





## FRANCE.

1854 Deputy of the former Prussian National Assembly

As a great prejudice had been excited, there were

not supply the naval service with anything while the ship was in the bay. The governor had replied

North Shields; Jarrold and Co., Norwich; Stump, Oldham; Landerland; Leader, Sheffield; Deighton, Worcester; Froud, town throughout the United Kingdom.

**WHOLESALE AGENTS.**—Messrs. Bolton, Blanchard and Co.

l. Montrose; Ridge, Newark; Sutton, Nottingham, Messy  
m; Mennis, Plymouth; Gowans, Perth; Vint and Car, Sum  
Dorchester. And by all respectable Chemists in every Market

a medical work on the exhaustion and physical decay of the system, produced by excessive indulgence, the consequences of infection, or the abuse of manure.

phell, Montrose; Ridge, Newark; Sutton, Nottingham, Messrs.  
idham; Mennie, Plymouth; Gowans, Perth; Vint and Co., Sun-  
oud, Dorchester. And by all respectable Chemists in every Market.

and Co., Druggists, Micklegate, York.

MAN'S FRIEND

phell, Montrose; Ridge, Newark; Sutton, Nottingham, Messrs.  
idham; Mennie, Plymouth; Gowans, Perth; Vint and Co., Sun-  
oud, Dorchester. And by all respectable Chemists in every Market.

and Co., Druggists, Micklegate, York.

etson, Reinhardt and sons, J. C. Browne, 48, Briggate;  
Bolland and Kempey, Land Manager, & H.

phell, Montrose; Ridge, Newark; Sutton, Nottingham, Messrs.  
idham; Mennie, Plymouth; Gowans, Perth; Vint and Co., Sun-  
oud, Dorchester. And by all respectable Chemists in every Market.

and Co., Druggists, Micklegate, York.















**Totals:**

**MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR.**—On Saturday last a serious charge was investigated before the magistrates, the Town-hall, Pembroke. The inquiry was conducted with closed doors, but the following is stated to be the result of the investigation.—In the early last month of the year, a young girl, an inhabitant of Pembroke was sorely delivered of an illegitimate male infant. Feeling anxious to provide for the safety of the child, and to conceal its birth, she induced a man named John Walters for a valuable consideration, to adopt the child, and bring it up as his own. Walters, however, the infant was not long dead, it was with a sum of money delivered into Walters' hands. Soon afterwards the mother sought her husband, but Walters denied knowledge of it, and the infant being nowhere to be found he was apprehended by Mr. S. Hedges, the chief constable, on the charge of murder. Walters was committed to prison, and the child was placed under the charge of two gipsy women, and with it, to take it off his hands. Not being able to confirm this statement he was remanded, enabled the police to make inquiries. The affair created much excitement in Pembroke.

On the 25th of Thursday, the 29th of November, at Pembroke, the scene of a most remarkable crime, aphy, of rare occurrence in Wales. The perpetrator is a small farmer, residing at Westfields, of the name of William Morgans (commonly known as Dr. Morgan,) and the victim a female domestic in his employ. The following account of this dreadful deed may be taken from a letter received from a friend of the *Standard*.

On the 25th of November Morgans was engaged removing ashes from beneath the grate, which being done to please him, Morgans seized the stick to strike the boy. The girl, however, interfered and he made his escape. He then arose and went to the door, and in the attempt to open it, he made make her escape by running, but in ascending the hedge he struck her from behind with the sharp end of the shovel, which split her head open. The shovel broke by the blow; but, seizing the remaining part, he beat her to pieces with it. He then took her to the leave, but she was found lying having brought persons to the spot, he secured hands and feet, and conveyed to this town in a cart, when he was brought before J. L. Morris Esq., and remanded to wait the result of the medical examination. Morgans is a man of no education, and had some years ago been confined in lunatic asylum; but from the period of his release he has conducted the affairs of his farm, and attended the market to dispose of its produce. He deceased had resided with the prisoner a great number of years.—*Pembrokehire Herald.*

