# ADDRESS OF FEARGUS O'CONNOR TO THE IRISH IN ENGLAND.

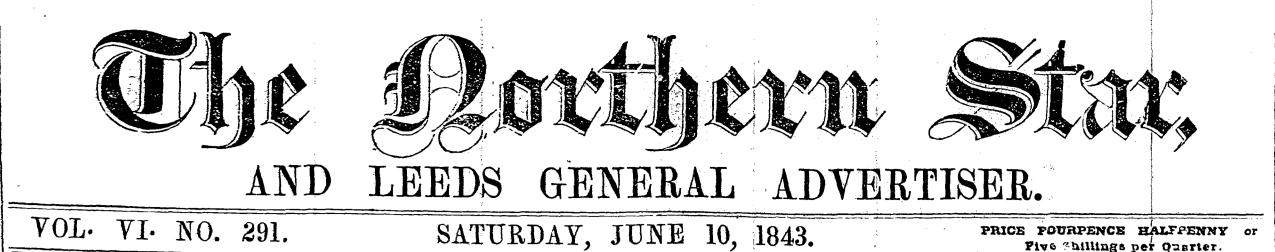
Independently of my claim to your attention as In Inshman, I have other grounds whereon to found a reasonable belief that at the present moment the really sincere and zealous in our country's same will look for the co-operation of persons of il shades of politics, and for the assistance of allgood men. I shall firstly, then, address you as an Irishman; and my reason for doing so upon the prosent occasion is, to take the very earliest oppormity of ernshing in the outset that bad feeling which is once more attempted to be fostered between the English and the Irish people. Not

Islinde, then, to alparagraph which appeared in some mind. I will struggle to unite them, and while I bear had assumed on the question of the Repeal of the which an honest man must find in reflection, and Imion. If my conversion to the principle of repeal the delight that my country has unrivetted her was of recent date, or if my advocacy of the measure shackles, and thrown them in the face of her sicceit first became a national question was equivocal, oppressora.

Topold well understand the propriety of receiving a hasty convert if not with suspicion, at least with esation. I could see very justifiable reason for making thought in the minds of the zealous and the confirmed. But inasmuch as I have from the outset been the most strenuous advocate of the measure. and, as I have rocked its cradle while slumbering in net, and watched its waking moments with the men to make my advocacy of my country's cause audience.

and desert her in the storm. I do not make my own portance. mitated feelings, or the sudden shock of executive power, a pretext for flying to my country's rescue. I tion on behalf of Cooper is now in course of signature have sustained her cause in the midst of personal at Gainsborough, which, if pot the place of his nativity, misrepresentation and legal persecution, and who- is that of his childhood and youth, and in which, pother shall I now desert her from dread of litics apart, he has many friends. It is a place, howther shall I now desert her from dread of ever, in which Chartism is little known, where the further persecution, or embrace the opportunity of making a cowardly retreat under the mask of know not what. From these considerations, and not wrunded personal feeling ? I shall do neither the one from any want of sympathy with his fellow prisoners, m the other. No; I will bear that persecution the Gainsborough friends have deemed it best. in this which may be allotted to me like an Irishman, and instance, to limit their petition to the case of Cooper hugh at spleen like a philosopher. Do not the Irish. in their present glorious struggle for liberty, require all the aid that can be enlisted in their behalf, and filence of the English working classes than I can pronaly boast of ? And can you suppose that men who have so heroically contended for the rights of

personal animosity?



wishing to make more of this attempt than is merely as good an account of his conduct as I shall. Spite necessary to destroy it, I shall but gently touch it; of all attempts to separate the English from the Irish

> I am, Your faithful friend and countryman. FEARGUS O'CONNOR.

# Chartist Entelligence.

CLIFFORD, NEAR TADCASTER -On Friday evenmost nervous anxiety, and whether crawling as a ing, the 2nd inst., Mr. Jarvis Crake delivered a lecture most nervous anxiety, and whether trawning as a on total abstinence in Mr. Henlock's barn, Clifford, eripple, or striding as a giant, I have limped with its on total abstinence in Mr. Henlock's barn, Clifford, which occupied nearly two hours in delivery, which halt, or kept pace with its stride, I am not which occupied hearly two hours in denvery, which halt, or kept pace with its stride, I am not was well received. Mr. Crake delivered a lecture on now going to allow any man or any body of the following evening, at Tadcaster, to a tolerably good

men, our father land has been but too often and too morning, the sum of sight shillings was voted for the of the Repeal agitation in Ireland is to establish Cathomeessfully made the prey of the spoiler by the general defence fund, which, with 3s. 10d. from friends, lie supremacy in that country. As Protestants ourdismion of Irishmen. I am not one of those, how- was ordered to be forwarded forthwith .- The members selves we do fearlessly assert that we are persuaded that rer, who would stand by my country in the calm, o'clock, to elect a new council and on business of im- the enemy, meant to throw the spple of religious disare requested to attend on Monday evening, at eight these wicked insinuations are but a weak invention of

> GAINSBOROUGH .- THOMAS COOPER --- A petialone.

BRISTOL - Quarterly subscriptions collected by resident House of Representatives." Miss M. Williams for the Victims' Fund :- Mr. Winter 18 1d; Mr. Coats, 18 1d; Mr. Williams, 18 1d; Mrs. of the Vale was held in Alexandria, on Monday evenalthough the power of an individual may be but Williams, 1s 1d; Kezia Williams, 1s 1d; Salome Wil- ing last, to petition Parliament on behalf of Cooper and Eght, are not yon, my countrymen, convinced that lizms, 1s 1d; Louisa Williams, 1s 1d; a donation, Richards, and against the Irish Arms Bill. Nearly unanimously. to man was ever honoured with more of the con-G. M. W., 1s.—From the Female Chartists of Bristol: 2000 persons assembled. Mr. R. berts was called to the Edence of the English working classes than I can Mrs. Miles, 1s 1d; Mrs. Gibson, 1s 1d; Mrs. Rogers, chair. Mr. J. M'Fadyen moved the first resolution, Is 1d; Miss M. Williams, 1s 1d.

ALVA.-On Tnesday evening week a public meeting was held in the People's Hall, to adopt a petition on tion of their sufferings," which was ably seconded by Mr. man, and have ever found me amongst the fore- behalf of Cooper, Richards, and Capper. Cooper's Burns. Mr. G. Ferguson moved the next resolution, most in the ranks, would not look with suspicion letter, which appeared in the last Star, also that of his "That this meeting likewise petition against the Irish most in the function would court weakness by gratifying Stafford friends were read to the meeting. A petition Arms Bill." Mr. C. Glen seconded the resolution, and was afterwards read, and adopted by the meeting, which was agreed to be sent to T. Dancombe, Esq., for pre-

VALE OE LEVEN. On Monday week, a public STALYBRIDGE -A public meeting was held here meeting of the inhabitants of this place was held in the on Tuesday evening, in the Town Hall, when Christo- at a place called Studley Pike, on Sunday last, which give them every assistance that we legally and consti-

tutionally can do, in this their glorious effort to obtain that freedom which God has given to every creature under Heaven, namely, the right of self-government. come forward at this time with expressions of satisfac- | agreed to. tion at, and warmest wishes for, the success of the Repeal agitation in Ireland, as certain portions of the British hireling press has most falsely and most wickedly stated that the working men of England and Scotland feel no interest in these truly grand and glorious struggles for rational liberty; and still further, as with grief and heartfelt sorrow we behold what we cannot help calling a most dishonest and diabolical attempt on the

part of the enemies of freedom to enlist on the side of the present for failure or delay. No, my country- COVENTRY.-At the council meeting on Sunday tians, by insinuating that the real interest of the leaders cord amongst the friends of freedom,-only another

proof that the Tories have not forgot their old axiomdivide and conquer-an attempt that, we feel confident, will prove as useless to them as it is wicked in intention. And we, the inhabitants of the Vale of Leven, do most seriously exhort our Irish brethren to continue fearlessly their noble and patriotic career, nothing doubting that a speedy and bloodless triumph awaits them. Also, as men of stern principle, we feel called upon to say, that in class legislation-and in class legislation alone-is to be found the origin of both Ireland's and England's woe. And, moreover, had it not been for the existence of class legislation, Ireland could not have been so basely robbed by a British Parliament of her

A PUBLIC OUT-DOOR MEETING of the inhabitants 'That this meeting views with horror and indignation the cruel treatment inflicted upon Thomas Cooper and Richards, and agree to petition Parliament for a mitiga-

Odd Fellows' Large Hall, to hear an address from Mr. pher Doyle, of Manchester, delivered a most eloquent was numerously attended, and was addressed by Mr. f the Irish newspapers referring to the position my share in the contest, the only portion of the which Feargus O'Connor and the English Chartists triumph that I shall seek, will be that consolation "We, the inhabitants of the Vale of Leven, in public Union betwixt Great Britain and Ireland, and the dwelt upon the necessity of the people being united, for, said he. " if ever you obtain your freedom it must meeting assembled, do express our warm and heartfelt People's Charter. At the clese of the lecture, Mr. for, said he, " if ever you obtain your freedom it must sympathy with those brave and patriotic men in the Mahon, came forward and requested the audience to be from your own union and energy." Mr. Doyle sister island now so gailantly struggling for the re- remain, as it was the intention of the committee of glanced at the conduct of the Corn Law League, how attainment of a domestic legislature; and not only do management in order to save time, to bring forward a they now conduct themselves towards his Irish brethren we sympathise with them, but also pledge ourselves to petition to the House of Commons, for the removal of and how they stood aloof from the agitation for the

> commenting on the events of the week, and con- ter should be dismissed from his employ. cluded by proposing for adoption the following reso-

thanks to Feargus O'Connor, Esq. for his splendid lecture on Repeal, and to the the Rev. Wm. Hill, exposure of the wrongs and defence of the rights of Ireland. And this meeting appeals to their brother stitutional means, the sons of Erin in their righteous and glorious struggle for the restoration of

meeting was held in Paradise Square, called to take into consideration the dismissal of the Irish magisthe chair, and introduced the business in a brief separated. speech. Mr. Edwin Gill, in a lengthy address, moved the following resolution :-" That this meet- Political and Scientific Institution, Turnagain-lane, on place from a Repeal. The subject was listened to

TODMORDEN.—There was a camp meeting here Cooper and Richards, from Stafford Gaol. This an- Repeal of the Union. He also gave some severe hits nouncement was received with rapturous cheers. Mr. to them about professing to do away with monopely, Mr. M'Inilty was loudly cheered, through at his Crossley was then called to the chair, and opened the while they were the greatest and worst monopolists minute rehearsal of Erin's woes, and was succeeded business in a neat and appropriate speech, and after there were infour poor impoverished country; for, said by Mr. M'Shane, who after apologizing for his ina-The more especially do we feel ourselves called upon to excellent speeches from various parties, a petition was he, one of these men who is the president in this local bility to enter at any great length into the subject. ity, is new selling his milk (and compelling his hands to ) in consequence of budily indisposition, gave a brief buy it) at two-pence per quart, while others are selling outline of the innumerable deprivations to which SHEFFIELD.-REPEAL QUESTION.-On Sun- theirs at three half-pence, and what is worst of all, he his countrymen were subjected, in consequence of day evening the Fig-tree-lane room was again compels some small farmers, who happen to have some the check put to her improvement by mis-logislation, crowded to excess; at half-past six o'clock Mr. Tan- children working there, to take their share of his milk at and urged the necessity of forming one united kard was called to the chair, when business com- two-pence, though they are selling their own at three phalanx of all true friends of liberty, to use every menced by Mr. Edwin Gill reading Mr. O'Connor's halfpence. Another of the League was doing the same constitutional means left them to work out the relecture on Repeal which was heartily applauded by thing, and one had this very last week stopped his demption of Ireland. Mr. M'Shane was also cheered the meeting. Mr. G. also read the Editor's article engine and reduced his hands one half-halfpenny per at the end of each sentence, and sat down amidst the meeting. Mr. G. also read the Editor's article in last Saturday's Star on the Repeal question and the letter of "A Freeholder of Westmeath." The former elicited the hearty applause, the latter the horror-caused exchamations of the meeting. Mr. Royston then read from the Nation, the leading wu soon will be. Oh! I had forget to tell you, that the individual who had reduced his weavers told them articles of that paper, and Mr. O'Connell's speech at the individual who had reduced his weavers told them in a foreign country, which his own could produce in

lution :- " That this meeting returns its hearty held at the Cheshire Cheese, Chelsen, to hear a lacture bribe the aristocracy of Ireland to sell their country on the Repeal of the Union, by Mr. John O'Leary. The to them. Mr. B. here mentioned the names of inlecturer in a talented and elequent address of two hours dividuals who were thus bribed, and showed that the the Editor of the Northern Star, for his eloquent showed how the union of the two countries had been Union cost England £3.000,000. in bribery. Mr. B. accomplished by the grossest bribery and corruption, contended that Ireland would never be what she and stated that it gave him much pleasure and satis- ought to be, until she was restored to her proper Englishmen to aid and assist, by all legal and con- faction to find Englishmen coming forward to assist the owners, the whole people of Ireland. If she had a people of Ireland in their present struggle for freedom. parliament of her own, the representatives of the He concluded amidst the hearty plaudits of the meeting. whole adult male population, then she would be what their domestic legislature, assured that the downfall Mr. Dowling rose and tendered his shilling to be en- nature designed her, "the most fertile and happy of Ireland's enemics, and the establishment of Ire- rolled a member, and stated that the working classes of nation under the canopy of heaven," but not until land's nationality, will pave the way for the speedy England were determined to assist the people of Ire- then. establishment of democratic institutions in this land in the present struggle for independence. He OLDHAM.-On Sunday last, the discussion on country on the ruins of feudal despotism and oli- concluded by exhorting the Irishmen and Englishmen the Land Question took place in the Chartist Room. garchical tyranny." Mr. Evinson seconded, and present to bury all petty differences and never cease in At the conclusion, it was agreed that the committee their exertion until the working classes of both countries should draw up a number of rules, to be addmitted nanimously. PUBLIC MEETING.—On Monday last, a public Matthews, Aberfield, and several other members of the take place the first Sunday in July. The members and the several other members and the members are members and the members and the members are members are members and the members are members and the members are Charter Association were next enrolled members and then adjourned to Sunday next, at two o'clock in successively addressed the meeting. A vote of thanks the afternoon. In the evening, Mr. Daniel Donovan, trates. At one o'clock, Mr. Briggs was called to was given to the lecturer and chairman, and the meeting of Manchester, delivered a lecture on the evil effects

ing, warmly sympathising with the brave Irish Sunday evening, on the "Signs of the Times and Pas- with great interest, and gave general satisfaction. people in their struggle for the obtainment of sing Events," and was loudly applauded. Mr. Skelton a domestic legislature, has heard with astonishment made some excellent remarks in support of the views

Tyne, was held in the Catholic School Room, on Monday evening. Mr. M'Daid having been undaimously elected to the chair, briefly opened the pro ceedings by stating the object for which they had met that evening, and concluded by introducing their tried friend Mr. M'Inilty, who would next address the meeting. Mr. M'Inilty was received with loud cheering, and commenced by relating the ravages made by William III, in Ireland, and the good faith(!) with which the government of that monarch kept the treaty of Limerick. He showed that in less than two months after they received the sanction of the great seal of England, the treaty was broke, and his Majesty's peaceable subjects of Ireland, were un-ceremoniously robbed, not only of their goods and chattels, but also of their lands and tenements. By the treaty of Limerick, Ireland was to hold her own Church, were allowed to worship their God according to the dictates of their own consciences, and many other immunities both civil and religious. Were they allowed to exercise those benefits ? No. no, was reiterated from all part of the large room. Mr. M'Inilty then entered into a statement of the trade of Ireland, before and after the union with England, and very distinctly showed that although the population was increasing annually, that the trade was decreasing, and the comforts of the people were disgracefully diminished beyond description. the Corn-Exchange, all of which were rapturously at the same time, that w he heard any completions the abandance, had it not been withheld from them by a cheered. Mr. Julian Harney spoke at some length, individual who was caught complaining about the matgovernment who had no kindred feeling with the created from his employ. CHELSEA.—On Sunday evening, a meeting was means resorted to by the Euglish aristocracy, to

NEWCASTLE .--- The monthly meeting of the

Repeal of the Union association of Newcastle-on-

marken Meello Roberg Humman

proma vou

of the Legislative Union to the labouring classes of LONDON .- Mr. Mee lectured at the City of London | both countries, and the good that was likely to take

Forthcoming Chartist Meetings.

My countrymen, I am an Irish Repealer, and sentation. in English Chartist. I was one of three millions

deep interest that they take in the suffering of ville Gardens, Dalkeith-road, Bonneyrigg; or by the meeting was then acjourned till next evening. our country, you must have seen the readi-! Secretary, St. Aun's, Lasswade. ness with which they have ever contended for the rights of Irishmen, and having this patriotic little village, in common with every lover

will you not, like Irishmen and statesmen, court; off to T. S. Duzcombe, Esq., M.P., for presentation to at the close state their objection like men who wished their co-operation to ensure the regeneration of our, the House of Commons. common country ? If, as we learn, the object of the GLASGOW, [MARY HILL].-A public meeting that such should get a fair hearing. He concluded by Inish is 10 enlist the co-operation of the English was held in the Odd Fellows' Hall, on Wednesday introducing Mr. Beesley, who was received with raptu- June. The first lecture was to be upon Elocution ; meeting dispersed. people, have you been so blind to passing events as evening, the 31st May, which was addressed by Mr. rous applause, and who delivered a long and excellent the second on the political aspect of Chartism ; and not to have discovered that the national strength of Bobert Peddie, from Edinburgh, on the fearfully sgi- lecture on the question. Mr. Brophy, who was received the third on the Evils of the Competitive System. England is embodied in the Chartist ranks, and that to appeal sectionally to the cool-headed, the tem- for the Repeal of the Union with England. Mr. National Charter Association after the meeting. perate, the discreet, the moral force Chartists, or to Peddie delivered a second lecture on Thursday evening. use any terms calculated to revive old animosities, 1st of June, on the Spy system, when he exposed the would have the effect of extranging from your cause these whose opposition appeared thus to be conried. at his trial. He then alluded to the case of poor Shatton, 103. 7d.; Stanley, 22. 10 d.; from two friends, proper course in such an emergency, the from experience), and described those awful sufferings Whiteley, 6s.; Seaton Deluvall, 5s. 4d.; Wylam, 7s.daty which every Irishman under such cir- i as being worse than a thousand deaths; indeed, he Total £5 4s. 94d.

that sober mind, the grave of littleness and venge- tenance to any should they attempt to goad them Ince, when that great object which all profess a into acts of violence; to work wirh prudence but desire to achieve shall be accomplished, and when determination; and ultimately the emancipation of the wrongs of Ireland are silenced in a national down after having addressed the meeting for nearly representation of the whole people. If, then, in three hours; after which, Mr. Michael Lorrie proposed the absence of national complaint vengeance shall the adoption of a petition on behalf of Cooper and his Erect her tribunal for the trial of petty squabbles, fellows, which was seconded and carried unanimously, and, if I shall be forced into the lists, I would plead with instructions to forward it to Mr. Dancombe for By whole life spent in devotion to my country and presentation without delay. By whole life spent in devotion to my country and GREENOCK.—On Wednesday evening, May 31st., wrongs of Ireland, and related a harrowing tale of the the Chartist Church, in St. Michael-street, was filled, fate of his grandfather and father, who died by the we times big with importance, and the present even though no bills had been issued, for the parpose of Emggle must result either in complete independence hearing Mr. Peddie, and adopting a petition to the time; his grandfather being tied up to the halberts at Win increased tyranny. If Ireland is beaten now her House of Commons, in favour of the Chartist prison- his own door and flogged to death, and then the poor Ims are paralized for an incalculable period; upon i ers. After waiting until the last boat and the last train clay cabin, which was the only covering for the widow the other hand, should she succeed in her struggle, and he not making his appearance, Mr. Burrel proposed applied to the building by the hands of the soldiers who " can only be by a co-operation not only of her that Mr. Duncan would address the meeting, which children at home, but of the lovers of liberty, was received with much applause. Afterwards, Mr. S. Parkes, of Sheffield, supported the prayer in a soulthroughout the empire. Where, then, will you Burrel addressed the meeting with much power and stirring speech of one hour's length, calling upon the inter and such a combination of mind, of numbers, of spoke much against class legislation, and concluded by of the People's Charter and the Repeal of the Union. internity, and holy purpose, as in the ranks of the wishing the meeting to appoint a chairman. Mr. Mr. Bairstow followed to support the prayer of the English Chartists ; and would you hazard such M'Clusky having taken the chair, Mr. Burrel proposed petition, which he did in his usual siyle of eloquence,

Innouncement that the withdrawal of English sym-disgraceful and inhuman in the extreme, and deserving for freedom. He exposed the monstrous provisions of Filey from the cause of Ireland had enabled them of our severest censure, and further, that this meeting the Arms' Bill, and concluded by calling upon the Increasfully to direct all the appliances of persecu- has learned with deep regret that the prisoners have meeting to give the petition their undivided support. tion to the suppression of Irish agitation. And then, been denied the legal privilege granted to similar poli- The Chairman then put the petition, which was carried on the occasion, and having placed one of the above-By friends, when I and my party had retired from such as is calculated to undermine their constitutions combe, Esq. be requested to present the petition to the contest and allowed the foe to triumph over and drive them into mental insanity ; we therefore con- Parliament, which was seconded by Mr. Hunt, and 160, what then would be the language of those sider it to be our duty to petition Parliament to miti- carried unanimously. A vote of thanks was moved, who had brought about the disunion ? it would gate their sentences and treatment." This resolution seconded, and carried to the Chairman, for his services

fre hundred thousand who advocated your rights INPROVEMENT SOCIETY.-A meeting was held on upon their civil and religious liberties. Mr. Gien re- meetings called to petition for a Repeal of the blood- meeting dispersed. behalf of Ireland for the last ten years, and how and to solicit persons who are favourable to the in- some of the mest cruel and unjust acts which were ever proudly can I defy you in the midst of reproach struction and improvement of the working classes, for perpetrated on a christian people, proceeded to give the and unmerited censure to point out one word spoken the loan or donation of books, &c. The following meeting some account of the treatment of political effen-persons were then chosen as a committee to carry out ders in the jails and hell holes of England. Mr. Peddie or one sentence written against the interests of my the objects of the Society, &c. :- Mesars. George Thom- addressed the meeting for an hour and a half, upon country. Surely you must have witnessed the son, treasurer; James Jackson, John Jack, and Wm. which he retired amid great applause. The meeting sincere sympathy of the English working classes for Hay. Mr. Wm. Daniells, was chosen as secretary. the wrongs of Ireland, you must have observed the the treasurer, Mr. George Thomson, gardener, Bean. Repeal, after which they retired highly pleased. The

STAR, (FIFESHIRE) .- The good men and true of witnessed those things you must be convinced that of humanity, deeply commiserate the suffering condi- to the door. Mr. John M'Shane having been unamthey form no portion of that English society which I tion of these poor patriots-Messrs. Cooper, Capper, somit ever has been hostile to Irish interest. Would and Richards, in Stafford Gaol. A petition praying ceedings by stating the object of the meeting-his somit ever has been hostile to Irish interest. Would and Richards, in Standard Gaot in posterior playing ceedings by stating the object of the interview of the severities, or removal from hopes that if any person should differ in opinion from the above place of torture, has been signed and sent the lecturer, that they would not interrupt him, but the lecturer, that they would not interrupt him, but the lecturer is the lecturer in the lecturer.

> tated state of Ireland, and to consider the propriety of with loud and long cheering, also addressed the meetsympathising with the Irish Repealers in their struggle ing. Several names were enrolled members of the

ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-ing the vicious and the bad to be dealt with by Repeal friends to be very cantions how they gave coun-Repeal friends to be very cantions how they ga

Strength? What could give the English minister the first resolution, which was seconded by Mr. calling upon the people not to forget the martyred blood and the Orange Irish faction equal pleasure to the Multion, "That this meeting considers the conduct of an Emmett, a Fitzgerald, or the exiled O Connor, ind the Orange Irish faction equal pleasure to the of the Government towards the Chartist prisoners as with hosts of others who died in the glorious struggle tical offenders, and that their treatment in prison is unanimously. Mr. Winters moved that T. S. Dun-

policy pursued by the government towards Ireland. He and disgust of the removal from the Commission of of the lecturer. Mr. Spur made some remarks in op-

to self government ; and the comprehensive and phi- | Tnesday night last, at the house of Mr. Wm. Daniell's, | tired amid great cheering. The Chairman put the reso- | bought Act of Union ; and this meeting denouncing Inthropic principle upon which the English Char- to form rules for the government of this Society, and lutions, which were carried unanimously. A petition to with feelings of the strongest indignation, this wanists act is, that when one of a community is op-pressed, the whole body through him is insulted. You have many of you witnessed my exertions on agreed to form a library in connection with the Society, and introduced by the Chairman. He explained the work-basis of the library in connection with the Society, and introduced by the Chairman. He explained the work-basis of the library in connection with the Society, and introduced by the Chairman. He explained the work-basis of the library in connection with the Society, and introduced by the Chairman. He explained the work-been punished for their patriotism, and its thanks to object. Parliament was read to the meeting, and carried amidst to elect a committee to carry the same into effect. Parliament was read to the meeting in the society, and introduced by the Chairman. He explained the work-been punished for their patriotism, and its thanks to object. Parliament was read to the meeting. Admission free. Society introduced by the Chairman. He explained the work-been punished for their patriotism, and its thanks to opened the business of the overlag in a appropriate based to provide the formation of the relating those gentlemen who have resigned their commisthen gave three cheers for the Chairman, and three for NEWCASTLE-A lecture was delivered on Sut-

day evening, in the Chartist Hall, on the Repeal of the to be sent to the Marquis of Clauricarde and Mr. Legislative Union of Great Britain and Ireland. Some Duncombe for presentation to the two Houses of time before the hour announced, the hall was crowded mously elected to the chair, briefly opened the pro-

to be free, and he as chairman would pledge himself

ACCOUNT OF MONIES RECEIVED from the following colleries for the men of Fawdon :- Heaton, 6s. 61 ; infamons intrigues used in his entrapment, and the Walker, 10s. 11d.; Ouston, 3s. 21d.; Urpeth, 24. 95d.; diabolical means used by the Government towards him | New Durham. 11s.; Shincliffe, 4s.; Haswell, 2s. 5d.; But my countrymen, I will point out to you the Cooper and his companions in confinement the spoke 2s. 6d; Hebron, 4s.; East Cramlington, £1 5s. 8d.; mas er here. As an Englishman, I am opposed to cracy congregated together for the purpose of sym-

counstances owes to his country. The course then the sufferings that our friends are subjected to; which on Thursday evening last, at which a petition to Parliawhich I shall pursue will be to disarm slander by statement drew lond cries of 'shame,' and strong feel- ment was adopted on behalf of Cooper, Richards, Wild, stricken maniac, stating that he would bag all those increased exertion. To go on pourtraying my ings of disgust from the whole meeting; even the ene- &c. The petition was speken to by Messrs. Atkinson, in his or their employ who had anything to do with country's wrongs and demanding my country's liberty, mies of the cause were strongly affected at the thought Clark, and Dixon, of Manchester. An address to Mr. Chartism ; upon which, Mr. Ross told him that he

> chester, delivered a lecture on the Repeal of the Legis- ployer appeared so overcome with passion, as to be lative Union. The room was crammed to suffication.

LEICESTER.-On Monday last, the Chartists once more rallied in their numbers to join the cry of place, Mr. J. Bowman in the chair, who, after a few preliminary remarks, called upon Mr. Cooke to move a petition to the House of Commons, in favour of the Ross told him, that after the sample which he had object for which they had assembled. Mr. Duffy seconded the petition. He spoke at some length on the hands of the blood-thirsty Tories. who reigned at that applied to the building by the hands of the soldiers who composed the regiment called the Durham Militia. Mr.

LASSWADE AND BONNEYRIGG MENTAL people to do their duty in resisting all encroachments exercising their constitutional right of attending Brown made some remarks in conclusion, and the sions, and gallantly refused to be parties to the oppression of their native land, forvently hoping that these sacrifices will result in the triumph of the people of Ireland and the restoration of their nationality and independence." Mr. Green seconded the resolution which was carried unanimously. Mr. G. Evinson proposed the adoption of a petition founded on the above resolution. Mr. Julian Harney

on the above resolution. Mr. Julian Harney carried unanimously. Mr. Sherrard moved the seconded the adoption of the petition. He spoke for adoption of a petition to Parliament, which he supan hour and a half, and was enthusiastically cheered. Parliament. A vote of thanks to Mr. Harney and to the chairman, and threa cheers for Repeal, and three for the Charter, closed the meeting.

CLASSES.-It had been announced by placard for at become the law of the land, and are firmly convinced least six days provious, that Mr. D. Ross, of Manchester, would deliver three lectures, in the large the physical and social condition of the people." room at the Swan Inn, on the 5th, 6th, and 7th of The resolution was carried unanimously, and the next, at eight o'clock.

When Mr. Ross entered the Swan Inc, at the ap- morializing the Queen on behalf of Frost, Williams, pointed time, he was very impertinently told by the Jones, and Ellis. The weather was very unfavourand lord that he could not have the room.

Mr. Ross-What is the reason I cannot have it ? Mr. Holderness-I have twenty reasons. Mr. Ross-Give one reason?

Chartism, and it shan't be mentioned here.

During this conversation, a Mr. Horsfall, an understrapping manufacturer, one of the saintly disciples of the League, began to vociferate like a moonchell, and others spoke to it. ON SUNDAY EVENING, Mr. James Leach, of Man- mere conversation of this sort, this "humane" em- for holding the meeting having annual Mr. Leach ready to faint. Ashamed of being made to look so truly contemptible in the eyes of the workies, by whom he was surrounded, he stated that he could "Repeal." A public meeting was held in the Market. stand it no longer, and evidently showed symptoms of fight, prefacing his gestures with sundry oaths and angry imprecations, upon which Mr. given him of his good breeding, he must certainly decline all further conversation with him. Mr. Ross again addressed the landlord, asking him what authority he acted upon; when he replied that he was acting upon the advice given by the magis- but their fidelity to the people, and their opposition the Britannia Coffee House, Waterloo-road, to contrates. He moreover stated the magistrates were to tyranny, and concluded a long and powerful sider the propriety of calling a public meeting of the determined to put down all Chartist meetings; upon appeal by calling upon the meeting never to rest borough, to peticion Parliament in behalf of Cooper which Mr. Ross remarked that despite the disposition of the magistrates, they lacked the means those good and true men, and the establishment of victims generally, to obtain, if possible, a mingation to do so, having the authority of the highest lawyers those principles which these men were ever foremost of their punishment. in the realm for maintaining the right of public in advocating. Mr. Mc Cartney, during a long ad-discussion. A number of working men, who were dress, was loudly applauded. The resolution was present during this conversion, were forcibly ejected by one of those precious donations bequeathed by the Whigs during their merciless administration. yclept a policeman; this precious functionary had been previously well crammed with strong drink in Large, and Clark. Mr. Arnold seconded the resoluorder to inflate his valour to the fighting point ; meantime Mr. Ross and the landlord were engaged in altercation, the landlord stating that he could at any time crush Chartism by argument; upon which Mr. Ross requested him to send for the industrious magistrates, who had so busily interested themselves named authorities in the chair, Mr. Roes would undertake to prove that they knew no more of Chartism, its power, and capabilities, than the members of the establishment know of justico and humanity. By this time the landlords' puissance had evapobe this, O'Connor has been a traitor to Ireland; having been passed unanimously, Mr. Duncan then on the occasion. He returned thanks in a neat and rated, not so the strong drink with which he described her in her struggle—he abandoned her moved the adoption of a petition which he read, which effective speech. Three cheers was given for Mr. had bolstered up his sinking resolution; Mr. Ross had bolstered up his sinking resolution; Mr. Ross finding that nothing could be cone with these viola-with the day's proceedings. tors of the public faith, left them to their own PADDINGTON.-The Charties of this place met on Union, and the meeting separated. WEDNESBURY.—On Tuesday, June the 6th, the by a number of his friends, he was followed by the by a number of his friends, he was followed by the the bay have agreed upon assuming the distinctive taken at balt next seven o'clock people's hall was opened for public use. The day policeman, whose desponding demeanour proved how local appellation of the Emmett's Brigade. At twelve o'clock Mr. William Sharman Crawford some one to prison, there to be dealt with according meeting was held on Wedenrough-green, and was half-past six o'clock. having arrived, the directors and other friends formed to the caprice of the public authorities. This dis-a deputation to receive him at the Red Lion Hotel to the caprice of the public authorities. This disbeing on the table, about two hundred sat down. The he had better move off. The policeman, whom of Little Horton met in the School-room, Park-the motion of Mr. Beojamin Danks, seconded by and repned that it was the queen singhway, upon that, in the opinion of the opinion of the opinion is from Hall, Shemeid, on it Skidmore, Mr. William Themason was called to the Mr. Ross remarked that he was sorry to find it Horton, one halfpenny per week subscription is Admission free. Englishmen, chair, who, after naming the business of the meeting, obstructed by such ornaments as policemen, telling sufficient to defray the expense of this locality until the wrongs of your brothers. and the uses to which the building was to be appro- him, moreover, that he knew his privilege too well an executive be elected; and that our council be priated, sat down amid considerable cheering. Mr. to allow such individuals the right of addressing him. requested to bring the matter before the General O'Neil in a speech of effective elequence responded to ) Here the policeman looked alarmingly big. elevating Council at their meeting." Sedbury. The next sentiment was the the health of what might be expected to follow. He told Mr. Council met in their room, Butterworth Buildings, Messra William Sharman Crawford, Thomas Dun-Ross that he knew him, upon which Mr. Ross when the following sums were paid in; Wapping, remarked that he could not rejoice in his acquaint- 1s. 6d. contribution ; Turner and Bishop, 7d. defence; ance, telling him at the same time, that he ought to Manningham, per Idson, 1s. defence. The meeting know him, for that he was most unwillingly com- adjourned to Sunday next, at six o'clock in the pelled to help to maintain him. Here the policeman evening, when, it is hoped, those localities who admission. the cheers of the enthusiastic assembly. Our banished he withdrew, no doubt to the parties who employed will do so. pairiots was spoken to by Mr. Crouch, Kidderminster; the Repeal of the Union by Mr. Chance, Stourbridge. On the motion of Mr. Skidmore, seconded by Mr. Samt formed. The room was engaged and paid for at least on the urgent demand for union among st the English on the urgent demand for union among st the English of Mr. Skidmore, seconded by Mr. Samt or the valuable services he had thus nobly perten days previous. In consequence of the unconstitutional means taken to suppress the three lectures intended to have taken to suppress the three lectures intended to have large upper room, forty-eight feet long and twenty-seven broad, was filled by strangers and natives, and all was that a public meeting will be held on the Sabden that a public meeting will be neid on the Sadden strengthened by our disunion, its arm may be para-hired by our combination. You have then to choose between the two, Union and Liberty, Disunion and tranny. And whatever the result may be, I have the days and the weather such as could alone have been only to hone the two subjects the righteous cause of demo-the the may be, I have the the may be, I have that a public meeting will be neid on the Sadden bilarity and glee. Music and dancing was kept up to a that a public meeting will be neid on the Sadden bilarity and glee. Music and dancing was kept up to a the assembly separated, delighted with the days proceedings and the circumstances that gave the days more countless the day. Mr. Themeeting was well the the very of lieland." HALIFAX.—The monthly delegate meeting of thi to attempt to suppress the righteous cause of demoonly to hope that every politician and every man wished. Strong resolutions in favour of Repeal were commences his day school on the promises, on Monday, to attempt to suppress the righteous cause of demooracy.

next, in a speech of striking eloquence, appealed to the the Peace of Lord Efrench and other magistrates, for position which were ably replied to by Mr. Peat. Mr.

A PUBLIC MEETING was held on Tuesday evening. manner. Mr. Drake moved the following resolution : -"That this meeting views with just indignation the severity of the sentences and ill-treatment of political prisoners, more especially of Cooper and Richards, now confined in Stafford Goal." Mr. Knowles seconded the resolution, which was spoken to with great earnestness, combined with glowing eloquence, by Bernard M'Cartney, of Liverpool, and

The petition was unanimously adopted, and ordered ported in a speech of great ability. Mr. Frazer seconded its adoption, in his usual happy style, and the petition was unanimously adopted, and ordered for their discussion. The accounts for the just to be presented by T. S. Duncombe. Messrs, Mantz month will be audited, and the reappointmen. of suband M'Grath seconded the next resolution-" That this meeting, being determined to obtain their poli-

tical and social rights are determined to use their CLITHEROE .- MORE TYRANNY OF THE MIDDLE utmost excrtions to cause the People's Charter to that no measure short of that will ever amelicrate

A PUBLIC MEETING was held on Monday afternoon, on Hampstead Heath, for the purpose of meable for an out-door meeting, but notwithstanding that the meeting was a large one, and every one present seemed to sympathise with our expatriated brethren, and to take a lively interest in their behalf. The scene on the heath was an imposing one. On Mr. Holderness—The room is my own; I am one part of the ground were the stern sons of demoswearing eternal fidelity to those principles for which they were suffering. On another part of the heath were an immense assembly advocating total abstinence from the use of intoxicating drinks, the excessive use of which has made many an happy home | tic Chapel, Rice-placo, on Tuesday evening next, at miserable, and driven to dissipation and ultimate eight o'clock.

destruction many a young person, who, but for the use of these intoxicating liquids, might have become for holding the meeting having arrived, Mr. Large was called to the chair, and appropriately opened the meeting by impressing upon them the necessity of all true democrats uniting their energies together for the purpose of accomplishing the object for which the meeting was convened. Mr. M'Cartney, of Liverpool, moved the first resolution, calling upon them to unite their energies in order to procure the restoration of the Welch martyrs and Ellis to their native land, and spoke at great length at this place on Sunday next, at half-past two in the on the moral and political character of our banished afternoon. brethren, and the inhuman and unjust treatment : they were as present suffering for no other cause | will meet next Monday evening, at eight o'clock, at satisfied until they had caused the restoration of and Richards, in particular, and all the Chartist

seconded by Mr. Abel Cook, and unanimously carried. Mr. Rouse then moved, "That a committee consisting of the following persons be appointed to draw up the memorial; viz. Messrs. Mc Cartney. tion, which was carried without dissent. Mr. Bolwell, of Bath, moved the next resolution, and was greeted with loud approbation, and after a few re- berland and Durham will be held on 1 alum marks on the object of the meeting, moved the fol- Pellon, on Sunday, at two o'clock. Messrs. Deesley, lowing resolution. "That in the opinion of this Charlton, and other gentlemen will address the meeting, the only sure way to elevate the moral and meeting. political character of the people is by giving them equal representation. This militing pledges itself to renewed exertions on behalf of the People's

Charter." A vote of thanks was given to the chairman, and after three cheers for Frost. Williams, Jones, and Ellis, and three for the Charter, and its

LONDON.-A Public Meeting will be held on Monday evening, at the City of London Political and Scientific Institution, to petition Parliament on

BERNARD M'CARTNEY, of Liverpool, will lecture on Sunday evening, at the City of London Political and Scientific Institution. After the lecture Migs Inge will deliver an address on the "Rights of Women." The Chartist public are requested to attend.

THE MEMBERS of the Clerkenwell locality, if the National Charter Association are earnestly regimented to meet together at their usual place, Luny's Old Coffee Rooms, Clerkenwell Green, on Mondag evening next. June 12, at half-past eight provely. Subjects of grave consideration will be introduced for their discussion. The accounts for the past Secretary considered.

MARYLEBONE .- Mr. Benbow will lecture on Sunday evening next, at the Mechanic's Institution, Circus-street, New Road, at half-past seven o'clock. Subject-the Repeal of the Union. Also a notting of the members will be held on Wednesday

MR KNIGHT will lecture on Sunday even ing at the Flora Tayern, Barnsbury Park, to communicate seven o'clock.

