was at the time under the protection of a captain, who is dead. She was subsequently the protégée of a merchant in the City, of whom she had a liberal allowance. In the course of the last six months she has been four times convicted at Marylebone Police-court. She had neglected both her children. The eldest is found to be a healthy child, but the younger had no food from her, and had been in the House of Correction.—Verdict.—That the deceased died from an inflammation of the chest, supposed to have been caused by the neglect of the mother.

CHARGE OF MURDERING A POLICE CONSTABLE.—On Monday morning the body of a man, who was belonging to Bexley Heath, was brought before Mr. Traill at the Greenwich Police-court by Mr. G. Hinton, superintendent of the rural police at West Malling, Kent, charged on suspicion of being the person who caused the death of police-constable James Hattie, who was killed on the night of the 21st of Feb., 1850, he returned home with blood upon his hands and clothes. On the following morning he told her that he had beaten a policeman with an instrument called an iron foot, and thought he had killed him. The prisoner, who denied the woman's statement, was remanded.

FOUR FIRES.—During Saturday morning four fires occurred in various parts of the metropolis. One fire happened about three o'clock, in one of the newly fitted up premises for the accommodation of visitors to the Exhibition, situated at No. 31, Brompton-road, Brompton. The fire was caused by a candle, which had been left burning, and had been extinguished by Mr. Barge. At the time of the outbreak, a number of foreigners were in their beds asleep, and it was with great difficulty that they could be aroused. Several engines quickly attended, but very speedily the whole building was in flames. The fire was subdued under the premises were burnt out, and the whole of the furniture and wearing apparel therein consumed. The total loss, it is expected, will exceed £1,000. Mr. Barge was partially insured in the Sun Fire Office. The above fire had scarcely been extinguished, when another broke out in a building belonging to Mr. Terry, a clothier and outfitter, 17 and 18, West-street, West-church-square. This fire, as well as another in the premises of Mr. Hardy, 21, Clifton-street, Finsbury, destroyed a considerable amount of property. The fourth fire happened in Stamford-street, Lambeth, but the damage done was not considerable.

DEATH FROM FURIOUS DRIVING.—On Saturday last Mr. J. W. Payne, the deputy coroner, held an inquest at the Crown, Blackfriars-road, on the body of Jane Taylor, aged two years, who was killed on the previous Thursday by a coach driven by a man named Carr, which drove towards Blackfriars-bridge, but too rapidly to be taken care of. A gentleman named Carr, a draper of Putney, was stopped in mistake, his coach answering to the description of the one causing death, but as to the driver, Carr, who was charged with the death of Jane Taylor, the coroner adjourned the inquest in the hope that the man may be found by the police.

SNOOKING OCCURRENCE.—On Saturday last a poor woman, named Shenton, died at her lodgings in Great-Rue-street, near the Strand, under very remarkable circumstances. Her husband fell from a scaffolding at the new House of Parliament on the previous Wednesday, and when taken to the Westminster Hospital was found to be quite dead from the injuries. He was accordingly conveyed home, and the shock was so great that she died in consequence confined to her bed. The inquest was held, and he was placed in a shell by the side of her bed. She died on Saturday and was laid out and placed by the side of her former partner in life. At the inquest Mr. Borge, the deputy coroner, was asked to be adopted at the House of Parliament to prevent accidents, and he thought a sheet of canvass might be placed under the scaffolding, so that men if they slipped might have their lives saved.

EXTRA ACCIDENT AT THE STRAND.—On Monday afternoon a Chelsea omnibus, proceeding at a furious rate to round the cab stand, and in the vicinity of the corner of Pickett-place it came in contact with a poor man, a vendor of lead pencils, and knocked him down, both wheels of the vehicle fortunately passing over his head and neck. The unfortunate man was lying on the ground, and it was ascertained that death must have been instantaneous, the head being dreadfully fractured on the right side, and the vertebrae of the neck broken. The driver of the omnibus was once taken into custody, and removed to Bow-street.