## Scotland.

STATISTICS OF SCOTLAND.—According to the census of 1841 it appears that the inhabitants of the island are 2,030,184. The largest item of that number is Glasgow city and suburbs, which number 274,635, being ten per cent. of the whole; the smallest of the inhabited islands are Moray in Inness-shire, and Vementry, in Orkneyshire, which contain two inhabitants. There are a number of islands whose inhabitants number five, and there are eight which have a greater population, varying from that number to fifty persons. Out of 2,030,184 people in the land, the county of Lanark, though by no means the largest in extent, contains 428,000, being the sixth part of the whole; while Selkirk, the smallest, contains only 10,000. The county of Lanark has only about fifty square miles less than the county of Lanarkshire, but the population of Lanarkshire is about 7,800. Two more instances could be adduced of the irregular distribution of the inhabitants of Scotland: in proportion to the superficial area, and without reckoning the well uncultivated tracts of the Highlands; but we have stated enough to show that the wealth lying below the surface does far more to stimulate population in this country than the best soil with all the appliances the most approved husbandry.—*Caledonian*

**BURDE STOLEN.**—The parish of Ardresborough was thrown into a state of unusual excitement on the morning of Saturday week last. On the previous evening a young and buxom damsel plighted her troth, before a large party of young friends, to a certain and true until death to the devil swain who had been affianced to her for a patient courtship of four years. After the ceremony was performed the party proceeded to the bridegroom's room in Campbellton, led by a piper, and blew as if 'he'd blaw his last.' Having concluded a substantial repast, the party proceeded to the dancing, and the bridegroom, who was a little hard light heels as well as light on his feet, was the morning. For some time before this hour it was remarked that the bride did not hold her own in the ball-room with her presence as she had done in the hall-party of the evening. She questioned the 'wherever' of the dance asked by a young man, and, as if in answer, she stuck out her tongue, but nobody gave her any heed. The bridegroom looked anxious—the bridesmaids looked frightened—and the bridesmen looked foolish. Some observant persons whispered that she did not like the conduct of a young plump man, a rustic, dissolute—who was noticed to "tread a measure" with the bridegroom, to "step a word in her ear" and it was further remarked that this youth had not been seen for some time. On consideration seized the party, the dancers notwithstanding the fiddlers dropped their bows and went to the door. The bridegroom, who was not seen, they sought, but he did not appear. It was not, they thought, of the company blamed the man for having broken her vows so soon after her marriage; and every body pitied the bridegroom, who, it seemed to hear his disappointment, was quarrelling with his friends. The young man gave to France for me, and further consoling self by threatening to wed another wife before the month.

**REMARKABLE PRESERVATION.**—Some days ago a man was travelling between Kingswood and Maidenhead, on the Great Western Railway, when he came to the saw-mill on the Stanley road, and got a short cut home. It being a fine day, he lost his way and fell into the mill lade, upon the wheels, which were turned with him and left him at the bottom, where he remained all night stagnant. In the morning, when the men came to their work, they noticed the man in that position, a turkeycock about to put the water into the mill. The millmen, being aware of the accident, commenced its labbling in the most earnest manner, going backward and forward close to the wheel where the unfortunate man lay, until it crumpled him up, and then commenced him. It crumpled and gestured so very much to the millmen, that they attended the man to the mill, and they then they found him on. Taking him out, he was very much injured; one of his legs was broken, and the other was much bruised. We understand he fell fair way of recovery.—*Perthshire Courier.*

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE UPON NEWSPAPERS FOR THE UNITED STATES COMPULSORY.—A Post-office Inspector has just issued, stated that, "A considerable number of newspapers addressed to the United States have lately been posted unpaid, there is no reason to fear that such persons are under the impression that the payment of postage upon newspapers intended to be sent to that country is optional." The public, therefore, are again informed that, the rate of postage upon those papers, namely, penny, he paid in advance, they cannot be forwarded without prepayment.