Tower HAMLETS .- The following lecture will be delivered on Sunday next in the Working Men's Hall, 293, Mile End Road :- Mr. Sherrard. in the morning, at half-past ten ; Mr. Mantz, in the afternoon, at half-past two; and in the evening, presently at half-past seven, by Mr. M'Grath. Admission free. A discussion will take place in this Hall .:: Thesday ovening, to commence at eight o'clock, upon the following question :- " Will a Repeal of the Union be a bencht, or detrimental to the interests of Ireland?" The discussion to be opened by Mr. Mantz. Admission free.

NOTTINGHAM - The members of the Female Charter Association are requested to attend at the Democra-

LEICESTER.-Mr. Samuel Parkes, of Sheffield, will preach here three times on Sunday.

HUDDERSFIELD. - On Sunday next (to-morrow) two sermons will be preached in the Hall of Science, Bath Buildings, by the Rev. W. V. Jackson, from Manchester; in the afternoon, at half-past two,-Subject-Moses and Jesus Christ, and their doctrines contrasted with the pulpit doctrines of the present day; in the evening, at half-past six, " On the preparation of God's way for the people.'

UPPER WARLEY .- Mr. John Murray will preach

LAMBETH.-The members residing in this locality

SUNDERLAND .- Mr. Beesley will lecture at South Shields on-Monday ; Tuesday, at Newcastle : Wednesday, at Sunderland ; and remain in that locality, by request, the remainder of the week. Money, and other communications, to be forwarded to William Gilfillon, or James Southeren, Tyne Dock Tayern, Long-row, South Shields.

A CAMP MEETING of the counties of Northum-

SHEFFIELD .- FIG TREE-LANE .- Mr. Gammage, of Northampton, will lecture on Sunday afternoon, at half past two o'clock, " on the evils of class registation in England and Ireland, and the necessary of a Repeal of the Legislative Union."

THE Northern Star and Nation will be read on Sunday evening, commencing at six o'clock. A public discussion at eight o'clock. A PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Fig Treetaken at half-past seven o'clock. THE Morning Sun will be publicly read in the MOTTRAM -On Sunday, June 4th, a camp Fig Tree-lane Room every evening, commercing at A FESTIVE BALL on the evenings of Tuesday and Wednesday pext; dancing to commence a: half REPEAL OF THE UNION .- Mr. M'Gowan will deliver a lecture on the "Repeal of the Union," in the Town Hall, Sheffield, on Tuesday evening next. Admission free. Englishmen, attend, and listen to BARNSLEY .- There will be a public meeting on Monday evening, to petition on behalf of Cooper, and against the Irish Arms Bill. BRADFORD.-A lecture will be delivered on Sunday evening, at seven o'clock, in the large room. Butterworth Buildings, "on the Land, and its pos-session, being the best means to enable the people to carry on an agitation for the Charter." Free BIRMINGHAM .- The monthly general conference of the Birmingham and Midland Counties' Charter Association will be held on Monday evening next,

Tenegade\_

bloody career?

and powerless for good. Its hands may be This is as it ought to be. Tho takes part in the strnggle shall be able to give adopted.

erted her in her struggle-he abandoned her was immediately adopted, and ordered to be given to Cooper, three for the Charter and the Repeal of in her contest for liberty, let his name be handed our member, Mr. Wallace, for presentation. This Union, and the meeting separated. down to posterity as an apostate, a traitor, and a business being concluded, Mr. Duncan again rose and moved the following resolution, " That this meeting considers the Arm, Bills spoken of as about to be

Alas, my countrymen, it is a sorrowful thing brought in by the Ministers of our Government into Then private animosities are allowed to enter into the House of Commons, relating to Ireland, Actional Councils. It is pitiful to see a nation dis-trated by pique that might be consoled by union. vernment with the power of crushing and destroying Screly Ireland is now in earnest, and no retreat the small remains of freedem still in the possession of Brough me can be sought for. I believe Mr. O'Con- the people and leaves them totally defenceless. We, Melto be perfectly sincere in his present undertak- therefore, heartily condemn it, and declare our deter-The and if the project should be marred by the power, and are of opinion that an aggregate meeting of Pelance of others, npon their heads let the disgrace the inhabitants be called at an early day to petition a failure fall, but I will not be the scape goat arainst it." After considerable discussion, objections When we find that the hell hounds of the North having been urged against the resolution on the ground have been already laid upon the scent of Catholic Gampbell, Murray, Dougherty, Burril, and Duncan blood, when we hear of the horel of the peaceful took a part, it was put to the meeting and carried by Persont being levelled by the rathless hand of fac- large majority. Messrs. Campbell, Burrel, and Murray lion, when we see the pack prowling abroad for were then appointed a delegation to wait upon Mr. Rty, is our dismion to cheer them on in the savage of this meeting, to invite him to attend the projected chase, or should not our union stop them in their meeting, and to request him to be in his place in Parliament, for the purpose of opposing the Arms Bill with

I have told you over and over again, that the long the meeting, and the audience quietly dispersed. Part up wrath of the Orange faction panted for an Chartism is on the ascendant in this quarter. Mr. P. "Portunity of doing an acceptable service to Duncan lectured in Johnstone a week ago, to a very beir masters. The Irish Executive has no power respectable meeting, and was much pleased to find a disposition manifested on the part of our Repeal friends of thanks to him was carried by acclamation. From to co-operate with the association here. Several of the beginning to end all was interest and attention. At the icol of the disposition the ball began, when the The tool of the domestic faction, powerful for evil barmony prevails between the Chartists and Repealers.

being fine considerable numbers attended to witness much he was disappointed in consequence of not the dedication of this temple to the cause of Chartism. having an opportunity afforded him of conveying a deputation to receive him at the Red Lion Hotel, turber of the public peace told Mr. Ross that he from whence they were to proceed to the hall. Dinner must move on, upon which Mr. Ross told him that the toast-The people, the source of all power. The at the same time his indolent arm, in which he car-Charter was impressively spoken to by Mr. Clarke, ried a weapon, as though he was about to intimate combe, John Fielden, John Temple Leader, and the people's friends in Parliament. Mr. Crawford, in rising, was met by a long-continued burst of applause; and, after a speech breathing the very spirit of genuine humanity and disinterested patriotism, he resumed his seat amid

the 12th. God save the people.

Mr. Candlet, from Hyde.

BRACFORD .- On Sunday morning the Chartists past seven o'clock.

ON SUNDAY, EVENING the members of the General

and Irish people. He gave general satisfaction.

tion of the month's subscription.

Mr. O'Connor.

# MR. PEPPER preaches at Silton to-morrow.

tion of the month's subscription. ON SUNDAY MORNING, Mr. Wm. Dawson lectured M'Cabe, of Oldham, will lecture in the above room.

morrow), at two o'clock in the afternoon.

THE NORTHERN STAR.

# Chartist Imeliligence.

tion held their usual weekly meeting, on Sunday last, the Tories to crush liberty in England. Let all Unfortunately, however, for the veracity of the pill-at six o'clock in the evening, Mr. John Keegan in the England read the report in the Freeman of mongers, there is no David Harrison at Whitstable, at six o'clock in the evening, Mr. John Keegan in the England read the report in the Freeman of mongers, there is no David Harrison at Whitstable, thair, Mr. Wm. H. Dyott, secretary. Nr. Dyott Monday last, and then judge for themselves. Here is no David Harrison at Whitstable, read the rules and objects of the Association; also a it is. Read it :- "England, in her present state, dare (Sept. 5, 1842.)" DECLINE; with Instructions for its COMPLETE AMERICAN SHIPS, of large Tonnage, for NEW reat number of letters from various parts of England not force on coercive measures-(hear, hear). She has Irish people, Tom Steels, have taken to return Repeal POWER." Can any man of common sense doubt the respect. Members for the City of Dublin, for the County of meaning of this offer? Is not this a renewal of the Dublin, and though last not least, for the County of offer to bring over five hundred thousand Tipperary Kerry ; and was the murder of Mr. Caffay, at Clones, men to put down Chartism in England? Can Sir not shedding human blood; and was not the Repeal Robert Peel or the Dake of Wellington mistake the agitation in Ireland instead of in the House of Com- meaning of this offer to "strengthen their hands and mone, the immediate cause of this blood shedding- increase their power'! The man who is capable of (hear, hear.) Mr. Henry Clark said that in conse- maxing an offer of this sort should be trusted by nore gaine of the vile, wither and slanderons libel, which but fools. Mr. O'Higg ns concluded by proposing that demented nondescript. Tom Steele, had published the following resolution :- " That this Association conin the Freeman's Journal of Tuesday last, upon the jares the Chartists of Great Britain not to be swayed Chartists of Great Britain, and his base and cowardly from their generous purpose of assisting the Irish attack upon Mr. O'Connor, who had been labouring late Repeaters, by every legal and constitutional means, and early in season and out of season, to bring by the late spluttering piece of personal malice inabout a kindly feeling and cordial understanding be- serted in the Freeman's Journal newspaper, by that tween the people of Ireland and England, with a view distracted egotist and parasite Tom Steele, who, it is to ameliorate the condition of the working people of well understood, by every one in Ireland is only reboth countries; and in which he was thwarted and tained by his 'AUGUST LEADER' to amuse the public, opposed by "Ireland's head pacificator." He (Mr. and who, like others among his 'motley' predecessors Clark) should, with the leave of the meeting, with- who have displayed their antics in the train of some stated in the Dispatch, which is now universally draw the motion of which he had given actice last of England's merriest monarche, is fond of detested by all parties; (what party has it not be-Sunday, which was to the eff ct, that the British an occasional bit of mischief, and who as ' Ireland's trayed ?) any one must feel proud of censure eman- Booksellers in the United Kingdom. Chartists should persevere as they had begun, by for- | Head Pacificator' takes every opportunity to create disgiving all the wrongs that were heaved upon them, and turbance, and ferment discord and animosity between co-operate with their Irish brethren for a Repeal of the the real friends of Ireland, the British Chartists and Union; but when he saw the "head pacificator" Tura the Repealers" Mr. Henry Clarke, seconded the Steele, creating disturbance and sowing dissention as motion, and in an able and judicious speech repudiated usual, by withdrawing his name from a Repeal Asso- the attack upon the Chartist body, and justified the cistion in London, because his betters were admitted a association in the cause it was pursuing, and said in member of it; because Mr. Feargus O'Cennor, a man conclusion, that that association would teach those who is as transcendantly superior to Tom Steele hollow hearted sham patriots who lived on the hard as any man can be to another, was admitted a carning of his poor, plundered, and duped countrymember of a Repeal Association in London, Tom men, that they could not slander our English friends Steele withdrew his name in the most scarrilous with impunity. (Cheers) Mr. Dyott said he did not and off-neive manner from the Association. (Hear, rise for the purpose of opposing the motion; on the hear.) Who is this Tom Steele? Does he imagine contrary, he thought it infinitely to the credit of that that we do not know him? Why, the fellow would association, that a disclaimer on their part, as Irishmen. have teen glad to get leave to clean boots and shees for should promptly go forth of the filthy insolence of that the secentors of O'Connor. He forced himself, or eccentric political buffoon, familiarly known to them all rather prevailed upon Mr. Nichelss Purcel O Gorman, as the renowned Tom Steel ! This infuriated " pacifito force him into the Catholic Association a few months cator" had the assurance to denounce Mr. O'Conner before Catholic emancipation, and he took care to assist and call the vast body of the English Chartists, " mis-In squandering about £14,000 of the Catholic zent in creant Foargusites." Here was a pacificator ! Upwards drunkenness and debauchery of all sorts at the Clare of three millions of English men forgetful of the election; and this is the fellow who estentationsly wrongs heaped upon them by Mr. O'Connell, who withdraws his name from an association in Lonion panted for the Whig Government's command to march because Mr. O'Conner, whom three millions of British five hundred thousand Tipperary men to put subjects love, honour, and trust, becomes a member. down the Radicals of Fagland-forgetting (Hear, hear.) He (Mr. Clark) had taken up too much the base and infamous slanders so often fulminated from time with this drunken buffoon. He begged to with- the rostrum of the Corn Exchange by Ireland's great draw the motion. Mr. O Higgins said that the Associ- but most inconsistent patriot, who leads Tom Strele ation owed an obligation to Mr. Clark for the manly about like a tame bear for exhibition-when these real minit which he had evinced in repelling the cowardly and trae-heat ted reformers, these stannch and indomitaand malignant attack on their English brethren, and ble lovers of freedom, saw the Irish threatened with on Mr. O'Connor in particular, by that miserable coercion, and the constitution invaded, megnanimonaly growing slave and sycophant the Head pacificator. advanced to the rescue: and what was their reward? (Hear, hear, hear.) He (Mr. O'Higgins) should submit insult and vituperation from Tom Steele. Was he a resolution to the meeting condemnatory of the suthorised ?- (hezz.) If not, that most unwise paradastardly paragraph alluded to. (Hear.) It would graph which appeared in the Freeman and smelt so ill become their Association to allow any slander upon strong of spite and whiskey, would be disavowed-let their English brethren to pass without the strongest this be done and the union of the people of both councondemnation. The British Chartists, like honest men, tries would soon tear to fitters the Parchment Union threw their whole strength into the scale, and gave framed by a corrupt and sordid legislature-(hear.) He all the aid in their power to this Association when its warmly supported the resolution. The motion was then infant steps were assailed-(hear, hear). This should put and carried, and ordered to be advertised in the never be forgotten, but remembered with gratitude Freeman's Journal. Mr. Tobin was called to the chair. upon every fitting occasion. Look at the prove posi- when the usual vote of thanks were given to the tion in which the Irish Universal Suffrage Association Chairman, after which the meeting separated. now stands. See their table covered with lesters from the chief towns and cities of England and Scotland, requesting his (Mr. O'Higgins') advice and opinion upon the present Repeal sellation, and to know what steps this Association had taken, or should take, respecting the Repeal movement. The English people require us to give them a character of the Repeal leaders. They are airaid to trust them, and will not great number of people long before the time affixed for trust them, except upon our character of them. They very justly say that they were betrayed before, and that, therefore, they are districtful of the present Repeal leaders. To this we answer, "You are right. Do not trust them. If you do, they will sell you and us to a Whig Government. Help us to get the Union Repealed, but confide not in Irish Repeal leaders." Upon this subject he (Mr. O'Higgins) published a letter in the Northern Star of the 27th ultimo. That letter was not written with that cars and ciezness which he should have wished. He was going to the country when he wrote that letter, and had not one moment to spare; the letter therefore was not written with that care, accuracy and clearness, to which the great importance of the subject was entitled\_hear, hear.) It was a most extraordinary change in the political movements of the country to see the letters from thirty places in Great Britain coming to so humble an indivienal as him (Mr. O'H.) requesting him to give a character of a man who once stood so high : Britain, but not one of whom would trust him now. He administer to their wants. He could not help noticing (Mr. O'H.) had no difficulty at all in believing that Mr. repeating the Union; that the whole end and object of the with the greatest confidence, that they would act in O'Connell had not the alightest hope or intention of ; repeal agitation was to force the Whigs into power concert with the military against the Catholic again. The Catholic Clergy are sincere Repeaters, and so also are the great bulk of the people. But he (Mr. O'H.) regretied very much that he could not look upon the Repealers in any other light than that of knaves and dupes. Repealers are divisible into these two classes. Depend upon it that in the event of the Whigs, Lord John and the rest of them, coming into power, the Repeal of the Union will be put in abeyance, and Mr. Daniel O'Connell will come forward 28 he did in 1837 "the Government candidate." People may imagine that they can keep Mr. O Conneil to the Repeal question; but this is a great mistake. He will drive a coach and six through every promise he made to the public, and damn consistency. as he did before; demand a fair trial for the Whigs; declare that they are not like those of 1838-0-40; pledge himself that Lord John has given up finality; and ask the people will they not try the effect of "Justice to Ireland"?; call every Repealer an impracticable blockhead; and till that Paddy, in his wisdom, stuffs his "canteen" in the window, not to let in the light or keep it out, but to keep out the "could." He will ask the people to confide in him, and say if they had a cause to plead whom would they employ? Not the Tories, surely, who are opposed to the Liberal Goverament-(near, hear). Keep the Tories cut, will then be the cry; and Justice to Ireland will mean as it did be. the whole people mare and choosing of seconded the resolution, After bir. Robert Lowery seconded the resolution, After and their progeny. The terms Tory-Redicals will be again applyed as terms of contempt for honest men. Grovelling Radicals, rascally Radicals, bloodthirsty physical-force Chartists, Saxon enemies, and so forth, will be the mildest terms which will be used towards all those who have the manliness and integrity to stand firmly upon the immutable and glorious principles of the People's Charter, and refuse to hark in at the tale of the bloodiest, the basest and most brutal faction that ever disgraced the council. of a sovereign, the perfidions Whigs. Nevertheless he (Mr. O'Higgins) would strongly advise the Chartists to petition and agitate for the Repeal of the Union for the separated, highly pleased with the orderly manner in of well-known symptoms arising from a weak stosake of the measure itself, and not because Mr. O'Connell was the treacherons and hollow-hearted advocate of that measure. Keep him to the point, indeed ! the thing is impossible. Look to his votes upon the Tithe Question. Surely his conduct towards the poor factory children cannot be forgotten. The Dorchester Labourers were betrayed. The Glasgow Cotton Spinners were Mr. Matthew Hoyle, weaver, Kidderminster-road. pronounced guilty before they were tried, and by whom? Mr. Edwin Jones, boot and shoe maker, Worcesterby Daviel O'Connell, in his place in Parliament, and out of Parliament. He, as a great constitutional lawyer, street Mr. James Heywood, silk-weaver, Sidemore. gried out lond and long for the blood of the Mr. James Hall, button-maker, Sidemore. Stephen's, the Oastler's, and the O'Connor's and Mr. Joseph Ccoper, button-maker, Chartist-lane. Mr. John Pinfield, button-maker, Holy-lane, subhallooed on the Government to prosecute the men who he knew in his soul were honestly Treasurer. struggling for public liberty. Trust such a man! No, no!

He (Mr. O'H.) hoped that his Chartist brethren would

never become so low, so utterly degraded, as to confide cester-sireet, sub-Secretary.

the Liberator has thrown out a broad hint even to describing the wonderful cures performed by Parr's Just Published, price 2s. 6d., and sent free, "enclosed P. el and the Iron Dake, to the effect, that should the boluses. In the collection of lies there was a letter in a sealed envelope," on receipt of a Post-office

DUBLIN.-The Irish Universal Suffrage Associa- justice to Ireland he will abandon repeal, and help Whitstable, who was cured of a liver complaint ! Order for 3s. 6d.

(Sept. 5, 1842.)" Now, this is as stupid as it is infamous, to say no such person lives at Whitstable; why the Rev. D. Harrison has resided there for a long time, and re-sides there still. The lie of the Dispatch can only be excused on the ground that no person connected New Harrison has resided a place of work in the manual of Dispatch can only be excused on the ground that no person connected New Harrison has resided a place of work in the manual of Dispatch can only be excused on the ground that no person connected here of work in the manual of Dispatch can only the place of work in the manual of Dispatch can be been been and be be been and b and Scotland, and a few from the West, and South of Chartism at home within her centre. She has Rebecca such person lives at Whitstable; why the Rev. D. the Destructive Consequences of Excessive Induland some esting whether it was still Mr. O'Connell's the Scotch on the question of the Church of Scotland ist in Ireland—(hear, hear).—and also requesting to be tist in Ireland—(hear, hear). They attempt to the discontent in other tist in Ireland—(hear, hear). They attempt to the discontent in other the Scotch on the question of the discontent in other the Scotch on the question of the discontent in other the Scotch on the question of the discontent in other the Scotch on the question of the discontent in other the scotch on the question of the discontent in the disco informed as to how the Union is to be Repealed, and places, and say, DO US JUSTICE, AND WE WILL ship, or mixed with any but the most immoral, where on the Treatment of Ghonorrhon, Gleet, Stricture what steps the Liberator and his head shanderer of the STRENGHTHEN YOUR HANDS, AND INCREASE YOUR no minister's name could be mentioned without dis-

> The Dispatch not satisfied, gives the following BY C. J. LUCAS, &CO., CONSULTING SURGEONS, LONDON fabrication of their own, in the same paper of the And may be had of the Authors, 60, Newman-

same date :--same date :--"We now come to another case :-- A Mr. Thomas Jackson's name was published as a person who had been cured of a long-standing complaint by the use of Parr's Pills. Mr. Jackson never swallowed any of the trash in his life; and when he wrote to the proprietors to withdraw his name, at the same time censuring them for having published so barefaced a lis he was told that the proprietors were very sorry street; Oxford-street, London; and sold by Brittan 11, Paternoster-row; J. Gordon, 146, Leadenball-11, Paternoster-row; J. Gordon, 146, Leadenball-11, Paternoster-row; J. Gordon, 146, Leadenball-12, Westerton, 15, Park-side, Kuightsbridge; W. Lawson, 51, Stone gate, York, and W. Barrastreet, Oxford-street, London; and sold by Brittan lie, he was told that the proprietors were very sorry W. Lawson, 51, Stone gate, York, and W. Barra-such a thing had occurred, but "the mistake was clough, 40, Fargate, Sheffield; T. Sowler, Courier quite unintentional.""

quite unintentional."" quite unintentional." This is a base falsehood from the first word to the last; the Proprietors never published any such name, nor did they ever write to any such person. Waterloo-place, Church-street, Liverpool; W. Wood, But it is waste of words to contradict anything Bookseller, 78, High Street, Birmingham ; W. & H. Robinson & Co. 11, Greenside-street, Elinburgh; T. Price, 93, Dame-street, Dublin; and by all ating from such a source-it is praise indeed.

To conclude, they must acknowledge that their incapacity, suffering and disease, faithfully delineated in this cautiously written and practical work, are only excuse in condescending to notice this filthy paper, is, to prevent the few deluded readers of the almost unknown, generally misunderstood, and Dispatch from supposing that their silence confirmed treated upon principles correspondingly erroneous one iota of the continued lies published by the Disand superficial, by the present race of medical pracpatch, respecting Parr's Life Pills. Under no further provocation will they again stain their hands with a timely safeguard, a silent yet friendly monitor, or, noticing the fifth in this " Socialist" newspaper.

They must congratulate the community that this moral stain on the country is nearly wiped away, and that a reader of the Dispatch is now almost as rare as a black sheep.

Crane Court, Fleet Street, London, 30th of May, 1843.

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ABERDEEN .- GLOBIOUS DEMONSTRATION IN FAVOUR OF REPEAL .- On Monday week, a public meeting was held on the Inches to take into consideration the propriety of supporting the Irish in their agitation for the Ropeal of the Union. The area of ground whereon the hustings were erected was thronged by a commercing business, and a great deal of impatience was manifest d by an immense multitude in the line of streets leading from the Chartists' Hall in George-street to the place of meeting. This throng considerably of. structed the progress of the passengers; and it was halfpast eight o'clock before the hustings were occupied. Mr. James M'Pherson was voted to the chair. The Chairman said he would with much pleasure bring before the very numerous and respectable meeting now before him a matter which he hoped had engrossed their most serious attention, in order that they might be able to decide whether they would coolly and careleasly suffer the Government to carry out its hostile threats against Ireland; or if they were, on the other hand, willing to stand forth at all hazards and shield their brethren of the Sister Isle while they are peacefully and legally wrenching themselves from the iron grasp of a privileged race, who have hitherto appeared much more willing to sweep that misgoverned and patient people from the face of the earth, than to fill their empty stomache, clothe their nakedness, or otherwise the foul stain which had been cast upon the Protestants in Ireland by the Government, in its having asserted, population. If such a report was true, he hoped the Protestants in Antrim, Down, Tyrone, Derry, Fermanagh, and Ulster would join their brethren of the same faith in England and Scotland, in telling the G .vernment that they hold such a declaration in utter detestation He then introduced Mr. James Strachan, who moved the following resolution: -" That this meeting views with strong feelings of indignation the tyrannical and unconstitutional disarming act for Ireland, considering it a base attempt to lay the people bound at the feet of a destoying aristocracy, and to leave the means of defending life and property in the hands of bloodstained faction only. Also that if the Peel and Wellington Government carry out their threats and destroy the constitutional right of public meeting and free discussion of grievances in Ireland this meeting pledgeth itself to wake common cause with its brethren in Iraland, and use every legal means to bring those traitors to justice, and will deem every man a disgrace to his country that would aid the tyrants to carry out their unjust and coercive acts. Holding the right of every nation to discuss and repeal whatever acts of Parliament they deem wrong and injurious; but yet we remain convinced that the mere establishment of a Parliament in Ireland or any country, will not give national freedom or just government, unless which a show of hands was called for, when a forest of hardy fists soon made their appearance in behalf of the sons of the Emerald Isle, and the resolution was declared to be carried unanimously. The meeting then voted resolutions condemnatory of Sir James Graham's Factory and Educational Bill. The mover of this was Mr. Henery, and the seconder Mr. Archibald M'Donald. These were also carried unanimously. This concluded the business. The meeting gave three hearty cheers for old Ireland, three for Feargus O'Connor, Esq.; three for Mr. Hill, for his advocacy of justice to Ireland, and three for the Northern Star; after which the meeting | modic and windy complaints, with the whole train which the business had been conducted. NOMINATIONS FOR THE GENERAL COUNCIL. BROMEGROVE,

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in the Society's Asyl				0	4	0	
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and physical emasculation, produced by uncontrolled THE SECRET MEDICAL ADVISER. indulgence of the passions, can be restored ; how the ndulgence of the passions, can be restored; how the sufferer, who has pined in anguish from the conse-quences of early indiscretion—airaid almost to en-counter his fellow man, can regain the vigour of hcalth and moral courage. The work is written in sexes, with a mild and successful mode of treatment, but the form the conse-course of the uninary and sexual organs, in both hcalth and moral courage. The work is written in a concise and perspicuous style, displaying how often in all their forms and consequences; especially Stric- derate indulgence of their passions, have ruined fond parents are deceived by the outward physical ap- ture. Gleets, affections of the Bladder. Prostrate their constitutions, or in their way to the consumpearance of their youthful offspring; how the attenua-tion of the frame, palpitation of the heart, derangement sequences of Mercury, such as eruptions of the skin, any of those previous symptoms that betray ite of the nervous system, cough, indigestion, and a train pain in the bones, &c., with plain directions for a approach, as the various affections of the nervous of symptoms indicative of consumption or general perfect restoration : embellished with engravings. system, obstinate gleets, excesses, irregularity, ob decay, are often ascribed to wrong causes ; and in- An ample consideration of the diseases of women ; stead of being the natural results of congenital debi- also nervous debility; including a comprehensive impotency, barrenness, &c. lity or disease, are the consequences of an alluring dissertation on the anatomy of Marriage, impuis-

"The various forms of bodily and montal weakness

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popular study should be devoid of that mysterious

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before us treats of subjects we believe generally, yet

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and pernicious practice, alike destructive to the mind sance, celibacy, sterility or barronness, and various other interruptions of the Laws of Nature. and body."-Bell's New Weekly Messenger. Also some animadversions on the Secret Sin of

Youth, which entails such fearful consequences on " Although a newspaper is not the ordinary channel for the expression of opinion upon the merits of its victims.

a medical work, this remark is open to exception in G This Work is underiably the most interesting any instance where the public, and not the isolated and important that has hitherto been published on and exclusive members of the profession, are the this subject, imparting information which ought to parties addressed. Upon that which is directed to be in the possession of every one who is labouring men indiscriminately, the world will form its own undor any secret infirmity, whether male or female. opinion, and will demand that medical works for

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very strangely, neglected by the medical attendant, and requiring doubtlessly (as in operative midwifery Of whom they may be obtained, or from any of his and the surgery of the eye) an entire devotedness to Agents.

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country patients requiring his assistance, by making only one personal visit, will receive such advice and medicines as will enable them to obtain a permanent "The security of HAPPINESS in THE MARBIAGE STATE is the chief anxiety of all; but many dread and effectual cure. when all other means have failed.

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nent and radical oure. A complete knowledge of the symptoms and treat-

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the hundreds who annually fall victims to the igno-Country Patients are requested to be as minute as rant use of Mercury and other dangerous remedies, possible in the detail of their cases, as to the duration | administered by illiterate men, who ruin the constitificate of good health, and Recommendation, signed of the complaint, the symptoms, age, general habits tution by suffering disease to get into the system, by two Housekeepers, to the Secretary. communication must be accompanied by the usual into all parts of the body, the whole frame becomes consultation fee of £1, without which no actice tainted with venereal poison, and most unhappy conwhatever can be taken of their application ; and in sequences ensue, at one time affecting the skin, all cases, the most inviolable secrecy may be particularly the head and face, with eruptions and ulcers, closely resembling, and often treated as scurvy

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They are particularly recommended to be taken ciency, and all diseases of the Urinary Passages,

TEETH. BRADFORD AND LEEDS.

in their Practice all the recent Improvements in the Deutal Art, and all Operations on the Teeth, Gums, and Palate, on those sound Surgical Principles which have gained them such extensive Patronage.

Having studied Surgery, they can with confidence

50, Briggate, Locds ; and Mr. W. Lawson, 51,

MESSRS. MAJOR & CO., SURGFON DENTISTS, 13, TRAFALGAR STREET, LEEDS, adopt

relied on

ignorance.

PURIFYING DROPS.

undertake those difficult Operations which so often price 4s. 6d., can be had of any of the follow-

In the man again. If they do they ought to be de-	in declaring that they supply to me a means long		tion to him the remainder of his existence, by afflict-	cures, not only in recent and severe cases, but when
ceived. Can they forget Stephenson's square ? Can	wanting, of being able to recommend to Families,	ARTIFICIAL and NATURAL TEETH, of	ing his innocent but unfortunate offspring with the	colimation and all other means have tailed i and
they forget the cowardly threat to bring over five hund- THE BASE DISPATCH NEWSPAPER.	Schools, and especially Mercantile men, whether at	surprising heauty, fixed, from One to a Complete	evil eruppione of one manghane concercy, and a	of the utmost importance to those shilly """"
red thousand Irishmen to aid the Whig Government in	the desk or on the road, a most valuable resource	Ser, without extracting the Root or giving Pain,	variety of other complaints, that are must assuredly	Coonduction Affections Reportions on any Dark VI MA
their efforts to crush the devoted advocates of public "IHE Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills call public	in an occasional medicine. And i shall take credit	answering all the Purposes of Mastication and Arti-	introduced by the same neglect and imprudence.	body, Ulcerations, Scrofulous on Venereal Taint,
inderty in England? Well he knew when he made this accountion to the following facts :-	to myself if, in giving this testimony. I am the means	dulation, remaining periectly secure in their Places,		being justly calculated to cleanse the blood from all
trucalent offer, that Chartism is as essential to political They published a short time since in the news-	of making Frampton's Pills more generally known	or may be taken out and replaced by the Wearer	AGENTS.	foulness, counteract every morbid affection, and
mivation, as Christianity is to eternal salvation. But papers the letter which follows :-	and appreciated.	with the greatest Facility, at the following Reduced		restore weak and emaciated constitutions to pristine
sternity itself would be sacrificed at the time for the	"I am, Sir, respectfully yours,	Charges, - but observe, without they give perfect and	Noble's Bookseller, Market-place.	restore weak and chiaolated constitutions of p
purpose of keeping Lord John and the Whig gang in FROM THE REV. D. HARRISON.	WILLIAM SMITH."	complete Satisfaction, as far as Art can accomplish,	LeedsAt the Times Office, and of Mr. Heaton	
their places. He talks about Repeal and says that the The following letter received by one of the Pro-		no charge is made :	7, Briggate.	It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims
man must be a had Irishman who does not become an prietors from the Rev. D. Harrison. Whitstable, is	Persons of a full habit, who are subject to head	£ 8.	Wakefield-Mr. Hurst, Bookseller.	to this howid discoss owing to the unskillumous
curolled Renealer: that is to say to nay his money into a proof of their efficany in cases of Indigestion.	ache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the cars	A SINGLE ARTIFICIAL TOOTH 0 5	Halifax-Mr. Hartley, Bookseller.	1 illitanata man traha batha uzo at thet cesult sympt
the coffers of the Corn Exchange. Where is his son; Liver Complaints, &c. &c.	arising from 100 great a flow of blood to the head	A COMPLETE SET 4 10	Huddersfield-Mr. Dewhirst, 39. New-street.	mercury, rain the constitution, causing unceranous
Morgan O'Connell? Where is his son-in-law, Christon un With the same Carl have Christian in the	should never be without them, as many dangerous	NATURAL TEETH, ON PURE GOLD	Bradford-Mr. Tayler, Bookseller, near to the	Diotoneg on the negal tage, she bouy, unduced
pher Fitzsimmons? Where is his son-in-law, Charles	symptoms will be entirely carried off by their imme-	PALATE, EACH, 015		leight noise in the ears destress, applifiate groces
UCOnnell? Where is his heather John O'Cennell of "Diy Dear Friend, -1 received the Dox of Parr's	diate use, and apoplexy often avoided.	NATURAL TEETH, ON SILVER PALATE,		I nodes on the shin hones, nicerated sore tarown and
und-and his nephew Morsen John O Connell of Life Pills you so Rindly sent me, for which I beg	Sold by T. Prout, 229, Strand, London, Price	ЕАСН, 010		loged note with noturnal pains in the near way
whom the Tories made a Deputy Hentenant of the you to accept my pest manks. They could not have		A COMPLETE SET OF NATURAL TEETH,	York-Mr. Hargrove's Library, 9, Coney-street.	limbs, till at length a general debility of the consti-
county herry the other day? Where are those gentlemen ; com? more opportunely, 28 1 was suffering consider-	2s.9d. per box, and by his appointment, by Heaton, Hay, Allen, Land, Haigh, Smith, Bell, Towns-	ON FINE GOLD PALATE 12 0	Terbor were severationed and transferred benade	tation ensues, and a melancholy death puts a period
Are they enrolled repealers? No, not one of them [ 2017 from indigeshon at the time. I immediately	end, Baines and Newsome, Smeeton, Reinhardt,	AN ENTIRE SET OF NATURAL OR	Knaresboro and High Harrogate-Mr. Langdale	to their dreadful sufferings.
Bur are may likely to become renealers mail such time ! COMICONCOR LAKING INC PILLS, and Iound great bencht	end, Daines and Newsome, Smeeton, Reinnards,	TERRO METALLIC TEETH, HIGHLY	Bookseller.	
The fory ministry are on the eve of dismissed, and in 3 lew days. I have taken them subsequently.	Leeds; Brooke, Dewsbury; Dennis & Son, Moxon,	FINISHED, IN THE FIRST-STYLE,	Manchester-Mr. Watkinson, Druggist, 6, Market-	Messrs. Perry and Co., Surgeons, may be consult
then some of them may join the repeaters in the hone With the Same happy effect. Which induces me to	Little, Hardman, Linney, Hargrove, York;	WITH FINE GOLD SOCKETS 15 0	place.	lad as usual at 19. Barners-street. UXIOI4-54-0-7
or gening a wing sop for deserting the course Son   Delleve Inay Incy are an exceedingly Denencial Te-	Brooke & Co., Walker & Co., Stafford, Faulkner,		Beverley-Mr. Johnson, Bookseller.	London and A Grast Charles-street, Hour uses
now the newyers are uniting the Consta now when medy in indigestion. A friend of mine has lound	Doncaster; Judson, Harrison, Linney, Ripon; Fog-	Artificial Teeth out of Repair, remodelled to fit	Boston-Mr. Noble, Bookseller.	from Easy-row.) Birmingham, punctually, from
there is no hope of prometion from the Tories and them of great nighty in an obstinate liver complaint.	gitt, Coates, Thompson, Thirsk; Wiley, Easingwold;	the Mouth, and restored equal in Beauty and Dura-	Louth-Mr. Hurton, Bookseller.	Eleven in the Worning lintil eight in the Evolution
joining the repeal, leaving the four Courts as rats leave 11 my recommendation can be of any service, you	England, Fell, Spivey, Huddersfield; Ward, Rich- mond; Cameron, Knaresbro'; Pease, Oliver, Darling-	bility to their original State. Messrs. Major and	Liverpool-At the Chronicle Office, 25, Lord-street	and on Sundays from Eleven till One. Only one
a grazy old ship. Depend upon it, Toryism is on the are at liberty to use it as you please.	monu; Canoron, Anarosoro; rease, Onver, Darning-	Co., will readily undertake any Case wherein others	Sheffield-At the Iris Office.	norsonal visit is required from a country Daugur
wane, or else the lawyers would not desert it for "I am, my dear friend, yours, very truly,	ton; Dixon, Metcalfe, Langdale, Northallerton;	have failed, allowing a fair trial before receiving	Mansfield-Mr. S. Dobson, News Agent, 519, Bel-	to enable Measrs. Perry and Co., to give such adving
repeal. There are some good things in expectation, or "DAVID HARRISON."	Rhodes, Snaith; Goldthorpe, Tadcaster; Rogerson, Cooper, Newby, Kay, Bradford; Brice, Priestley,	their fee.	vedere-street.	as will be the preses of effecting a permanent and
else so many of the lawyers would not have joined the	Pontefract; Cordwell, Gill, Lawton, Dawson, Smith,	T Marth fastened and aroun Outstation in 11.	Fonterract-thr. Fox. Dourseller.	effectual cure, after all other means have proved
ranks of the repealers. They can easily file off into the The lying character of the Dispatch is very well	Websfeld Bower Donton & Suton Lawlond Unit	Loose Teeth fastened, and every Operation on the		ineffectual.
Whig lines, and abandon repeal. Those learned gen. known, and though it has shewn repeatedly its want	law Powkey Dunn Holifow, Doath Dochdolo.	Teeth and Gums skilfully and effectually per-		N.D. Country Diversity Backsollow Detent Me
	ley, Parker, Dunn, Halifax; Booth, Rochdale; Lambert, Boroughbridge; Dalby, Wetherby; Waite,	formed.	NewarkMr. Bridges, Bookseller.	N.B. Country Druggists, Booksellers, Patent Me
	Horrogate; Wall, Barnsley; and all respectable	Consultation Free, from Nine till Seven, and on	Mr. W., is to be consulted every day at his Resi-	dicine Venders, and every other Shopkeeper can
the patronage of the Irish Bench and Bar. In the event ingly put forth by the Dispatch without some foun-	Medicine Venders throughout the kingdom.	Sundays, from Nine till Two o'Clock.	dence, from Nine in the Morniag till Ten at Night,	be supplied with any quantity of Perry's Purifying
of the restoration of the writes to power, the topcal is		Sundays, from time tin 1 wo b Clock.	and on Sandays from Nine till Two.	Specific Pilis, and Cordial Balm of Syriacum, in
sure to be placed in abeyance just to give the friends of [Extract from the Weckly Dispatch; of the 28th	Ask for FRAMPTON'S PILL of HEALTH	Attendance every THURSDAY at the Junction Jun,	OBSERVE-13, TRAFALGAR-ST, LEEDS,	the usual allowance to the trade, by most of
Ireland another fair trial. Let our English brethren not of May, 1843 ]	and observe the name and address of "Thomas	<b>D</b>	Artendince ever Thursday in Bradford, from	principle Wholesale Patent Medicine Houses in
be descived by empty sound, and hollow professions. At "We were looking over a Hereford paper the	Pront 229 Strand, London," on the Government	DRADFOND.	Tch to Five, at No. 4, George-street, facing East	London,
the repeal meeting at Mill-street, in the county of Cork, other day, and our eye alighted on an advertisement	Stamp.	WANTED AN ASSISTANT.	Brook havel	Sold by Mr. HEATON, Briggate, LEEDS.
•		1 April 1997 - Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna An		

# THE NORTHERN STAR.

We may surely give them without comment, and

merely ask what chance the innocent have of protec-

tion, or what fear the guilty have of punishment in

The Jary having been sworn, Mr. M'Nally addressed

The first witness called on the part of the Crown was

Examined by Mr. ANTISSELL-Said he was a turn-

ing John, John, that the witness followed him with

the horse, and when he came up he four third with his

man Dixon in custody, when witness wont up they

JULY, 1797.