The Right Rev. Dr. Brown was installed as the new Roman Catholic Bishop of Southwark, on Sunday last, at St. George's Church. The quiet and unostentatious manner in which the affair was conducted formed a marked striking contrast to the pomp and ceremonial attending the installation of Cardinal Wiseman. The installation took place in the presbytery, instead of the church, and the only persons present were a few clergymen, who after the reading of the Papal Bull, did homage to their newly appointed superior. Dr. Brown officiated at high mass, and in the course of a subsequent address to the congregation, craved their prayers, to enable him to discharge the serious and solemn responsibilities that devolved upon him. Dr. Brown bears the character of a retiring and humble, but highly endued and energetic clergyman.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—On Tuesday Mr. William Carter, the Surrey coroner, held an inquest at the body of Gardner's Tavern; Lambeth Walk, on the body of Mr. Henry Appleby, aged fifty, the reeve of the great manor of Mornington. From the evidence of a great number of witnesses it appeared that on Friday night some man came to a lamp on the back of one of the man's feet, and in an instant afterwards the animals took fright and ran away towards Doughty-street, stopping the horses and saving with the intention of taking, however, and being able to do so, he was killed him. When the jury passed over his body and ordered the men who had been consulted, the coroner dry to be called in, and told them that the man was of the dray, and that he had not fastened the wheels in their mouths and that they had not fastened the bits them. By so doing they had put one to take care of in a very onerous position, as they had called upon to provide for the widows and children of the deceased. Under the circumstances, the jury had returned a verdict of "Accidental Death," but they hoped they would never leave their horses in future.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION AT KENNINGTON.—On Tuesday evening a fire of a most destructive character broke out in the store-houses of Messrs. Hay, Anderson, and Sangster, near the mill, in the neighbourhood of Kennington, and extended to the inflammable nature of the building and their contents, in less than five minutes after the discovery of the fire, nearly the whole range of buildings, together with their contents, amounting to several thousand pounds in value, were completely destroyed. It is not known whether the firm are insured, but it is believed they are.

PRINCESS'S THEATRE.—On Saturday last Mr. Keeley met with an accident, which will render him incapable of performing for a few nights. In getting upon an omnibus, his foot slipped, and the iron step inflicted a painful injury upon his leg.

FATAL CARRIAGE ACCIDENTS IN THE STRAND.—On Wednesday Mr. Bedford held an inquest in the King's College Hospital, on Elizabeth, the widow of the late Captain Rogers, R.N., aged seventy, whose husband died at sea on the 10th of July. Elizabeth, who had been crossing the Strand, near Temple-bar, when a cab ran over her, breaking her arm. The shock to the system caused death. As the evidence was dissatisfactory, an open verdict was returned. Mr. Bedford held a second inquest in the same hospital, on William Jones, a street vendor of conical aged sixty-four, who, while crossing the Strand, opposite Twining's bank, was knocked down by an omnibus, and killed instantly. His jaw was fractured, and he was otherwise severely injured. Blame was attached to the driver, who is out on bail, and the inquiry was adjourned to secure the attendance of further evidence, as from the testimony of Mr. Blandford, builder, Blackfriars-road, who witnessed the fatal occurrence, the coachman appeared to have been culpably negligent.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE RIVER.—On Wednesday morning, before daylight, as an empty boat, which was being towed down the river by a tug, it struck the centre pier of Blackfriars-bridge, and sank. Three men, who were seen on board just before, went down with the vessel, and, although their cries were heard from the shore, they perished before any one could render them assistance.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A MAN AND HORSE.—On Wednesday morning the following singular accident happened in the Strand, opposite Burleigh-street, where a portion of the road is being taken up for the purpose of widening it. A horse and carriage, of some depth had been dug, in which an old man was working, when a cab which was passing had its wheel caught in an omnibus, and the horse was in consequence thrown into the hole. The poor man, seeing his danger, and perceiving that the progress of the horse by trying hard to escape from his perilous situation, and, after floundering about, became fixed in the hole, and was, after some difficulty, by digging and the use of ropes, dragged from his awkward position, and sustained no injury beyond a slight wound upon his knees.

The Products.

ANOTHER PRISONER.—The Journal of Saturday, says we are informed that the late Mr. William Towry Law, vicar of Harborne, adjoining this town, and chancellor of the diocese of Bath and Wells, has resigned his living in the Church, with the intention of joining the communion of the Church of Rome. The hon. and rev. gentleman is now settled in the rectory of St. Andrew's, Bath, and brother to the present Lord Ellenborough.