The Literary Gazette has received from Paris of M. Rocher d'Hericourt, the return of Abyssinia of long duration, hearing about a manyscript in the Ethiopian language, of

equity and great literary value; one manuscript a copy of the Bible, written at the beginning of the eleventh century, which differs in some points from the ordinary version. But M. d'Heriote also brought home many specimens of a plant, most of which, reduced to powder, is a cure for the dropsy, both in men and brutes. A person of the country instructed him in this virtuous plant, assured him of its general and unfailing efficacy, and showed him its efficacy by experiment on dogs. A committee of the *Académie des Sciences* was appointed to test the efficacy of the

**THE GAME LAWS.**—It was last week our duty to announce that a fatal affray had place near Aldersey-wood, in this county, between poachers and gamekeepers, one of the former killed on the spot. So deeply has this incident affected Mr. Aldersey, of Aldersey, that he as instructed his tenant, George L. to destroy all the game on his manor, and away his greyhounds. —*Chester Courant.*

**RUSSIA CONTINUES TO CONSTRUCT WAR VESSELS.**—The Russian navy is still busy in building up a fleet of iron-clad ships, and the work is progressing rapidly. The Russian navy is still busy in building up a fleet of iron-clad ships, and the work is progressing rapidly.

There is NO REMEDY KNOWN EQUAL TO HOLLOWAY'S FOR THE CURE OF ASTHMA.—Mr. Richard Thayer, of Chicago, writes: "I have derived so much benefit from these pills, having to be made public for the benefit of all persons troubled with Asthma, that he had been suffering from this distressing complaint for the last sixteen years, and although he had tried a great many remedies, yet none seemed to do him any good, had recourse to Holloway's pills, which in a very brief space of time afforded me the wonderful breathing has since become perfectly restored."

ABERNETHY'S PILE POWDERS were specially prepared  
adjunct to the external application of 'ABERNETHY'S  
ONSTMENT, for every variety of the piles. The  
powerful aperients tends greatly to destroy the  
effects of the outward application and to increase  
than diminish the disorder. It is too much  
with the afflicted to have recourse to strong purga-  
tives in cases of this complaint, and in all other  
instances the use of this medicine is highly recom-

the patient is materially injured and greatly aggravated. Where the bowels are constipated, and the action of the Abdominal powders have the effect of removal, and of allaying any inflammation. They cool and strengthen the body, and render efficient the use of the Ointment.



and the Board of Commissioners, on the day following this  
 resolution, the said Commissioners, an act of parliament  
 passed, under which the said Commissioners are largely  
 issued, appointing three commissioners to  
 re into such matters in connexion with Wal-  
 Forest and the new Forests in Hampshire,  
 the commissioners under the act will shortly  
 be appointed, and the purchase of the new forests are  
 the growth of young timber, and a component of the  
 House of Commons will be appointed in the next  
 on to acquire into their management.  
 the Corporation of Dublin.—On and after the 1st day  
 of January 1850, Col. J. G. Waller, deceased, or  
 his assigns, will, under the New Customs Act, 18th  
 Victoria, chap. 90, be admitted at the  
 of the duties, on importation into this country,  
 of and from foreign countries the lb, 5d. And  
 on British possessions the lb, 5d. And  
 on 30th Victoria, chap. 90, be admitted at the  
 of the duties, that such of the several sorts as  
 as by this act charged with duty, as shall have  
 warehoused without payment of duty upon  
 portation thereof, and which shall be in the  
 warehouse at the commencement of the  
 by the act, are to be deemed and  
 to be liable to the duties.  
 COMMITTEES FOR COMMISSIONS OF COURT.—A  
 on published, on the motion of the member for  
 Hove, Mr. J. Hunt, shows that the grand total  
 of persons committed for contempt of court  
 Ireland, in the ten years from 1850 to 1859 in-  
 amounted to 6,102, of whom twenty were  
 committed yearly, and the annual number  
 committed appears to be about 120.



WEDNESDAY.—TRICKS OF DOG STEALERS.—H.

the family. They fortunately reached the adjoining house, and were sheltered by the hours. In a quarter of an hour about half the engines were at work on the flames, but the fire was not extinguished till the shop and stock-rooms adjoining, were nearly consumed. The COMMISSIONER of the *Morning Chronicle* states, "I gave toast with the Cornish fishermen is sent to the Pope and death to thousands." Thousands apply to the pichards, and as to the pichards of the fishermen said, "It would be a bad thing if some wasn't to think fish necessary to eat on a Friday." We have heard a sentiment expressed by the Yorkshire

ORN.