#### Boriry.

ON THE PROJECTED UNION.

ERIN-OR THE MAID I LOVE.

Inon " the Beauties of the Press," an Irish Newspaper decoded to the people, prior to the establishment of the Act of Union.

O fairest Maid that e'er was seen. My sweetest REIN dressed in GREEN: Thon art my early, only love, And still to thee I'll constant prove. Tis true thy sister in her spite. Woold iam conceal thy beauty bright : For she with envy sore is stung, Because she's old and thon art young Bat tho' she's rich and dresses fine, And her jewels bright do shine. Still the never can prevail To make my love for ERIN fail: For thou, dear maid, full well I ween. Art fairer far in simple GREEN. No jewel's lustre e'er can vie With my lovely Brin's eye-Fall of feeling, fall of trath. Fall of the generous fire of youth. In vain thy sister shows her wealth, Shene'er can gain my heart by Delf. But then she tells me of the sport Which with her I'd find at Court; With this she thinks to turn my brain, And yet she labours all in vain ; For while I live I ever mean To stay with ERIN dress'ed in GREEN. She too employs more subtle art, To draw away my faithful heart; Vile slander tells to wound thy fame, And rob thee of thy honest name : Bai when thy open mien I view, Sare well I know thy virtue's true; Thy simple air, and artiess smile. Can ne'er conceal base falsehood's guile; Nature has form'd thy face so fair The image of a heart sincere : And mainre's child then still hast been. Dress'd all in her favourite GREEN. But to do mischief still intent. And on my Erin's ruin beat, This envious sister much I dread, When art cannot her wish bestead, By force, by brutal force, may try. To rid her of her jealonzy; O yes, my lears too just I find; She means my Erin's hands to bind ; That then she may, with barb'rous joy, Her opening beauties all destroy. O come then Erin, come away ! O haste my love nor longer stay ! O haste this cruel sister leave, Her words are false, her smiles deceive. UNION ! she cries, with vip'rous breath ! UNION with her-is Brin's death. 0 come then Brin, come away ! O haste my love nor longer stay. See where in yonder golden clouds, The western sun his glory shrouds, There lies on Europe's shirt an Isle. Where nature sheds a genial smile. My Erin thither will I bring ; There call for her the sweets of spring. And when fierce summer's sun's invade, With her Fil court the grateful shade. With her the fruits of antumn taste, And shield her from rough winter's waste. There envy shall not wound her peace, For there her sister's pow'r shall cease. O come then Brin, come away ! O haste my love, nor longer stay. O haste thy cruel sister leave, Her words are false her smiles deceive. UNION she cries, with vip'rous breath, TINION with her-is Erin's death.

on the land, to live together in concord and unity. had been very particular that day in impressing July that he was sent for. he stated instantly what their names were, the colour is an idiotic girl, who, when questioned by the elders of their hair, &c. He also stated what different of the fraternity, and by the wife of his reverence, things were which were placed in his hands, their made several disclosures of a nature which could not colour, substance, &c. A unanimous vote of thanks leave the slightest doubt on the mind of any persons was given each night to Mr. Jack-on and the lec- of the immortality too truly ascribed to, and practiced to put Dixon to death; but that he should go into the Thus do the people honour those who maintain their turer, and all seemed now convinced of the truth of this most extraordinary science, which is, ere former occasions.—Leicester Journal. long, destined to effect a complete revolution in the present received opinions and habits of thinking among the people. On the whole, these lectures have removed the doubts and prejudices which have JUSTICE IN IRELAND. existed here against Phrenology, and what may not Mr. O'Connor informs us that he has promised the be inaptly termed its demonstrator-Mesmerism; following extraordinary trials in this week's Star.

among the rest, it has completely removed the doubts of your correspondent.

EXPLOSION OF A SHIP LADEN WITH AMMUNITION. Shortly before eleven o'clock on Friday morning, the town of Southampton was thrown into great, ever will be, until blessed with the Charter of her consternation by the report of the Tartar brig in rights ? the docks being on fire, and that she had, in addition to a great quantity of ammunition, two tors of gun-powder on board. The latter rumour appeared to be without foundation, as the actual cargo consisted of 1,000 Paixhams hollow or loaded shells, a large quantity of rockets, shipped in London, and twenty brass guns manufactured in Southampton, and recently put on board, to receive which the Tartar had put into Southampton. Some of the gans were of three tons weight, and the whole were bound for sel was on fire she was descrited, as was also the giance considering; but being moved and seduced by at night were sent to the camp till next morning, that people are daily gaining new accessions of strength. John King, lying near her. Hundreds of people the instigation of the devil, on the 9th day of July, in he had ficquently ordered a serjeant's guard to bring We have but room to give the often-repeated advice, left the town, and many of the shops were shut up. the 37th year of the King. at Cloncurry, in the county in all persons found out an hour after sun-set, till they be cautious; every endeavour is being made to corps stationed at this place were requested to attend topher Dixon, by giving him the said Christopher to fire into her, so that she might be surk, and a Dizon, one mortal wound with a drawn swerd, party of about thirty, under the command of on the right side of his body, of the breadth of two Lieutenant Jolland, were speedily on the spot, inches, and of the depth of five inches, of which wound a twenty-four pounder being dragged from the he, the said Simon Frazer, was present, aiding and platform for use. Up to this time the flumes assisting the said John Ross, to commit the felony and had just begun to rise above the deck, and se- murder aforesaid. veral shots were well fired between the wind and On this indictment, the prisoners were arraigned, water. The preparation for firing occupied some and on their arraingment, pleaded not guilty, and for time, the dock ground being very unfavourable, and trial put themselves on God and their country. by the time that some eight or nine shots told, the . The Clerk of the Crown desired to know if the priflames had extended fore and aft, and the rockets soners would join in their challenges. Mr. Tew, the and loaded shells flew about and exploded in every prisoners' solicitor, answered that they would challenge direction. Of course the Sappers were called off, separately. and the immediate neighbourhood abandoned. The sight at this time was grand and imposing, vast the Court for the prosecution. numbers of the rockets going up simultaneously, and many of the shells exploding in the air. Some Michael Finn. pieces of the iron fell a third of a mile from the vessel. At this time strong fears were entertained pike-man at Cioncurry-gale on the ninth of July last. for the safety of the ship John King lying close to that he did not know Dixon the deceased-having been leeward, but she has fortunately escaped with slight gate-keeper only a few days, from the third of the damage to the rigging. About one o'clock the main- month; he said he saw the prisoners at the bar, at the

mast went by the board, dragging with it the fore- gate on the night of the 9th of July; he was in bed at the time: about two o'clock a further and more of sleep, it was before twelve o'clock, Captain Frazer Sonthampton some twenty years since. It was re- cuse for what he had said :: he told witness he thought called hearty. ported that she touched ground coming from the he was the person who had offended his men some time river, and from that cause, or from the stowage, had before, witness only waited to put on his clothes, and

spplied; among the rest a pistol was fired within a A DIVINE IN THE UBLE On Sunday, the 21st ultage. He knew of wounds in the lungs not mortal; but short distance of his head, and while the report the important ceremony of expelling from the pullet this he believed was a morial wound. He had a uther Startled most of the meeting, from the suddenness of by authority tork plant for hours, Mr. Unwin, Shell, the firing the meeting, from the suddenness of by authority tork plant instant the amitted t the firing, the patient remained as motionless as a house at Atherstone. The unfortunate (x-ministor, a political instrument; it penetrated the cavity of the of Dregheda, feeling that to retain their Commissions field; and Mr. Blackbarn, Leeds; official assignee, statue! The different organs ware then excited, as ven- after having preached haree sermons the previous Le ly-it was also a mortal wound. He said he ex- as Magistrates could only degrade them, by debareration, when he prayed, tune when he sang two pa- Sunday, and partaken of the many good things in amined seven wounds. He had a cut on the nove; the ring them from the free exercise of their right to triotic songs, benevolence when he delivered an elegant the way of catables and drinkables (ho not being end of his nose was entirely separated. He believed meet with their fellow countrymen for the legal and exellent exordium on the state of the country, and a thorough tectotaller), on his return home from his the same instrument might have inflicted every wound. the oppression practised on working men, and de- religious duties, in an evil moment transgressed the that no working men, and de- religious duties, in an evil moment transgressed the that no working men, and declared how happy he should be if they were placed seventh commandment, the observance of which he had no wound on his hands. It was about the 11th of missions into the hands of the Chancellor. Tac Two individuals were then placed before him, he upon the minds of his congregation and friends. To a question by Mr. Lock-Said he knew the being blindfolded; he was asked who they were; The comparion in evil of this "pious" transgressor state of the country; that he believed it the duty of Meath, are attached to the requisition for the great hour Dixon was. Mr. M'NALLY desired to know if gentlemen intended

> by, their fallen brother on the present as well as on character of the man. Dr. Harrison said, he heard all Kildare was out of Cionard.

Mr. M'NAILY informed the Court that the Crown rested the prosecution here.

On behalf of the prise er, the Rev. Thomas Knipe was produced and sworn.

Examined by Mr. RIDGWAY-He said he was a ma-TRIAL OF CAPIAIN SIMON FRAZER, AND JOHN of the country was so very alarming, from the great tinues harsh, with frequent boistcrous and cold pool. ROSS, PRIVATE SOLDIER IN THE FRAZER number of murders and robberies that had been com-

gave the necessary account of themselves. He said he entrap the people into a violation of the law. The had told Captain Frezer that the country about Clon- police, we have reason to believe, are mixing among curry was upsettled. He had received such is forma- the people in disguise to watch every expression. tion of its being so, that he thought, it necessary to Irishmen ! your demand is just-you are making it communicate it to Captain Fr zer, and pointed out the heard in a legal manner-your strength depends line for him to pursue. He got the highest character of upon your continuing in the right. Let no tempta-Captain Frazer from the Commander in Chief, and tion lead you to violate the law. If the Orange from his own relations in the county Cavan. He was a yeomanry be armed, as is threatened, you must be gentleman of very great humanity and uniformly correct | doubly cautious-but be at the same time FIRM. It in his conduct. He was one of the best men he ever is now you have the opportunity of showing your knew to have a command in the country.

moral courage-now is the time in which you can Cross-examined by M. Antissell-He did not know shew yourselves worthy the name of men.-Drogheda Dixon, nor ever heard his character. He heard he was Argus.

him up, or the gentleman himself, or any other man, at lest" :-- "The present Lord Chancellor, in the inte- June 29, R. Sands, Nottingham, lace manufac," r. such an hour, till he gave a proper account of himself. rim of making out the write of supersedeas for the Captain Frazer is not a magistrate. At such times as ropeal magistrates, was vory fon a of investigating CERTIFICATES to be granted, unless cause be bown these he thought it bis duty to take up any man in the into the management of lunatic a ylums, and mude country out of his house at unseasonable hours, though an agreement with the Surgeon General to visit, with-

To a question by Mr. RIDGWAY -- Witness solemnly

IRELAND.

THE DRCGHEDA MAGISTRATES AND THE LOBD CHAN-

names of these gentlemen, and of James Mathows. officers to take up any man who was walking at the meeting to be held on Monday next in this tewp. Patrick Ternan, Esq. will preside at the dinner; Mr. M'NALLY desired to know if gentlemen intended to produce evidence to show that the officer had a right dermen Ennis and Mathews to be Vico-Presidents. rights.-Droyheda Argus, June 3.

the peace; that Captain Frazer lived at Clonard; that Clonard was about seven miles from Cloncurry; and that Cloncurry was the direct road from Kilcock to that Cloncurry was the direct road from Kilcock to FAILURE OF THE POTATOE CROP .-- The farmers in not partial, but extends to other parts of the country .- Limerick Chronicle -- In many of the rural districts, the carly sown potatoes have failed to a great extent. Several fields in the baronies of as the seeds first put in were found, instead of gistrate for the counties of Meath and Kildare; that he springing up, to be completely rotten. The circum- aging and Liverpool. knew Captain Frazer a long time; that he had been in stance is not, it appears, owing so much to mais-

showers, rather resembling March weather than that REGIMENT OF FENCIBLES. BEFORE JOHN witted, that he found it necessary to apply to the Com. of May .- Cork Constitution.

TOLER ESQ., HIS MAJESTY'S SOLICITOR mander-in Chief for a strong military force; that he THE CRISIS .- Every day every hour-brings C. Lees and J. A. Cooper, Bradford, York-hire, GENERAL; FOR THE MURDER OF CHRISTO. had even found it necessary to apply for artillery. forth some new event, warding us that a great attornies. J Watson and Son, Heaton Norris Lan-PHER DINON, AT CLONCURRY, IN THE COUNTY Almost every man in the country have found it neces- change is at hand. The destiny of nations may de- cashire, and Stockport, cotton spinners. Apple by and OF KILDARE, ON SUNDAY THE 9TH DAY OF sary for the safety of his family to build up the windows pend upon the act of the humblest individual in the Co., Manchester, tea dealers. R. Hattersley, Daham, of his house for defence; that the whole district had community. Sir Robert Peel is endeavouring to and G. Mould, Chorley, Lancashire, contractors for John Ross was indicted for that he not having the notice given them that any man found out of us naci- territy the people of freizund into zit abandonnem promo works. Wood and Social S notice given them that any man found out of his habi- terrify the people of Ireland into an abandonment public works. Wood and Senior, Liverpool, atternies-Vera Cruz. As soon as it was known that the ves- fear of God before his eyes, nor the duty of his alle-till he gave an account of himself. These persons taken demand of self-government. Un the other hand the hardwaremen.

DIVIDENDS.

June 23, R. Slik and T. Brown, Long-acre, coach makers, June 23, H. Wyer, Newington-cause way. tailor. June 23, J. Triggs, Southampton, uphoiecerer. June 23, A. Highmore, Royal Exchange-gallery, merchaut. June 27, T. Patton, Swan-street, Newington, iron founder. June 27. C. W. Walthew, Poultry, chymist. June 27, H. Blackman, Granbrook, goeer. Jane 27, G. Harris, Dorking, tailor. June 27, N. Gray, Great Yarmouth, common brewer. June 27, J. F. Forbes, Crutchedfriars, corn factor. June 24, E. and C. C. Manning, Aldgate, drapers. June 27, T. Dykes, Broad-street, St. Gilles's, stationer. June 24, J. Towne, George-street, Spitalfields, chocolate manufacturer. June 27, L. Watling, Upper-street, Lainga carpenter and lived near Cloncurry. Witness never LOFD CHANCELLOR SUGDEN A LUNATIC.—The fol-took up a man of good character—and knew very few lowing story was told by Mr. O'Connell at the J. Norman, Wadebridge, Cornwall, grossr, Juse 29, took up a man of good character—and knew very few lowing story was told by Mr. O'Connell at the J. Norman, Wadebridge, Cornwall, grossr, Juse 4, A. poor men of good character. Had he met Dixon at Repeal Association on Tuesday. It has a look of J., and W. Cartwright, Wigan, cotton-spinners. June twelve o'clock at night, he would most certainly take authenticity, and is at all events "too good to be 21, R. and R. Steane, Coventry, riband manufa turers.

to the contrary on the day of meeting.

June 27, J. Sewell, Ely, money sprivener. June 23, he had not been a megistrate; that witness desired out any previous intimation, a lunstic a ylum kept. A. Fraser, Frelleck-terrace, Hanover-square, beurling Cantain Frazer to do so. He had no doubt but that by Dr. Duncan, in this city Somo person sint house keeper. June 23 J. Whitfield, Tooley street, mast went by the board, dragging with it the fore- gate on the night of the 9th of July; he was in bed every commanding officer had a right to do so. He word to the asylum that a patient was to be sent grover. June 23, W. Hitch, Kingsland, grover, June 27, J. M. great height, however, from a strong wind blowing it was after night-fall, it was dark; he had taken a doz. men unless they were military officers or magistrates. man, that thought him-elf one of the judges, cr some Frames, Gosport, grocer. June 26, J. W. Jones, at the time; about two o'clock a further and more of sleep, it was before twelve o'clock, Captain Frazer Witness gave directions to take up persons in the line great person of that sort, and who was to be re- Calne, Wiltshire, tailor. July 5, W. Pugh, Giocester, Discourty from Clonar I to Cloneurry, at a distance tailed by them. (Laughter.) Dr. Duncan was out auctioneer. June 28 J. Norman Wadebridge, Cornef six or seven miles. He heard Captain Frazer had when Sir Edward Sugden came there in half an hour ; wall, grocer. June 26, N. Esimerson, Bishop Auckdeep water. The Tartar was under 200 tons burden, ness to Clonard for a defendring Gog, and would break direct, at the Inn, in company with afterwards, and on knocking at the door he was land. Darham, mercer. June 26, J. Saint, Haltwhistle, commanded by Captain John Byrom. She was an open the door if he did not conte cut; he accordingly a Mr. Bemford. He heard he was in liquor. Witness admitted and received by the keeper. He appeared Northuraberland, builder. June 26, J. Morran, never saw him so. Ho heard he was what is generally to be very talkative, but the attendants humoured Woodside, Cheshire, and Calcutta, m. rchant. June

him, and answered all his questions. He as od if 27, J. Evans, Liverpool, coal dealer. June 28, J. and the Surg on General had arrived, and the keeper J. Kelly, Rochdele, joiners. June 28, A. S. Granam,

Jav 12; at eleven o'dlock, at the Bestrupts Mr. Young, Leeds.

Sec. 56 - La Salar

John Jackson, Kingston-upon-Hull, innk-epst. Jane 13, July 12. at eleven o'clock. at the Binkrupts' District Court, Leeds: solicitors, Mr. Lomber Gray's Inn; and Mr. Robinson; official assignce, Mr. Hope, Leeds.

John Johnson, Anston, Verkshire, mill 7 June 13.

3

Joseph Robert Atkinson, Caistor, Lincoinshire, wine merchant, June 13, July 4, at ten o'clock, at the Bankrugts 'D strict Court. Leads : solicitors, Vessrs. Marris and Co., Caistor; cflicial assignee, Mr. Hope, Leeds

Evan Lovshon, Cardiff, auctioneer, June 16, as two o'c'ock, July 14, at eleven, at the Baukrupts' District Court, Bristol : solicitors, Mr. Bull, Erg-place Holborn; and Messrs. Prideaux and Son, Bratol; official assignee, Mr. Acraman, Bristol.

John Giuss, Devizos, coal merchant, June 14, at half-past eleven, July 12, at eleven, at the Band.rupts' District Court, Bristol : solicitors, Messre. J. J. g and Co., Cholwell; efficial assignce, Mr. Miller, Bristol. Ruph Mansfield, Liverpool, coal dealer, June 19, at twelve o'clock, July 13, at eleven, at the Barkrupts' District Court, Liverpool ; solicitors, Messrs. Sharpe, Condons, Formoy, and Barrymore, have been resown. Field, and Jackson, Bedford-row; and Asrs. Lowndes, Robinson, and Bateson, Liverpool; icial

Heary Sockett Humphreys, Llansilin, Denbied bire, such a country as Ireland now is, ever has been, and habits of great intimacy with him ever since he came ture as to the last crop having been dug too carly, surgion, June 19, at half-past tweive o'clock. July 13, to the country. He said the country had been for a and consequently wanted mainro ripeness for the at twelve, at the Bankrupts' District Court, Liver; ol: long time in so disturbed a state, that no well-affosted | seed. The wheat and other crops in these districts solicitors. Mr. Deulo, Essex-street; and Meser. Marman's life was safe an hour; that the situation appear very promising, although the weather coa- challs, Oswestry; efficial assignee, Mr. Turber, Liver-

### PARTNERSHIPS DISSOLVED.

0 come then Erin, come away O haste, my love nor longer stay,

### TO THE CHARTISTS OF WALES.

"An inquest was held upon the body of a little girl, | Tartar lies. ged five years, who died from starvation on the road ile near Lingeral, North Wales, last week. It the near ishingsial, North Wales, last week. It is that it is the barking in the sys- servant. they had a prisoner in custody; the witness bad greats that her father was unable to procure employ. 28 a period when disease, if it be lurking in the sys- beard somestrokes, he saw Rossget on his horse, and the Jorhern Star, May 6, 1843.

Another soul hath winged its way, To God's bright seat on high : Another heart is Mammon's prey,

And ye stand tamely by ! There is the Cambrian blood that flowed in "Howell's veins?

There are the men of old who burst the tyrant's chains?

Is liberty a farce?

li justice but a rame? And must each pen, ales! But chronicle your shame? thif Hlewellin came from out his lonely tomb, Would be not weep to see, his much loved Cambria's doom ? Would he not carse the slaves, That kiss the blood-red hand ?

That forms their children's grave, And desolutes their land?

Ere ye no longer are worthy a heritage so free ?

Oh! can ye see your children, The incoment, the pure, Stricken down by wicked men, And still their yoke endure?

a je see your native land, beneath the despot's thrall.

M no! awake ! arise ! at freedom's carnest call? 0, Cembrians ! your sires

Gall on ye from their graves; If lived their wonted fires Ye would not long be slaves.

they bid ye to unfurl the Chartist flag again, They he ye bear it onward o'er mountain, hill, and Disir.

Rise from your slumber ! 0! rise iron 3 our sleep ! Millions in number,

Why crouch ye and weip? Extend is waiting ye; tyranny flies; Ert ! Bark ! 10 the summons ; awake and arise ! !

F---Jane 3, 1843.

\*A famous Welch chieftain, the friend of Llewellin. mely defending his country, by Edward I. and exeand in London

Local and General Intelligence.

BONNYRIGG.-Much excitement has been and here, and in Lasswade, during the past week, The course of six lectures being delivered in the mool-room, by Mr. Galt, on Phrecology, and hels, which was a vivid and elegnent exposition,

SPRING.—" The Spring has been always remarked

servant. they had a prisoner in custody; the witness bad and had applied to the relieving officer in the tem is sure to shew itself. The coldness of winter witness by directions of Captain Frazer but the man with, who gave him one shilling, and told him to be renders torpid the acrimonious fluids of the body, they had taken prisoner behind him. Captain Frazer Eabout his Lusiness, and not trouble him again. The and in this state of inactivity their evil to the system said the witness was preparing to get to bed when he macquence was that the father had nothing to give his is not perceived, but at the spring these are roused, beard a noise towards the bridge; this was in about Eleren, one of whom died for want of proper food - and if not checked, mix up and circulate with the three or four minutes after they had left the gate, the blood, and thus the whole system is contaminated. noise was like a quarrel, witness put or a riding coat Parr's Life Pills will effectually regulate the whole and went out; as soon as Captain Firz: saw him, he system, and speedily produce a delightful flow of called him to him, he and servent had the deceased

spirits and permanent good health." APPALLING AND FATAL ACCIDENT AT MANCHESTER. were four or five perches from the turnpike gate; -A most distressing fatality, occasioned by the Captain Frazer requested Dixon to get up belind him explosion of a boiler, occurred on Wednesday, at 1, on his horse, which Dixon refused, he said he would Medlock-vale Dycworks, the property of Messrs. walk-Captain Fraz-r struck him on the clerk;

Otho Hulme and Sons, situate in the township of Dixon did not strike Captain Frazer but said to was Failsworth, about five miles from Manchester. The afraid to go behind the captain. Captain Frezer did accident occurred about ten o'clock in the morning, not assign any reason for bringing D xon with bia. when the works were in full operation, and it seems Dann the other prisoner was let down from behind a most mirzenlous that it did not prove much more Ross, and went behind Captain Frezer, and the D xee extensively fatal. One unfortunate being was killed consented to go behind Ross, Captain Frezer shock

on the spot, and others are so severely injured as to hands with the witness and told him he did not think render their recovery a matter of very great doubt. it was he kept the gate ; during the discourse D an To make the nature of the accident understood it is leapt off the horse from behind Ross and ran away, Ross

a list over : the crew said she was not fit to go to sea, then went out ; Captain Erazer was in coloured clothes.

necessary to state that Messrs. Huime and Son's also leapt off and pursued him; Frazer and Ross boilt manufactory, in which both printing and dying are had swords ; Ress had his sword in his hand, Frez : carried on, is very extensive, giving employment to pursued Ross and Dixon; witness could not see them about two hundred hands; several buildings are long, they turied a corner of the road leading to a Fould he not wish your hills were sunk beneath the cccupied, but the steam-power is carried by means little bog: he saw them for about three or four perches: of pipes from one to znother. The boiler which is he saw no more of them till Captain Frazer returned; Fr. z-r; therefore would not besitate to send up the the immediate cause of this distressing accident is both Frazer and Riss followed D.xon on foot, they pursituate in the dye-house, occupying the whole of one sued him up the road-whon Captain Frezer met the side of the huilding a building about fourteen witness, he said he believed his servant had unfortu-

vards in length by ten in breadth. It is but one nately killed Dixon, Captain Frazer brought witness to story high, and three large eye-vats occupy the por- where the dec ased man lay; it was about seven or tion of the floor immediately in front of the boiler. eight perches from the place where Dixon had leapt off, Frem this boiler, which is of the description known to where he found him lying; he was lying along on by the name "waggon-boiler," of immense size, his back, and the blood coming out of his breast and

by the name waggon-soller, of immenso size, and the should coming out of his breast and the the happened to him on that day. He said Ross the quantity lett o and more than twenty-horse power, steam was fice; Ross came back and took his horse. Witness that had happened to him on that day. He said Ross the quantity lett o supplied to the various roums in which the dyers met him returning before he came up to where the war oldier in his company; and his servant; on his wrought, by whom it would be turned on and off at man was lying. Ross did not return with Captain returning to Clonard late at night from Dublin, he met pleasure, as is was needed or not, for the purpose Frazer and witness where Dixon lay; witness asked a man, one Daun, who was in liquor; Dunn could not of their work. It unfortunstely happened that the Dixon if he was deni; but he was not able to giv a rood account of himself. It was about twelve farmers who at this period of the year visit the manmen having all finished their work shout the same answer or to speak. Captain Fisz-r, Dunn and wit- o'clock at hight, when he took him, he gave him in ket for the purpose of purchasing estile for "stock," time, turned back their steam ; and the whole of this ness, carried him to the h use of one Gohagan ; wit- charge to Ross. Ho has been in the habit of bringing being at once forcibly driven into the boller, which ness saw no other wound on him, he did not examine was itself generating steam at the time, and at a him; be died while they were carrying him to Gebahigh pressure, the consequence was a most trightful gan's. The prisczers at the bar then went off together, explosion, which made the whole of the boilding witness did not see D'x on give Captain Frezer or Ross, when he rows up to the during the desired the London, as also from their improved proportions. vibrate and was heard for miles sround. The explo- the least provocation; Capita a Finzer did not assign man when supt it. to turn out for a defender; when sion filled the whole of the dychouse and harrow any other reason for taking him prisoner, than his being sion filled the whole of the dychouse and barrow any other reason for taking him prisoner, than his being the came of the back-passages around with a dense volume of steam and out late at night. He said there was not any person been there a little while before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. With but one at twelve o'clock, Jary 10, at eleven, at the Back-been there a little while before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. With but one taking him prisoner, than his being been there a little while before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. With but one taking him prisoner, than his being been there a little while before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. With but one taking him prisoner, the before was not any person been there a little while before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. With but one taking him prisoner, the before was not any person before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. With but one taking him prisoner, the before was not any person before. He said the was a vicinity of Southampton ever sidee. passages around with a dense volume of steam and out late at night. He said there was not any person been there a here was a total when berore. He said there was not any person been there a here was a total when berore in bero a bet of the best of the Southampton-buildings: and Mr. Whitley, Liverpool; steam and violent the shock, that the whole of the went up to where he was 13 ng.

diff-r nce.

roof was blown from the dychouse, the windows Cross examined by Mr. ESPINASS -- Witness said he were shattered, and a portion of the front wall was turnpike gate-zeeper at Chapple.zod before he and too late; and that he would bring him with him, tach "Pris being Whit-Monday was what is termed The last of the Welch princes. He was taken, thrown down. The utmost alarm, as may be sup- came to Cioncurry; that the one company owned both and if he did not giv a good account of himself would a holyday market, when trady is expected to be thrown down. The atmost alarm, as may be sup- came to Cioncurry; that the one company owned both and if he dat is the would not yet get up be. duller than deual; but, contrary to the ordinary Clow s and Co., Temple; and Messers. Temple and the at the bad been moved to Cioncurry gate only lend him aboard the flot; he would not yet get up be. the would not yet get posed, was excited amongst the hands in all parts of gates; that he had been moved to Chencurry gate only send him aboard too not yet get up be-the works, who came running in crowds to accertain a few days before. He never heard of any robbery at the nature of the accident. The inhabitants of the Coppagh hill; but he had heard of robberies in the acjoining village, where the families of most of the county. He did not know farmer Connolly. He heard for the action he then had him put behind the families of most of the Backrupt's Did for beind the mature of Backrupt's Did for the county. He did not know farmer Connolly. He heard for a farmer County of Basts was moderate, and met with a few days before, at the Bankrupt's Did for beind the mature of Basts was moderate, and met with a few days before, the bast for the county of Basts was moderate, and met with a few days before, at the Bankrupt's Did for beind the mature of Backrupt's Did for the county. He did not know farmer County. He heard for the families of most of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the Bankrupt's Did for the families of most of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the Bankrupt's Did for the families of most of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the Bankrupt's Did for the families of most of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the Bankrupt's Did for the families of most of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the families of most of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the families of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and the families of the families of the supply of Basts was moderate and met with a few and family for the families of the family for the family family for the family family for the family workmen reside, also heard the report, and were of tumults, and had heard that there was a m n killed wirkmen reside, also heard the report, and were of immults, and had heard that there was a min killed Ross, and Dann mental witness; he then toin them as fair sale, as although the interior kinds were not so fair sale, as although the interior kinds were not so Lincoln's inn-fields; and Mr. Hall, Bristol; et al consequences. As soon as the hot steam and dust murder; witness was at that time in Chapple zid, came up to the turip'ki-gove, he asked where his own much in demand, still the very best Beasts found had so far subsided as to admit of access to the dye- He never heard of a man and his wife having been man was? His horse came up; he said he was afraid ready buyers at high prices. Prime Scots may boj house, Mr. Smith, the manager, accompanied by murdered in this country. He heard that Captain his servant was killed. He desired Ross to take care quoted at 4: and 4. 24, middling descriptions field, builders, June 17, at twelve o'clock, a. in some of the hands, ventured into the wreck of the Frazer was a Captain of Highlanders at Clonard; it of the man they had 'skew, and bid the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the turnpike man 3: 61, and 3: 84, and coarser qualities from 3: to find the building to ascertain the extent of the calamity. was that night he heard it. H. believes the army the size given general satisfaction, especially [ The scene which there met their eyes was absolutely were brought there to suppress tunnelts. He heard that fright:ul. Une poor fellow named William Morris notice had been given to the inhabitants of the county he saw Dixon fall, and to ught re did so on purpose; gether a good on . The Muston trade was brisk

was found sirviched on the floor upon his back to keep within their doors after unseasonable bours. The interesting science; but the excitement has the interest of the inhabitants, writhing is the utmost agonies from the effects of A man of the name of Hyland was gate ket per at Clon-the principality caused by one of the inhabitants, writhing is the utmost agonies from the effects of A man of the name of Hyland was gate ket per at Clon-the James Jackson, being twice thrown into a mes-The on. On the first night, a person of the name remedies nevally applied in such cases were resorted case to the sate; it was dark before he went to bed; "
Therspoon, from Gore-Bridge, but well-known to, but also case was acceptiate, and no capital metal and a stree oriors they came to the galo, it is the state and and the was happy Hop Marker, Monnay, Junich - Unis morning's Calbraith, Houseon-le-Spring, Durham, draper. July

Elests and declared humself satisfied. On the building wathing his escape from the gate without a river. Captain Frizer desired sitness ment gave him a very good character. It night, two surgeons from Larswade attended, by the steam as he was making his escape from the gate without a river. Captain Frizer desired sitness ment gave him a very good character. It night, two surgeons from Larswade attended, by the steam as he was making his escape from the gate without a river. Captain Frizer desired sitness ment gave him a very good character. It night, two surgeons from Larswade attended, by the steam as he was making his escape from the gate without a river. Captain Frizer desired sitness ment gave him a very good character. It night, two surgeons from Larswade attended, by the steam as he was making his escape from the gate without a river. Captain Frizer desired sitness ment gave him a very good character. It is in Middle Kont, so many a strategies to be perfective satisfied; door, and he is dread with scaled on the back, head, to come cut for a dog and defender; bid him come cut

declared that Capitain Frazer was a gentleman of very assured him that he was not yet come, but that he Oldham, contractor for public works. great humanity. Mr. ESPINASS informed the Court that Capt. Frazer will inspect some of the rooms until he arrives. Unless cause be shown to the contra and refused to go with her. The origin of the fire while Captain Frazer was at the gate a horse came up M. Februare

by Lis country, as he must be by his God.

Mr. M'NALLY objected to a distinct issue being sent him safe, but he is by far the most outrageous ratient up to the jury; he would be sorry to be obliged to do we have." (Great laughter.)"

his duty by speaking to evidence; it lay with gentle-men wh ther they would put him on the becessity of doing so or not. The issues must go to the jury ter ther. Mr. ESPINASS said, at Naus an officer and serjeant were tried before Mr. Justice Kelly for killing a man

ul it a separate issue should not be sent up to the jury, evicence for the officer.

F. M NALLY said, there were several species of; The prisence Fr zer might be found guilty of Manwhite so for the other prisoner.

isue to the jury on Frezer. The issue having accordingly been sent up, the jury reported their verdict-Not Guilty.

Simon Frazer was then sworn to give evidence for John Ross.

Examined by Mr. KEMMIS-He said he recollected men to Clouard, taken at unseasonable hours out of Beasts, which made their appearance in the market, their houses; is gave him to Ross, and he attempted on account of their superior quility to most of the to make his escape; he was mounted behind Ross; continental beasts which have been imported into he came out he found it was not the man who Lad month of August last, and have been grazing in the him, asked him where is had been? he said he had hand yet received from Spain as regard, symmetery. been buying rails. Witunss said it was Sunday night. The prices demanded were from £16 104 to £18 official assignee, Mr. Cizenove, Liverpoel.

The principally caused by one of the inhabitants, the beiling hot steam, which had scalded him all curry before witness. He beard Hylroid had been receiving statutes for por stone advance was made, the very june 27. S. Funn, Browley, Kent, Grapper. June 17, It lames Jackson, being twice thrown into a mes-the beiling hot steam, which had scalded him all curry before witness. He beard had noved for improper language to the army. Captain him?" "Yes," said Ross, "for if I hid not killed best Southownas routising 64. p.r. 10., polled Sheep W. & G oddive, Chickester, batker's clerk. Jour 7, which sheep, and by the experiments made upon him over, and moved for improper language to the army. Captain him?" "Yes," said Ross, "for if I hid not killed me, for if I hid not killed me, for is stone advance of the skin and flesh, and laid bare the Fr.zer came to the gate, and called witness abroad him he would have killed me, for he had near lakes the from 32. 6d. to 33. 8d., and Electron 32. The J. H. Curris, Solo-quare, bookseller. June 1 J. This is an individual above in getting. He heard he and Ross were returning from me. That he went rest day to where the Lamb trade was equally as dill, as done the last D nich. Lone-street, provision merchant. June 18. Recipt a line is on many state is on many and in as for the last D nich Lone-street, provision merchant. Just A. Recipt a line was lost in getting. He heard he and Ross were returning from me. That he went next day to where the Lamb trade was equally as duit as for the last D nich Lone-street, provision merchant. Just A. Recipt a line was lost in getting. He heard he and Ross were returning from Dablin; dick from me. That he went next day to where the Lamb trade was equally as duit as for the last D nich Lone-street, provision merchant. Just A. Recipt a line was lost in getting. He heard he and Ross were returning from their bian lay; that he enquired if Mr. Ryan was hous? he fortnight, and prices were under d. The b st P. Boll, Newcestle-upon-Tyne, fruiterer. July 6 a line was at home? Downs fetched but 5s, 41, and other, kinds 4s, 81. James, Darbim, bookseller. June 30, J. and we for the state it was dark before he went to bid: there was not a lingistrate in the neighbourhood. He Pork and Veal are likewise a bivy sub, and re pring. Newcestle-upon-Tyne, merchants. July 6 a line was dark before he went to bid: there was not a lingistrate in the neighbourhood. He Pork and Veal are likewise a bivy sub, and re pring. Newcestle-upon-Tyne, merchants. July 6 a line was dark before he went to bid: there was not a lingistrate in the neighbourhood. He Pork and Veal are likewise a bivy sub, and re pring. Newcestle-upon-Tyne merchants. July 6 a line to bid. Witherspoce, irom Gore-Bridge, but well-known after lingering a few hours in orest torment. He was dark before the gale; it is presented to the gale; it is presented to be gale; it is presented to b

The upon him with good effect. This night, has here a no character. An order of the control of the plautation of the plautation of the control of the plautation of the plautation of the control of the plautation of the control of the plautation of the plautation of the control of the plautation of the control of the plautation of the control of the control of the plautation of the control of t

and refused to go with her. The origin of the nre while captain Frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Court the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Court the Court the Captain frazer was at the gate a horse cance up to the Source the Court the Cou y his country, as he must be by his God. THOMAS RYAN, Esq. observed that that part of the for him.' We cannot let you go there either, Sir,' Bennett-street, Blackfriars-road, ship-owner. S. Kirk,

> Mr. LOCKE said, it did not signify he presumed, think of the strait whistcoat for him, when forthe W. Worsley, Manchester, flour dealer. J. Cuible, whether the man had been taken in a district not pro-nately the surgeon-General arrived. Has the Lord Bury, Lancashire, draper. R. Brown, Kingston sponclaimed, or in one that had; a few yards made no Chancellor arrived yet?' said he. 'The man burs; Hull, bookseller. H. Clapham, Liverpool, we den out laughing at him, and said, 'Yes, Sir, we have draper.

MARKET INTELLIGENCE.

and a second and a s LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, MONDAY, JUNE 5 - The three o'clock, June 11, at half-past two, at the " kmy they had in custody for attempting to escape at arrivals last week were large of English Wheat rupts' Court: solicitor, Mr. James, Bisser de Lixip; it was argued by the counsel for the crown from the coast of Lincelnshire, which came princi. street; official assignee, Mr. Johnson, Bastre allpolly consigned to our millers; the quantity from street,

or Peas. From Ireland the avrival of Oats reach, hall-street.

micide; sevent, though not capital, were punt table. about 20,000 quarters. Of for ign Wheat we have Taomis Stripking, Colchester, coach maker Jane received a few cargees, and Foreign Barley 1,600 | 14, at one o'clock, July 18, at eleven, at the Bar - conta' winter, in which case he would not be a proper quarters. The arrivals fresh by land samples this Court: solicitors, Mesers. Wire and Child, S. wi-morning were principally from Essex, Kent, and then's-lane; and Mr. Barnes, Colchester; the lat Suffelk, and altogether formers a good supply for assignee. Mr. Lackington, Coleman-street Building

Is, per quarter from this day week. Barley con- the Bankrup's' Court : solicitor, Mr. Younge, 'i ok 'n-

queted. There is more inquiry for Canary Seci, at Marylebone, bookseller, June 20, at two o'clock, July higher prices. Caraway Seed is in good demand, 15, at half-part one, at the Bankrupts' Court : solidver, well the 9th of July last, and the circumstances the quantity left over being very limited. Figur tor, Mr. Kernet, Weibeck-street, Cavendish-square; the that happened to him on that day. He said Ross remains unaltered.