REMARKS ON THE "CONVERT."—It will be necessary to state that the "convert" is not the Chancellor J. T. Law, so well known in connection with the Queen's College of this town. —*Birmingham Gazette.*

EASTERN RAILWAY.—Last week the Trowse estate of this company's line was opened by the directors, and on the day of the Trowse races, a train of 300 persons from Colchester, Ipswich, and other places were taken over to Trowse, without any accident.

PANALTY FOR ANNOYING RAILWAY PASSENGERS.—The directors of the West Riding have inflicted a fine of 20s., and £10s. costs, upon a passenger for annoying his fellow travellers. —*Ulverston and Lancaster Railway.*—The works of this line, which will connect the Lancashire and Yorkshire, the Leeds and Thirsk, and give direct communication to the west coast of Cumberland, have been commenced.

DEATH OF MR. WEST.—We regret to announce the death of our scientific fellow-townsmen, Mr. W. West, the celebrated analytical chemist. Mr. West died on the 10th inst., in the 50th year of his age. For his scientific attainments, and for a few years ago elected a fellow of the Royal Society, an honour of which he was not a little proud. He was a man of varied attainments, and as an intelligent member of the Leeds Philosophical and Polytechnic Society, and other kindred institutions, he will be much missed. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and of other ecclesiastical habits.

UTTERING FORGERIES.—Thomas Taylor and Edward Bennett were brought before the Recorder at the Borough Court on Monday, charged with stealing two sovereigns from a fruit dealer of Macclesfield, named Clarke. The prosecutor stated that on Wednesday last Taylor and a man not in custody, named Parrott, came to his shop, saying they had just arrived from Ulverston, and they sold him a pair of shoes for a £20 note and a £10 note, requesting him to give them change. They said they had received the notes in payment for the horse. Prosecutor told them he could not give them change, for he had only £10 in the house. The men then asked him to lend them £10 on the note, and they would return it to him the next morning, as they could not get the notes changed that night, the banks being all shut up, and they had an engagement in Manchester that evening, which if they did not attend they would lose £20. The man then told the prosecutor that the money they had promised to do. On making inquiries he found that the notes were forgeries, and came to Manchester to look for the men. He met Parrott, who went with him to look for Taylor. The latter was found in Great-Rue-street, near the Strand, and the notes were bad, and requested them to return his money. They said they were very sorry, and offered to bring him a respectable person who would be security for their paying the money at the end of the week. Prosecutor assented to this, and the man brought with him the prisoner Magnien. Prosecutor found, after some conversation, that Magnien was concerned with the others, and offered them £21 if they would give him his money at once. He held out two sovereigns towards them, and they then gave him the notes, and he took the sovereigns into the air. They fell on the floor, Parrott picked them up, and the three were taken to the police station. The prisoners were committed for trial, but Taylor was allowed to be remanded, as he said he should be able to prove an alibi.

TITLES BURNED.—Liverpool.—Birkenhead, which was rendered so conspicuous during the recent agitation against the Papal aggression by the riotous proceedings of the Romanists, bids fair to signalise itself in a still further manner, and to give to the week some excitement, and to the right of the Protestant portion of the community by the appearance of a large placard upon the walls, bearing the following announcement:—"St. Werburgh's Catholic Church, Birkenhead.—The annual sermon, in support of St. Werburgh's school, will be preached on Sunday, September 14. Potentially high mass will be celebrated at eleven o'clock, and the sermon preached by the Lord Bishop of Shrewsbury. In the evening vesper will be sung at half-past six o'clock, and the sermon preached by the Lord Bishop of Shrewsbury. The Bishop of Shrewsbury will be accompanied by the Lord Bishop of Exeter, and the Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells. The result was, that on the morning a large congregation—many being attracted out of mere curiosity—attended at St. Werburgh's. The church is one of very unpretending character, but it is evident that great preparations had been made for the occasion. The altar was decorated with flowers, and to the right there was a kind of canopy or throne, intended for the reception of "the Lord Bishop of Shrewsbury." The service was principally conducted by three priests, in vestments of cloth of gold, who appeared to act as the chaplains to the bishop. The Lord Bishop of Shrewsbury did not make his appearance, and his absence was thus accounted for by Mr. Brown, who, before the service commenced, stated that "the Lord Bishop of Troy was called to the altar, and consequently, could not be present at the service." The result was, that on the morning a large congregation—many being attracted out of mere curiosity—attended at St. Werburgh's. 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Central Criminal Court.