**Markets, &c.**

**CORN.**

On Monday, December 3.—We had a better market for new English wheat at market this morn for some weeks past, and this, with a large quantity of foreign wheat, has been sold at 1s 2d to 2s per q, upon last Monday's quotations. Foreign wheat was in retail, and prices 1s per bush. Flour little doing. Fine maiting barley went at 1s 2s and grinding and distilling in good production; for the latter, however, there was a demand without alteration. Peas is cheaper, at 1s 2s and 1s 1d. New corn was in good sale and fully in price guard. Old corn, last week and old met with buyers for consumption, but good and steady. Rye without demand. Linseed was in small sale. White cloverseed was under speculative inquiry, and holders asked

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**TALLOW, HIDES, AND OILS:**  
**Monday, Dec. 3.**—Notwithstanding the heavy storm, tallow, upwards of 44,000 casks, and the hides, upwards of 10,000 casks, were put on the market, and prices have exceeded 2,800 casks, or more, and prices are steady. To-day P.Y.C. on the spot, quoted at 56 1/2, and the same prices for forward delivery. The same for hides, 56 1/2 per cwt. net cask. Rough fat, 2, 2 1/2 S.Bs.  
**LEADENHALL.**—Market hides 56 1/2, to 64 1/2, 114 to 124, 124 to 134, 134 to 144, 144 to 154, 154 to 164, 164 to 174, 174 to 184, 184 to 194, 194 to 204, 204 to 214, 214 to 224, 224 to 234, 234 to 244, 244 to 254, 254 to 264, 264 to 274, 274 to 284, 284 to 294, 294 to 304, 304 to 314, 314 to 324, 324 to 334, 334 to 344, 344 to 354, 354 to 364, 364 to 374, 374 to 384, 384 to 394, 394 to 404, 404 to 414, 414 to 424, 424 to 434, 434 to 444, 444 to 454, 454 to 464, 464 to 474, 474 to 484, 484 to 494, 494 to 504, 504 to 514, 514 to 524, 524 to 534, 534 to 544, 544 to 554, 554 to 564, 564 to 574, 574 to 584, 584 to 594, 594 to 604, 604 to 614, 614 to 624, 624 to 634, 634 to 644, 644 to 654, 654 to 664, 664 to 674, 674 to 684, 684 to 694, 694 to 704, 704 to 714, 714 to 724, 724 to 734, 734 to 744, 744 to 754, 754 to 764, 764 to 774, 774 to 784, 784 to 794, 794 to 804, 804 to 814, 814 to 824, 824 to 834, 834 to 844, 844 to 854, 854 to 864, 864 to 874, 874 to 884, 884 to 894, 894 to 904, 904 to 914, 914 to 924, 924 to 934, 934 to 944, 944 to 954, 954 to 964, 964 to 974, 974 to 984, 984 to 994, 994 to 1004, 1004 to 1014, 1014 to 1024, 1024 to 1034, 1034 to 1044, 1044 to 1054, 1054 to 1064, 1064 to 1074, 1074 to 1084, 1084 to 1094, 1094 to 1104, 1104 to 1114, 1114 to 1124, 1124 to 1134, 1134 to 1144, 1144 to 1154, 1154 to 1164, 1164 to 1174, 1174 to 1184, 1184 to 1194, 1194 to 1204, 1204 to 1214, 1214 to 1224, 1224 to 1234, 1234 to 1244, 1244 to 1254, 1254 to 1264, 1264 to 1274, 1274 to 1284, 1284 to 1294, 1294 to 1304, 1304 to 1314, 1314 to 1324, 1324 to 1334, 1334 to 1344, 1344 to 1354, 1354 to 1364, 1364 to 1374, 1374 to 1384, 1384 to 1394, 1394 to 1404, 1404 to 1414, 1414 to 1424, 1424 to 1434, 1434 to 1444, 1444 to 1454, 1454 to 1464, 1464 to 1474, 1474 to 1484, 1484 to 1494, 