LONDON SMITHFIELD MARKET, MONDAY, JUNE 5. -The attention of the butchers, and that of the was attracted this morning towards four Spanish They were imported into this country about the

go behind the other man. He men nan num put benind the supply of Blasts was moderate, and met with a o'clock, July 11, at eleven, at the Bankrupt's Distict Ross, and Dann behind witness; he then told them he supply of Blasts was moderate, and met with a Court, Bristol: solicitors, Mersrs, Clarke at the of the man they had taken, and bid the turnpike man of the and bir. Gurrier had each some Bankrupts' District Court, Leeds: soncitors. M- 23. to keep the horse while he went in quest of his servant. 34. 27. Mr. Collin- and bir. Gurrier had each some Dixon and Aldam, Sheffield; official assigned. Ar 

that he kicked him and desired I int to get up. That | throughout the day, and comparatively few head of Ross said, "He wont get up in a jurry, for I have killed Sheep remained unsold at the close. In some in-

The was instructed, and the usual experi- 1 has been and J. D. vison, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, earl and upon him with good effect. This night, for any Win Aller who was just within the tawards Dublin With the base of out the base of the base of the plantation of the plantation of the plantation of the sole of the plantation of the plantat

CERTIFICATES to be granted by the Court of Review. unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before June 23.

country wis neither preclaimed or in a disturbed state, said the keepsr. (Laughter.) 'What,' said he, Saiffield, ironfounder. W. Cannabse, Cambers all-for the truth of which he appealed to Sir Fenton 'don't you know that I am the Lord Chaucellor?' green, bookseller. J. Goldie, Whitechapel, don't you know that I am the Lord Chaucellor?' green, bookseller. J. Goldie, Whitechapel, don't you know that I am the Lord Chaucellor?' green, bookseller. Aylmer, and Michael Aylmer, E-q. The deceased being a man of his, he felt a d-licacy in country forward him-but either of those continuen could prove it. Set - but either of those continuen could prove it. Set - but either of those continuen could prove it.

From the Gazette of Tuesday, Jane 6.

BANKRUPTS.

Joseph Whitmore, Strand, a proprietor the " Hustrate ( Weekly Times," to sarrender Juse 1., at

is a separate issue should not be sent up to the jury, Boston being 2,400 quarters, from Spalding 2,740, John R72n, Strand. a proprietor of the " Hi and objection; the issue was accordingly sent up, the ser- and from Wisbeach 2,830 quarters. From other Weekly Times.; Jane 14. at ten o'clock, July 11 at and was acquitted, and immediately admitted an parts of the coast we had fair supplies of Wneat, three, at the Bankrupts' Court: solicitor, Mr. James, Malt, and Oats, but very moderate of Barley, Beans, Basinghall street; official assignee, Mr. Johnson, Les ag-

this season of the year. Wheat were a slow sale, The mas Water. Preston-next-Feversham, ment, and a clearance could only be made at a decline of prewer, June 16, at one o'clock, July 15, at the at Is, per quarter from this day week. Bariey con- the manarup a country control, and rouge, some tinues steady, with a good demand for dry grinding house-yard; efficial assignee, Mr. Edwards, Frederick's samples. Oats are hold firmly, on last week's terms, place, Old July. Beans and Peas of all kinds remain nominally as John Nimroido George, Upper Barkeley-street,

John William Carleton, Upper George-street, Bryanston-square, booksellers, Juno 24, at had-past eleven o'clock, July 8, at eleven, at the Bankrupts' Court : solicitor, Mr Williams, Alfred-place, Bedford-square ; official assignee, Mr. Groom, Abchurchlane.

George Tattersall. Noble-street, hosier, June 13, at two o'clock; July 18, at cleves, at the Bank cupts' Court : solicitors, Mesans, Lewis, Ely-place, Hofbara; official assignee, Mr. Whitmore, Basinghall-street.

Frederick Singleton. Liverpool, merchant, June 16, at twelve o'clock, Jary 10, at eleven, at the Bank-

William Slade, Bridport, Dorsetshire, bootmaker, June 14, at two o'clock, July 12, at one, at the Hinkrupts' District Court, Excter : solicitors, Sterns.

assignee, Mr. Morgan, Bristol.

Fearne Leeds.

### DIVIDENDS.

June 27. H. C. Curlewis, Hanover-street. Boss said, "He wont get up in a surry, forst have kined sharp it in our and and the transferred in a start of the very june 27. H. C. Uniewis, Hanover-street, r. him." Witness said, "Good God 1 have you killed stances 4d. per stone advance was made, the very june 27. S. Fenn, Brombey, Kent, drap.r. Ju 27, Bowman, Carlisie, woollen draper. June 39, J. G.

The also stated themselves to be perfectly satisfied; door, and he is or and he is or and he would put him to death never heard Ross before that night, say he had killed The severe attack of the flow, we be obtain the back, never heard Ross before that night, say he had killed The severe attack of the flow, we be obtain the back, never heard Ross before that night, say he had killed The severe attack of the flow obtains.	reg curing Nottinghamening, and W. Dickinson, Newark-upon-
	LA CART TERLE DEGLERE THE CARTER THE CARTER TREATER TREATER THE
is of the lecturer) was thrown into a mesmeric has in his case been attended with a more lavellable dir city. He then went up the locurer) was thrown into a mesmeric result, and hopes are entertained of his recovery. J in, when he found the horse had returned without signor. He was in the habit of taking up people by sively weak bine tonnu in many without signor. He was in the habit of taking up people by sively weak bine tonnu in many without signor.	nces, and shire, scrivener. July 1, H. Ward, Stafford, bull'r
Table the provide in the first we find the first we first we find the first we first	strayed by July, I. T. J. F. br. Bruinghan, Graper, Jur 7
	dis and w. Wood, Gravesand, carpenter.
	he colders
	he colders CERTIFICATES to be granted, unless cause be shown to
The one was memerised when the inhabitants as the man manual active heiber mas inspirituled, to Cuptain Emerica a the heider mas inspirituled, to Cuptain Emerica a the heider mas inspirituled to Cuptain Emerica a the heider mas inspiritule at the heider mas	Lie contrary on the day of meeting.
Table had confidence in Mr. Gel: objected to sole, an examination of the stram late and that he should be to Clonard. It may after it is should be to Clonard. It may after it is should be to Clonard.	June 27, G. F. Coldain and W. B. Wright, Peckham
	and Gravesend, builders. July 8, J. Peters, Merstaan,
	Surrey, coal merchant. June 21, E. V. Austin, Para-
The first instance, which might cause much related with great loter and with great loter and with water, which leads to a bog. Captain Frazer appeared to bring to get the dector; the believed that Doctor Hair'son From the London Gazette of Fr, Ju	dise-street, Rotherhithe, ap thecary. June 27, C. M.
as invested bis perfect willing ress to up at degree to Connect in terms sword himself in terms sword himself in terms to Connect Diverse to Conne	Nicholson, Margiane, corn-dealer. July 15, T. Durrant
BANABUTIS and print the here of the man out in his here is and the here with the disk he man out in his here is a second stight of the here of the her	and G. Banke, Farningham, bakers. July 29, G.
Accordingly on the next day, Mr. James tremersions rent at the bottens of the bot	surrender ' Eshelby, Gite-street, Lincoln's inn-fields, currier. June
The solution of the strugth of contribute to the strugth of the strugth o	derland, tinner. July 5, R. P. Bell, Newcastle-upon-
basing him (Mr. Jackson) in magnetic sleep, by though of great thickness, had been ruptured by the Dixon. He saw him when he attempted to escape. Dixon when he came up to him that if he had known Basinghull-street. The basing him (Mr. Jackson) in magnetic sleep, by though of great thickness, had been ruptured by the Dixon. He saw him when he attempted to escape. Dixon when he came up to him that if he had known Basinghull-street. Witness did not point out the road Dixon went. He he was wounded he would not have kicked him. Ross Goorge Caston, Basingstoke, Hampshir- the was wounded he would not have kicked him. Ross Goorge Caston, Basingstoke, Hampshir- bis were appled, as pricking his forchead, and lamin a or side plates of the boiler opposed but a heard Captain Fritzer say, when he minsed his boy, that had the dirk all the time. He saw Dixos hand cut, grents (Gourge Caston, Basingstoke, Hampshir- bis were appled, as pricking his forchead, and lamin a or side plates of the boiler opposed but a heard Captain Fritzer say, when he minsed his boy, that had the dirk all the time. He saw Dixos hand cut, grents (Gourge Caston, Messre, Johnson, Johnson)	the Bank- cotton waste spinner. June 29, W. Hussey, Nether
The rent is up- he was afraid he was killed. He said this when the it appeared as if he endeavoured to disarm Ross, to rapts Court: solicitors, messare courses, consolid,	and Wea- Knutstord, Cheshire, Caker. June 30, T. Walker,
The all present declared the patient to be wards of a yard in length, and have the boiling being the wards of a yard in length, and have the boiling being the stated here be stated water and hot steam rushed out with the mest fear- if Dixon had gone quietly, nothing would have hap- behind witness, but consented to go behind the other Basingstoke; official assignee, Mr. Johnson, water and hot steam rushed out with the mest fear- if Dixon had gone quietly, nothing would have hap- behind witness, but consented to go behind the other Basingstoke; official assignee, Mr. Johnson, man, he then ran away. Ross pursued him; when street.	ad Brocks, P. alton-in-the-Fylde, Lancashire, grocer. June 29, J.
The product sound stopp it shall be best way in the stopp it shall be be be best way in the stopp it shall be be be best way in the stopp it shall be be be best way in the stopp it shall be be be best way in the stopp it shall be be be been and shall be be be be be best way in the stopp it shall be	Bisinghan- N. Baime, Leeds, Woolstapler. July 5, J. Laudey,
man, he then ran away. Ross pursued him; when street.	Kirkby Fleetham with Fencote, Yorkshire, commun-
water and not steam rushed but with me in back had genery, house with pened to him. The back had genery have been by a Juryman, witness said, that Cap- said he can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he said he can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I have killed him; and said he back had be can't get up, for I ha	Proprietor, brower. July 7, J. Marr, Worksop, Nottingnamsure,
The same practised. Among other sungs she at the steem chattering the Dollaing in the mainer than Frazer and he can the same time bait the steem chattering the Dollaing in the mainer than the same time bait the same time b	DEDATUPIS CAUNER.
The had very near got the dirk from him. He could not say District Court, Leeds: solicitor, Mr. Buint stated above. The noise, as described by the hands with Ross; but that he followed in a little time after. had very near got the dirk from him. He could not say District Court, Leeds: solicitor, Mr. Buint stated above. The noise, as described by the hands with Ross; but that he followed in a little time after. had very near got the dirk from him. He could not say District Court, Leeds: solicitor, Mr. Buint stated above. The noise, as described by the hands with Ross; but that he followed in a little time after. be were were were the spot at the time when the fatal accident by Mr. M'NALLY-Said whether Dixon had attempted to disarm Ross till after official assignee. Mr. Young, Leeds. official assignee, Mr. Young, Leeds. William Anthony Wifield, Newcestle-he he was called on in the month of July last, profess he had received one of the seven wounds. Witness, if William Anthony Workes, is a low wounds.	CERTIFICATES to be granted by the Court of Review,
The second man placing in his hards in the spot at the sine when the satisfield by ar. M' Abbie bain the second by ar. M' Abbie bain the second by ar. M' Abbie bain the second be and the second be are the spot at the sine when the second be are the spot at the sine when the second be are the spot at the sine when the second be are the spot at the spot	non Type ! unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before
high high placing in his hands different in the solution had attempted to disard Ross the arear of the solution attempted to disard Ross the arear of the solution attempted to disard Ross the arear of the solution attempted to disard Ross the arear of the area of the arear of the	June 27.
by the when he correctly stated while beld on the body of he was in the sine stuarder, stonally to attend the inquest held on the body of he was in the sine stuarder, stonally to attend the light of the Body of a cannon, or a neavy prai of the Body of the Bo	the Netron I Wanniam and MY MIWAW Dundland Varieting
This bit with the base of the money of the solicitors with the bit of the solicitors with the bit of the solicitors with the s	unson and one manufactures C Spatt Now estlemnder LUNA.
Deter and the guard from his neck, and he never of the stars and water rushing violently ov: of the given with a sharp instrument; it was an inch and a Ross did not stab Dixon after he fell.	
Math, and the guard from his neck, and he never by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, it was a storm, caused, he duals, found he received cha wound on the right side; it was the the guard from his neck, and he never by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, the the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the two. Witness benefet, and was state, by the steam and water rushing violently ou of the strongest of the state. Hill, Gray's-inn ; and Messor. Bates and I Hill, Gray's-inn ; and Messor. Bates and I Hill, Gray's-inn ; and Messor. Bates and I Hill, Gray's-inn ; and Messor. Hill, Gray's-inn ; he state upon Tone	aker. New. millor P. D. Stemart North-hank. St. John's. word.
The side of the bolier.	nud Prince Edword's Island merchant. J. Broth.
Protect, and the guard from his neck, and he never the liber state the store in the fight will be the store in the store i	rocer June Manchester hencher aber. R. Couibeere. Birmingham.
The next day, Mr. Gall succeeded in the high had no chance of cscape, as he was at trated the liver, and entered the stomach-it was a way-Said he knew Ross before he came into the army, (castle-upon-fyne, more list more distance of cscape, as he was at trated the liver, and entered the stomach-it was a way-Said he knew Ross before he came into the army, (castle-upon-fyne, more list more distance of cscape, as he was at trated the liver, and entered the stomach-it was a way-Said he knew Ross before he came into the army, (castle-upon-fyne, more list more distance of cscape, as he was at the liver, and entered the stomach-it was a way-Said he knew Ross before he came into the army, (castle-upon-fyne, lister, Tycoch, Donbighshire, get the conducted himself with so much propriety that he Edward Dickir, Tycoch, Donbighshire, get the bad another wound in a mesmeric sleep before a some distance from the door, and was dashed against more listened in a mesmeric sleep before a the conducted himself with so much propriety that he force of the explosion, and then it was also given by a sharp instrument; it was very made him his servant. The index having summed on the evidence, the Court, Birminguan; subsitues, Mr. Edward Dickir, Birminguan;	is' District woollen-france. T. Bagshaw, Buxton, Darbyehire, inc.
The manual is an and the force of the explosion, and men is an and the force of the explosion, and men is an and the force of the explosion, and men is an and the force of the explosion, and men is an and the force of the explosion, and men is an and the force of the explosion.	
The judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham: senerors, Arr E. wird another wound The judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham: senerors, Arr E. wird another wound The judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham: senerors, Arr E. wird another wound the judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham: senerors, Arr E. wird another wound the judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham: senerors, Arr E. wird another wound the judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham: senerors, Arr E. wird another wound the judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham; senerors, arr E. wird another wound the judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham; senerors, arr E. wird another wound the judge having summed up the evidence, the Court, Birmingham; senerors, arr E. wird another wound the barry and Mr. James Birmingham; office and barry and Mr. James Birmingham; office and barry and barry and Mr. James Birmingham; office and barry and barry and the barry of the barry of the barry of the barry and the barry of the barry of the barry and the barry of the ba	al assignce. Old Brompton, builder. R. Guppy, Halstock. Dorset-
Mr. Christie. Birmingham, in was interested by whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which in the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be water at the world be whole fury of the bolling water, which is the world be water at the world	shire. horse dealer.
in one of the probe went in as lat as it could ( duity.	1

# THE NORTHERN STAR.

### TO MR. JAMES PENNY.

HAM ELECTION. The following correspondence has been handed to

ns for publication. It needs no comment:-

FEARGUS O'CONNOR AND THE NOTFING-

TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ.]

New Radiord, near Nottingham. June 5th, 1843

DEAR SIR,-We have done our best in tracing to their searce the infamous calumnies that were so freely circulated in Nottingham and its vicinity, and have SECONTAL so far as to leave no doubt upon our minds from whence they sprung, and the unworthy motive that dictated them; and also we are happy to inform you that every one, even the very worst amongst your chigunaistors have been compelled to eat their own words, and confess themselves the propagators of lies, and that there never was the least foundation for their wicket attempts to injure your character by slander, as the following account will show :--

In the first place, you was charged with receiving £25 for your services at Mr. Sturge's election; but the enciused letter of Mr. Beggs will set that at rest; and your own letter to Mr. Bergs, containing an account of the appropriation of the £27 los will do away with the charge that you received £5 for a gentleman, and only paid him £3, and pocketed the other £2.

Now, Sir, this report arose from the following circumstance, as we are informed by Mr. Beggs, Mr. H. Cartwright, and others:-Mr. Mead, to whom you paid £3 10s. met Mr. Bean and thanked that gentleman for the kindness of the Committee in paying him £3 10for his expenses; and then it was ascertained that in the list you gave into the Committee, £4 was awarded to him, and you had only paid him £3 les. And as tales ices nothing by passing through dirty channels, It had increased to £5; but your own letter explains that, and does away with charge the second.

In the third place, you was charged with demanding of bir. John Rogers, a rich and respectable hosier, of Nottingham, the sum of £19 for your services at Mr. Gisborne's election, and was told by that gentleman he had no funds for such purposes. Well, Sir, we have seen Mr. Rogers, and he authorised us-to say that he never now you but twice in his life, and never exchanged a word with you, or in any way, or through any person had he ever held any communication with you; and in accordance with that he has published his contradiction in the Notlingham Mercury.

Now, Sir, having gone through all the charges, and all parties in Nottingham-Whigs, Tories, and Radicals. keins perfectly satisfied of the utter falsehood of all of them, we hope that the London daily Times, and every other paper that has given publicity to the above reports, will have the honesty to do their best in undoing the mischief they have done; for we are of of men, to cultivate truth, and give to each and every one fair play; and when an injury is done, to do our best to repair it, and show to the world that party is not our aim, but the spread of truth, and the good of all. Therefore, we are about to follow that maxim by explaining what we meant by the postscript we attached to our letter, which you published four weeks since in the Star. It reads as follows :---

"The Whigs don't like purity of election, neither do they like a six point man forced upon them. No, Sir, they can't bear it, and that is the secret of all their lies and calumny."

Now, Sir, we here beg leave to state that we do not class all who act with the Whigs in the above censure, for we know that there are a many gentlemen too honest, and are too much of gentlemen to practise deception, or in any way to encourage bribery and corimproperty called men, who are ever ready, when a rich and corrupt candidate offers himself, to distribute some of his money for him in the shape of bribery and their own filthy selves by keeping a little for their pa- Officials of this Hell hole. triotic services in the cause of the devil and the enlarge-

send you the following particulars :---About the 28th July, I sow early York cabbage seed, in rows eight inches apart ; when the plants have

six leaves prick them ont in rows, eight inches spart and manure the ground, in the same manner as is generally done for potatoes. About the middle of November transplant cabbages on the ridges of eighteen March, hoe the ground deep and earth the plants up close to the lower leaves. As soon as the plants begin to grow, dig the ground between the rows with a spade. Give them another digging in about a month and hos them well up.

On the 13th of May, 1843, I commenced cutting the finest lot of cabbages that I have ever seen.

A great portion of the plot, No. 2, will be cleared of cabbages the first week in June. I then plant the same the days of the second HENRY to the invasion of the plot with Prince Regent potatoes, in the ordinary manner. I have the potatoes cut in two and sprouted about three-quarters of an inch, when I set them. I middle of June. Then commence cutting of the cabcages on No. 3.

In the last week in April, sow Swedish turnip seed in the same manner as the cabbage seed, except pricking them out. Thin them in the rows to four inches. apart. As I clear No. 3, of cabbages, I have the ground dug a good depth, and manured and laid in ridges, in the same manner as for potatoes. Then transplant it with Swedish turnip plants, at the rate of six in the square yard. I shall finish planting this plot the privilege of the associated band should be used about the first week in August. When the turnips are full grown, I have the tops cut off as they stand on the ground, and give them to the cattle as they are wanted.

In the beginning of November, I have all the turnipa gathered off the ground and stored in heaps, covered with straw and earth; they are thus preserved for winter food.

About the middle of March, No. 1 was planted with potatoes, called early maize, in the came manner as the other potatoes stated above. By the middle of July, these potatees will be full grown and fit to take up; when this crop is cleared off, the ground is then prepared in the same manner as hofore

stated, and planted with Swedish turnips. I make a few days variation in the sowing of the turnip seed according as I think it will be wanted ; in fact I sow the seed in several places on the sides of the walks or where I have a bit of spare ground. The forty-seven days labour includes every thing

except milking and management of inilk and butter. The twenty quarts of milk per day is the mean quanopinion that it is the duty of all men, and all parties tity for the forty-six weeks taken at four times of equal periods.

> JOHN LINTON. Selby, June 6th, 1842.

# THE NORTHERN STAR SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1843.

### THE KNUTSFORD ATROCITIES.

In another column, our readers will find the mild, temperate, and gentlemanly reply of Mr. BROWNE, to the fellow, EGERTON, the M.P., who took the cowardly advantage of "his place in Parliaruption at elections; we only meant those masty things ment," to traduce an absent Clergyman for the offence of rebutting, honestly, open violations of the law and contempt of humanity and religion, in treating; and, at the same time, always remembering the treatment of the prisoners and conduct of the

appliances of force to destroy the rising genius | pure, unbiassed, unsullied, and unbought, religion / paper, ex-tectotal lecturer, ex-Corn Law lecturer, SIR, -In answer to your letter of the 15th May, of Ireland. We did not offer one word of will spring, and the preponderance in favour of an ex-sub-editor of the Statesman, and now Repeal adrequesting a more minute description of the mode of comment hastily upon the question. In 1840, acceptable creed will be distinguishable in the sincultivation of my small plot of ground, I beg leave to when opposed by the press of the whole kingdom, cerity of its votaries and the purity of their lives, to Dublin to receive instructions on the subject. Mr. we devoted column after column to the support of rather than in corporate wealth or individual intoler-Irishmen's right to govern themselves ; since ance. In all these reasons, then, we come to the conthen the very fact of being drawn into the discussion, clusion that the English Rampant Church party and the result. On arriving there, all was confusion. and three inches in the row. In November, I prepare and the prospect of the subject being revived, has the Irish Orange faction would willingly depose the On the previous morning, W. J. O'Connell, Incompelled us, as a duty to our readers and to the present Queen, and with shouts of joy proclaim spector General for London, had peremptorily closed the work, alleging they were unfit to be a Ward, public generally, to inform ourselves upon the his- ERNEST the 1st from the statue of King William for receiving O'Connor's money without consulting inches apart, or four plants in the square yard. In tory of that ill-fated country. It is fresh in the decked in orange letters, King, defender of their head quarters; great was the indignation manifested recollection of our readers, that we announced some plunder, and so forth ; while, to avoid such a by the independent repealers at this outrageous profew weeks since, the fact that both the Administration calamity, the Irish people demand a concentration and the Irish Executive were powerless for good, and of all their native powers and long withheld rights.

THE TRIALS.

"QUEEN'S BENCH .--- (THIS DAY.)

" (Sittings in Banco)

only strong when bent on evil. That the domestic faction, among whose ancestors Ireland has been partitioned by the respective plunderers who, from

So ! the labour of the mountain has at last even-Dutchman, have followed their respective leaders. tuated not indeed in the birth of a mouse, nor in were too powerful for the Administration or the any birth at all, but in an abortion so utterly shall finish planting potatoes on No. 2, about the Irish Executive, or both unitedly. We stated that beneath contempt, that it is really difficult to write guided by the private opinions of any man, whatever the intentions of Government might be, the anything about it. We give from Wednesday's and called upon them to meet on the following determination of the spoiler was to hold by force Sun the following report of the decision of the

what had been gained by fraud. That Ireland has Court as to the fifth count :-been garrisoned by a legalized banditti, no man can deny; that the standard of the Invader is the Church, peculation, professional emolument, and the wages of idleness, upon the express condition that

" THE QUEEN V. FEARGUS O'CONNOR, AND OTHERS "At the sitting of the Court this morning. "Lord DENMAN said that in the case of the Queen for the annihilation of the Irishman's rights. We v. O'Connor and others, which had been argued on directed attention to the several articles which Saturday, the Court was of opinion that it was necesapppeared in the English newspapers upon the sary that there should be a distinct venue laid in the subject of Repeal, and we predicted that all remon- body of the indictment; that the venue in the margin strance, cantion, invitation to settlement, and pro- could not be taken to be a proper venue; and that the

defect was not cured by the Act of Parliament to mised forbearance would be lost in the recommen- which the Counsel for the Crown has referred. The dation of the Standard, the organ of the Church rule, therefore, for arrest of judgment on the fifth To Beavers and Correspondents. party. Have events proved the truth of that asser- | count must be made absolute. The Court would hear the further arguments on the rule as regarded the tion, or have they not ? and could the invitafourth count on Friday." tion of the Standard to the Protestants of the

This is of course tantamount to an absolute acquittal North to massacre the rebels be more quickly of all the parties convicted under the fifth count of accepted than it has been by the LOYAL the indictment. It is worthy of notice that the PROTESTANTS of Dungannon. Have they Judges, as they always do, rest their decision on a not buckled on the armour of the Church i have they technical matter, rather than on one of principle. not sounded the trumpet of Protestantism ? have they The want of venue in the fifth count was clearly, to not mustered some 15,000 strong with arms in their the common sense of every man, a fatal though hands, and not waiting for the technical forms, for necessary result of the determination of the crown to the legal requirements necessary for the completion of the disarming bill, have they not anticipated the strain the meshes of their net for the encompassing Government, constituted themselves a mob executive, of those whom they knew to be utterly without its pale. Had the venue been laid properly, it would searched the houses of the Catholics for arms, and have appeared at once that all the parties against demolished and levelled their hovels to the ground ? whom this count was levelled were utterly beyond the scope of the general offence obsyrged. Hence the Fund the sums of 1s. 12d., and 11d., collected by Is not our prediction then so far verified ! And the scope of the general offence charged. Hence the while the public mind is lost in thought as to the ATTORNEY GENERAL, having but the choice of JOHN MILLER, HALIFAX.-It is, perhaps, better just probable chances of peace or war. of success or two things-to leave them entirely alone, or defeat. and is in doubt as to the circumstances which may lead to the first outbreak, we will venture to huzard the defective venue-chose the latter, and, as he says, framed the indictment apon another prediction ; it is this, that it matters not what the policy of Sir ROBERT PEEL may be, what his in the form it bore specially and purposely to meet the case. They are greatly mistaken, who notions individually, or what his intentions, if left to suppose that this defect of venue in the Fifth Count himself might lead to, but the Government over was an oversight on the part of the Crown lawyers. which he presides, will force him to maintain and uphold the Union, at the expence of any amount of On the contrary, it was a cunning trick of lawyer Irish blood and English treasure; that the enact- oraft : it was a determined and dishonest effort to ment of the Irish Arms Bill, the proclamation of come at those who were not otherwise to be come at; that measure and the mode of enforcing its provisions and who had so guarded themselves as that they

vocate, objected to Mr. O'Connor's admission. An

animated discussion arose, and Mr. Buckley wrote Haynes also wrote, stating his views of the case. On Sunday evening, a large muster of Chartist Repealers, and others, met at the above house, to hear ceeding, and epithets of a very strong description were applied to its perpetrator. Messrs. Dwaine, Buckley, M'Carthy, Overton, Rathbone, Wheeler, and others expressed their opinions warmly, and in answer to objections proved, from printed documents, that O'Connor had ever been an ardent advocate of the repeal of the legislative union. A repeal warden impressed upon the meeting the propriety of saying nothing calculated to widen the breach private letters from Ray and Steele to Havnes had been alluded to; he repudiated the idea of being Sunday, and they should hear the result of the deliberations in Dublin ; if they rejected Chartists he was one, and they rejected him also on this understanding the meeting dispersed. Since Sunday a letter has been received from Ray as secretary, returning O'Connor's money, and desiring that the money of all Chartists should be immedidiately returned. Here the matter rests until Sunday evening; your readers will make their own comments upon this statements of facts."

We give elsewhere a letter from Mr. O'CONNOR to the Irishmen in England upon this matter, to which we refer our readers, and leave them, as our Correspondent says, "to make their own comments."

JOHN FREHELEY, of Scregg Ballyharny, by French time "22nd, charge." We found a ramp in the any good English Charlist can spare him after

reading it. ANCHESTER LOCK HOSPITAL .- We have received a long statement in reference to the resignation of her place by the matron of this institution, together with the letter of that person to the Committee on tendering her resignation. We cannot insert it. The subject is one for the private investigation of the Committee : and we must supyentlemen will duly enquire into any wellfounded allegations of abuse. MR. JULIAN HARNEY.—Letters intended for Mr. Julian Harney must be addressed to him, No. 91,

Sheaf Bank, Lead Mill Road, Sheffield.

Mr. Benjamin Richardson, Sheffield. now to wait a little silently. We are looking on. But we are not to be driven out of our course by either fools or knaves; and we hope to see the same spirit actuating all our friends. CHARLTON, Sunderland, sends us a long letter in reference to his expulsion from the body of Wesleyan local preachers, on account of his entertaining Charlist principles. These things are so

much of course that we are not at all surprised at them. We cannot afford so much space as Mr. Charlton's letter would occupy; but we can as-sure him, for his comfort, that he is no worse used than many other good men have been; and we think that the methodist parsons have paid him INDIA.

By the Overland Mail despatches we learn that we still keep up our National Character in India frightfully : plunder and rapine and murder mark our footsteps with diabolical precision. The press is in eostacies. The Sun says :-

"The News from India, brought by the last Overland Mail, is of the most gratifying description The gallant Napier, with his little invincible army, has gained another victory-captured, destroyed, or dispersed a second army of 20,000, and taken posses. sion of Meerpoor, and the important fortress of Oomercote. It appears that an army of Belochees twenty thousand strong, under the command of Meer Shere Mahomed, had taken up a strong position on the river Fullalie, near the spot where the Ameers of Soinde were so signally defeated ; and Sir C. J. Napier, on ascertaining the fact, resolved to attack them forthwith. On the 24th of March, he moved from Hyderabad at the head of 5,000 men with seventeen guns and howitzers. The battle lasted for three hours, and during that time occurred many displays of cool and determined valour almost unparalleled in modern warfare. Victory at last declared for the British army; eleven guns, and nineteen standards were taken ; about 1,000 of the enemy were killed, and 4,000 wounded. Shere Mahomed escaped, but was hotly pursued by the Indian Horse, and little doubt remained that he would speedily be captured."

The character of this "gratifying" victory may be estimated by any mind possessing an atom of Christian or honest feeling, from the following description given by a Correspondent of the Bombay Courier :--

"Thus ended a splendid fight, in which our loss has necessarily been very severe, about 300 killed and wounded, out of which the gallant 22nd have lost 145, including five or six officers. They had to assault the strongest part by far, and they did it right well I was by Sir Charles' side the whole time unit went with the Poona Horse. He rode in among the 22nd and waved his hat, calling out at the same Park, Ireland, will be thankful for a Star which nullahs by which we were enabled to cross on horseback, the Belochees fighting all the time desperately. We then came right shoulders forward and brought

a flanking fire on them and slew them in hundreds. I was nearly blown up by one of the enemy's magazines; however, I fortunately escaped with a slight burning. Sir Charles is a splendid General, and exposed himself the whole of the fight where the shot were flying thickest. Altogether the General is justly proud of the result of the battle, but of course pose that a committee of respectable ministers and much regrets the loss of the poor unfortunate but gallant 22nd, who certainly sustained the brunt of the battle. NOT A BELOOCH WAS SPABED : the soldiers shot and bayoneted them in such a manner as is seldom witnessed."

> O rare. Christian England! How soon shalt then evangelizel the world!

Sir C. NAPIER has published a rampant piece of fustian about the matter in the form of "an address to the troops!"

The fallen rulers of Scinde reached Bombay on the 19th April, on board of H.M.'s, sloop Nimrod :

Open carriages were in attendance, and an escort of cavalry accompanied them to their place of residence. The Ameers, being prisoners of state, are retained in strict seclusion. They are described as broken-hearted and miserable men,-maintaining much of the dignity of fallen greatness, and without any querulous or angry complainings at this unalleviable source of sorrow, refusing to be comforted, -the very pictures of unmingled grief and hopeless despondency. Poor Meer Roostum of Khyrpoor, so long our ally, the first Scindian chief who ventured to express his admiration of us, and to desire our friendship-by much the most intelligent and hardly dealt with of them all-recognised Captain De Hoste in a moment, and embraced him in a paroxysm of the deepest emotion. Captain Del' Hoste had fed with him, and had lived with him for months, and he now looked on him as the only friend he had in a land of strangers. One of the chiefs. supposed to have been connected with the murder of Capt. Ennis, has been placed in close confinement ; the others will enjoy as many comforts and as much freedom as is consistent with their safe custody, till the pleasure of the Governor-general be known. A disturbance has broken out at Khytul, in the Delhi district :---"On the recent death of the Rajah of Kytal the territory lapsed to the Company; the widow Ranee, it appears, refuses to give up her late husband's possessions, and has shut up herself in her fort. Mr. Clerk, was in consequence, obliged to apply to Gen. Fast for troops and guns, and the head quarters of the 72nd Regiment, N. I. received orders to march immediately from Kurnau : the three companies of the same regiment at Umballah are also directed to proceed towards Kytul; and the two companies of the 72nd N. I., from this station, which were on treasure escort duty in the neighbourhood under Captain McDougall, had been made available for the same service. The following letters from Kurnaul, dated April 11, report the latest state of affairs." "It was reported here that the Khytal Ranee better occupation for our time and columns than was prepared and determined to fight if we did not come to her terms, and that she had 160 villages, who had agreed to furnish her with 100 men each, thus making 16,000 men. The head man of each village had in a Punchayet sworn to preserve her call the attention of the Chartists of England and right, and her ryots were willing to fight. It appears that she had promised to take only one-third of the produce should she prove victorious, and said that she would be assisted by powerful friends who would gins, No. 14, North Ann-street, Dublin. They ultimately enable her to brave any power. This day has given us good proof of what she has been able to do. A party of the 72nd Regt, N. I. came in completely disorganised, after a fight, they say, with 6,000 horse and foot. They were at it all night, and USTICE FOR THE POOR - A poor man in Wigan acknowledge to the loss of only thirty men, while the owed 11s. 6d., which he was adjudged by the Court enemy must have lost 500. Artillery and two troops of Requests to pay at the rate of 1s. per week, or of H. M. 3rd Dragoons are sent off to Khytul." Kurnaul is in a terrible commotion. The two companies 72nd left at Khytul were attacked and driven out of their position, camp burned, thirty or forty men killed. Whistler killed, and Farre badly wounded. The news came in this morning, and two guns H. A. with a troop of drageons were ordered to march immediately to support the companies, but "DEAR SIR, - It is not enough for a man to sell and since that the two companies, thinking discretion the better part of valour, continued their retreat and principle, to claim your attention, and ask for a arrived here about ten o'clock. The Khytul people, it appears, followed them up some seven coss. This has altered affairs, and now a proper force is ordered out, four companies H. M. 31st, Tait's horse, battery of nine-pounders under Captain Horsford, with Lieutenants Apperley and Aber-THOMAS STARKEY. crombie to do duty ; Captain Lawrenscn's troop, and the remaining companies 72nd N. I. under command of Colonel Parmer. However, there is no MANCHESTER CHARTISTS .- We cannot publish their knowing what force will go. as orders and counterorders have been flying about since yesterday after-WELSH CHARTISTS .- A correspondent thus writes noon, and report has it that a council of war is now sitting, all the politicals present. Sissmore's troop is out at Tennaisir also, having exchanged his guns for nine-pounders here. The two companies of the 72nd have been s mauled that they have retreated into Kirhaul Lieutenant Farre is badly wounded. A large force is now to be assembled. The detachment of the horse artillery and dragoons does not march now, as their object no longer exists, viz., to support the two companies. An outbreak has likewise occurred at Jeypore. During the temporary absence of the political agent these bad times to clog the wheels of Liberty's on especial duty in the district, the disaffected party at Jeypore endeavoured to raise an insurrection which was happily put down in time, though not before the loss of several lives. From Cabool the little intelligence received represents the star of Akhbar Khan s prosperity as being on the decline. He is stated to have lost much of his popularity, and to have been compelled to give

Now. Sr. having done our duty in tracing this unpleasant affair to its authors, and being prepared to give you mames if you require them, we think it as well, as they have confessed, to leave them to their own reflections; but if they let us have any more of their none real the world shall know them; and a few of "16 hase wicks and dirty doings of these electioneering light.

O. Sir, you have spoiled them, for they cannot handle the money now: and may you live to spoil all such repuiles, and see corruption put down, and purity firmness, but by the length and breadth of its of election established, together with the establishment fair owner's tongue. Have you seen the fair of the Six Points of the People's Charter; and the inhabitants of our beloved England, Ireland, and Scotland enjoying the fruits of their own industry; and all grades. from the richest to the poorest, living in har- firmness ? Have you witnessed the delight beaming mony and peace.

We remain yours, With all sincerity, JAMES WOODHOUSE, THOMAS WRIGHT. JOHN BAGLEY.

P.5. We are bound, in justice to Mr. Beggs, to state doomed ? Have you, in short, witnessed a real that he saied like a gentleman, and expressed his sorrow for not publishing his contradiction sconer.

# TO MESSES, SWEET AND WOODHOUSE.

GENILEMEN,-In reply to your inquiries respecting a runour which has been circulated, to the effect that at M: Storge's election, I beg leave most unequivocally to state that Mr. O'Connor never applied for any pryment nor received any consideration for his services in that election.

rirenmetances which no doubt have given rise to this unfounded report :---

On the day immediately following the election, Mr. O'Connor preferred a claim of £27 10a. He stated then " that it had not been his intention to receive any reward for his own services; nor did he expect nor would he accept even the repayment of his travelling expenses. As Sture advocated : but there were a number of men who had come at his invitation and at the request of the Chartist body; and he conceived it right their expenses should be paid."

Mr. O'Connor submitted the different items to writing, amounting to £27 10s. I took it to the Committee; and as some doubts arose in their minds as to this claim properly belonging to them, it was subscribed sum immediately to him.

The copy of his letter in acknowledgment of its receipt, and containing an account of its appropriation I annex to this communication. I can assure you, Gentlemen, this is the only pecu-

niary application that was ever made by Mr. O Connor to the Committee, and the only sum that was ever paid to him on any account whatever.

I am. Gentleman. Yours very respectfully,

THOMAS BEGGS. P.S. You are quite at liberty to make what use you like of this letter.

London, Angest 10, 1842.

My DEAR BEGGS,-As it was from you I received £27 10s. for my brigade, and as all money matters should be punctually observed, I beg to submit to you an account of the appropriation :--Dr. M Douall £9; Cooper £5; Jones £3 155; West £3 10s; Mead £3 10s; and Clarke £2 15s Total

£27 19a Yon will see that a trifling alteration has been made of a few shillings in the application, which was owing to travelling expenses; but such have been the disbursments.

Yours very truly,

To Mr. Beggs, Nottingham.

COOPER.

REPEAL OF THE UNION.

GENTLE Reader, has it ever been your fate to visit that metropolitan seminary for amphibious youthsold age-that depot of all the variety which the and -en-iy-for-anything vagabonds shall be brought to fair sex in its worth can present; have you ever been to Billingsgate ? where the value of a cod-fish

is to be estimated not by its sound, its liver, or its proprietress of a rival cod-fish take up the gauntlet in favour of her sound, her liver, and her in the eve of those testy old bachelors, who

Nottingham, May 24, 1843.