The court resumed its sittings on Monday. It appears by the first edition of the calendar that there are at present only sixty-seven prisoners for trial at this session.

Henry Dimsdale was called upon to surrender and take his trial upon a charge of misdemeanour. It will be remembered that the defendant is one of the parties who stand charged with the murder of the late Mr. Justice.

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Henry Dimsdale was called upon to surrender, and take his trial upon a charge of misdemeanor. It will be remembered that the defendant is one of the soldiers who stand charged with assaulting Mr. Jarman, and the solicitor, by pulling down the eggs upon the return from the Oaks race. The eggs upon which he had been adjudged over two sessions, was again adjourned, owing to the ill health of Mr. Dimsdale.

FALSE PRETEXTS.—John Imrie and Charles Croft surrendered to take their trial for conspiring to obtain money by false pretences. The prosecutor in this case was Mr. Ross, the well-known purveyor of the "Penny Post," and the indictment required the charge to be proved by the evidence of two or more persons. Mr. Ross preferred under the circumstances to have the case tried by a jury, and it seemed that both the de-

Imrie being engaged in a rather confidential capacity, and it was the custom of Mr. Ross to consult him with regard to the quality of fair that was brought for sale, and the price to be paid for it, the prosecutor consuming a great quantity of that material in his business. The fraud imputed to the defendants was that they had conspired together to get the prosecutor to purchase a quantity of inferior fair from a person named Gooding, and that the defendant Imrie had represented that it was worth 49s. per pound, when he was aware that it had been purchased by Cross of a Frenchman named Aujarres for 49s. per pound, thus, as it was

A YOUNG THIEF.—William Carson, 14, a sifter in the Royal Artillery, was charged with stealing a watch, the property of Robert Hill Ross and Joseph Westwood, a private in the same regiment, was charged with feloniously receiving the watch, knowing it to have been stolen.—The boy Carson pleaded guilty.—The prosecutor was a private in the same regiment to which the prisoner belonged, and it appeared that the boy had gone into his room

and taken the watch, which he afterwards gave to the
posse to the shop of a pawnbroker named Davis,
appeared to entertain some suspicion as to the man
in which the watch had been obtained, and he
answers to the inquiries that were made by him
honest factory, and gave Westwood into custody
this possession of the robbery, asserted that
knew nothing of the robbery. When Cannon
went to pledge the watch because Cannon told him
that the pawnbroker would not take it from
boy. He requested that the watch be examined
on his behalf to prove that what he had stated
was true.

confirmed the statement that had been made by the witness with regard to the circumstances under which the robbery was committed. The coroner's record having summed up the case as it affected the prisoner Westwood, the jury returned a verdict of *Not Guilty*.—A corporal of Marines, who was the stepfather of the boy Carson, informed the Court that he had been informed by the boy's mother, a learned judge, that his own father was an artillery man, who was drowned, leaving a widow with several children, of whom the prisoner was the youngest. The boy, it appeared, was with her day, and on the day of the robbery he was under a suspicion of 23s. per piece. The Court, however, was satisfied that he and other necessaries that had been applied to him, and being in arrest, he took the watch, hoping, by means of pawnbroking, to relieve himself from a pecuniary difficulty. He had, it appeared, always been a good boy.

place.—The Recorder inquired whether, if a slight punishment, such as a whipping, were inflicted upon the prisoner, he would be taken back into the regiment?—The father-in-law said, it would depend upon the colonel; but he had no doubt that he would be taken back if only a slight sentence was passed upon him.—The Recorder very kindly undertook to communicate with the colonel of the regiment upon the subject, and in the meantime inquired upon the subject, and the sentence was respited.

was brought up for judgment.—The prisoner, who was strongly recommended to mercy by Mr. Huddell, alone, was sentenced to be imprisoned for twelve months in Newgate.