1494 to 1504, 1504 to 1514, 1514 to 1524, 1524 to 1534, 1534 to 1544, 1544 to 1554, 1554 to 1564, 1564 to 1574, 1574 to 1584, 1584 to 1594, 1594 to 1604, 1604 to 1614, 1614 to 1624, 1624 to 1634, 1634 to 1644, 1644 to 1654, 1654 to 1664, 1664 to 1674, 1674 to 1684, 1684 to 1694, 1694 to 1704, 1704 to 1714, 1714 to 1724, 1724 to 1734, 1734 to 1744, 1744 to 1754, 1754 to 1764, 1764 to 1774, 1774 to 1784, 1784 to 1794, 1794 to 1804, 1804 to 1814, 1814 to 1824, 1824 to 1834, 1834 to 1844, 1844 to 1854, 1854 to 1864, 1864 to 1874, 1874 to 1884, 1884 to 1894, 1894 to 1904, 1904 to 1914, 1914 to 1924, 1924 to 1934, 1934 to 1944, 1944 to 1954, 1954 to 1964, 1964 to 1974, 1974 to 1984, 1984 to 1994, 1994 to 2004, 2004 to 2014, 2014 to 2024, 2024 to 2034, 2034 to 2044, 2044 to 2054, 2054 to 2064, 2064 to 2074, 2074 to 2084, 2084 to 2094, 2094 to 2104, 2104 to 2114, 2114 to 2124, 2124 to 2134, 2134 to 2144, 2144 to 2154, 2154 to 2164, 2164 to 2174, 2174 to 2184, 2184 to 2194, 2194 to 2204, 2204 to 2214, 2214 to 2224, 2224 to 2234, 2234 to 2244, 2244 to 2254, 2254 to 2264, 2264 to 2274, 2274 to 2284, 2284 to 2294, 2294 to 2304, 2304 to 2314, 2314 to 2324, 2324 to 2334, 2334 to 2344, 2344 to 2354, 2354 to 2364, 2364 to 2374, 2374 to 2384, 2384 to 2394, 2394 to 2404, 2404 to 2414, 2414 to 2424, 2424 to 2434, 2434 to 2444, 2444 to 2454, 2454 to 2464, 2464 to 2474, 2474 to 2484, 2484 to 2494, 2494 to 2504, 2504 to 2514, 2514 to 2524, 2524 to 2534, 2534 to 2544, 2544 to 2554, 2554 to 2564, 2564 to 2574, 2574 to 2584, 2584 to 2594, 2594 to 2604, 2604 to 2614, 2614 to 2624, 2624 to 2634, 2634 to 2644, 2644 to 2654, 2654 to 2664, 2664 to 2674, 2674 to 2684, 2684 to 2694, 2694 to 2704, 2704 to 2714, 2714 to 2724, 2724 to 2734, 2734 to 2744, 2744 to 2754, 2754 to 2764, 2764 to 2774, 2774 to 2784, 2784 to 2794, 2794 to 2804, 2804 to 2814, 2814 to 2824, 2824 to 2834, 2834 to 2844, 2844 to 2854, 2854 to 2864, 2864 to 2874, 2874 to 2884, 2884 to 2894, 2894 to 2904, 2904 to 2914, 2914 to 2924, 2924 to 2934, 2934 to 2944, 2944 to 2954, 2954 to 2964, 2964 to 2974, 2974 to 2984, 2984 to 2994, 2994 to 3004, 3004 to 3014, 3014 to 3024, 3024 to 3034, 3034 to 3044, 3044 to 3054, 3054 to 3064, 3064 to 3074, 3074 to 3084, 3084 to 3094, 3094 to 3104, 3104 to 3114, 3114 to 3124, 3124 to 3134, 3134 to 3144, 3144 to 3154, 3154 to 3164, 3164 to 3174, 3174 to 3184, 3184 to 3194, 3194 to 3204, 3204 to 3214, 3214 to 3224, 3224 to 3234, 3234 to 3244, 3244 to 3254, 3254 to 3264, 3264 to 3274, 3274 to 3284, 3284 to 3294, 3294 to 3304, 3304 to 3314, 3314 to 3324, 3324 to 3334, 3334 to 3344, 3344 to 3354, 3354 to 3364, 3364 to 3374, 3374 to 3384, 3384 to 3394, 3394 to 3404, 3404 to 3414, 3414 to 3424, 3424 to 3434, 3434 to 3444, 3444 to 3454, 3454 to 3464, 3464 to 3474, 3474 to 3484, 3484 to 3494, 3494 to 3504, 3504 to 3514,

to —; Spanish 44.; Sperm 82.; bagged 93.;  
cod 93 104 to —; Seed pale 394. 108 to —, ditto  
—; cod 90. to 9M.; cocoa nut per ton 38.  
in 304.

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