Mr. O'Cosnor received the sum of £28 for his services | wearily reprobating all the vocabulary of Billings-

At the same time, it will be right for me to state the to the hope that our picture may be realised to all ; that we can present is the Lady of the Times newspaper, with the sword of Protestantism in one his personal services he had given them for the cause Mr. pointed rage over the triumph that superior tricious journal shuddering at the desolation of its own part creation, and, coward-like, whimamongst a few gentleman, and I went and paid this rancorous feeling produced by this church vassal calm, appears to be blinded in the storm. Not many months ago we were informed that Ireland enjoyed

that wit, wisdom, wile, and policy, for which our Tory rulers are pre-eminently distinguished. More Protestant churches in a Catholic country ; more sectional education ; a stricter observance of the appointment of our own friends to administer our own laws : such was the policy of the Times when the weakness of Ireland was relied npon as the main strength of her oppressors, while now, that that nation, like one man, has arisen in its

make their morning call at the shrine of ugliness the sex justified, or of reconciling to themselves that state of unwilling celibacy to which they have been

iolly set to between two fat red-faced fish-wives : and, have you observed the altered tone of the belligerents, and their respective friends, as the chances of triumph alternate ? Have you, seen the loud brawler, reduced to humiliation by the superior powers of her antagonist, faintly and

gate, and soften into the mildness, of subdued wrath, with a bloody knife in one hand, and the guts of the triumphant cod-fish in the other ? We cannot lead

but the nearest approach to critical resemblance hand, and the guts of popery in the other, lisping "justice" in mild accents, and sighing in disappower and skill has wrenched from her hand. It is not unamusing, or uninstructive, to see this merepering like a child at the danger which now threatens, and which is mainly attributable to the between the Protestant spoiler and the Catholic serf. This Argus "defender of the faith" and so forth, that was wont to see and to foresee so far in the

not the delusive tranquillity arising from partial government, but the natural calm produced by just and impartial legislation; by a happy blending of constitutional circumstances with national character by a considerate deference to national prejudices; in short, by a combination of

moral might, and proclaimed with one voice its hostility to this very policy, the same paper turns round, and, pleading in meanness for pity, cries-

"Thon cans't not say we did it."

will lead to the first outbreak in Ireland. It mat- could not be legally charged with any offence ters not that the Government may intend the whatever. This, and this only, is the reason why measure as a sword suspended, and to be used only the fifth count had no vonue in it. The insertion that refuge for tart maturity-that asylum for frail at their discretion. When it is law, it will then of a venue would have demonstrated clearly that become the pleasing duty of the weeded Orange there was no manner of connection between those

Magistrates, to recommend themselves to their whom this count was specially framed to reach, brotherhood by a vigorous execution of that law. and those with whom it was impudently assumed, Under its sanction domiciliary visits will be on the general face of the indictment, that they had paid to the Catholic hovel by the infuriate conspired together for the carrying out of an in-Protestant mob, the peaceful peasant will fly same and illegal project. If there had been a his home,-his house will no longer be a shelter proper venue to this count, the parties to whom it specially pointed, and to get hold of whom it was in the dead of night,-and when driven to take refuge under the canopy of heaven, and to take framed, must have been every one acquitted on the A council with his unhoused brethren in the darkness trial at Lancaster. The Crown lawyers knew

that perfectly; and hence the "dodge" of night, the gatherings of houseless wanderers, thus and slang, in the hope of seeing their hatred of brought about by the terror of the law, will be conwhich they have been subjected to so much strued by its administrators as the nocturnal meet- inconvenience and trouble, and robbed of so much ings of Irish rebels; they will be proclaimed as time and money. The real objection, however, outlaws and reduced to the sad alternative of either against the fifth count was of much more conseremaining at home to answer to the night call of quence than this paltry technicality, of venue; it licensed robbers, before whom they must parade was that it charged upon the parties no offence whattheir naked wives and children, or they will be com- ever ; nothing but a legal act ; an act which they pelled from fear to abandon that hovel which is no or any other men have a perfect right to do ; and on JOHN GIBSON. The signature of a boy ten years of age longer a protection against the intruder, and leave the legality of which it is known that Lord DENit a prey to the spoiler who will set it in flames, its MAN'S opinion has been more than once strongly desertion being proof that it was the haunt of a expressed. This utter vitiation of the Count on rebel. While we hear of the perfect information principle, though often pointed clearly out by the of which Government is in possession with Judges during the argument, was carefully kept reference to the doings and intentions of the robels, out of sight in the Judgment; and the thing cannot the far seeing eye of a watchful public dis- made to seem rather a technical escape of the prioners than an upright Judgment of the Judges.

cern anything in the camp of the enemy! We do not think that this mode of doing the thing If the Government is watchful, if the Irish people are cantions, does any man suppose that the redounds at all to the credit of the Bench. It shows Can us clearly that we owe them nothing ; that if they leaders of Orangeism are indolent and inert? could have lent their sanction to the effort of the he who grasps the whole question of English policy, Irish feeling, and Foreign intrigue make up his Crown, without an utter sacrifice of their judicia mind upon the issue, without making the present character and a sinking of themselves to a level with visit of the King of Hanover to this country, an ABINGER and GURNEY, they would have gladly important feature in the consideration of the whole done so. It shows us, and it ought to show the peoquestion! At any time, but more especially at the ple, that we owe this termination of this propresent crisis, the thinking public expects much of tracted enquiry to the caution which avoided to cantion, as well as close attention to passing events break through the law, and not to any merciful confrom public journalists. Fortunately for ourselves, and struction of the law which we are to expect. perhaps, not less so for our readers, we are untram. It shews us, and it ought to shew the melled by other restraint than that which reason people, more than ever, the necessity of trust and judgment may impose upon us. We write for ing, as leaders in the movement, none but those mind, and not for prejudice. We seek to improve, who have sense enough to look before they leap, and and by improvement to correct; and, therefore, do honesty enough to take no unsafe leap which we feel bound to assign good and substantial reasons may involve others besides themselves in its consequences. for our every assertion.

In speaking, then, of the probable result of the We shall be glad if the ATTORNEY GENERAL and great question now at issue between the English the JUDGES will now do their duty in pointing out invaders, their Church, their possessions, and their to the triumphantly acquitted subjects of this unjust administration of the laws; and the Irish party de | and rascally prosecution how they are to be commanding self representation and release from clerical pensated for the personal indignities, the anxiety of bondage and class domination. we are bound to con- mind, the scandalous inconvenience and loss of time, sider what the feelings of that party are likely to be; and the ruinous expences which have been inflicted towards their head. In this analysis we find on them. How is the country to be compensated for it impossible to treat her MAJESTY as head the wanton and wicked wasting of its funds in the of the Rampant Church in Ireland, with the perpetration of these outrages ? We suppose that same amount of indifference with which we we may ask these questions till we are tired of would treat her as first magistrate and civil chief of hearing echo for the answer. And we can tell the the nation. Let us, then, see what the causes of people that it will never be otherwise than thus till discontent are which have been engendered in the the making and administration of the law shall be minds of the tithe Protestants of Ireland, by their put under the controul of justice, and that will never prints, their leaders, and clansmen. The Robys be till they make and administer it themselves.

and the BRADSHAWS spoke the feelings of the Irish We cannot of course give, in our present number. Orangemen, if opportunity but presented itself of the decision of the Judges as to the fourth count ; Are natural consequences deducible from natural gratifying them. The declaration of Lord MEL- though it will be given, before this reaches the eye

causes ? And, if they are, what result was more BOURNE, that his intention was, "to give the of our readers. The parties interested in this count, Queen's Prison. Southwark. likely to follow the total disregard of everything Church a heavy blow and great discouragement." and respecting whom we are yet uncertain as to London, June 6th, 1843. Dr :: SIR \_I have seen a latter from my triand Irish than that combination of Irish mind which The well circulated rumo r they may or may not he required to " come

E. FERGUSON, ALEXANDRIA.-His last week's letter did not reach us until the Scotch papers were worked off

W. B., PRESTON.-We are not surprised. We never yet knew better of the " bawlers." A widethroated barking dog is always a cowardly our, and generally an ill-natured one. A REAL CHARTIST," Chorley, writes us that " highwages-and-cheap-bread" Cobden has been again

reducing wages. We suppose this will surprise no one : but " a real Chartist" should have given his name and address. DERBY.-All letters for the Chartists of this town

must in future be addressed to Mr. John Moss, Plum-tree place, Darley-lane. MECHANIC. THamilton's literal and interlinear

translation of the Gospel of St. John is the best book to begin with. He may get it both Greek and Latin at any bookseller's shop. ST. PANCRAS CHARTISTS. - We cannot interfere in the affair of Mr. Lucas.

ALFRED LINCH .- No room. BOONHAM, NOTTINGHAM, writes us, in reference to a notice in our last, that he sent no communica ion respecting the tea party at all, and that his name must, therefore, have been appended to the one we received without his knowledge or autho-

would give no power to any parties to deprive him of anything which by law belonged to him. A minor cannot be bounden to his own prejudice.

REGULAR SUBSCRIBER. DODWORTH. --- We have answering " pint" questions. If we should begin with them, we might soon spend a day or two in each week with nothing else. ARS TO IRECAND .- W. Foster, of Bingley, writes to Scotland to the necessity, at this particular pe-riod, of sending all the Stars they can to Ireland. Let all who can send their Stars to Mr. O'Hig-

want them; and he states that very few comparatively are now sent. JAMES HYSLOP, draper. Wigan, wants a few copies of the Northern Star for all last month.

4s. per month. The costs were 11s. 5d. : within one penny of the full amount of the original

**CHOMAS** STARKEY, Stoke-upon-Trent, sends us the following letter :-

" Stoke-on-Trent, June 7, 1843. mortgage all he has got, in defence of himself and share of what his friends have subscribed, I suppose ?

"Yours truly,

"To Mr. Hill, Leeds." I Thomas Starkey happens to know his own meaning, we fancy he is wiser than any one else can become from reading his letter.

resolution in reference to Mr. Cooper. 115 :---

In answer to the questions in last week's Star about the Welsh Chartists-" Where are they? What are they doing? Are they still alive?" We are here still, and doing as much as we possibly can under present circumstances. Yes, the brave men of the hills are still alive, for all some of the leaders have stood in the back ground for some time, for reasons best known to themselves, the people are determined to do their own work, and trust not even to their friends any more. It is true that the oppressors have taken advantage of chariot ; but ere long they must give way, and confess that the people are enlightened and are determined to have their rights.

f our brothers in Eugland do not know whether we are dead or alive, the tyrants here know well, to their mort fication, that we are still at our post."

F. O'CONNOB.

7	E L SIR,-1 have seen a letter from my friend,	lrish, than that combination of lrish mind which. The well circulated rumour of the	e conversion w	whether they may or may not be required to "come		way to the authority of Newab Z-man Khan, who
Cos	Per, 2 IEW days fince. and should have written to t	has now resolved upon doing for itself what has not of Prince ALBERT to Catholicism, an	nd more re	- for judgment" are Peter Murray M'Douall, Jas.	THE 8s. 6d., for Defence Fund, noticed on May 6th,	has been placed upon the throne ; he is represented
					from "J. Longbottom, Leeds," should have been	as having moved to Jellallabad to await the arrival
In	ot laid up with an attack of influenza, brought on by	only been denied to prayers, petitions, and implor- cently the official announcement through	igh the Court L	each, Christopher Doyle, John Campbell, Johathan	-From Hunslet, per J. Longbottom.	of his father.
35	Fers cold.	only been denied to prayers, petitions, and implor- cently the official announcement throus ings, but for asking for which she has been threatened journals that Prince ALBERT had been co	ommanded by B	Bairstow, Bernard M'Cartney, James Arthur, Tho-		The Delhi Gazette learns from an authentic source
		with coercion and destruction? The Times may the Queen to announce by his own hand	d to the entit	and looper Robert Brooke, James Mooney, John	ROBERT WHITFIELD, BINGLEY Apply at the Post-	that the son of Meer Waez is on the throne of Cabal
	are all doub is appears will Door Cooper is maraight	iste outstal and desirations, the times may the check to announce by his own name	id to the anti-	las couper, revolt Dronko, cumer Candalat Taha	office for a letter.	and the prospect of the Dost's return alone is said
TID (	lergoing a short respite of the hellish treatment to	write in that maudlin tone of assumed confidence to Church Minister (MELBOURNE) the gla				to keep the people of that city from attacking Ma-
wh	ich he has been subjected, to be repeated when the	suit the Stock Exchange and the money broker, but another royal birth; but, above all, th	he still more D	Durham. James Fenton, and Frederick Augustus	FOR THE DEFENCE FUND.	homed Akhbar, who is stated to have grown so un-
212		the thinking man must laugh in scorn at the foolish recent announcement by Mr. O'CONNE			£. s. d.	nomeu Aknoar, who is stated to have grown so un
rep	ention of the same usage will drive him mad and	and summing must must have in scotting to the tooling must be a local of the opening	TTT PUTT CUC T	aylor, while mose who are reneved by the present	From W. Cooke, Duckinfield 0 1 0	popular that another attempt to murder him was
req	uests that something may be done to deliver him	attempt to convince the world that although the very QUEEN had rebuked Sir Robert PEEI	EL for the pre- d	ecision from further narraysment in the analr, are	Hunslet, per J. Longbottom 0 4 6	made at Lughman. Its news writer from Lahore,
Iro	m the monsters under whose control he is at present	air is redolent of complaint, that yet travel north or sumptuous use made by him of Her	r name with -	-Feargus O'Connor, William Hill, George Julian	- Joseph Turner $0 0 6$	on the other hand, reports that two Hurkarus had
pla	ced, and, for reasons (not to be misinhor) it and	south, east or west, neither resident nor traveller can reference to the question of Repeal.	1	larney, John Hoyle, John Norman, William Bees-	the Chartists of Coventry 0 8.0	arrived at Lahore from Cabul, with despatches from
žh	Life Hagistrates have not minited the	south, east of west, hereich festdent, hor traveller can festence to the question of hopean.		Darbas Thomas Dailton, Rohart Roma		Akhbar Khan, in which he said that he was about
hi	Constituent thereto neither will be the attend to	give an assignable reason for a single complaint ! Now multiply all these causes of P	Protesant dis-	y, Samuel Parkes, momas framon, fobert frams-		to send 12,000 cavalry with 7,000 infantry to Pes-
fo	Ward a petition or memorial to the	give an assignable reason for a single complaint! Now multiply all these causes of P Such is the logic of our fainting contemporary; content by Protestant fear and Church	h proformant d	en, John Arran, John Skevington, William Aitkin,		hawur " to escort his father back."
-gu	arter.	Such is the logic of our fainting contemporary; content by Protestant fear and Church while, did space admit, we could shew just cause of and we shall at once discover the inc	a pretormont,	andy Challenger, Wm. Woodruff, and Richard	From Bristol, collected by Miss M. Wil-	The fears of the Lahore Court regarding a pro-
<b>*</b> .	Under these circumstances I tamat that is	while, and space admit, we could shew just cause of and we shall at once discover the in-	nducements to			bable invasion from the west are evidently on the
<b>W</b>	Il bestir themselves Tat them and the people	complaint in every act of England towards Ireland, combination and the probable course of	of the united V	ittley.	the Female Chartists of Bristol 0 4 4	increase. Mahomed Akhbar was at Jellallahad,
	hether Cooper, Richards, Capper, and others, are to	complaint in every act of England towards Ireland, combination and the probable course of and complete the picture by painting the English Church supporters. PEEL must either	r cling to this		W. Joslyn 0 1 0	and much anxiety prevailed as to the result of Dost
be	murdered in the same manner as the noble patriots,	faction in Ireland, in their several relations, whether party for good or for evil, or he must a	abandan thom	O'CONNOR AND REPEAL.		Mahomed's passage through the Khyber.
H	alberry and Cistion 1f then realist in Barriots,	incluin in the analysis which be be that to be the state of the barry for good or for evil, or ne must a	avandon inem			At Delhi, the King continues to resent the with-
700	w, their talk about sympathy for the Chartist vic-	public or private, and in all of which they would in their mad career, and leave to the R	ROCKINGHAMS,	The following communication is from our London	TOTAL WRECK OF THE SHIP GREAT BRITAIN	drawal of the Nuzzurs by our Government, by refu-
<b>1</b> .17	ns will be justly looked upon as idle wind.	appear as the jailors of convicts, rather than the GRAHAMS, the SFANLEYS, and		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	We have to report the total loss of the splendid	sal to hold any communication in Durbar even with
	therefore trust that politions will be immediately for-	as the patrons of their clients. Not a duty TREEs the glory of witnessing the	a triumuh af		packet-ship, the Great Britain, Captain Shaxsin,	his own nobles. He has declined to receive presents
-	rded from every town and village in the kingdom as	and not of and the state of the state of the gory of withessing the	e triampa or	"I have refrained from hitherto alluding to a cir-	master, on her outward passage to New York, to-	from any one on the occasions on which it is usual to
	ick as provible. and have no doubt that	performed, not an office discharged, in which reason over the darkness of prejudice,	after a fruit-	motorno which has created a great sensation	gether with the whole of the valuable cargo. She	offer them. He has expressed an intention of dispos-
	ert your powers to save noble-minded Cooper, and	the vengeance of the Law Church, the less and expensive struggle of ignor	rance against	the Chartists and Repealers of the Metro-	was frigate rigged, four hundred and four tons	ing of the whole of his jewels, and had sent for jew-
51 51			·	is the manipulation of anoid availing appointed	hurthan and was built at Chobes in the year 1839.	allerg to value them but the heir annatent 155
	istian Government have subjected them.	of the official is not discussible. It is possibly standy knowledge of brace lorge against p	moral power. p	bing being a feeling of hostility between parties	The preservation of her crew and passengers was	entered his protest against such a step, on the
0)	issue covermant inverse parjected them.	of the official, is not discernible. Under the law of That "the Church" should continue	ue always to [	whose duty and interest it is to be united; but, the	truly miraculous.	plea that they are crown and not personal pro-
	I am, yours truly,	primogeniture, the eldest branches of families are tread down the ordinary rights of hun	man nature is	Jonen foot huing now fairly shown, it becomes a	Expression Department Information has been ver	Dertv.
	GEORGE WHITE.	patrons of church preferments, held in trust as por- impossible. As mind progresses, men	n haama im ld	noven loop being not stances public. It is well	EXTENSIVE ROBBERY,-information has been 16-	Disturbances upon a mathem lange coole heve
				uty to make the coupor at the conclusion of his	Coldie had such and shoos ded with 6240 holong	Disturbances upon a rather large scale date
	P.S.—In answer to the enquiries of numerons friends,	tions for the younger branches pensioned upon the patient of it; and, if not remodelled	d by her own	nown that with the Repeal of the Union expressed	ing to the City of Edinburgh Lodge of the Inde-	Marsh the Dance of Hundry, Ine latter end of
11	have to state that I have been well attended to by my	industry of the Catholic slave, their power upheld heads upon the score of justice-whi		ale lecture on the response of the Darcel da	ing to the City of Edinburgh Leage of the Hue-	March, the Kanee of Hursha, Having confected 0,000
L	ndon friends since I have been placed here, and not	1 DY ADIANDY him in subjection. We should be also will be also must durable and here			pendent Order of the Odd Fellows of the Man-	
Io	gotten by the Chartists of Birmingham and War-	to know whathan the changed are a fill and the grad what he can be haded intelested intelested in the	iny all 10001- 5	sociation, and the " Rent " On Sunda-	chester Unity, of which he was treasurer. He is	Aumil of that place, on account of some old groups
<b>W</b> 1	ckehire. All persons are allowed to visit me without	to know whether the altered tone of the Times fur- lection of her bloated intolerance in the nister a fair message of leich is not the times fur-	ne ruins, none	ion towards the richt. On Sudday evening,	stated to have been tormerly a carver and giver,	The light lasted for three hours, when the laug
<b>5</b> 2	training every day. Sunday included, from each in the	)				
In	ning to nine at night.	ther we are to receive it as a hypocritical mediation, by whose hand the magic and welcom	ma hlow shall	proposed and Down as a member, at Mr. Buck-	and 19 about thirty-seven years of age, five feet seven	with tota! loss of ammunition and baggage. The
	G. W.	while the strong Government is preparing all the best strong by the strong th	- DION CHAIL ]	ley's Repeat waru, Duswell's Court, Fetter-lane.	and is about thirty-seven years of age, five feet seven inch. s high, of fair complexion, stout, and blind of	king and his ministers are greatly grieved at these
	- ·	while the strong Government is preparing all the be struck. From the ashes of her i	temporal pile, l	Mr. Haynes, ex-sub-Eauor of the Charter news-	the left eye, and is rather genteel looking.	disturbances.
			{			

The Hadras University" has appeared. It shews the throughout this irritating scene, perfectly quiet." low state of government education in that presi-Lord Eiphinstone, to promote the spread of edntion among the higher class of natives, by directing that, in every practicable instance, the minors who

ans considerable delay in the settlement of the devastation :instrand the commercial arrangement. The nego-Erent character. Elepoo has been a constant atorate for peace from the first, and it is believed intention to proceed.

ared man, had been for someltime in declining health. His death occurred after a feast.

Signlar stories are afloat among the Chinese reits so onerous were to him the duties of his office-

populace: notwithstanding which, however, a fair separated for a little time and partook of refresh-menness was being carried on. This mairiendly ment, provided for them by some of the loyal inhaminess was manifested only at Canton ; elsewhere, the bitants, and again having assembled in the Diamond, mbabitants shew the most amicable feelings towards their lats enemies.

We have no intelligence from Australia this month of the slightest interest.

## ORANGE WRECKINGS IN TYRONE-PRO-CLAMATION OF THE GOVERNMENT.

#### (From the Dublin Evening Post.)

in the Honse of Lords, on Thursday, Lord Inton required the calling out of the Orange Teomanry, in order to produce "a great moral for throughout the country," and as "the surest 

motions outrages :--

On the 20th of March, Nawnb Tajooddeen Hos- their hands on. The greater part of this mischief The ment for arready of solution in the forest of the day, yells and returned to Lungan-produce exhibited. The show of tulips, and of taining turpentine; the liquid ran over the floor, and labouring, by the enormous charges in the shape of greenhouse plants was more meagre than we have by way of getting rid of it she swept it towards the frame rent, and other infringements. A committee by way of getting rid of it she swept it towards the frame rent, and other infringements. A committee by way of getting rid of it she swept it towards the frame rent, and other infringements. A committee by way of getting rid of it she swept it towards the frame rent, and other infringements. A committee by way of getting rid of it she swept it towards the frame rent, and other infringements. The "First Annual Report from the Governors of the peace of the town. The Repealers remained,

The wreckings, according to this statement, took The Madras University owes its origin to place in presence of the police. But, indeed, this is Lency. The Madras University owes its origin to place in presence of the police. But, indeed, this is ford Elphinstone. Its governors are composed of tacitly admitted by the Orange journals of the distributes and Europeans. In 1841 the Government trict, one of which, the Northern Standard, published the stabishing provincial high schools at in the adjoining county of Monaghan, glories in attention. The finest pansies were from the gardens as to render her removal to the Infirmary on Monday next, at eight o'clock in the evening, at High-street." The high schools at in the adjoining county of Monaghan, glories in attention. The finest pansies were from the gardens as to render her removal to the Infirmary on Monday next, at eight o'clock in the evening, at High-street." The high schools at in the adjoining county of gratified of Mr. Major and Mr. Scholefield, of Knostrop. New York of Source and the above house. Bresslyed also, in accordance with the proposition vengeance, incites the Orangemen to murder Mr. O'Connell.

> It is pretended that a detachment of the armed Orangemen, passing through Carland, were attacked

Imperial Commissioner Elepoo, which is likely to Northern Standard reports progress on the work of exhibition closed at five o'clock.

"We learn that in all forty-five houses were razed we learn that in all forty five houses were razed to the ground; but, although we heard this from the beappointed, and he may prove a person of strotate for plane and the constabulary force thely tobe Keying, and that it is probable all further Esq., J.P., left town a few minutes after the procesregonations will be carried on in the North, whither sion, and proceeded with the utmost dispatch to in with the scene of action. It is fortunate that the repeat-Hong Kong about the middle of March. Would have been droadful The Canton papers state that Elepoo, who was an lives would have been sacrificed, and the crisis

The army were not, however, required. "Abont seven o'clock the entire body again assem-

making a month and spending and defenceless Catholics, Carland; but as its progress was comparatively He found also that Curing last year the bankrupt a debt of £5 6s. 10d.; borrowed money to pay it matter that they were sent for, but no one could in the country of Tyrone-in maltreating and robbing slow, a number of the more rash and hot-headed of had made a return of his income at £350 a year ; with. Left the Beaver Inn, and went to the Rail- answer.

is the county of Tyrone-in maltreating and robbing por widows and helpless children, and in regaling immedires in the houses of the "Lorsaling" in the "sesemblage ran forward at full speed towards i a course of proceeding which could not be sufficiently immedires in the houses of the "Lorsaling" in the "sesemblage ran forward at full speed towards i a course of proceeding which could not be sufficiently immedires in the houses of the "Lorsaling" in the instead of Dublin; and after the lapse of four days and ther two daughters's and more instead Dublin, zeneral of four days and treat he lapse was done." is or Dublin; and after the lapse of four days and ther damage was done." is or Dublin; and after the lapse of four days and ther damage was done." is or Dublin zeneral of Lord de Grev, the Dublin Evening is or pran of Lord de Grev, the Dublin Evening is or pran of Lord de Grev, the Dublin Evening is or pran of Lord de Grev, the Dublin zeneral of four days and further damage was done." is organ of Lord de Grey, the Dublin Evening party of police, and no further damage was done." a debtor 3s. 9d., then a creditor for £85, and, lastly, coffee House, Cheetham-street—bill here £5 125. to the 15th, and Boston to the lifth inst. We learn supplies of military stores. All this only serves to a debtor for £37; that he had not given a fair and While here, the poor widow woman, to whom I from the papers that the Hon. Daniel Webster has accelerate the Repeal agitation. The Government are or widow woman, to whom I from the papers that the Hon. Daniel Webster has accelerate the Repeal agitation. The Government are provided by a debtor for £37; that he had not given a fair and while here, the poor widow woman, to whom I from the papers that the Hon. Daniel Webster has accelerate the Repeal agitation. The Government are provided by a debtor for £65 and therefore. He Lord Lorton, in demanding the re-organization is, we understand, the agent of Lord Ranfurly, ar- | creditable account of his property; and, therefore, | owed £3.3., was sold up for rent. The landlord retired from office, after having secured the re-esta is block in demanding the following communication. This property, and, interforts, owed £3.3., was sold up for rent. The landlord retired from once, after naving secured the re-cost it may prove a most perileus one. it may pr mrative is derived from our correspondent, who banditi? He saw them wrecking the houses, and that such a person should not be allowed easily to Coffee House, and west to live at the Spread Eagle pointed Secretary of State in his place, but this is has been this day superseded at his own request. entires himself to the plain facts of these most maltreating the poor defenceless women. Why, we return to trade, and his judgment was, that the con-Inn, in the same street. Here got into debt 16s. 4d. only a temporary appointment. We find the follow-Mr. Sinclair is a Protestant, and an anti-Repealer; demand, did he not direct their immediate appre-hension? This is a question which Mr. Wray must two years, and if at that time the bankrupt could charged with getting goods under false protences. Is in a comparison of the false protences. Is a comparison of the false protences of the govern-hension? This is a question which Mr. Wray must two years, and if at that time the bankrupt could charged with getting goods under false protences. Is a comparison of the same surger hension? The same surger into dept ios. 4a. In the same surger is a comparison of the same surger into dept ios. 4a. In the same surger is a comparison of th answer. We would suggest that a copy of his come with a better statement of facts, he might after a hearing before them I was dismissed. I then learn from the Army and Navy Chronicle, that ad- friends of the union. report to Government should at once be moved for do so. went to the Horse and Jockey, Drake-street, got vices have been received from the Sandwich Islands STEALING SILVER PLATE .-- On Wednesday last, a in the House of Commons. into debt 12s. 6d. Was again taken before the as late as the 8th of March. On the 25th of February, And here a word respecting the Arms Bill. The young woman named Harriet Collins, the wife of a magistrates and sent for one month to the Manches- in consequence of demands made by the British private in the Royal Artillery, now stationed at ter New Bailey, 4th Feb. 1841. Came out of Man-Leeds Barracks, was brought before Richard Bram-chester New Bailey 4th March, and went to Halifax, comply with the islands were conditionally ceded to discretion is given to the magistrates to allow arms to those they consider qualified. Here we find a mob of armed Orangemen engaged in the commis- ley, Esq., at the Court House, on a charge of hav- where I stopped six days. Then went to Bradford. sion of outrage, and instead of apprehending and ing stolen four silver spoons, the property of Ralph Stopped at a Temperance Hotel, bill 4- 11d, which Queen Victoria. Possession was taken of them the ing stolen four silver spoons, the property of Ralph Stopped at a Temperance Hotel, bill 4s. 11d. which same day by Lord George Paulet, commanding H. The first here was, on that day, no Repeal meeting of bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty for the parent of what we are to bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird within siver wiles of the place 11 But disards from the States are pretty favour-bird disards from the States are pretty favour-bird disards from the fort and ships from the States are pretty favour-bird disards from the fort and ships from first from favour-bird disards from the fort and for specie from England being at expect under the operation of the Arms Bill. solicited to allow her to assist in cleaning up the here 4s. 11d.; left promising to pay it as soon as I able, the demand for specie from England being at drawing-room. She did so, and for a few minutes could. I then went to the Bowling Green Inn; an end, and the markets generally in an improving Lord De Grey and his Castle advisers are now offering a reward of £100 for the apprehension of left the prisoner by herself, who, from her know- account 5s. 3d.; was again taken before the magisthe Orange banditti. The following proclamation | ledge of the place where the key of the plate-chest was trates, but again dismissed. Came over to Leeds ; PERTH.-THE MILITARY AND INHABITANTS.-The appears in the Gazette of last night :deposited contrived in this interval, to possess herself stayed at the Temperance Hotel. Briggate ; got into following is an extract of a letter from Perth. of the spoons in question, which were missed when the debt 5s. ld. and left, promising to pay it as soon as dated Friday. We should hope the statements "Dablin Castle, June 2, 1843. plate was wanted for dinner. The housemaid at I could. Went to the Griffin Inn; staid till the which it contains are exaggerated :- " Last night, "Whereas it has been represented to the Lordonce communicated the fact to Mrs. Markland, and account was 10s. 11d. which had to leave unpaid. a dreadful riot took place in this town, in conse-Lientenant, that on the 30th ultimo, several houses information was given to the police. Mr. James Mier parading the town in a disorderly manner, in the townlands of Lisboy, Carland, Feroy, and Then went to the Golden Lion Inn-bill 5s. 8d. quence of a quarrel between some of the trades apprehended the prisoner at the lodgings of her huswithout any avowed object, the body left town and Creeragh, situate in the parish of Donaghmore, and Was now taken before the magistrates and sent to lads and the soldiers (we believe of the depôt of the band in Barrack-street. The spoons were found preceded, with drams beating, and a purple flag; county of Tyrone, were considerably injured by an Wakefield House of Correction for three months 68:h.) A party of the military sallied out of the pledged at Mr. Longbottom's in Harewood-street, on the 24th of March, just twenty days after coming barracks, and in revenge attacked the people with assemblage of persons, about 4,000 in number. His imz, with the words 'No Repeat' on one side, and assemblage of persons, about 4,000 in number. and 'de Queen and British connection' on the other. excellency, for the better apprehending and bringing by whom they were received between eleven and 'de Queen and British connection' on the other. to justice the perpetrators of this outrage, is hereby twelve on Tuesday forenoon. The prisoner was They thus proceeded to a small village called Car-to justice the perpetrators of this outrage, is hereby twelve on Tuesday for trial at the sessions. about two miles north of this, where they set pleased to offer a reward of £100 to any person or DRUNKENNESS AT CHURCH.---- On Monday last, persons [except the persons or persons who actually SHOP ROBBERY .- On Monday, at the Court House, were severely beaten, and a number of the concommitted the same], who shall, within six months from the date hereof, give such information as shall at the Court Houre with being drunk and disorderly Wm. Rhodes, a journeyman compositor, was charged a man named George Cushworth was brought up, stables so seriously injured that they are not exlead to the apprehension and conviction of all, and at St. Luke's Church, on Sunday evening. Mr. charged with having stolen a roll of butter and a pected to recover ; indeed, I have heard that some of them are already dead. There are several of the Holroyd, the churchwarden, proved the offence, and piece of bacon from the shop of Mr. Wilkinson, proportionally for one or more of the persons conbacon factor, Briggate, on Saturday night last. At the prisoner was fined 5s. and costs, or three days' soldiers in prison; and it is said that the military cerned therein. the time the robbery was committed, Mrs. Wilkinson are ordered to be removed from the town, which, it imprisonment. " By his Excellency's command, FIGHTING IN THE STREET.-On Monday, before was in the room adjoining the shop. The prisoner " E. LUCAS." is to be hoped, will take place without further mis-Messrs. Grace and Wright, at the Leeds Court-house. | walked into the shop, and deliberately took away chief, though this is greatly feared by many people It is too late, my Lord De Grey. You will never Jeshna Dobson and James Leathead were fined 53. a roll of butter, and placed it in his pocket. Mrs. here."-Caledonian Mercury. hear of the arrest of one of them. The Orangemen Wilkinson immediately went to him and ordered and costs, or three days imprisonment, for having the slightest opposition, for the poor inhabitants fled are sworn to be true to each other, and they are too been found drunk and fighting in the street, on Sun- him to restore the butter, which order he, without THE CROAL COACHES.-DUBLIN, MAY 30.-The well organized to break the compact. Your magisneighbourhood of the Post-office was last night hesitation, obeyed; and on being given into custody day morning at five o'clock. "I can hardly bring yon to believe all this, but it trate did not order the arrests at the only time they BELGRAVE SUNDAY SCHOOLS .- On Sunday last, and searched, a large piece of bacon was found upon thronged by thousands of persons watching the de-It true; it was sometime before I could believe it | could be made, and your proclamation will only be parture of the Saxon coaches on their second journey, him. Committed for trial. two sermons were preached in Belgrave Chapel. and a casual observer might have remarked that laughed at. Leeds, by the Rev. Dr. Vaughan, president of the CHARGE AGAINST A POLICEMAN .- At the Court there was a much stronger disposition to riot mani-DISMISSAL OF E. B. ROCHE, ESQ., M.P., FROM new college, at Manchester, after which, collections Honse, on Monday last, a charge was preferred fested among the mob than on the previous evening. son. THE DEPUTY-LIEUTENANCY.—The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland has directed the Lord Lieutenant of the amounting to £29 14s. were made on behalf of the against Samuel Brotherton, one of the police force, According as the mails made their appearance they Sunday schools connected with that place of of having assaulted another of the force. It seems were greeted with the usual yells of execration, in Parke. that Brotherton, finding the discharge of his duties consequence of which several of the horses became MIDL county, to remove our county member, Mr. Roche, worship. from the deputy lieutenancy of the county. Mr. FIREWORKS .- On Monday evening, Mr. Knowles as policeman incompatible with the state of his restive, while those drawing the Belfast mail, in their teson. Roche was deputy lieutenant before the Earl of gave another display of fireworks, in the yard of the health, had given notice of his intention to leave alarm, made a violent plunge at the corner of Henry-Bandon was appointed lientenant, and we believe would have resigned "the office of honour," if he White Cloth Hall. The pieces were superior to the force. He, however went on duty as usual, and street, knocking down two men in the crowd, and Maule. those of the previous exhibition, but the company, we regret to say were not sufficiently numerous to repay the artist for his trouble and cost. thought it was one held under this government.-Cork POOR RATE.-The poor rate of 23. in the pound, cated whilst on duty, and assaulted one of the police. that the mob seemed determined on an *émute* : Erskine. laid by the overseers on the 11th of May, was, on In defence, Brotherton said he had only a pint of ale, and the police, it was evident, were the objects Saturday last, confirmed by the magistrates in petty which had been given him by some person he had of the popular "excitement," partly, it cannot sessions, at the Leeds Court House. It will, there- frequently called up at an carly hour, and which, in be denied, from the over-zeal of the peace-preserv-Local and General Intelligence. fore, be now in course of collection. consequence of his weak state of health had taken ers in restraining attempts at rioting by the rather WAKEFIELD .-- On Monday last the teachers his window stools broken; cart very much damaged; and friends of the Methodist Sunday School, took Assault.-On Monday last, a young man named effect upon him. As to the assault complained of, frequent application of the baton to the heads and David Holroyd was charged at the Leeds Court he was very roughly usued by Milner and the other shoulders of the anti-Croalites. Retaliation, how-Honse with having been drunk on Saturday night, men, and all the violence he had used was in self- ever, quickly followed; and stones of considerable hi and handkerchief carried away, and the house tea in the school room of West-parade Chapel; after the tes a public meeting was held, over which the and with having assaulted Mr. Superintendent defence. In answer to a question from the bench, it magnitude were hurled indiscriminately at the James. He was fined 20s. and costs, or in default was stated that the defendant had, during the time police, one of whom, belonging to the mounted Rev. R. Pilter presided. The meeting was addressed town, and several tools carried away; bed clothes, by Mr. W. Toft, G. W. Harrison, Esq., Rev. J. Trains, three pair of blankets, three quilts, three Jackson, from Carlisle; Mr. Kelly, Mr. Palmer, Mr. of payment, sent a month to Wakefield. of payment, sent a month to Wakefield. Assault and Robbers.—On Monday last, two men named Benjamin Thompson and William Beckwith, mined not to impose any penalty, but dismissed him interposition of Mr. Studdert, a divisional magis-rest splendour by the pames of Alice Mand Halstead, and Mr. Taylor. On the Tuesday, the children of the above school were plentifully regaled with tea and buns, and the smiling countenances of Hunslet, colliers, were charged before Messrs. from the force. Grace and Wright, at the Leeds Court House, with their body prisoners in the hands of the police. At Anne O'Neill-All the windows broken, the furni- that were there exhibited, showed how much they CHILD BURNT.-On Friday last, in the morning, having committed an aggravated assault upon a an inquest was held at the Court House, Leeds, beperson, on Sunday morning about three o'clock, and fore John Blackburn, Esq., borough coroner, to en-ON SUNDAY last three sermons were preached in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, by the Rev. J. also with having stolen his cloth cap. The prosecu-tor said he was returning from Wakefield, and that quire concerning the death of Wm. Castleton, a little boy three years of age, whose parents roside in Featherston, of Swinefleet. After each sermon the prisoners attacked him at Thwaite Gate; Thomp-Holmes's Yard, York-street. Deceased was playliberal collections were made on behalf of the chilson was the man who assaulted him, the other was the penalties increased to 60s., or two months in ing with another child his own age, on the 25th of dren of the school. On Monday a public tea was only there. The cap not being found, and it being Newgate, the magistrate r-marking, that as the provided for the teachers and children in the school April, when, in lighting a piece of paper at the of no great value, the magistrates decided upon a public mind was then in a very excited state, he fire his clothes caught the flames, and he received room, and on Tuesday the children paraded the town summary conviction, and fined Thompson £4. and was determined to repress the spirit that was summary conviction, and fined Thompson 24. and costs, or two months to Wakefield; Beckwith was such injuries as to result in his death on Thursday. abroad by the infliction of the heaviest punishment remedy, and one that is in the possession of every under the guidance of their teachers. At varions places appropriate pieces were sung, in which they acquitted themselves in a manner which did great last. Verdict-" Accidental Death." discharged. FATAL ACCIDENT.-On Sunday last, a man named of the prisoners were mere boys, others seemed to THE YORKSHIRE SUMMER ASSIZES have, we under-THE YORKSHIRE SUMMER ASSIZES have, we under-stand, been fixed to be held on Wednesday, the 12th was killed by falling down stairs. The deceased, artisans.—Mimes. credit to their teachers. THE WHITSUNTIDE HOLYDAYS have been kept up of July next. who was fifty years of age, had only one arm, and INQUEST .- On Monday morning, an in inquest was | earned his living by selling smallwares. It seems with great spirit here in Wakefield. Numbers of the wane M'Donnell-Her residence wrecked and bled The honses of the following persons were also Bernhard Lanaghan, John Devlin, Daniel M'Crory, Far Rogers, Edward Timson, J. Dowling, James M'Crory, Michael M'Crory, Charles M'Gee. M'Crory, Michael M'Crory, Charles M'Gee. Temperance Brass Band plaving at intervals during Jane M'Donnell-Her residence wrecked and various Secret Orders have held their Annual Fesheld at the Cardigan Arms Inn, Bramley, before that when he got to the top of the stairs he missed Ame, John Tierney, Pat Agnew, John M'Donnell, Monday last, and the scene was enliveded by the there on Saturday morning by his sister when she Paer M'Crory, Michael M'Crory, Charles M'Gee, Temperance Brass Band playing at intervals during went to work, and on her return, about four o'clock Barnett was fined by the sitting magistrates 20s. and the day. All care and sorrow was banished from in the afternoon, she found him dead in bed. Mr. and he severely beaten), Hugh Kerr, James the contenances of those who attended the feast. Algor, and with whose name we are acquainted, his Majesty, followed by a Hanoverian officer, walked sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-blue smocks, consequence of rumours he had heard, his Majesty, followed by a Hanoverian officer, walket sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the following strange details :-- "Balla-uncovered through the orowd, which formed two sends us the inhabitants of this town were annoyed by an ansouncement that there was a woman in custody who had served as servent man in the term of the town who had served as servent man in the term of the served as servent man in the term of the term of the served as servent man in the term of the term of the served as servent man in the term of the term of the served as servent man in the term of the term of the served as servent man in the term of the term of the served as servent man in the term of the served as servent man in the term of the served as servent man in the term of the served a Gnardians was attended by Mr. Clements, one of the coroner, in consequence of rumours ne nad neard, blue smocks, congregated at the stone heap on assistant commissioners, from London, when the pre-assistant commissioners, from London, when the pre-vions vote, that two relieving officers be elected, with duced by a sudden attack of inflammation of the busice there are an and gave it as his opinion that death had been pro-bus vote, that two relieving officers be elected, with duced by a sudden attack of inflammation of the busice there are a substant to bus a sudden attack of the paupers working thereon, bus not the busice there are a substant to bus 100 x your, that two reneving oncers be created, with design of a state of an antal causes. Verdict by pelting them with stones. The policeman who for one with £100 salary, but was overruled. After accordingly. At the same time Thomas Wade, a young man, who, At the same time Thomas Wade, a young man, who, a deal of cavilling, the sum of £70 was agreed upon for one relieving officer. EXTENSIVE SEIZURES AT WAKEPIELD.—During the bled at different places and were paraded through a deal of cavilling, the sum of £70 was agreed upon for one relieving officer. bled at different places, and were paraded through past week the excise officers have been doing great Mr. Gooing whilst attempting to secure the boys who past week the excise officers have been doing great things in this town in the way of seizures of scouring things in this town in the way of seizures of scouring liquor. This is an article used only by the poorer classes, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains a small proportion of scap. The scap in this manu-union, as usual, had the use of the Cloth Hail Yard, a small proportion of scap. The neighbouring districts, summoning the Orange liquor. This is an article used only by the poorer stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains the stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains the stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains the stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains the stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains the stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, to assist in lessening their toil, and contains the stances, with tea. The Dissenters, or Sunday School dasses, the assist in lessening the stances at a loss to the stances, where although there was a goodly number, yet they facture having before paid duty, we are at a loss to did not muster so strong as on former years, promonths. BEERHOUSE CONVICTIONS.—On Thursday, before Edward Grace and Griffith Wright, Esqrs., Mrs. Lawrence of the Grace Darling howhence Union. The detachments, on passing a gentry, tunes; but one know what the excess have to do with it. They and not muster so strong as on former years, pro-bably owing, in a great measure, to the unsettled the detachments, on passing a gentry, at a place stopped to attack several men who were at work. They were resided and the participation of leaving her and a daughter baptised in the name of Connelia stopped to attack several men who were at work. They were resided and the participation of disorderly company in her house, and a further quantity from a poor man attended the participation of disorderly company in her house, and a further quantity from a poor man attended the participation of disorderly company in her house, and a further quantity from a poor man attended the participation of disorderly company in her house, and a further quantity from a poor man attended the participation of disorderly company in her house, and the mational schools at the function of the provide at the function of the participation of the provide at the function of the provide at the function of the provide at the function of the participation of the provide at the function of the pr alled Carland, within two miles of Danganoon, Hopped to attack several men who were at work. They were resisted, and the dram broken in the San the defeated party having made good their parts. And the dram broken in the San the defeated party having made good their parts. They also took his tubs with them, besides San the defeated party having made good their parts. They also took his tubs with them, besides San the defeated party having made good their parts. They also took his tubs with them, besides San the defeated party having made good their parts. They also took his tubs with them, besides San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. They also took his tubs with them, besides San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the defeated party having made good their parts. San the farm the farmed the parts the farm the farmed the parts. San the farm the farmed the farmed farmed farmed for the farme for the farmed fo Ano the defeated party having made good their pas-met of the source of the above sour

nesday afternoon last, the first show for the present | the premises of Mr. T. Galleway, painter, &c., Boar | the workmen employed in the plain silk glove branch, year of the Leeds Floral and Horticultural Society | Lane, Leeds, which at first threatened serious destruc- | held at the Shoulder of Mutton, Barker Gate, on Ship-log, was, by his Majesty's orders, placed in scene until it was too late to interfere. The ruffians took place at the Music Hall, Albion-street, when tion. The servant girl, it appears, was sweeping in a meeting held in frost of the court-nouse of than is the court-nouse of the following notice at the meeting held in frost of the court-nouse of the following notice at the state of the day wells and returned to Dungan- there were some choice specimens of horticultural back kitchen, and by some means broke a bottle con- sideration the evils under which the hands were instead on Saturday :-