POCKET PICKING.—Emma Yardley, 27, and Mary Thompson, 29, were indicted for stealing a purse containing a half sovereign and other money, the property of Alfred Tritton, from the person of Angelina Tritton.—It appeared that Mrs. Tritton was upon the Paul's Wharf steam pier on the 27th of August, waiting for a steam boat, when she felt

some one's hand in her pocket, and she seized the opportunity to get the prisoner Yardley out of the cell. As she was passing they were then observed to pass some article to Thompson, who walked off, but she was stopped by the pier-master, and she was then observed to throw something away which turned out to be the purse of Mrs. Tritton.—The prisoner was then taken to the police station, and it was said that they were not known to the police, they were sentenced only to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for six months.

—TODAY.—Mrs. Gertrude Rogers, 19, pleads guilty to a charge of obtaining money from Currie and Co.,—Mr. Bodkin, who appeared for the prosecution, stated that the prisoner was in the service of the Rev. Mr. Lawford as nurse, and had obtained a cheque for £43, with intent to defraud Messrs. Currie and Co.—

a cheque from his cheque book, upon which she had committed the forgery in question.—The Recorder, Mr. Lawford, in answer to questions that were put by the court, stated that he received a good character for her with the prisoner, and she had generally conducted herself well while in his service. Her date of birth, however, appeared a good deal above her station, and for she had occupied her time in writing poetry rather than had likewise taught herself the Italian language. She was also very fond of dress, and of a considerable portion of the proceeds of the forgeries.

were expended in the purchase of clothing and jewellery of an expensive character.—Judgment was respited.

BIGAMY.—William Matthews, 44, was indicted for bigamy.—Sophia Reeves deposed that the prisoner was married to her sister, Ann Lover Reeves, at Chichester, at the sub-denary parish church, on the 3rd June, 1841. The sister had between £200 and £300 when the prisoner married her, and they went to London and took a public-house. About two years afterwards her sister came home in a road wagon, and having paid her fare she had only sixpence left. Her sister was always of weak mind and she was subsequently removed by the parish authorities to Bethnal Green Lunatic Asylum, where she was at the present time. The parish had to support her sister at Chichester for some time; they had instituted the present prosecution. The prisoner did not contribute in any way towards her support.

the support of his wife after she left him. — Mary Young, the second wife, deposed that she became acquainted with the prisoner while she was in her place in Portland-place, and she was married to him there on the 3rd of February, 1849. She was aware that he had been married, but he showed her a letterette stating that his wife was dead, and when she married him she believed that he was a widower. The prisoner was engaged as a waiter and internster at

the Exhibition. He came home one day the worse for liquor, and they had a quarrel, and he struck her, and she then went to Chichester to make inquiries about him, if anything had happened to her husband.

quines about his wife, and this led to the present proceedings. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and he was sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for six months.

POCKET PICKING.—James John Smith, 18, printer, and William Harper, 24, clogmaker, were indicted for stealing a watch, valued £3 10s, from the person of John Thomas, a clogmaker, on the 14th inst., near the River Thames. The evidence in this case rested on the testimony of Thomas, an intelligent officer, who, seeing the two prisoners a greenific, and they being known to him, he accosted them, and asked them if they had any watch. They both went on board after him. He saw them try the pockets of several ladies between Greenwich and the Tunnel Pier, where the prosecutrix and a female friend came on board, and he shortly afterwards made some remark, on having seen them pick the pockets of ladies, to which they made no answer, and he told her not to make any noise about it, and went to Smith, whom he had seen at her pocket, and he immediately passed this watch to Harper, who got rid of it three or four boards.—The jury found them both guilty, and sentenced them to be imprisoned, and kept to hard labour for twelve months.

ALLEGED ROBBERY.—Richard Collinson, a captain, surrendered to take his trial for larceny. The prosecutors are Messrs. Dunnage, the contractors of Gray's Inn-road, successors to Messrs.

son, the 20th of August, they having some work going on at the time. The man, a young fellow, the son, the cashier, packed up some sovereigns, some gold and three pounds in silver to be sent down to the foreman of the works there. The parcel was first intended to be sent by rail to the Weybridge station, and there left, being so directed with memorandum within stating from whence it came. It was sealed up with the seal of the firm, and the same night got, getting from the Weybridge works, the cashier changed his mind, making the money into a larger parcel and entrusting it to the carman, but not telling him what it contained. The man consequently threw the parcel carelessly into the cart, and at the end of the night he made during the night. He found that the parcel was gone, and on the next night the prisoner drove on to the rank at King William-street, City, and