The gentlemen's gardeners were the successful com- | are no hopes of her recovery. Mrs. Galloway and her

petitors for the prizes for fruits and vegetables, daughterare doing well, though both are much injured. amongst whom Mr. Carr, gardener to Thos. Benyon, An alarm was soon spread, and the town's engine Lodge in connection with this Order was opened at Esq. of Roundhay, appeared to be the principal. The from the police-office was speedily on the spot, and, in the wards of the Board of Revenue should be by the Catholic inhabitants of the hamlet, who, it is company was not so numerous as we have seen; at aided by a plentiful supply of water from the plugs, and at institutions supported by the Govern- admitted, were without arms. The pretext for the least there were not so many persons in the room at the fire men were enabled to get the fire under be-

LEEDS DISTRICT COURT OF BANKRUPTCY .- In this sity of the smoke, but we are happy to say the rucourt, on Wednesday last, before Mr. Commissioner | mour was without foundation. Bere, Mr. Thomas Smithson, tobacconnist, of York, AN UNPROFITABLE CUSTOMER.-At the Court very excellent authorities before we left Dungannon, made an application for his certificate. He was House, on Monday week, a man of the name of engine having the steam turned off, the one behind we coarcely think it possible that so much mischief we scarcely think it possible that so much mischief opposed by Mr. Blackburn, solicitor of Leeds, on George Bottomley, was brought up before the sit-could have been done in so very short a time, as behalf of the principal creditors, the Yorkshire Dis-ting magistrates under the following circumstances. is his deal may give that this Commissioner is under his command, accompanied by Robert Wray, Leeds, solicitor, was engaged for the bankrupt. It Inn, at Mill Hill, kept by Mr. Armitage, and havtrict Bank, and Mr. Thompson. Mr. Bond, also of On Saturday evening he went to the Queen's Head that means. At an inquest held on Wednesday, a appeared from Mr. Blackburn's statement, that the ing engaged a bed, ordered coffee and ham, which fortunate man, whose name is ison, and proceeded with the utmost dispatch to bankrupt was insolvent in 1834, in upwards of £2,000; was supplied to him, and after that a glass of the scene of action. It is fortunate that the Repeal- that he subsequently opened an account with the brandy and water. The next morning he partook of **BROWSGROVE**.—The trade of this town is cluded by moving the following resolution :—"That statements relative to some parts of the Commissioner; according for if they were, and that he or one of his party had statements relative to some parts of his accounts. Mr. Parker of the Clarendon Hotol, Water-lane, per week, leaving only 4s, 9d, for a man and his add 30,000 determined repealers to our ranks." been sent to their account, O'Connell would have Mr. Blackburn argued that as the 39th sec. of the 5 stated that on Friday evening last, the day Mr. Bond contended that there was no fraudulent intention on the part of the bankrupt, and attempted

to cry peccavi when they roused the Protestant lion. "About seven o clock the entire body again assem-bled in the Diamond, and being told off in com-panies, left the town in the most peaceable manner, their bands playing before them." Inscertificate, for the opposing orbitols were of an amount sufficient to prevent it, and the court must look to be a great enthusiast; and said he had been three days inhell; and that God had told him to get into debt. The following is the man's own history, as written bet the town about the backware while in extent be back with the backware while in extent of home. The following is the man's own history, as written bet the town about the back with the town about the backware while in extent of home.

that of reckless extravagance and inattention to near Rochdale, for twenty week's lodgings, &c., symptoms of disorder; but when the troop marched

LEEDS.-HORTICULTURAL DISPLAY.-On Wed- FIRE. - A fire broke out on Friday week, on NOTTINGHAM.-At a general meeting of

seen on some former occasions, but there were, never. | fire place, where some cinders had just fallen frem | was appointed, with power to add to their number, | of the peace !! Men of Clare, now is the day and theless, of the latter, some beautiful specimens exhi- the grate. As a matter of course the inflammable to prepare an address, setting forth the various im- now is the heur. The work of Ireland's freedom bited. The tulips were principally from the gardens liquid was instantly in a blaze, and the girl, with positions to which they were subjected, and calling must begin where the foundation stone of her regeof Mr. Benjamin Ely, of Rothwell Haigh; and Mrs. Galleway and her daughter, who were in upon those employers who are thus charging to de- neration was laid, in Clare-glorious Clare. Clare although the season has been against them there the kitchen, were also enveloped in the sist from such practice, and return to the old system men! born slaves, but determined to be free! Meet were a number of blooms which attracted great flame. The servant was so frightfully burnt of frame charges. The trade are called upon to meet at two o'clock to-morrow (Sunday) the 28th May, in

> LEICESTER.-----INDEPENDENT ORDER OF UNITED BROTHERS.-LEICESTER UNITY.-Another Leicester on Monday last, when twenty one persons were duly initiated and three more proposed.

admitted, were without arms. The pretext for the ment. The intelligence from China contains nothing re-that the unarmed Catholics were the aggressors upon that the unarmed Catholics were the aggressors upon ment. The intelligence from China contains nothing re-that the unarmed Catholics were the aggressors upon that the unarmed Catholics were the aggressors upon the thus that the the over of an excellent selection of music. The his safety were entertained on second of the dare his safety were entertained, on account of the den- ran over his head, and crushed it in a very shocking manner, so much so that his brains fell upon the ground. It appears that it was a long train, and there was a pilot engine behind ; and, with the first and he was thrown over the side of the waggon by verdict of accidental death was returned. The un-

> Agricultural Bank, and obtained large advances; breakfast, but when called upon to pay his bill, he in a most deplorable state. The staple trade is our best thanks are hereby given to his Grace the that his profits since 1834, had been about £550 a stated that he could not do so till he received some nail-making. The masters have reduced the men Duke of Wellington and Sir R. Peel, for the enerwould have been dreadful—many, very many lives would have been sacrificed, and the crisis which is approaching might have been hastened to an immediate consummation. It is equally fortunate that the wounds inflicted on Morrow were not fatal. that the wounds inflicted on Morrow were not fatal, not exceed £550; he had also made several false ner, were in attendance to complain against him. shop rent and tools to pay for, which is one shilling an odious act of Parliament in a free country, they

a very short time to triumph in his agitation.-How- and 6 Victoria, had expressly provided that the before he visited Mr. Armitage, the prisoner town every day in large numbers, but are very cheers, and said, although he spoke of the bareful bit so enerous were to inin the duties of ins onco-bit is a moment of disgust he breke his own head is his ink-stone on which the Chinese pare their ink). A very shert time to triumph in Ais agilation.—How-pare their ink). A very shert time to triumph in Ais agilation.—How-ever, having wrecked their vengeance on the pro-pare their ink). A very shert time to triumph in Ais agilation.—How-ever, having wrecked their vengeance on the pro-conduct of the bankrupt both before and after his bacon aud eggs ito supper, and a glass of brandy in merry order to the airs of 'The Protestant Boys' to take the trade out of the truckmasters' hands. The churchwardens and overseers called a public with the blessing of God, they would effect the repeal Ar canter which be spirit was exhibited by the i Croppies lie down, &c. About six o'clock they present time, his conduct had been fraudulent, and pected to receive some in the town; that his name The churchwardens and overseers called a public with the blessing of God, they would effect the repeal that he had not given a full statement of his affairs. | was Bottomley and he came from Halifax. On this meeting on Monday morning, and the men went to of the union-(loud cheers.)

representation, and appearing to be acquainted with it, but were refused admittance by the police, who The Rev. Mr. HENNESSY then came forward and parties' at Halifax, he was allowed to leave the were stationed at the gates ; and when a deputation complimented Tipperary on the glorious reception they welcomed a company of the 83d, which arrived to explain omissions in his cash accounts. After the house to seek, as he pretended, some money. In the from the working men's committee obtained entrance given to the Liberator there. The struggle of 1828 from Charlemont, with three hearty cheers. This matter had been fairly gone into, the Learned Com- course of the day he returned, wrote a note which he they were informed by these generous souls that if was still fresh in their recollection, and Clare force was brought from their quarters through a missioner delivered judgment, observing that there addressed to Mrs. Blackburn, wife of Mr. T. Black- they refused working at the masters' prices, they would not be Clare if she did not make a grand torrent of rain, in consequence of an affidavit made was a material difference between a bankrupt passing burn, woollen-draper, Briggate, which note was would be refused all relief at the Union Bastile, and display on the 15th of June. He impressed on them by one of the Repealers, a shop or public-house his last examination and obtaining his certificate. keeper, or something of that sort, whose name, we He might tell all the truth, and though unsatisfactory, believe is Ferrall that his house was in danger i there might he sufficient reason for passing his exbelieve, is Farrell, that his house was in danger; there might be sufficient reason for passing his ex- did not return any more. Prior to his stay at the with a vengeance. The men assembled on Monday energetic speech, by calling for three cheers for the and that the leaders of the Repeal party were made amination, but that did not furnish ground for grant- Clarendon, he had lived a week at Parker's Tem- at their usual place of meeting, when they were Queen, three cheers for the Repeal of the Union, ing the certificate. If the last act of parliament had perance Hotel, having gone there on the 17th May; not passed, the bankrupt could not have obtained he left his bill unpaid. Whilst at this place he Chartist, who showed up the would-be philanthro-

his certificate, for the opposing creditors were of an stated he was about to publish a book: pretented pists and gave the factions a good dressing, not for. The meeting then separated in a peaccable and

believe quite unexpectedly, the 2d Dragoon Guards (or Queen's Bays), then stationed in the cavaliy barracks, Hulme, received the " route" for Ireland. and they marched from Manchester on Monday, for Liverpool, on their route to Ireland. It is said that

### REPEAL MEETING IN CLARE.

The Clare Journal, a Fory paper, gives an account issued on Saturday :--

"The Liberator dismissed from the commission

The Clare Journal states that there was an immense assemblage at the hour appointed :-

Mr. CHARLES O'CONNELL addressed the meeting at some length, and with considerable effect. He said the government had dismissed the Liberator from the commission of the peace, which was only an incumbrance to him ; they deprived themselves of the aid of an intelligent and pacifying magistrate, and to vex their faces they cut off their noses-(laughter) He had a most gratifying fact to tell the meeting. Mr. John M'Namara, a most respectable man and intelligent magistrate, declared to him that the moment he heard of a magistrate dismissed for attending a repeal meeting, that moment he would send up his subscription to the Corn Exchange. The caused the waggons to come in contact very foreibly, government had other irons in the fire which wanted more serious attention. There was the Scotch presbyterian question ; the Chartist proceedings, and other dificulties ; but the base, rancorons,

### " Dungannon, Friday.

"I arrived here this morning, and found the pice in a state of extreme excitement, owing to mages of a very strocions nature having taken rice on Tuesday last. I find, in last night's Evenmy Packet, the ontrage referred to, under the folwing head-' FRUITS OF THE REPEAL AGITATION' -ind then follows an indistinct confusion of facia, ry kind within sixty miles of the place !! But izre was a gathering of Orangemen from different carters, with drums and fifes, playing party tunes, mhont even the semblance of meeting to petition, g pass resolutions, or even make speeches. What he object of the gathering could have been is not iscoverable, except from its results; it is supposed the object was to deter petitioners from holding any meeting, even within doors, in this town in future. lying, with the words ' No Repeal' on one side, and b demolishing, ransacking, breaking and plunderry all the houses of the Catholics reaident in that wan and its vicinity, to the amount of. I am crethe informed, forly-five houses !! passing by each Protestant dwelling without the slightest molesta-Îm 11

"I enclose an accurate account, taken by a repetable individual, who took an inventory of the ischief done.

"Mark this ! the entire havoc was done without In the approach of the Orangemen.

Typelf, though described by eye-witnesses."

The inventory alluded to occupies ten or twelve pages; but as the details of the work of devastation are generally of the same character as regards all the houses wrecked, we shall, for the present, confine ouselves to the following epitome:-

Edward O'Donnell-A bedstead smashed, also trowneels, two chests, a reel, a shelf, three crocks, Millen of plates, an iron pot, and two windows. Bernard Dowlin-Broken : Two windows, two thes, two spinning wheels, a shelf, an iron pot, Reporter of Thursday. the rocks, ten plates, eight mugs; a silk handker-the, value 23. 6d., carried away; a tongs carried

may, and fire put into the thatch. Jane Young-Two windows broken, and fire put In the insteh.

Neal Doff-Door and frame broken, two window

Em fire. Bariley Corr-Forge and gable honse nearly pulled

Deels, and two shirts, carried away. Poor Corr's inventory of damage done and pro-Perty stolen is considerable.]

The smashed, the gable-house knocked down, and enjoyed the treat.

For put in the thatch of her dwelling. Pat M.Corry-Fire put in the thatch, and his house robbed.

Ally Donnelly-Doors broken open, the windows Ind some of her farmiture carried away.

Widow Jane M'Mahon-Windows and door moken; chairs, dresser, and pot broken; and bed chines carried away.

Mrs. Corr, beaten ; Mary Anne Tierney, beaten Ererely; Widow M'Giade robbed.

James Duff-Doors and windows broken, furnitre broken, and £3 in cash taken away.

Bartley Patten-All his furniture, bed, and bed-Car destroyed.

A BRUTE.-James Lepleton, a decrepid pensioner,

are pursuing a most ab

HOUSE OF COMMONS .- TUESDAY, MAY 30.

The debate of the evening, that on the Irish Arms Bill, was resumed by Mr. Ross, who gave the Bill his decided opposition, as did also Mr. S. O'Brien, Mr. Redington, and Colonel Conolly, whe followed him. The debate was participated in by Mr. Carew, Lord Bernard, Mr. W. S. O'Brien, Capt. Layard, Mr. Watson, Lord C. Hamilton, Mr. C. Buller. Mr. Shaw, Mr. M. J. O'Connell, and Mr. V. Stuart, after which the debate and the House adjourned together.

TROOPS FOR IRELAND .- On Sunday morning, we

their present destination is Mullingar.-Manchester

WEDNESDAY, MAY 31.

The adjourned debate on the Irish Arms' Bill was resumed by Mr. Wyse, who made a moderate and judicious speech on the present distresses and grievances of Ireland. A lengthened discussion followed, in which Sir J. GRAHAM and Sir R. PEEL took a part, and, on a division, the Bill was ordered to be read a second time by a majority of 165; the numbers being-

For the second reading of the Bill... 270 For Mr. S. Crawford's amendment... 105 Majority for the second reading ---- 165

Some other business was gone through, and the House adjourned.

THURSDAY, JUNE 1. There being only thirteen members present at four o'clock, the House adjourned till Friday.

#### SUMMER ASSIZES.

The Judges met in the Exchequer Chamber, on Thursday morning, and chose their respective circuits in the ensuing summer assizes. The following is the arrangement :---

NORFOLK .-- Lord Denman and Mr. Baron Alder-

HOME.-Chief Justice Tindal and Mr. Baron

MIDLAND.-Lord Abinger and Mr. Justice Pat-

OXFORD.-Mr. Justice Williams and Mr. Justice

NORTHERN.-Mr. Justice Wightman and Mr. Justice Cresswell.

WESTERN.-Mr. Justice Coloridge and Mr. Justice

NORTH WALES .- Mr. Baron Gurney. South WALES .- Mr. Baron Rolfs.

Mr. Justice Coltman remains in town, and will attend business at Chambers.

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REPEAL RENT .- The amount of subscriptions towards this fund, for the week ending Saturday last, has been announced to be £904 11s. 4d.

trate, the mob dispersed, leaving a vast number of great splendour, by the names of Alice Maud Mary.

half-past ten o'clock this morning the rioters were DR. HORNER, of Hull, recommended potatoes brought before Mr. Studdert, at Henry-street and arsenic as the most effectual means for the police-office, who after hearing evidence, summarily destruction of beetles. We have tried it in our punished the prisoners by fining the bulk of them houses with the most triumphant success .- Gar-40s., or one month's imprisonment, while others had deners' Guzette.

CHEAP MEDICINE FOR HORSES .- For the disease commonly called the gripes, to which horses are so subject, there has been discovered an infallible which the law sanctioned in such cases. Many person; it is merely one spoonful of soot, and one of wheat flour mixed with a pint of cold spring water, given with a horn in the usual manner. This will be found to afford instantaneous relief.

ARBIVAL OF THE KING OF HANOVER .--- Precisely et twenty minutes before four on Friday afternoon, his Majesty the King of Hanover and suite landed seduced his own daughter, who is under fourteen at the Custom-house Quay, from the Eagle Government steamer, having the royal standard at its mainmast. His Majesty appeared in health, but more

than usually pale. Indeed, the reception he met with was not celculated to raise his spirits. The

number of persons assembled was about 700; and

his Majesty, followed by a Hanoverian officer, walked

shores of his native land. At length hisses and groans commenced, and became general. As his

Majesty ascended the steps of the Custom-house

thire furniture destroyed.

It is by this means that the faction seek to supply Pretext for coercive measures, in order that the Orange Yeomanry may again be organised; and paid, and the lives and property of the Catholics left once More at their mercy."

In the Nevery Examiner we find the following ac-

"For zeveral days previous, emissaries were busy

Mayo, and with whose name we are acquainted, wards of six months, and was known by nearly all the inhabitants as the great lady killer. In fact, a respectable-looking man exclaimed, with a strong this person could not scand at the house door but the girls would flock about him; and so jealous | ful to God he is not King of England !" This remark for scandal, ar sing out of this strange partiality. Un

voice. " Don't hiss the poor old man; let us be thank-More Poung Patriots.

At Chelsea, John and Mary Ann Chippendale

# COURT OF QUEENS FEACH,

SATURDAY, JUNE 3.

THE QUEEN T. OCONNOR AND OTHERS.

Their LORDSHIPS having intimated that they wished of venue only

to appear in support of the rule for arresting the judg- indictment was had." In Hawkins, book 2, c. 25, s. 83, the Crown, page 780, where it was held that indict. tion for a particular purpose as for an addition of one margin. ment in this case ; and, confining himself entirely to the it was said it seemed agreed by all books that no in- ment against a receiver of stolen goods need not allege of the parties for the purpose before the venue, yet the Mr. DUNDAS-Where no county was named at all he should submit that the case on behalf of the defendfourth count, before he submitted the grounds upon sistency. This matter also was mentioned in 5 T. R., tion 5 enacted that a party receiving stolen goods, his favour. The fourth count in effect charged, that divers persons, en divers days between the 1st of August | was one of the Conneil at Madras. Mr. Justice Bailer "knowingly" was the gist of the offence ; and, although | was, that " Southampton" was in the margin. and the 1st of October, at divers places, tumalthously there said, " that every material fact which is issuable it was alleged that a stealing must have taken place, yet assembled together and by violence impeded labour, and and triable must be laid with time and place ; it must be for the purpose of this offence no distinct act of stealing there'y caused terror and alarm. That was the offence, laid with a venue, for the sake of trial; and wherever a need be established. If the property was received by if any, that was charged on the face of this indictment, venue is necessary, time must also be mentioned." This the defendant, without inquiry and for small value, that and he begged their Lordships would bear in mind that the indictable offence charged was, that divers persons was contending. at divers places tamultuously assembled and by violence | impeded labour, and then it went on to charge what in a case of felony would be a charge of being an accessory. The allegation was, that the defendants at Manchester. in Lancashire, did aid, abet, cases it was recommended that the indictment should the said unlawful assemblies. It was, therefore, an in- wit, at London : but all he was arguing was, that they dictment whereupon two steps were essentially neces- must assign a place for the essential fact. sary to prove the corpus delicit alleged to be charged Mr. Justice ColERIDGE observed, that the Learned against the principal criminals, and to prove that the Counsel must go back then to the principle of the defendants were accessories to that crime, whatever old cases, where the place would have been the real that might be. As the count was framed, he submit- place, or the place in the county where the grand jury

ted that the want of allering any place for the commis- sat sion of the principal offence was fatal to the count, as Mr. EBLE would allude to the case of the rebels matter of objection in point of substance, and also who were tried in Surrey. The indictment said, "To fatal on account of the rules of pleading. He would wit, at Cregdon." They were found guilty of rebellion goods." first address himself to that which was in the nature at Carlisle, although the indictment was "to wit, at of an objection in point of substance. In the want of Groydon." alleging any places prevented it appearing upon the the accessories would fall to the ground; unless the 'Marylebone." principals were guilty of an indictable offence, the BC- i Mr. ERLE said, they might name a place within the cessories were accessory to that which was not indict- jurisdiction, as in the Court of Admiralty and the Cenable, and, therefore, would not be themselves indict- | tral Criminal Court, able. The argument on this point lay in a small compass,-namely, that it was perfectly consistent with the fact within the jurisdiction. all that was alleged, that the principal : ffenders might | Mr. ERLE said, the objection was, that they did not not have been indictable for the acts alleged; and he allege any place for the existence of this offence. It to keep away the witness:" the endeavouring to keep provision, any objection that would be good upon took it on the ground that those acts might have co- was as if they had not said anything at all about the away is the gist of the offence-the state of mind curred in parts of the giebe out of the dominions of place. He submitted that the point alluded to by Mr. constitutes the offence, combined with the actual enher Majesty, which was consistent with the allega- Justice Coleridge of alleging "the real place" and then deavouring. gation, here, that the acts charged might have adding " to wit" stood on no good foundation, and, taken place beyond the limits of her realm, and therefore, it was now no longer necessary. The indictif they bad taken place there and would not ment was not vitiated by it. He would advert to the offence. Thus, suppose the case of there having been immaterial, but he believed Mr. Bodkin was in those be indiciable, this point would be established case of " The King v. Hoynes," in 4 Maule and Selwyn, no real offence, or of the trial coming on before a court cases. The concessions made by his Learned Friends appeared 214, which was an indictment against a miller for re- of no jurisdiction-the keeping away a witness might Attorney-General, who had opened this case, said the meal; and he brought the case before their Lordships the existence of the legal grounds of trial was not a upon another indictment. charge against the principal effenders was chiefly intended because it was there heid, upon error, to reverse a judgto sprend over divers counties. The description went ment after Haynes had been convicted, that the indicton, that a large portion of the realm was in an unsattled meat was ill, if it did not show a certain place where state, and that the acts complained of were going on in the defendant received the barley to grind, the indictthat portion of the realm, and his friend somitted that most alleging "the jurors, &c., present that F. Haynes, the description did apply, and was intended to apply is e of the parish of Brasted, in the county of Kent, without limitation, to divers counties, to every county miller, on the 5th of March, in the 54th Geo. 111., and in the realm, without limitation. In the course of the long before, and continually thence until the day of argument their Lordships had pressed his Learned taking the inquisition, was possessed of and did keep, Friends to say why the principal offence should be con- and is still possessed and doth keep, a certain common fined to the courties of England? Would it not be and public mill, called a water mill, situate at the equally indictable if committed in Scotland or Ireland? parish aferesaid, for the purpose of grinding wheat and taken place in Scotland or Ireland, or in any part of he :=ceited the corn in the county of Kent to be ground ; dictable off-nce for aiding and abetting in this country ; receive !. I have been endeavouring to see if it might | exported. for want of alleging a venue to the principal off ace. the statute of the 7th George IV., c. 64, sec. 20. of schstantive misdemeanour?

and he might, therefore, state in approaching thus not be dispensed with, but upon locking to the indictbranch of the argument, his friend's principle would ment, I find that the defendant received the barley for make machinery. The charge is solely the exporting. The opinion of the Learned Judges in that case was and the whites in Jemaica, an indictable offence would received by the defendant as aforessid. Therefore it any more important. he would ask what there was to fix the acts of the case where it almost appeared to be implied that the "recipiens, sciens," sufficiently avers it. The statute IV. did not apply to the present case. He submitted divers persons who assembled at the divers phers- miler would revive the corn at the mil. But it was, on that offence assumes the stealing to have existed. that the statute of the 6th of Geo. IV., enacting that what there was to show that these places must possible that Haynes might have received the corn at and then, on this prior state of facts, creates a new the Jury might be taken from the body of the county be within the dominions of the Queen? There was p another place, and for want of alleging where it was misdemeanour. If you receive things to which that and not from the hundred, did not advance his triends' description given except that the assemblies occurred in received the indictment was held bad. In the case description applies, knowing it to apply, you are guilty argument; it was prior to the 7th of Gow. IV. In resthe face of the indicament that all the essential facts aileged without any allegation of place. Upon that, goods within that description knowing it the face of the indicatent that an indicatent that indicatent that the observation of place. Upon that, goods within that description knowing it. that constituted guilt were there alleged, as had teen brad general principle the indicatent would be bad, Mr. Justice COLERIDGE.—Would argue that "stolen diction. suggested when this role was mored. It was perfectly for a material fact was alleged without any place, goods" is as much a merely descriptive phrase as possible that there might have been in France a dispe-tion the description knowing it. Wr. Justice COLERIDGE remarked, that the Solicitor-General had said the Court had jurisdiction so long as internal that was alleged without any place. Solicitor-the might have been in France a dispe-tion the descriptive phrase as sition sgainst Brglish artisans beyond the rower of the rions ways; and it was contended that this fault was Mr. ERLE .- Let me put the case of "French silk;" the grand jury found the bill. Queen-it was perfectly possible that tumultuous as by a alegy cured by the statutes of amendments and that I think a fair analogy, importing French silks Mr. ERLE said, that was one of the points. With law and construe the indiciment strictly; and then, it statutes of feofails this objection would have been good conspiracy. the jurisdiction of the Court. But, passing from this plied only to chil pleadings. The statutes relating to man has been indicted as an "accessory before the the judges over an offence was compounded of two criminal pleading, and for this branch of the argument, ings, and did not relate to indictments. The law as to mitted? that the principal offenders were charged with an in- indictments remained the same as it was before these dictable off-nee, he submitted that this count was had, statutes came into effect. Mr. Justice COLERIDGE would ask whether this did upon the other statutes of feofails and amendments. beginning, that if it had been a case of felony the on their Loreships' attention, the calling the principal to argue that the statutes of feofails would not help the confined to a given place, and it must appear in charge amounted to that of an accessory before the fact. offence an "unlawful estembly." was not a material total omission of venue. They cared the imperfect the indictment that the offence an "unlawful estembly." and that there being no relong committed the charge of fact but mere matter of inducement. The cases of statement-not the entire omission, of a material alle-, the limits of that place. It must appear on the accessory fell to the ground? Supposing it were a case "The King against Palier' and "The King against gation. As to time, a less stringent rule was recog- face of the indictment that the Court had jurisdiction.

state the time and place, but that "it must be repeated nor with intent to publish it, showing afterwards that to try the cause of Mr. Justice PATTESON .- What is the name of the that the only case in which a party could be indicted to every material fact ; and, therefore, quod 10 M. apud ; it was published, was an offence per se, and then said, action was laid in Surrey. Lord C. J. Holt said there case ?

Mr. DUNDAS-" The King v. Frazer," tried in 1833. B. insultum fecil et cum gladio felonice percussit, "If the defendant is charged with writing and with was a difference between actions and indictments. If publishing a libel, and he wrote it in Leicestershire and this had been an action, and the plaintiff had declated It is not yet reported.

bad." So the reference ought to be to a time published it in Middlesex, an offence is committed in thus. and "Middlesex" had been in the margin, it Mr. Justice [COLERIDGE.-But there was good reaor place certain; as if it says, quod percussit apud either place, and therefore it may be well tried in either must have referred to that county; and the reason is son for that decision without supporting your posito here the county; and the reason is son for that defendants on the question A in consider the indictment sufficient which Mr. ERLE proceeded to address the Court. He had "unless they alleged a place for a material fact, the to the case of "The King v. Scott," in 2 East Pleas of therefore, though a county be mentioned in the declara-

Lord DENMAN said that had been overruled.

tween indictments and actions.

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE said, in an indictment, if without any evidence whatever being given of the goods margin.

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-You must state them to be of "The King v. Burridge," 3 P. Williams 496. It was stated on the record. .

not laid that the fact of ailing and assisting was Mr. BAINES appeared on behalf of three of the the goods knowing them to have been stolen. "The Mr. ERLE would submit, that after this case of "The done by force, therefore the aiding and assisting might defendants, and should certainly after the arguments King v. Stock" stood as a single case, and gave no Es, the said persons to continue and persist in, state the matter suggested by Mr. Justice Coloridge, to King v. Stott," it would be sufficient to turn to the have been done in another county, and the Court could of his learned friends have been done in another county, and the Court could of his learned friends have been done in another county, and the Court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could of his learned friends have been done in another county and the court could be sufficient to turn to the have been done in another county and the court could be sufficient to turn to the have been done in another county and the court could be sufficient to turn to the have been done in another county and the court could be sufficient to turn to the have been done in another county and the court could be sufficient to turn to the have been done in another court of the have been done stainte of Anne, and say the defendant received certain not take notice that lichester was in the county of troubling their Lordships, were not this a question of issuable fact should be stated. His Learned Friend had Somerset, In the 1st Sanders, 368, in a note it was great importance to his clients. He contended as to cited the case of "The King v. Holland," to show that Mr. Justice COLERIDGE.—The averment that the said that it was usual in practice to insert the name of the 5th count that this was not a case of an improper every material allegation was stated, and that vas goods had been stolen must be proved, as it is a ma- the county in the caption instead of the county afore- or imperfect venue, but a case of no venue at all; and valuable from the observations of Lord Kenyon, in the terial fact. It is no mother on this principle whether said, but the word "aforesaid" was sufficient. The therefore it was not within the statute of 7th and 8th 5th T. R., 620; that was an indictment against rebils the fact be proved in the ordinary way, by evidence or by name of the place, without the word " aforesaid," was George IV., and could not be cured by it. That statute and all the material facts were stated to have occured not sufficient; but in civil cases it was otherwise; for applied only to cases where there was a want of a pro- at Carlisle, although they were tried in Surrey; and Mr. ERLE.-In point of pleading, you need not it was held sufficient to name the place only in the de- per, or an imperfect venue, and not to cases where that was a poculiar case, where there was a dispensa. allege the stealing, but that the goods were "stolen claration, because the place is always considered to there was a total omission. It was by no means a sound tion of the statement of venue. The indictment set refer to the county in the margin. He trusted that the argument that, as was urged by the Solicitor-General, out the peculiar circumstances, and recited in the cap. Lord DENMAN-You must prove that they were stolen authority to which he had adverted would satisfy their if his construction of the statutes were not adopted tion the Act of Parliament which gave the authority. Lordships that the three cases named by his friend the they would have no real meaning at all. Their Lord- If they were to take the venue in the margin, by ana Attorney General were extra-judicial dicla. In "Hale's ships were aware that in many cases it was found diffi- locy it was plain the only venue there stated was Saney, record that any indiciable off res at all was committed Carr, and Payne, 394, where Mr. Justice Bayley had so to speak-of "stolen goods." The Learned Counsel Pleas of the Crown, 165," it was said that the caption cuit, if not impossible, to say what the o'ject of the and, therefore, if ever there was a case of disponation by the principal effenders, of course the charge against directed to words of a venue, to be inserted "at St. then cited a case from Fitzgibbon, page 123, where the variable of the indictment; but the style, or preindictment being for keeping away a witness from the amble, or return made from an inferior to a superior. employed were sufficient to carry it out. It was, how- the recital of the Act of Parliament gave notice of the trial of a misdimeanant, it was moved in arrest of judg- If the case of "the King v. Minter Hart" was tenable, ever, by no means necessary to construe the statutes in circumstances under which the authority was given the way proposed by the Solicitor-General, in order to but Lord Kenyon said, notwithstanding that, it was ment, that it ought to have stated that the defendant the margin would not gure a defect in the indictment. avoid making them entirely a dead letter. The cases necessary to state every essential issuable fact with its knew that there was a criminal charge, and that the Mr. Justice PATTESON observed that it was there Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-That must be according to trial was coming on. The answer was, "No; the said to be taken before verdict, and was the same thing in the books showed that the statutes were designed to. proper vonue. That was a recognition that, notwithe and held to, cure defective or imperfect statements of standing the venue in the margin, that venue could venue, which would have been fatal in pleading on not dispense with the proper allegations in the body of Mr. ERLE said that unless there was a statutable arrest of judgment but for the operation of the statute. the indictment. Was this an issuable fact? He ap. special or general demurrer would be good in arrest of Thus in 2d Hawkins. 85. " it is unnecessary to aver a prehended it clearly was so. If they looked at the naconclusion of law with time and place; but if it be so, ture of the plea of not guilty they would see it was a and it be done improperly, the indictment is bad. As cumulative traverse of everything necessary to Lord DENMAN said that in Hart's case there were several indictments, and he was transported upon one if D be struck in county A, and die in county B, and he proved to found the legal guilt of the party. vouring, would of themselves be, in certain cases, no of them; therefore the history of the others was very the indictment allege his murder to have been in Here there were two incidents which the traverse Mr. BODKIN observed, that upon the success of the of the offence and essential to be proved, need not be blings there would be no aiding and abetting; and to him to gos long way to establish it. The Learned cliving corn to be ground, and returning had or mixed be no offence. So that then it is not quite clear that objections Hart was set at liberty, but was convicted stated with time and place, but if it were, it must be there might be tumultuous assemblings and ne aiding Mr. Justice PATTESON said the judges directed an laid down as it had been recognized in the court in It was not a mere inducement, it was the very gist receiving. And does it not seem that these are parallel acquittal, and treates the objection the same as if it ["Rex v. Wright," 1, Adolphus and Ellis. The want of the case. In a case of murder the indictment had been brought before them on a demurrer. If the of "proper" venue was cured by the statutes. Since ought to state all the principal averments. If it objection was demurrable the statuto did not cure it, the passing of the 6th George IV., requiring as to were an ordinary case of principal and accessory, fence of receiving, if the goods had not been stolen? because the statute only cured after judgment by default, criminal what the Act of Anne had as to civil pro- there was no precedent which shewed that the intro-Mr. ERLE-No; certainly it is material, as part of as, after verdict, strictly speaking, the judge had no ceedings, that the jury should come from the body of ductory material averment of the principal's guilt was power to do this; it could only be done by allowing the county, the special venue need not be laid where not stated with the proper venue. If they chose not Mr. BODKIN suid, that in Hart's case it did not appear was not displaced of stating the venue for facts of a parties were principals as misdemeanants, the venue the receiving. The stealing of the goods received pressly to it. It was clear that the Learned Judges an indictment merely avorred that the prisoner broke of the realm; there was no single word which pointed His friend stid that if the translators assemblies had other contherein; but the indictment and not allege that guiltily is matter only of description, just as in an in- | dealt with the case as their Lordships had done in hold. and entered a certain house in the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_, to the necessity that the parties should be otherwise

as a receiver was that of the person who harboured the

thief in stealing, or the murderer in case of murder. He would ask their Lordships whether they could con. ceive in a case at common law, where they had a person indicted for harbouring a thief is felony, their Lord.

mentioned before, though one was in the addition only, the argument of his Learned Friend. He would refer denote the county in which the action is laid, and second in another, and the apprehension in another, and did not state either time or place when and where the felony was committed by A B; but the person was in. dicted for harbouring A B? Would that be sufficient as a statement in the indictment? He apprehended it would be utterly insufficient so to state it ; but with regard to point their Lordships had ruggested, namely, the defect dictment was good without expressly shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place. It was sufficient to allege the comitate precisely shewing some time and place wherein the offence was committed, which must fact of stealing the goods and their receiver at and be cited the case as an authority for his position. appear to have been within the jurisdiction of the this was a charge under the statute of the 5 h. of Anne, purpose. But here there was no "Middlesex" in the lt certainly would seem that where no venue whatever common law should state time and place in order to ants ought to succeed, and he would pray their Lord- Court in which the indictment was taken, and must be c. 31, s. 6. which made a substantial misdemeancur to margin. The county in the margin states the place was laid in the body of the count, that the margined give certainty, and that the person put upon his triat ships' attention particularly to the effince charged in the so alleged as to be free from all repugnance and incon- receive stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen. Sec- where the cause of action is alleged to have been, but venue would not suffice. He would refer the court to should have notice of the where and inconin an indictment the county in the margin is only put the case of the "King v. Connop," in 4 Adolphus and offence with which he stood charged. With regard to which be relied for the judgment of the Court being in 620, the case of "The King v. Stock," it was a decision to 520, the case of "Ine King v. Holland," who was knowing mem to be stolen, might be proceeded against to denote where the indictment was found. In the indictment was found. In the indictment was found in the body of the count as the substantial which no great weight should be attached, and they indicted for malversations in office during the time he as an accessory after the fact; but here the receiving same volume of Lord Raymond, 1304, the exception the venue in the body of the count as the substantial which no great weight should be attached, and they venue. It would seem that the marginal note was must therefore look at the object the statute was in. never called into life except by reference to it. It was tended to introduce. Formerly it was impossible that Mr. ERLE said there was a distinction recognised beence were made to it then it started into life; but until was convicted. That had caused many annoyances, and then it was of no import. He contended, therefore, that it was necessary that some positive enactment should would be good evidence to go to the jury that the defend-ant had received the goods knowing them to be stolen, said in the body, it was clear that would refer to the count of an indictment, and this objection applied to of a new offence, and do away with the necessity efset. both counts of the present indictment, and there being ting out upon the record the principal offence, as it

Mr. ERLE said, clearly so. The next case was that no verue in either the whole offence had not been truly would have been where the principal was indicted; but the substantive offence must be stated, that he received

the former, it will be vicious, for the act was completed disputed-one a tumultuously assembling; one aiding in the latter." That which was not of the escence and abetting. If there were no tumultuous assemstated correct'y. So in 2 Hale, p. 80, the doctrine was and abetting, and the defendants would be not guilty

the facts were of a transitory nature, but the necessity to consider this with the single intention that all local nature, as in burglary and night poaching. A ought to have been stated. The wording of this in-

dictment (one might instance), for exporting machinery, ing an objection good in arrest of judgment when it was &c., without giving further description (which would than out of the realm. The maiter was not to be left the realms of her Majesty, although net within the and Lord Eilenborough said, "Then, as to the want the making of the machinery is not alleged, not projurisdiction of this Court, that would constitute an in- of a venue where either of the parcels of barley was vable, not travesable, yet it must have been made to be was clear upon the parcels of barley was vable, not travesable, yet it must have been made to be was clear upon the parcels of barley was vable, not travesable, yet it must have been made to be was clear upon the parcels of barley was vable. the benefit of it at the time, although it was not the offences all through the county. These arguments and was charged. There was nothing to show that an Mr. Justice COLERIDGE -But it is no offence to moment when, according to law, he was entitled to it. authorities he hoped would be sufficient to disprove offence had been committed within the jurisdiction of the Solicitor Genera's construction of the statute. the Court. If this had taken place in France, or one go to may that if the offence occurred in any part of the purpose of being ground at the mill, and that the Queen's dominions, in Scotland or Ireland, or any of the purpose is a fact constantly referred to in all the subse-the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the solution. They could not apply the parish to the purpose of the solution. They could not apply the parish to the purpose of the solution. the celonies, a contest for labour between the blacks quent cliegations; for they all relate to the barley so increasing it might have show this state of facts existed in this country? word "aforesaid;" and if that could not be done, the been more difficult to apply them to the case of utter Mr. Justice WILLIAMS asked if it was admitted. be constituted, and his Learned Friend had so stated it. seems to me that the indictment is defective, for want of that if it distinctly appeared to have been done in If the description of the principal effence was conceded of a venue to a fact which is material, and may not be gation of it independently of the charge-"scients." to apply to any part of the dominions of the Queer, dispensed with." He would put that as an authority, whether within this hemisphere or the other hemisphere or hemisphere or the other hemisphere or hemisphere o Mr. Serjeant MURPHY said the Solicitor-General had Mr. BAINES - Then why have inserted the word said there was no venue to the fifth count, unless the proper ?" It is on the change of language which the act of Parliament interposed and ended it. Now it was Legislature adopted when they came to speak of venue | plain that the caption in an indictment was no part of that I rely. They evidently use language more quali- the indictment itself. If it should appear by the fled and restricted, as to curing defects in venue than indictment or information that the Court had jurisdicdivers places; and surely he might contend with cont general it was not averying a material fact. But the of the misdemeanour created : the criminal pleader pect to the allegation of place the want of perfect or in time. Their Lordships could not, the Learned Gen. tion, the statute would cure the defect. The fifth count dence that in criminal pleadings it must appear apon present off-ace, as set out in the fourth count, was may charge the (ff ace, by avering that you took proper venue would not be fatal provided it appeared | theman proceeded to argue, look at the "caption" 1 independent of being had on other grounds, as not Saunders, 250 b) Faulkner's case. By the indictment showing there ever had been a continuance of any act itself it must appear that the Court had jurisdiction. done, was bad, as not stating where any of those cir-Mr. Justice Colleringe.- You assume that the venue cumstances took place. Could it be therefore said, that the act of Parliament cured it? This was no improper Mr. BAINES. + Not exactly, my Lord. I contend or imperfect venue : was no venue the want of a proper that your Lordships cannot look at the caption; venue ! It could not be said that the want of venue semblies might have taken place, and that the subjects for his Learned Counsel respect to the margin, if was a condition precedent for whereas, the Solicitor-General called it in aid He was the same as an imporfect venue, nor could it be said of the Queen employed in foreign manufactories might bid contended before their Lordships that this objection, then cited the case of "M.Daniel," in 1st Foster, 121. the application of this statute, that it should appear the North in the interview of the fore their Lordships that this objection, then cited the case of "M.Daniel," in 1st Foster, 121. the application of this statute, that it should appear the North in the interview of the fore their Lordships that the objection of this statute, that it should appear the North in the interview of the fore their lordships that the objection of this statute, that it should appear the North in the interview of the fore their lordships that the objection of this statute, the statute of the fore their lordships that the objection of the statute of the fore their lordships that the objection of the statute of the fore their lordships that the objection of the statute of the fore their lordships that the objection of the statute of the fore their lordships that the objection of the statute of the fore their lordships that the objection of the statute of the fore their lordships that the statute of the fore their lordships the statute of the fore the statute of the statute of the statute of the fore the statute of the sta by the full and yet in the indicate in the ind there englishes the because it for his indictment, the grand furly determined by the others who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had found the other who would shale of the county had for his apprehension among them. The was of a perfectly a variety of action to be inferred. The Court might have furidifies a variety of action to the court might have furidifies and have because it count of the words were, "where the court should perfect where the court who were the average to the process is the more remarkable because it could not have jurisdiction without some place being was for the sound at the process is the more remarkable because it could not have jurisdiction without some place being was for the sound of the more remarkable because it could not have jurisdiction without some place being was for the sound of the more remarkable because it could not have jurisdiction without some place being was for the sound of the more remarkable because it could not have jurisdiction without some place being was for the sound of the more remarkable because it could not have jurisdiction without some place being taken then certainly together, otherwise the marginal sider that unless jurisdiction was shewn, the place the purpose of giving great advartage to the prosect. ell of which were cases after verdict, and all were de-tors if they departed from precedent and brought for- fective for want of alleging a place. In two late cases need have no communication with the principal friend imported into the indictment the finding of the ward an unusual charge in an unusual form, for the a similar defect had been held to be cured on demurrer, off-nder. And in fact it was there held that no real grand jury, but the indictment must show an offence as to the fich count. In was found had no reference to place; but that the judge resposes he had mentioned, -if there was a defect in under the statute 4 and 5 Anne, c. 16. This argument robbery had been perpetrated, the taking having been coming within the jurisdiction of the jurisdictin of the jurisdicti an essential allegation, be asked their Lord birs to give of his learned friend, the Solicitor-General appeared to collusive and voluntary on the part of the person who their commission. The commission related to offences would only be so from some circumstances distinguish. Mr. BODKIN, on the same side, had not believed to and voluntary on the part of the person who their commission. the defendants the benefit of the known rules of the him strong to confirm the objection. Before the allowed himself to be robbed, for the purposes of the committee within a certain place, and of a character. In Lancashire it must be for offences arising and making the authority sui generis; for certainly voured to sustain a count where no venue at all was did not appear that any offence had taken place within in civil and criminal pleadings, but those statutes ap. Mr. Justice PATTESON-Is there any case in which a within the county of Lancaster. The jurisdiction of a statute and the statute ments of material and traversable facts must be with General had been repudiated by the Solicitor-General: point to the objections founded of the line and place. In "East's Pleas of the Crown," the the former had argued that the jurisdiction was referareport was meagre, and no persons were given for the ble to the character of the offence, while the latter had authority. He thought the case might be explained in given up the count except it was cured by the statute. this way. When the venue was averred in an indict. The words of the statute were peculiar, and might hir Justice PATTLEON said, in construing the late met with such a case, which struck him as in its terms arise within the local limits over which my jurisdiction ment for receiving stolen goods, it referred to the drive the Court, as in many other instances, to convict that it was had on that ground, and was not eased by statute of ane Gment, the 7th and 8th of George IV, contradictory and impossible. He should, however, extends?" That was the way he answered his learned and impossible. He should, however, extends?" and was going on in every county through which the that there was no venue, but something must appear to sustained as sufficiently charging and aiding and abet- miner was not alone sufficient to show that the goods were carried till they reached the hands of the show that it was within the jurisdiction of the Court. not rest on what the Learned Counsel had said in the Mr.ERLE continued. - Another argument much pressed ting a future offence. The Learned Counsel preceded commission had jurisdiction. The Commission had jurisdiction. county through which they passed. Lord DENMAN - I could easily put cases in which of vanue in the fourth count. It was also so loosely might have reference to either. There was an absence that could not be so; as, if the goods were sent by an worded, that it was difficult to understand what the innocent messenger, who could not be said to have been precise offence charged was. It was difficult to say from it whether these persons were aiding and abetting Mr. BAINES -But these raing by that innocent agent at a distance from where the offence was committed, or would be a continuance of the larceny by the principal, that they were personally present taking part in the act. Mr Justice COLEBIDGE would suppose the case of ing" others to unlawfully assembling; but no art of or any place not within this realm. Then, was the degree establish the locality of the offence. They might inciting a Frenchman to murder a Frenchman in Parliament had made this an offence. In "The King fault cured by the venue in the margin? It was said be mistaken in the county or parish where it occurred. principal, who would be indicted for the larceny in charge, and there was a material distinction between the two cases. In a case arising out of "The Queen v. that Court. But it had unlimited jurisdiction. An in. Mr. Justice PATTESON - You can hardly maintain output, and but does not be that proposition. Suppose the thief delivered them to ment was held bad for want of particularity, in alleging to centre incides French subject was not an incide: in his Majesty's forces by sea and land from their emission of the venue to one material allegation is nue in the margin, "England to wit." He would not, a person in some county without any instructions at all, that the prisoners incided another to commit an able (firre so fir z: he knew. Of course there might daty and singiance, and by this statute all prisons an omission as to the whole ! Because, there is a however, press that part of the argument on their and that the receiver took them into another county offence, without, on the face of the indictment, naming and gave them to a third party who knew all the cir- the person or averring that he was unknown. Mr. ERLE-I am not sure my argument would go to Mr. Justice PATTESON-An information might be cumstances, and took them to conceal them; would Mr. ATHERTON then proceeded to address the Court filed in this Court laying the venue anywhere; but an there be any continuing larceny in the county were the on the part of some of the other defendants, and went last receiver took them? It could not be alleged in an over a similar ground of argument, citing the case of indictment against this person that he received the "Mellor against Walker," 3 William's Saunders, 5 b., goods from the thief, but that he received them, and the notes thereto, to show the two counts of the indictment bad under the rules of criminal pleading, " knowing them to have been stulen." Mr. BAINES -1 think my proposition borne out by for not setting out a venue in the body of the indictment, where the venue was local and material, so that the authorities. Lord DENMAN + A steals goods in Middlesex and it could not be known where the venire facius was to be then derivers them to B without any instructions B awarded.

second point of his account.

indictable offence at common law?

two countries in a war, which might vary the case; but 'guilty of felony, a d suffer death as felons withledge of the laws of this country, would not be indict- that the gist of the statute was in the word "sethis point. If this point had been an indictment for forch. The answer was, that the "endeavour to so-Some 2ª secessifies.

not be a shird case of substantive misdemeanour ?

without saying ad tune et ibidem percussit, is

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE asked if it must be laid in

Mr. ERLE said, according to the rules of pleading, it

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE referred to a case in 4

ought to have been laid in that way, and in many other

some place in England, to wit, at London?

case only set up the general proposition for which he would be good evidence to go to the jury that the defend-

being stolen goods.

admission.

goods

goods belonging to somebody.

stolen goods knowing them to be stolen.

Mr. ERLE-That they answerd to the description-

the indictment was coming on to be tried, endeavoured

Lord DENMAN-The "state of mind," and endea-

material fact. So with the stealing, or an indictment for

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-Could there be the cf-

cases with the present?

the description.

time or place.

charge is sufficiently stated in this,-that she, knowing as if taken upon demurrer.

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-Yes it is alleged without the party to withdraw his plea and demur.

Mr. ERLE-But the offence-the subject of indict- that the Court had juriseliction.

judzment.

the descadant Fulier, contrary to the 37th George III., a venue. Mr. EBLE should state that inciting one Frenchman c. 70, advisedly endevoured to seduce persons serving Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-You assume that the dictment might be preferred in that Court with a vebe facts such as would have the effect of involving the convicted of this conduct were to be adjudged venue as to the latter part of the indictment. the inciting to sefrand, according to his limited harway cut benefit of clergy. It was us ed in that case, that length. felory as the principal effence, and the defendants were duce' was but a conclusion of fact, and that the fact allered to have been accessories, the indictment was was fully expressed by the mere force of the word alleged to have been the offence; they are alleged to the finding of the Grand Jury showed that the offence framed in such a way as to make that proof accessor "end avoured," dra, without specifying the means em. have been committed within the jurisdiction of the was within their limits. Enough ought to be alleged which would have been necessary had the charge been ployed. This was an indictable misdemeanour, created Court

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE would ask if there might The case of "The King r. Higgins," in 2 East's Reports, | wit-the jurors on their oaths present, &c." He would

Mr. ERLE (observing that he did not think the state judge sat was for county A, and he having the comof the facts here involved that point) said he had never mission in his breast was to say, " does this offence they must be suided by the auglogy of construction put argue that in this case the indictment-could not be friend. The general commission of over and ter-Stort" had been quoted, but he submitted that these nized by the statutes (for an obvious reason) than as An imperfect allegation of place was sufficient if enough committing or continuing a larceny. Mr. ERLE observed, that he was now coming to the creat were perfectly distinguishable from the present to place. If a place at all were named as the scene of were alleged to give the judge cognizance of the offence. The indiciment charged the precuring and "encourag- | the acts alleged, they might have taken place in France, The finding of the Grand Jury did not in the smallest France, would not the inciting in this country be an against Fuller" the substance of the charge was that that this might be taken as the imperfect statement of Their Lordships had put the case of the jurisdiction of any country where the coods came.

able. He wished to draw the attention of the Court to date," and that therefore the means ought to be set offence to have been committed within the jurisdiction. the venue in Middlesex. Mr. ERLE-Not an offence.

that of felory. The authorities which had been cited by ach of Parliament. The charge of "aiding and Mr. ERLE-But my objection is that there is not was within the jurisdiction. The fifth count was alby the Solicitor-General, in misdemeanours all were atting was a charge the technical meaning of which sileced to have been any offence, that the acts are not leged to be bad unless the venue in the margin would calment; C taking them with a knowledge of the cir- their judgment. principals, or they might be taken some 25 principals, was known to the criminal law, and was understood alleged adequately as forming an offence. Will the cure the defect. The only point for maintaining this technicalif as leing accessory before or all r the fact. Imarginal venue aid the the defect? " Lancashire to count was, that the venue in the margin could be im-in Surrey, but not A for the largeny? The case of "The King r. Higgins," in 2 East's Reports, wit-the jurors on their oachs present, as. It would not be body of the under the body of the option that he would submit that parts any of the Chel (" or Kilmainham pensioners courses of the cases. However, he continued, the next he would submit that sustained by the cases. However, he continued, the next hemselves with the repeal movement, directly and he would also by be a third case of substantive misdemeanour? Fare 4, was not ap offence created by act of Parliament, contend unat the word in their case it was very much discussed whether the words immediately following. viz —"the jurors," the fifth count was clearly bad; and he would also case of Stock, if it could not be explained on that or indirectly, their names will instantly be struck off point attent to the crass of "The-King v. Higgins," the " soliciting" a person to commit an effecte, without not to the effence subsequently alluded to; and it was as submit that the fourth could not be supported. and "The King v. Stock," between which and the case showing that the off-ace was committed, with the off-ace was committed, with the intervent, with the intervent to submit that the fourt could not be supported. now before the Court it was not, he contended, good law; as it was there held that the off-ace was committed, with the intervent of the present," as indict. The statutes of feofails plie in or creating present, "as required proof of a principal misder servant to steal his master's goods is a misder meaning our defects in actions but not The present case required proof of a principal misde. Pervant to steal his master's goods is a misdemeanour, ceedings. The margin cured defects in actions but not fore, would not trouble their Lordships at any great The present case requires proof or a principal misute service of start to s memory and the defendants alleged that no principal if ough it is not charge in the initial memory and the authorities often in the initial memory and the defendants alleged that no principal if ough it is not charge in the initial memory and the authorities often in the initial memory and the authorities often in the initial memory and the authorities often in the initial memory and the authority in support is a second in the solution of the grand jury did in the solution and such if the authority in support is the field that the finding of the grand jury did is a second in the bad also under that the c-fenerate aided and absted the persons who is indictaba." But it could not be said that this regal of the proposition. The first one was in "Kailworth, not establish the locality. In the second book of practice to be so. took part in t. -s tumplicous assemblies, to counter ment was a; Beable to the present case. There was no 33," where the marginal venue was "Oxford City," and Hawkins, c. 25, s. 34, " of indictment, within what the indictment, within what the indictment of the indict Lance the said asymptic to the present case. There was no 33," where the marginal venue was "Oxford City," and "Hawkins, c. 25, s. 34, " of indictment, within what has the said asymptic that they incited them aligned the body of the aligned the aligned the body of the aligned t positive principal redements or and that the defen- perfectly possible to " sic and that my cone. mated that the indictment was bad, they say "that if they had no jurisdiction over it. He submitted to their be charged as willing in she was to the effect that every material fact be a violent and passionate man, and it was not the honse, whe desired that the offence should be com. indictivent was had for the imperfect venue in the body, no reference whatsoever to the venue in the margin, Mr Jactice COLERIDGE supposed the Learned pleted, and who diverted the stantin of the efficer, not that it was good for the venue in the margin, the neither was there any mode whereby they could import, county (for this he cited a case in the 4th of " Maule Counsel admitted that wend be indictable; but would that party would be an " aider and abetter" in the reporter merely adding that had it not been for the that which was in the margin into the count, unless It be an effect to contract that one of the rain which levery without there birr ar contraction between mistake in the body, the marginal venue was sufficient pleading). There could be no question of the law on body, and he at once discovered that the neck was it be an effice to con minimized to control that out of the realm which refery, without there being any control model, and gave it as his most decided opinion that would be a minimized to committed to England? Mr. Euler imagined it would. Mr. Euler imagined it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagined it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine it would the facts of the facts. Mr. Euler imagine i Mr. Likle imagined it Sonbi. Mr. Justice ColleRidge-Hit was to include a person communication with any of the principal defendants, judicial dicium, that the venue in the margin related to Court, that an indictment for a nuisance, without an indictment for a nuisance of the principal defendants for a nuisance of the nuisance of t Timn. would it not be putting a most strange con- the officie not to the addition.

on the face of the indictment that the Court had juris-

General had said the Court had jurisdiction so long as in the margin and the caption are the same.

place. The particular commission under which the

Lordships, as he was not experienced in it.

Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-The indictment shows the indictment could not lie in this Court without laying

Mr. ERLE would not press this point. He only urged Mr. Justice COLERIDGE-At all events the acts this against the argument of the Solicitor-General, that on the face of the indictment to show that the off-nce cumstance, would be indicted for the guilty receiving Mr. Justice COLERIDGE -- Mr. Starkie, in his book,

The COURT intimated that they would consider of

WE HAVE the highest authority to state, that if

WILFUL MURDER.-On Friday, May the 19:b, a lad named Isaac Kettleband, aged ten years, son of William Kettleband, of Wysall, labourer, was missing. On the Tuesday his body was found in a horse-Lord DENMAN intimated no had also understood the pond, on the farm of Mr. Henry Habb, situate near to a barn and a stable, at which the deceased and his father usually worked. An inquest was held on

dants aided and absentions in and manication between the principal offender and the nothing had been said on the margin of city, it might Lordships on both counts, but clearly on the fifth assist in the fild n etings. His friends had sought accessory. In the case of a burgiary being committee, have been intended as a general word, and not have been count, that there was nothing in the body of the into avoid this by shift the grand, that they might in the knowledge of a party who saw the peace officer, aidable." This, it would be observed, was an extra dictment laying the offene: within the jurisdiction of

out of the realm it would not i e an affenor? Mr. ERLE-To commit mur er out of the realin was survivion on this indictment to any that the defendants

statutory, but for any other utenes the judge world was charged with "reliciting" to commit an offence, jac. 167. (Leach's case.) not have jurisdiction. He we not aware of any law when the defendants might merely have "aided and that would make it a misdemeans of to endeavour to stir suetted ?"

fatal, and that it was not cured by the statute of 7 George down over offences not committed within the margin." Since the statute of 7 George down and his father ware has then and his father ware has then for the statute of 7 George down and his father ware has then for the statute of 7 George down and his father ware has then for the statute of 7 George down and his father ware has then for the statute of 7 George down and his father ware has then for the statute of 7 George down and his father ware has then for his father ware has the for his father ware has then for his father ware has the for elear that there must have been an unlawful ratembling : rebels, and yet it might be an act done without a single merely an omission of " aforessid," and therefore could IV. the case of Minter Hart had occurred, and he had and an impeding of labour by violence. These facts word of communication between the parties to bring it not refer to the wargin. He was not sware of any found another case, since that, referred to in the 3rd most be established, it was quite essential to the in. within the case of "The King v. Higgins." He con- other an'hority cited by his Learned Friends as im- volume of Burns' Justice by Doyle and Williams, p. 383 dictment, because the charge was, that the defacdants fidently relied that there was nothing in the count from mediately helping them. In the 2nd Lord Raymond, where in an indictment for bigamy the venue was laid had aided and abetted the persons to continue and as- which the defendants could understand that they were \$88, "The Queen v. Rhodes," which was an indictment in Middlesex ; and it was stated that the first marriage Rist; and, therefore, the offence was an essential fact, charged with having "solicited" any person to commit for subornation of perjury; the information set out took place in the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the second in the and for the want of a place being stated in the allega- an efferce. In the case of "The King v. Burdett," that "C. W. Rhodes, late of the county of Surrey," county of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_; and at the conclusion it stated took indictment, the county way bad reported in a place being stated in the said E, was apprend tion on the fare of the indictment, the court was had reported in 4 Barnewall and Alderson, 458, the point &c. It stated that Rhodes had persuaded a man to "that the jurors further say that the said E. was appreaccording to the rules of pleading. He would that he much discussed by the Coart was whether the defend-swear to a falsebood, and it stated that the man was the Coart with a few authorities, to show that time and antiwould be guilty of an indictable offence for writing indicted at St. Clement Danes, in the county aforesaid, blank for each place. After conviction the judges held place were material facts, and must be stated on the a liber with intent to publish it in the county where it, which would appear as if St. Clement Danes was in the unanimously that the indictment was bad, for it did not indicament. Comyn's Digest, "Indicament," sec. 2., Was written, if afterwards it were published in another county of Surrey. The case was tried at Westminster, appear that a Middlesex Grand Jury had any jurisdic-indicament and any jurisdic in state of the backs of showed that you must not only in the first instance county; and there Holroyd, J., Leld that writing a and an objection was made that the Judge had no right tion.

Mr. ERLE-The argument was, that the omission of given upon an indictment, the indictment was held that the facts occurred out of the bingdom. The Mr. ERLE-The argument was, that the omission of given upon an indictment, the indictment was held that the facts occurred out of the kingdon. The could not possibly have broken his neck in falling in the course to the addition was fatal and extra-judicial, to be ill, because no county was named in the that the facts occurred out of the kingdon. The accidentally. These circumstances, connected with np the subjects of a foreign county to the sights Mr. Justice PATTESON-There are other words be- The Court said the margin referred to the offence, and body of the indictment, although a county of property. There night be a : - stry where sides "siding and abetting" in the count, Mr. Ede; not to the addition. All the Court required to say was, was named in the margin of the record. In

receivers by statute, it was laid down in all the books Journal.

returned. On the same evening and during the next Mr. Justice CoLERIDGE-But you seem to apply day, the village gossips, in talking the affair over, your explanation to the one, and not to the other. Mr. BAINES continued to contend, that the weight been used, as the father of the dee ased was known must be stated as occorring in a particular villa in the rious that he had always most tham fully and and Selwyn," and the book of Mr. Starkie on criminal Wyn swold, surgeon, was sent for to examine the Ine one see not to the addition. Mr. Justice Patteson said, there was a case in 3 Cro. jac. 167. (Leach's case.) days. Undoubtedly, then, the indictment was bad for is, except at one corner, surrounded by a deal fince, Eliz, 751, which was error to reverse a judgment not even showing the fact to have occurred within the about four feet high, and is so situate that the boy Learned Cousel here cited an authority in Hale's Sum- the anxiety the father exhibited to have the corpse mary, page 203 (cited in "Rez v. Burdett"); "regu- interred before any surgical examination took place, of property. There might be a county while there sides "siding and abetting" in the count, Mr. Etle; not to the addition. All the count required to say was, was no protection. He had presention the form of the indictation the realm. There was no statutable provision in the present case; therefore the indictment sheuld have excluded the supposition of the acts having occurred out farm buildings are situate about a mile from the of this country. He apprehended the Grand Jury had village, and stand the width of a very large field no possible business to meddle with this indictment, and from the road; they consist of a barn and stables at it did not appear that the Grand Jury had jurisdiction.' He submitted that there was sufficient objection to the not more than twenty five or thirty yards distant. right angles of each other, and the pund spoken of is He submitted that there was summered of state to a the submitted that twenty ave of third, June Wysall, indictment for the want of venue, and that it was not On Thursday a Jury sat at the Plough Inu, Wysall, before whom Mr. Swann commenced his inquiry, and

Mr. Sergeant MURPHY would not address himself, a verdict was returned of "Wilful murder against in the first place, to the case of "The King v. Stock.' some person or persons unknown." The prisoner

# THE NORTHERN STAR.

# EMIGRATION.

# WHERE TO, AND HOW TO PROCEED.

TOTES OF A TOUR THROUGH & PORTION OF CANADA. AND SEVERAL OF THE STATES OF NORTH AMERICA, PARTICULARLY THE STATES OF WASSACHUSETTS, RHODE ISLAND, NEW YORK. PENNSTLVANIA, OHIO, MICHIGAN, ILLINOIS. WISCONSIN, AND NEW JERSEY, UNDERIAKEN WITH A VIEW OF ASCERTAINING THE DE-SIRABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, OF EMIGRATION ; AND TO JUDGE OF THE BEST LOCATION. FOR ENGLISH EMIGRANTS, FROM ACTUAL OBSER TATION.

BY LAWRENCE PITKETHLY, of Haddersfield.

(Continued from our last week's paper.)

JOURNAL-CLEVELAND, FAIRPORT, BUF. FALLO, NIAGARA RIVER, THE FALLS, AND SUBBOUNDING DISTRICT.

trance by the old river.

is deal of shipping in the river, it being the entrance some few improvements. to the Erie and Ohio canal.

We remained here five hours, and took in coal and ferrod.

DETROIT to this place in an unusually short space of | lection of limekilns.

hours

propeller, a kind of Archimeadian screw.

rive at three or four to-morrow morning.

siew storehouses. A short distance from this place, save her. and bordering on the forest, is the village of Richmond. The appearance is clean and neat. A little beyond, PLINESTILLE; that name being given it in honour of both sides of the river. the famons THOMAS PAINE, anthor of the Rights of I witnessed some wooden houses which had been Man, and who figured in the French and American re- knocked down by the British bombs from the Canada Tolutions

are rather manaerona

kind friend, Mr. Spencer, was instantly on board to look diately above the rapids. for me. The captain was anxions to get in before break-!

Great Western De Witt Clinton, Commodore Perry, General Harrison General Scott Thos. Jefferson United States	Sandusky Fairport, Cleveland Kent (British) New York Charles Townsend
Constitution	Missouri
Constellation	Coesepeake
North America	Illinois
General Wayne	Beakester
Indiana	Rochester
Buffalo	James Maddison
America	Banker's Hill
Waterloo	Levington

Many of the above ships are of immerse size, having powerfal engines, and proceed at great speed, and they pozseas excellent and extensive accommodation. The uniform fares by such of the above steamers that ply to CHIGAGO, a distance of 1047 miles, is fifteen dollars cabin, with provisions; and eight dollars steerage, without provisions.

The principal hotels are the United States, American, FRIDAT, 9th-At five, a.m., we entered the port of Western, Mansion-house, Huffs, and the Farmers. An GIEVELAND, in Ohio. CLEVELAND is to the left, and immense building, intended for an hotel, and to surpass OHIO city to the right of the river as we enter. I all the others in splendour and extent, was just compassed this place in the night when going West, and menced; when crash came down the banks, and with my it only by moonlight. On our left is a long street them the proprietor. It has since rested as a memento in the side of the river, about a quarter of a mile of the folly and extravagance of speculation mania. from where we ley; and after ascending a pretty steep TUESDAY, 13th-I left Baffalo this morning at nine. Jonk, we enter a street described in my former notes Mr. Smith, a painter from Aberdeen, pointed to a when on my way Westward. From the top of this bank steamer upon which he had, in painting, once expended Thad a fine view of OH10 city, which is principally above a ton of white lead. This surprised me. I built upon the oppeatte bank, of about the same eleva- went by the Waterloo steamer for the Falls. On gettion. A small portion is upon the slope or inclined ting into the river we had a tolerable view of Fort plane, and a small portion, consisting of storehouses, on Erie, (Canada,) in ruins. We passed Waterloe, Black fill the ravine, for a mile or more, to the depth of My driver took me over a precipice such as I had the fist bottom or brink of the river. It seems a place Rock, Dam Mills, and the foundry on the Great Breakof less insiness and bustle than on the Cleveland side. water, Beaver Island, and Grand Island, which we weeks together. A small foundry was in active operation near the en- passed on the West or Canada side of the Island. This island and the land on both sides of the river is gener. have worked the position of this mighty cataract. But small building was all that was to be seen, in which is the the greatest work ever yet performed by man;

After passing NAVY ISLAND we put in at SCHLOSSER, The "Rochester" steamer from BUFFALO came into where the far-famed steamer Careline was cut away and during that period."

In passing down non Deliver new met the institute and in other to avoid the current, which is that it would go over the Falls at an appointed time many matters connected with the place, yet I found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving

FAIRPORT, on Grand River, is a very small place, is quite evident that were a vessel of any description to, mences, dived so deeply into a sand bank (the masts consisting of a few dwelling-houses, a large hotel, and approach too near the rapids, nothing on earth could going overboard) as to stick fast; and there she now

storehouses) the view is very beautiful, having in sight ment experienced by the spectators, at her not going I was informed, stood a considerable town named the Grand and Navy Islands, and the main land on over the Falls, was excessive.

shore. My sitention was directed to the havoc done by the rock is a covered winding stair by which, for the alluded to in my former letters. The county all along the shores of this lake (Brie) the bombs in crossing from SCHLOSSEB to CHIPPEWA, recovered with wood, excepting the clearings which when passing very near the Island. The entrance to bottom of the rock; and a third sum will enable the remarks on the letter of your correspondent Gracchus, CHIPPEWA is by a small river. which has been made curious to cover themselves with skins, for the pu: pose, that appears in this day's paper, which letter is written SATURDAY, 10th-BUFFALO.-I rose at break of day, navigable by considerable cutting at the entrance, of being kept tolerably dry while they proceed under- in a spirit that makes it pleasant to have such an oppoand prepared for landing, having just got ready to go where it is dangerous in consequence of its being in neath the Falls, or between the perpendicular surface nent to point out any error, or supposed errors, that I athore when the versel was laid alongside the pier. My such close proximity to the strong current imme. of the rock and the falling water; where, I am told, may advance.

his as it would save about thirty dollars, which sum to carry us to the Falls, which, although apparently we bridge from the States side to Goat Island, which is in the hands of the people the election of the president. the meal would cost, the fare, including provisions. Were close upon, was found to be six or seven miles perfectly flat and resting upon props, and supported by treasurer, and auditors of accounts. and by their re-When we reached Mr. Spencer's home, he informed distant. The passenger train was completely growded Bath Island, about midway, has been carried over: how taining the power of dismissing them at any time it me of the turnouts and riots in England, the circum- outside before I reached it, and being desirous to see as such props could be fixed in the current of such an im- may be found advisable.

surprise and pleasure. The Iris changing forms, as the from an extraordinary pool of that name in the river of not securing efficient officers; the great reason why union, and zeal go. I think that our movement of 1839 will sun and spray shift, dances fairy like upon it. Here, Nisgara close by. I regret that I had not an oppor- the people are governed as they are so contrary to vie with the Repeal movement of the present day. We also, may frequently be seen the phenomenon of the tunity to visit the place. Lunar bow.

forty-five feet high, having winding steps in the in- crop of fruit most abundant.

terior, built in 1833. From its summit, an admirable We soon reached the extent of Queenston Heights, view of the whole scene is obtained. "The flood does not descend from the ledge, perpen- the monument of General Brock, on or near the spot

the abyss into which this incredible mass is perpetually constantly before their eyes the shattered remains of the secured at whatever cost it has to be obtained. pouring exceeds 250 feet; at least, such is the depth of monumental tower. Near the monument we had a

icz the stream.

summer, is most splendid in winter. The trees and except the precipice at the Falls, lay the town of in our great, noble, and godlike cause. shrubs are then covered with transparent elect, and QUEENSION. It is situate on a plain to the left, and With regard to sex, I would observe, that talented principle; but perhaps Mr. G.'s observation apply enly glitter as if clothed with diamonds : and the spray is on the right stands the town of LEWISTON. The scene and intelligent women will give a moral power, force, to the cavils and renegadism that have occurred in our decorated in the dazzling colours of the rainbows which that lay before me was perfectly unique, and produced and dignity, to the Association which it can never ranks, the lamentable errors (to be mild) of the late arch the river from many points.

Brie, and poured over the Falls in such masses as to and interesting. from 30 to 50ft. so that it may be crossed, on foot, for never seen a vehicle of the kind taken over. This he

The note while we were there; but she only staid two sent over the FALLS. Here we landed a few passer- As a sort of retallation for the cutting away of the plain man in appearance, and in conversation he With a good President, Secretary and Council, carederiver while we were there, but and two self out and the passes near the river on gers for the railway, which passes near the river on In passing down from DETROIT we met the first this side. We next crossed, inclining upwards, near In passing down from DETROIT we met the first this side. We next crossed, inclining upwards, near more function of the place, yet I found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving strong at this place, and increases as it approaches the found his diligently carrying out instructions received and giving the suggestions for further advance whenever they present suggestions for further advance whenever they present the suggestion of the river circle. To be continued to with the specified hour the thirty miles. Here we are lost the place is not the shift and speedily got into the general mind that shall, as rapidly as knowledge ean thick and the shift and speedily got into the specified hour the shift and speedily got into the specified hour the shift and speedily got into the specified hour the shift and speedily got into the splace. BUFFALO, at which place it is calculated we shall ar- rapid, the probability is, that it would be dashed, as was ' current; but bounding by one grand leap over a the Caroline, into the immeasureable pool beneath. It ridge with which the rapids, or inclined plane, comremains amid the mighty rush of waters, beyond any Above SCHLOSSER (which contains only two small conceivable means of human reach. The disaproint-

From the tower already described, on Goat Island, travellers by paying a small sum of money may view the frightfully abound, I intend to devote this letter to the river above and the boiling abyss below. In front of organizing of branches for such a society as I have

payment of a similar sum, persons may descend to the Before doing so, however, I must make some

diately above the rapids. On landing, we found the railway carriages waiting cially while the morning sun shines forth. Here the taiwed in my letters is strictly democratic, by its placing

Lunar bow. "Near the end of Terrapin bridge, in the water and on the verge of the precipice, stands a stone tower for way feet high having winding stone in the in-the soil here is by no means rich, and the surface is fast. I was surprised to observe that at and from for way feet high having winding stone in the in-the soil here is by no means rich, and the surface is fast. I was surprised to observe that at and from for way feet high having winding stone in the in-the soil here is by no means rich, and the surface is fast. I was surprised to observe that at and from for way feet high having winding stone in the inand the scone of the battle of that name, where stands dicularly, but forms an arch 20ft thick, whose semicord, where he fell. Some Yankees are charged with having importance, whereas a liberal but judicous expenditure acknowledged us as a party who have a right to preach at the base, may be from 40 to 50ft. The quantity of taken the liberty to cross the river, and after placing a would, in so great a cause as the one I am treating of, our opinions. One Judge has, from the judgment seat, water discharged here. has been variously estimated; at quantity of gunpowder and lighting a train, retired to amply repay itself a hundred or a thousand fold. To complimented our leaders for their ability and intelli-

the river below the Falls. But what line has sounded turn of the road, and at once a most delightful and proceed forthwith to select the most efficient conneil he the esteem of all good men. the depth immediate beneath the incessant ava-extensive view struck the eye. The whole extent of can procure to act cordially with him. In doing this One thing I would particularly call your attention to, the river Ningara to the Lake, with Youngster and each President should choose persons of the largest and is, that we have displayed something like unity of pur-"The banks from the ravine below the Falls rise per- Fort Ningara on the right; and Fort St. George on the most capacious minds he can find, without reference to pose and unity of action under, what we term, the dependicularly, above the river, 180ft; requiring extraor- left bank at its mouth; with Lake Ontario and an inu- class, sect, sex, or party. It will be perfectly immate- mocratic principles; and when I view the case in all dinary means for descinding to the water's edge. These mense forest as far as the eye could reach, presented rial whether they be Whigs, Tories, Radicals, Chartists, its bearings-the union we so rapidly effected with such have been supplied in the form of staircases at three themselves on a sudden and struck one with indiscrib- Cern-Law Repealers, or Repealers of any other kind; small means at our disposal—the much we have done points. The passage of the river below the Fall, is able awe. I had imagined that here the country was whether Churchmen, Dissenters, Infidels, or any other towards solightening our fellowmen upon true principles appalling from the rapidity of the current, the nu- cleared and cultivated; and although the appearance denomination of thinkers. The knowledge that they the amount of persecution we have endured and cultivated and cultivated based, merous eddies and the turbulence of the water; yet bespoke a solid forest, yet I soon learned that many cannot be made to believe otherwise than they are com- and the numerous privations our fellows have enit is entirely safe; and row boats are, constantly, cross- i. rms with extensive clearances were spread through- pelled to do by the impressions inade upon their minds, dured-the sacrifices so many of them have made out this apparently endless track of trees. At the will soon produce that universal charity that will enable for the cause, I cannot help but think that such a bedy "The scenery around the Falls, beautiful as it is in bottom of this, the steepest bank I had witnessed, all, cordially and truly to co-operate with each other is invincible, and by steady perseverance must succeed

the most pleasing sensations. Had not the afternoon acquire until they join it; and the work of human re- Executive; if so, I must inform him that these dis-"Sometimes, the ice is driven by the winds from Lake been hozy, the scene would have been more extensive generation will be accelerated more by the full and orders have occurred through violation of the democratic entire enlistment of the sympathies of woman, in its principle, for according to that principle, in the words progress, than by any other single cause.

did to get a nearer way to the terminus of the railway, society to which I refer. All must of necessity belong we invade the rights of others." Under this, the tale-"Doubts have been expressed as to the causes which which was about midway down the bank. A very to the working class, for the business to be done, CLEVELAND is a place of great business, and there ally flat, and nearly covered with wood, but having no where has nature written her mode of operation were only two females, who had no knowledge of my but provided they give cordial assistance we must more legibly; and we see in the continued wearing away luggage, or of any other. We therefore proceeded to most readily welcome all, whatever may be their rauk, We next arrived at NAVY ISLAND, from the head of the rocky strats over which the current is precipi-which, our view being clear, the spray of the FALLS tated the means by which the fall has receded, full for my trunk ; that being the sole object for which I great, the wise, and the good may be found among all was visible, resembling the smoke of a large number of seven miles, from the monthin ridge, at Lowiston. Yet had come. The agent was not at home, and during ranks and classes of the present confused and chaotic explaining clearly, of course. Now, were this always We had a fair wind, and travelled 181 miles from furnaces; or, perhaps, more like the smoke from a colaccounts of the Falls which reach back nearly two come into the town or not. I took up my abode at the have to take the initiative in producing the change spared. hundred years, the recession has been inconsiderable house of the father of my driver, who kept a neat from all that is erroneous and false to all that is true tavern. His name was Wadsworth. He was a very and just.

themselves; each city, town, and village throughout that pervades all nations, and as a matter of courd, all the empire may speedily become the centre of one the societies established within them, we shall have general mind that shall, as rapidly as knowledge can love and joy, and harmony. Hoping for this day, be obtained, take the necessary steps to ensure to all, every requisite for their progressive advancement, in the path of union, virtu, peace, and happiness. Having now pretty well disposed, I fear at a some-

what tedious length, of the question of organising a society, I shall proceed in my next to point out further practical steps that will require to be taken. I am. Sir.

Your obedient servant. WILLIAM GALPIN.

Harmony Hall, June 6th, 1843.

THE NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY.

THE "DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLE" versus "DESPOTIC AUTHORITY."

### TO THE CHARTIST PUBLIC.

BROTHERS,-It is evident, from the tenor of Mr. It is equally evident, now-to those who can reflect, the President, that it is unity of purpose and unity of that this wretched state of society should longer remain,

their inclination and will, is, that those in power take have not had so many of the rich with us; nor have we ate interest, to act contrary to those impulses which ples are rapidly progressing-the middle class are would dictate a more moble but less practical course. | moving towards us, and some portion of the press is To those unused to business proceedings the mere speaking more respectfully of us, aye even the Attorquestion of saving so much per week, is of considerble ney-General and the juster pertion of the Judges have 670,250 tons the minute; at 85 millions of tons the the opposite bask to witness its destruction; and while effectually and rapidly overcome all the combined gence, which, with the compliments of Mr. G. in this the abvest into which this incodible mass is non-tractic basis of the duly proud of; but must not let their feelings of pride overcome their After selecting his secretary, the President should judgment; but seek by every act of the'r lives to earn

if they keep strictly and consistently to the democratic brogress, than by any other single cause. Nothing must be heard of class distinctions, in the the rights of others, and if we pass our own boundary, bearer, the buisy-body is condemned, and if all men abided by this precept, how much ill-will and cavil would be avoided according to the democratic principle. All officers of the people should be servants of the peo-

> Senators too, should be paid for their services, what is fairly agreed upon, but no more. Last, but greatest point of the democratic principle is that " the people's will is law," the best guarantee for its being obeyed. Now, when the democratic principle becomes well known, and strictly acted on, instead of the cavil and discord. heartburning. ill-will, injuries and rorenges,

I remain, yours in fairb. GRACCHUS.

ADDRESS OF THE CONGRESS OF THE RATIONAL SOCIETY TO THE CHARTISTS.

FRIENDS AND FELLOW-MEN, -- The Congress of the National Society being deeply interested in the fallen state of the industrious classes, and greatly dissatisfied with the present condition of all classes, having met in their Annual Session at their Hall, in Hampshire, desire to address you on the false position and dangerous state of all parties throughout the empire.

It is now admitted by the highest authorities in the country, that among the working classes there is much ignorance, poverty, destitution, crime. and extreme suffering; and these cvils evidently arise from the neglect and oppression of the wealthy-to the deep and lasting injury of all ranks from the highest to the lowest.

Galpin's observations upon the power to be vested in and trace effects to their causes-that it is not necessary action he desired to effect, as the only means of arriving in an empire abounding with all the materials to ensure me of the turnouts and riots in England, the circum-; outsue periors restrict it, and being desirons to see as stances attending which I felt the most intense anxiety much of the country as possible, I mounted upon the by or source of that it is only by such a course of But these who govern, however much they may desire of its present artificial divisions. how, wisely, to apply them to practice. It is vain, at first, to look to any other party to tion for the continuance of the same measures, until all the industrious classes shall be well educated physi-The fifth paragraph is as follows :-- " Let us take the | cally, mentally, morally, and practically, and all perma-Congress, ROBERT OWEN, President of the Rational Society, and Chairman of Congress.

Scotlan -

offer a suggestion, he instantly leaves his instrument. ROCHESTER, this day. He performs upon other instruments, as well as the Diano.

up a spirit-that they had met, engaged and defeated ! the military-that they had ransacked and burnt the property of many individuals, and that no doubt the " Revulation" was effected.

I learned that on the Brie and Ohio canal, there is a community in which is included a considerable town named Zoar; it is under the control of a chief, whose mme I did not learn. - Their possessions are very extennve; their gardens are also large and kept in the best possible order, abounding with fruits of the richest description. It is a place of great attraction and resort. No charge is made for admission to view the place; but should any one pluck a single apple, a charge of a York shilling (63d) is made.

them for me to take home. She said they were the found interesting to my friends :---best thing in the world for refreshing, for richness of "The Niagara river, which, issuing from the N.E favour, and for preserving health.

I visited the "Great Western," the finest steam ship on the Lakes. She really is, in all respects, an admirthe vessel.

We visited the foundry of Messrs. Williamson & Co., which is a very neat and well contrived establishment Im lorging, casting, cleaning, and finishing steam engines and other machinery. There was a vast quanity of exquisitely finished models for castings. Mr. Wilkinson, the senior partner, a native of Glasgow, told In that the best montaing sand could be procured in Mundance only two miles from the place. He also bowed me excellent coal, suitable for blacksmiths, Which was got at no great distance and at a low price. While I am writing, the flashes of lightning are following each other in rapid succession, and the peals of Emoder are terrific, while the rain descends in torrents, like that described at the deluge, when the windows of beaven were opened. It could not pour down faster if hinges altogether. Lightning is of very common, Almost nightly occurrence. I frequently watch it in the

faniastic motion. Nothing comparable to it in grandeur is ever visible in Britain.

Mr. Wilkinson, one of the partners, was very polite, she was speedily over the Fails. and showed me and described his various descriptions Mores for cooking, which are in general use wherever I have travelled in the States. They have in them a and DETROIT. They ingenious contrivance for baking bread, which is Thy necessary, as they have it hot every morning for treatiast. They can broil their meat, boil their po-Traid be a profitable speculation.

and intro the serie of the scene a candidate on the hustings at Wakefield at the last there, seeing there could be no merit or demerit in the Repeal agitation. Proclamations of various sorts cere wish of all the Delegates of the Rational Society This gentleman expressed a strong desire for the The Americans to exchange the produce of their the Lands and shore and from the Americans to exchange the produce of their the Lands and shore and from the Americans to exchange the produce of their the Lands and shore and from the Americans to exchange the produce of their the Lands and shore and from the Americans to exchange the produce of their the Lands and shore and from the Americans to exchange the produce of their the Lands and shore and from the Americans to exchange the produce of the produce of the Americans to exchange the produce of the Americans to exchange the produce of the the Americans to exchange the produce of the produce of the americans to exchange the produce of the produce of the americans to exchange the produce of the produce of the americans to exchange the produce of the produ Wi for our manufactures; because they considered that as from the Table Rock on the Canada shore, and from and ague, a disorder which the doctors said was never necessitated. the shutting up of their people in factories did not the main bank. The first view is presented from the known in that place, in a single instance before. While With this rather extensive digression from the sub- and moved here and there. Several of our speakers with their free institutions; and further, that Librada sonth west corner of treat Island, above the moss engaged in conversation, a main come up from control of the formed me, that in nizing of Branches for the society. Islands. "Goat, or Iris, Island, is half a mile long by a consequence of no carriage being waiting at the station of the society should be formed, is heavily weeded. There are tried and imprisoned. These tyrannical acts excited it compled the morals, and reduced the physical Islands. rength of the operatives thus employed; producing What they desire is, to keep the many employed out several other Islands among the Bapids; some of ed dors multice quarter is to keep the many employed out several other Islands among the Bapids; the bridges till next morning. This was most galling, as I had in- one shilling quarter is to be led find built of the led find built Harmony Hall, Hants, they desire is, to keep the many employed out several other Islands among the Hapids; some of till next morning. This was most galling, as I had in- one shilling quarteriy, to the land fund, besides any tales of torches, daggers, pikes, and Chartists; the Go-The solution of the fields, where, with pure air which are connected with treat island by proges, is united to the solution of LETTERS from Bosnia confirm the intelligence kept rigorous and strong, and the mind clear and American shore by an ingeniously constructed bridge, which been from QUEENSTON to CHIPPEWA, along like and trust worthy person they know, without any meetings and petitions shortly answered the boast of given of an insurrection there. It is said that the The state of the several other reasons in support and contains the tollhouse and an extensive multiplication of the state wish for the repeal of the Core Laws, the selfish-; Lima Island, directly upon the precipice near trost in the village, and there kind, as their president; one whom they know to be The House of Commons even answered our call for the Austria. which was self-evident. I replied, that I Island, again divides the stream, and the "Centre staid to refresh themselves, leaving their fine horses deeply interested in the welfare of his fellow-beings. return of Lord John Russell's victims, our noble vir-IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD of Oundle, the fine crops neglec.ed. While there, they commenced a sort of The higher his position in society, provided he has tuons Frost and his co-convicts, with a division that was of grass have been under water for a fortnight. Tankees in the expression of principles so purely west point of this Island the best view of the American gambling, from which I had considerable difficulty to within himself the necessary qualifications for the situa- lost only by the Speaker's vote. Amidst all this the and, it is feared, will be quite speiled. Mish; and added, that it was clear that their motives. Fall is obtained. break them off- I was afraid they would get intoxi- tion (which must never be lost sight of) the better, as Government was dying-we had stuck a thorn in their THE LATE RAINS have been so favourable to the There are three distinct cascades: two on the Amerithis position will of itself render the objects of the sides that brought them to their end, and struck the cated, and that we should have another accident. society the more easily attainable, and give confidence blow that brought them from their high places of ini- grass and corn crops in the vale of Lune as almost While here I learned there were about 400 British Entrain faid waste in order that we might gratify can side of Iris Island, and one upon the British side. quity to our feet. They begged our help, our reply was to ensure a superabundant harvest. Inreighers, rain our fine country, and lock up our pre- On the American side, the lower Fall is about 220 yards troops in the neighbourhood; and I observed some of to those to those who compose the branch. Accounts from New Orleans speak of heavy rains Eninetity fine population in those terrestial hells which broad, and 164 feet high It was formerly straight, "the Charter," "Frost, Williams, and Jones." The electheir wives enter the house and take their threehalf-A Treasurer and two auditors should also be chosen they, the Yankees, abhor and detest. I said, pray, but is changing to a curve. The Centre Fall is near tion came, we overbalanced the scale against them, and having fallen towards the close of Ap. 1. and for each branch, and the accounts should be published penny glass, and others carrying away "fire-water" time hath proved the policy wise and good. The Tories got | swelled the Mississippi to a considerable height. how, lock fairly at the question, and say if it is not eight yards wide, with a height similar to the lower in their bottles, bought with the proceeds of British often, so as to give full confidence to all parties. Proper that each of the countries should take a share one. The Upper, or Great Fall, from its form, called industry. I said to myself-" Poor tax In manufactures, as well as in the cultivation of the the Crescent, or Horseshoe, is at the head of the ravine Ball! Great Guil, thou pays for ali!" into power again, and under the darling Whig R-form IT IS EXPECTED that a first dividend of 53. in the industry. I said to myself-"Poor tsx-ridden John The President should, immediately on his election, choose the most fitting individual he can provide as a Bill, proving the inefficiency of that measure, for either pound on the estate of Messrs. Parker and Shore, what its concocters intended it-Whig ascendancy-or Mil; and then we should stand upon that principle of crossing the direct line of the stream; its breadth is When we moved off we did so with a vengeance; two secretary who should be an active business-like man. bankers, of Sheffield, will be paid about the end of Hality for which they so strongly contend among estimated at 600 yards, and seven-eighths of the water of the wagoners contended for the lead, and a regular well versed in accounts, and of such general habits. what the people where taught to expect-representation June. race was the consequence. I had cause to be alarmed manners, temper, and dispesition, as should give him of the people. Our next step was our Great National lest my lameness should be cured by my neck being free access among all ranks and classes, and secure to Petition, wherein three million and a half of English-Bemselves. of the river is supposed to pass over it; its height is POSTAGE STAMPS .- We are enabled to place before I was greatly surprised to be informed by Mr. Hill, 158 feet. our readers the following statement of the amount broken. The horses were very fine ones, of light make, him the confidence of all, and he should make it his men demanded the Charter and Repeal of the Union. The left Somersetshire ten years ago, that pig iron is "The depth of the water, in the American channel, broken. The borses were very fine ones, of light make, The left Somersetshire ten years ago, that pig iron is being much less than in the Canadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being much less than in the Canadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Canadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Canadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Ganadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Ganadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Ganadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Ganadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than in the Ganadian one, the rocks are and they dragged the light carriages along with much being nuch less than been green of the billows thus conveyed at nearly railway speed to the handsome "The depth of the water, in the American channel. received for postage stamps, sold at three of the leadespecial duty diligently to watch the instructions that Next came the factory lords' attempt to revolutionize ing post receiving houses in London, during the past will have to appear from time to time from the central | England for the paitry measure of Repeal of the Corn | two years :-and other expenses, it costs less than it could be made in the Canadian channel the deep green of the billows thus conveyed at nearly railway speed to the bandsome office, and to see that they are vigorously carried into Laws, and the whole of the North was said to be fall of 1841 effect. The Secretary must also attend to any local Chartists. Numbers of good and true Chartists. by takvillage of Seamford, where stands a neat church, upon £. s. d. £ s d. White, Cornhill ... 4.435 16 6 ... 7.640 12 6 Reid, Charing.cross 2.636 10 2 ... 3.507 7 6 In at home. He also informed me that he belonged to is but relieved by their snowy crests, publications that may be required and see generally te ing advantage of this wage strike to turn the people's Liev houses at Freme; and that it required the whole "The best view of the Crescent Fall is from the Table the front of which is inscribedof the rents to meet the charges for assessments, poor- Rock and bank above it. A most interesting and imthe diffusion of the principles, views, and objects attention to the Charter, contrary to the advice of our " Built by General Sir William Johnson." pasing view, however, may be had from Goat Island. within his district. Chieftan, O'Cochor; for none in the best of a moment liter, repairs, &c. Kelly, Vigo-lane ... 2,357 12 6 ... 3,377 7 0 Much, very much, will depend upon the efficiency of such as that, could controul the enthusiastic advocates Lord Morpeth came to this city ten days ago, in the The Terrapin bridge, 300ft from the island, projects The houses here, as at Drummondsville, are nest and Much, very much, will depend upon the efficiency of such as that, could controul the enthusiastic advocates Aeily, vigo-iane ... 2,35/ 12 0 ... 3,37/ 7 0 In the island, projects The houses here, as at Drummondsville, are nest and Much, very much, will depend upon the efficiency of such as that, could controul the enthusiastic advocates Aeily, vigo-iane ... 2,35/ 12 0 ... 3,37/ 7 0 In the island, projects The houses here, as at Drummondsville, are nest and Much, very much, will depend upon the efficiency of such as ours, that may be so materially From this return it will be seen that the increase of the intellicent man, and took up his lodgings at the West 10ft, over the falls, and affords a sight requiring some cash of the proceed by taking advantage of fines of ergifting the way 1940 most advantage of the proceed in the intellicent man. The Hotel No notice wastaken of him. He proceeded tension of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the two years, disposed in the society, wherever it is results, and the deep abyss into which is perpetually new bars, a most obnoxious magistrate, who having of the society, wherever it is required, this service struggle, and have been sacrificed as the Acape-goats of the society, wherever it is required, the society wherever it is required, the society wherever it is required to be advanced by a size at the landlord brought an action should be naid for, and provided a fitting person here it as ours, that may is so matching internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and leisurely to enjoy. Here is the internation of the nerves, fully and the deep abyss into which is presented by a size at the society. The nerves is the internation of the nerves is the out of the place. The landlord brought an action of the nerves a

in least and upon the brink of the river, measure depends upon the speed that and upon the brink of the river, measure depends upon the speed that any association can well expect to be suc- to alter and improve this lamentable state of the popu-

with me, also some black walnut, which, when polished, i the ground not having sustained any injury; and after | Portion of poor Johnny Ball's " dead weight." looks extremely rich. While here, a Mr. Hotaling, a giving directions that my luggage should be given in Frenchman, came in with a child between four and ; charge of my friend Mr. Smith, who was following five years of age, who played some of the best airs in a me on another train, to be taken to the Clifton Hotel. first rate style. He is a perfect prodigy, having never where we had agreed to dine, I hastened to descend had a lesson; and, though an infant, would never the steep and wooded bank, in order to view the Falls. submit to receive one, and when any one attempts to; and thus lose no time, being determined to reach

Wast numbers of learned travellers, historians, natuinto numerous bodies of water,-the four great inland ; to rdmit the light, seas, known by the several names of Michigan, Superior,

Heron, and Eria Lakes amongst the number: -- and after prose and verse, in copy and stanzas, unequalled for an interesting object. sublimity and unparalleled for minuteness; after this

did not leave her room till late, and sent a message to the most punctillions minutiz: after all this any attempt By I was not on any account, to leave till the afternoon; of mine at delineation would be perfectly futile. I will (Mrs. S.) bought a quantity of Tomatos and preserved utility a plain, unstiltified account, which I trust will be miles below the Falls.

> twenty miles to the Falls and from LEWISTON to Lake Falls. Ontario, a distance of seven miles.

"As it flows from the lake, the river is about three Five miles from the lake it is divided into two channels by Grand Island. The eastern channel has a rally deeper, forms the boundary between the United States and Canada. Grand Island is twelve miles long. and contains 17,384 acres. Neither the snows of Its shores on either side are thinly settled between of CHIPPEWA, opposite FORT SCHLOSSER."

These scenes are made famous by the exploits of the We next visited the Arcole Iron Foundry Warehouse, steamer Caroline, and sent her into the current, when removed, and the remainder thrown aside; but no one

I goods, and presented me with a drawing of some to the patriots on NAVY ISLAND. Her captain now lings and hotels in the neighbourhood, anxions to learn

### THE FALLS.

hose, and water for their coffee, and other purposes, all gives a breadth to the Niagara Biver of two-and-a-balf of Huddersfield. One of them, whose name was Bed-It the same time, Mr. Wilkinson told me that he was miles. The waters have here an accelerated motion, and ford, was quite beyond the hope of recovery, in

factory nature, and excited my fears. I was also in- got went degenerated when much through an nu-interesting line. state of the popu-formed that Victoria and Albert were about to yisit feet. The rails were laid through an nu-interesting line. stands a very small but presty will ge named MANCHES- passions of the Irish people. But this appeal could cessful in its undertakings be they what they may; but lation; do not know how to effect it, and will not We soon, however, approached, the grand object: butio! TER, in which there is some thriving manufactures. not be so made if every, or even any person possessed we differ upon the means to obtain that unity of pur- attempt it on right principles for fear of dauger to some After dinner, Mrs. Spencer and I walked out to when precisely opposite the Falls, and on the summit of the opposite bank and just above the the right to dissect or modify what Mr. O'Connell pose and of action. aner unner, and a maked out to which present artificial divisions. make some visits. In our round, we went over the a frightful precipice, the axle-tree anapped in two ! but fails stands the village of DRUMMONDSVILLE, which thought would be mest effective for his purpose. With Mr. G.'s plan is by putting the whole of the society Nor can this change be effected, without danger to make some visite. In our round, we went over the a highed pleapace, do date des and present the solid of the society in the society is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With in the society is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With in the society is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With in the society is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With it is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With is by putping the whole of the society is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With it is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With it is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With it is a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. With a light would be most encetive for his purpose. The light would be light would be most enc memory of messrs. Utiley and Burdert, inter the control of the country, without 5 full knowledge and where I saw some beautiful wood and workmanship. on the left, I was (most providentially) preserved from can be supported as such; one of which, a very large one, my objects are universal, and not limited to individual; deny will effect the object, seeing that authority is not, good understanding, among all parties, of the principles I borght some rich maple veneers, as samples to bring being cast into the depth below. I was speedily on was being fitted up for barracks, in which to lodge a class, sect, party or country; and I referred to Mr. influence; and that it is more likely to beget opposition on which alone is can be made, and of the mode of

HARMONY HALL.

LETTER XIII.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

tant one connected with the escape of all classes from

SIR,-As the subject of organization is an all impor-

I had scarcely reached the Table Rock, when I was, wise, of the course he was taking, but simply to point Mr. G.'s own illustration, viz., the present repeal move- last importance to you to know these principles, and waited upon by a person of respectable appearance and out the manner in which an entire body of people may ment. demeanour, who asked me if I wished to go under the be roused and kept in united and peaceful, but firm and I think, if Mr. G. and our readers look well into the The principles on which society has been hitherto Falls, (meaning between the waterfall and the rock), determined agitation, by being under the direction of reports of that movement, they will see that Mr. O'Con- based, governed, and educated will never produce adding, that if I did, he was ready to supply me with one individual mind of strong power. My dependence nell's leadership is one of admission not commission ; virtue, permanent prosperity, or happiness; these the necessary skins to keep me dry. I begged to be is not on any person who may be selected to preside that it is assumed by common consent; and obtained by erroneous principles must be gradually abandoned, with excused as I was very lame, and consequently unable over the society, but on the truth of the principles on the confidence his countrymen place in him, from a the character which they necessarily produce throughout to undergo the fatigue. He told me his charge for the which it is to be based, and on the daily increasing belief that he is their true friend, sincerely seeking to the population. And you may, immediately, and mest ralists, and poets have visited this spot, and attempted skins and attendance was a quarter of a dollar; and knowledge that will be gained of the sciences of human In my round through the city I was told that the a description of this the only ontiet of the countless that he paid 1000 dollars rent for his house and the nature and of society.

rivers and streams collected from tractless regions of privilege of showing the wonders to strangers. Near Your Correspondent must bear in mind that I pro-English turnonis had burnt the nonce of Sir Robert inters and streams concerned non index of the pose to found this person's small but neat house was one of the pose to found this Society on what I contend to be by any party: hence the unity of purpose and of ac- lent, the creature of the circumstances by which heissurgovernment of the United States and the monarchical winding stairs by which to descend. This, as all the three great and eternal truths, which are opposed to government of Great Britain, and forming themselves | others, is enclosed with wood, through which are holes | every institution of society as at present formed-

First: That the character of man is formed for him, While in conversation upon the rock, my companion and not by him; and that it is entirely dependent upon pointed out to me several humming birds sporting in his original organization and the circumstances by which the talent of the world has been so repeatedly applied the shrubs at a few yards' distance from us. I had he is made to be surrounded.

to the subject, and the gigantic wonder described in never seen any of the species alive before. They were | Second : That he has not the power to believe or dis- ciples of truth, justice, and humanity on the minds of ignorant or very ill informed alone now imagine that All forms which descend this chasm lose their identity the strongest conviction that shall be made upon his effect, that they should elect servants, who should believe except in accordance with the strongest imembodyment of waters from the vast expanse, in its in the vortex. Not only did the Caroline steamer less mind.

dash, and in its motion in the boiling abyas below, has her form, but not a log, a beam, nor a spar could be Third: That he has not the publish the result of their deliberations to their con- except that which is agreeable to his individual been coloured and painted in every size and quality, and afterwards found. No conception can be formed of the at his will, but must love or hate according to the feel- stituents, and urge the necessity of the plans being pature, or to form any of his faculties or powers. brought home to the mind, to the eye, and to the fire process to which every atom is subjected that falls ings created within him by each subject, which feelings acted upon. Thus may we obtain a thorough co-opera- so as to be rationally responsible for their qualities, side of every one, in colours the most brilliant and in into this incessantly agitated cauldron. No one can be can in no manner be responsible for.

language the most transcendent, by master minds of past imagine the depth to which they sink, nor the quantity These three truths placed as the basis of action for MONDAY, 12th-I rose early this morning and press and present ages, who have spent weeks and months of rocks which are constantly in motion, commixing any body of men, if clearly understood by them, must authority of one man would fail to produce. In letter xi., society, if they were properly applied, to ensure perpared to depart. Mrs. Spencer, purposely to stop me, upon the spot expressly for the purpose of entering into with, and grinding to atoms every vestige of solid of necessity lead to an entirely different course to any fourth paragraph, Mr. G. says, speaking of Mr. O'Connell, manent wealth to all, and to surround all with circummatter that enters this aquatic vortex. It is clear that yet exhibited to the world. There could be no anger, the river is a continuation of whirlpools constantly no ill will, no envy, or jealousy among such persons. every proposition he had to make, or even that he had any which have been formed at any time, in any part I was thus thrown too late for the steamer, and she therefore extract from an American work of considerable rolling for the distance of at least twelve Each one would most strenuously endeavour to pro- to work with a council, any single member of which of the world.

DRUMMONDSVILLE is situated upon the battle-field in the highest degree to his own personal welfare. It that he would then be enabled to arouse the sent position of any parties, you will possess the power, of that name. The place extends back from the river, | is to the deep impression which these truths are capable spirit which he now excites?" Now, for my own part, whenever you can acquire the knowledge, to gradually extremity of Lake Erie, at Black Rock, runs N.E. and is pretty well cleared of wood to a considerable of making upon every individual mind that I rely for I cannot see how any council could affect the case and most beneficially, and peaceably, commence a thirty-five miles to Lake Ontorio. It is navigable for distance; it being the site of the intended city of the speedy success; and I am well aware that until this otherwise than beneficially; by each supplying his change in your condition, by which you will speedily

After admiring those magnificent scenes, I proceeded jections which Gracchus makes in the election of the to be pursued ; and so long as Daniel can speak (for he poverty, division, and uncharitableness, first from your towards the Clifton Hetel, by the River's edge, on the central or local presidents.

quarters of a mile will be able to excite them by the tale of their many all above and below you. deep. It maintains the former depth to the Falls, the Camera Obscura, and the Baths on my way. On form of proceeding is that the responsibility will be wrongs, and rouse their spirit for "Ould Ireland." reaching the hotel, I found that neither my friend nor | fixed in such a manner that the individual chosen will luggage had arrived there. I immediately proceeded always feel bound to the strongest and most vigourous to elicit truth; but if Daniel had to explain? well, know how to do it even for themselves; but when you width exceeding 100 rods; the western larger, and gene- by Lundy's Lane to the Railway Station at which the action, knowing that all eyes are control on him, and there are a great many in the Chartist ranks who will commence in good earnest, and show them a successful passengers alight to be taken to the Clifton House, a) that his success of failure cannot be attributed to those agree with Mr. G. that it would be very inconvenient beginning, then those now above you will come forward distance of nearly two miles. On reaching the station, with whom he is associated being obstructive to his for Daniel to explain a great many of his sayings and, and, ere long, cordially assist in carrying forward the I was informed that in consequence of the delay oc- measures. He will, of course, have no power to compel doings, and square them with the principles of truth change throughout society. winter nor the heats of summer, nor rains, nor drought casioned by the accident on the Railway, the carriage his council to act blindly, or contrary to their own con- and justice; but we have a greed, at least I hope so, 1 Yeu have a superabundance of industry; you may materially affect the volume of this majestic river. from the Clifton Honse had proceeded with the pas- viction, nor will they be obliged to go with him fur- I mean the Chartist body, with a becoming magneni- have among yourselves a weekly subscription sufficient sengers to Queenston; but I could not learn whether ther than they consider right; but he may, on the mity, to drop the curtain for the present over his to commence and continue the practical measures to BUFFALO and the Falls. On the American shore, are my baggage had been taken forward or not. Having other hand, act in any manner that, under all the cir- faults, in the hope that by his present and future well educate and employ, in a reasonable time, all your two villages only, BLACK ROCK and TONAW ANTA left a small bag at the Clifton House, I had to re- cumstances, he shall deem most advisable.

Thick forests still cover the bank, with some farm turn thither again. On reaching the hotel, I found This responsibility, joined to the great publicity that the prying eye of after generations will not be members, and to well educate them and their children houses, few a d far between. On the Canada shore, are that neither a horse nor a vehicle of any description which the proceedings of a well organized society must able to penetrate, and, therefore, speak only of his so as to make a <ood beginning, and lay a solid foundathe doors were also thrown open, or taken off the WATERLOO, opposite to BLACK ROCK, and the hamlet could be hired; they all having been engaged by have from its commencement, will be a sufficient guar- worthy deeds. visitors between my leaving and returning. I had, antee that the members will know how their cause is

therefore, to proceed on foot by the same route I had progressing ;--and I would take care that the publicity These scenes are inside interesting, and the Falls to the set and the Falls to the was as extensive as it could be made, so that they at contrast between the agitation for the R-peal and that nearly well employed in producing, in the best manner, standing parties and the reproducting sympactical sympactical sympactical sympactical and the dest manner, as the greatest amount of the most valuable wealth, most against the British forces. The last nemed place is place where the carriage had broken down on the rail- all times may know if a change of presidents be re- of the People's Charter. Many minds, individually as the greatest amount of the most valuable wealth, most that from whence the British cut away the ill-fated way. A portion of the wreck of the carriage had been quired.

The chief objections which I have to urge against the was near to give me the least information, or render No doubt, the Caroline carried ammunition and arms me any assistance. I went round among the few dwelto the patriots on NAVI ISLAND, Her capital now advantageously adopt. The memoers of the commands the Franklin, plying between BUFFALO what had become of the luggage; not knowing whether All I would further desire to observe is, that however observe the different rate of progress of the one and Rational Society, without desiring in any manner to it had been taken back to Chippswa, or forwarded to Queenston, I could however obtain no information whatever. While in this dilemma I met two men in a cotthose of an individual keenly alive to the miserable state

"Below Navy Island, the union of the two branches | tage, from Thornhill, in the immediate neighbourhood | in which all are now placed. With respect to the remarks on Mr. Owen or Mr. the making up of those stoves in Britain, three quarters of a mile above the Falls commence their classes. There they could be made cheaper than in America, rapid descent, falling within that distance by success friend and companion, who said he would not leave will draw forth the best feelings and qualities of every to estimate the power we had then in the field; suffice it That you may succeed in thus peaceably and permarapin descent, landing within the neid; some in the sector will draw forth the best reeings and quantics of every to estimate the power we had then in the neid; some it is that you may succeed in thus peaceably and perma-sive chutes, or leaps, fifty-two feet on the American, him while slive, knew me from having seen me, along friend of humanity; and if this be done, it will be of to state, that the reform government of that day where neatly emancipating yourselves, in assisting others to sive cantes, or staps, increased and in a start of the start of little importance who shall have been placed here or as much alarmed at it, as the Tories are now with the effect the same now most necessary object, is the sin-

O'Connell, not with the view of approving, or other. than obedience : and here I shall take advantage of applying those principles to practice. It is now of the

obtain for them all they hold dear, -a confidence won beneficially for all classes, commence this change by by his appeals to the best feelings and passions of the your own means and well-directed industry. No sane Irish people; and not by any authority vested in him mind any longer doubts that man is, to a very great extion that now characterises the repeal movement-the rounded, and chiefly of those which society creates, and common bond of priest and peasant-Dissenter and Ca. with which it surrounds individuals from their births, tholic-their country's weal: therefore, this repeal il- so as to make poor or rich, ignorant, or intelligent, well lustration will, I think, serve myside better than Mr. G.'s. or ill disposed, all of the human race, yet retaining the For this is how I would propose to effect unity of pur- natural individual differences by which one shall be pose and of action, that is, by the influence of prin- slways distinguished from every other. Also the very believe at pleasure, but must do so in accordance with our fellows, and to carry the objects desired into man has been made with faculties to enable him to deliberate together upon the necessary steps to be taken, pressions which are made on his mind; or to love. tion : then would they follow their officers as leaders nor can any one well informed now doubt of the superin the course laid down with a pleasure that the abundance of materiel immediately at the disposal of "Supposing that he had to debate, discuss, and explain stances greatly more to be desired, and far superior to

mote the general happiness, knowing that it contributed might be disposed to thwart him; could any one believe Now, upon these data, without disturbing the pre point is gained my proposal will be open to all the ob- opinion they would probably arrive at the best course remove the hitherto permanent causes of ignorance. is one of the speech makers) to his countrymen, he own ranks, and by your example, soon afterwards, from

And then to debate and discuss, is surely the way effect the change for you; the upper classes do not

conduct, he will weave himself such a veil of goodness, unemployed, half employed, or uselessly employed

### Now for the contrast.

powerful as Mr. O'Connell's, have been engaged in pro- beneficially for the producers and consumers ; and thus secuting the latter, and the objects sought to be would yeu, in a peaceable and the best manner, emanelection of the Council I have already given in my obtained are certainly far more attractive and valuable; cipate yourselves and your children, and exhibit an letter inserted in this week's Star, and I leave your yet hy adopting what your correspondent Gracchus example to all classes, in all countries, which all might readers to judge how far they appear cogent or otherwise. would designate as the democratic principle, we may now advantageously adopt. The members of the strongly I may write on these subjects, I assure Grac- the other." Here we perceive that Mr. Galpin assumes interfere with your funds or the government of your chus that I only wish my upinions to be considered as that ours has been the inferior rate of progress, a con- society, or any of your proceedings, will be mos ready clusion which I can by no means admit of, and one that to render you, or any other party or society, whatever I think our Social filend must have come to without assistance it may be in their power to give to forward giving the subject sufficient consideration. I verily any practical measures calculated to perman atly well O'Connor, I say of them, as I have on all occasions when believe that Mr. G. must have been so enveloped in educate and employ any portion of the industrious

Names of the principal steamers trading between Buf- depth; and fancy, until corrected by a glance at the landlord or the place. The landlord be paid for, and provided a fitting person be League men. Now all these facts a a evidence that we ber of 2,898,348. The Post-office allowance on postthe Harbour, and the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is the solution of the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is the solution of the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is the solution of the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is the solution of the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is called the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is called the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. against him, and obtained considerable damages. The produce is called the various ports on the lakes and hurrying tide below, apprehends it to be immeasurable. But this mist, in sunny weather is the source of new hoase kept by the said landlord is called the Whirlpool, or worse mistake can possibly be made than that world; and, as far as agitation and public meeting, and Magasine.

# Chartist Intelligence.

` **9** 

MANCHESTER.---- A general meeting of the the accounts for the last month, the following rules were agreed to, for the conducting of a Chartist Charter Association of the Manchester locality. To the Association generally. be known and designated by the appellation of the Chartist Sunday School for children of all denomi-nations." 2nd. "That the following branches of education be taught to the children, namely, reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, and English grammar also their duties to their Creator, parents, and fellow creatures, with the moral and social requirements of public and private life; to which will be added instructions in and explanations of the principles of democracy as contained in the document called the juncture of affairs in this class-ridden country, to call People's Charter." 3rd. "That no sectarian or upon you, in the name of patriotism, to shake off the peculiar dogmas be allowed to be taught the children, lethargy, apathy, and inattention to your own claims, under any circumstances." 4th. " That no corporeal punishment or particular mark of degradation be rescue of the downcast victims of poverty, to raise your allowed to be inflicted on any of the children. energies, combine your collective talent and influence, for any forwardness or contrariety they may evince during their attendance at school. But instead of the cane or whip, the more rational means many waters, prodaim with pathos and with power, be used-as entreating, mild expostulation, and kindness on the part of the conductors and teachers, shall be substituted, and strictly attended to by them in all cases." 5th. "That there be a superintendent and four directors elected by the members of the Carpenters' Hall locality, for the conducting of the said school, who shall retain office for three months, provided they comply with the before-mentioned signing taskmasters; show that you have made a solemn regulations. They shall also be eligible to be re- declaration that you will never tire in your noble exelected, so long as they continue to give satisfaction ertions till you have achieved your country's redempto a majority of the members who attend the quar- tion, the redemption of your homestends from oppression terly meetings. The duties of such superintendent and misrale, and that you will, by your own, and your and conductors shall be to watch over the interests feliow men's exertions, elevate your own order above of the school, and purchase bocks for the use of the the rancour of despotism and the penalties of bondage; children, subject, nevertheless, to the controul of the you will then successfully show by your continued managing committee of the Hall for the time being, labours, that you will finally secure to the human both as to the expenditure and any bye-law that family, the greatest amount of happiness human nature may be thought necessary. That all books, slates,] stances.

LECTURES were delivered in the above Hall, in the afternoon and evening of the same day, by Mr. D. Ross. The lecturer gave great satisfaction to the numerons and respectable andiences that attended. At the close of the lecture, in the evening, the above rules for the Sunday school were brought before the public, and passed nnanimonsly.

South LANCASHIBE DELEGATE MEETING .- On to any rational mind, if these dogmas can stand for one Sunday the South Lancashire County Council held moment in hostile array against these every day contheir usual monthly meeting in the National Charter vincing facts, that your homesonce comfortable, when en-Association Room, Brown-street, Manchester. After joying a more equitable remuneration for your skill, are transacting their local business, the following ad- rapidly becoming destitute of every article of domestic dress to their constituents was agreed to, and ordered convenience; misery, degradation, and want surround you to be sent to the Northern Star for insertion :-

### The address of the delegates of South Lancashire to the Chartists of that district.

BROTHER DEMOCRATS,-It is with mingled feelings of sorrow and delight, that we once more address you. With delight at the proud position we occupy as an association of men combined together for the high and holy purpose of combatting tyranny in all its varied forms; and thereby shewing to the lanthropy and patriotism, proving incontestably that from us such irreligous, impious, insulting mockery; it world that we are actuated by a pure spirit of phiTHE NORTTERN STAR.

render it less ambiguous, and better calculated to been too long delayed-an union of the working promote the interests of the Association; and in classes of England and Ireland, for the emancipation order to give each locality an opportunity of expres- of both countries from the slavery of class legislation

sing their sentiments, we recommend the propriety and aristoratic domination. He entered at great members of the National Charter Association was held in the Carpenter's Hell, on Sunday merning last, Mr. John Murray in the chair. After passing in the charter descent of the said conference, and at the same time and reason placed the question so plainly before his solution descent of the said conference, and at the same time and reason placed the question so plainly before his solution descent of the said conference, and at the same time and reason placed the question so plainly before his solution descent of the said conference, and at the same time and reason placed the question so plainly before his solution down to an excellent dinner provided for the occa-the prisoners in copying out income-tax (papers.) will enable them faithfully to represent the opinions conviction. He concluded by enrolling himself a of their constituents, both as regards any alteration member of the Bepeal Association amidst the most were agreed to, for the conducting of a Chartists of their constituents, both as regards any alteration memoer of the Depeat Association amidst the most Sunday school in connection with the above Hall: ist. That a Sunday school be established in the Carpenter's Hall, under the anspices of the National and efficient Executive to watch over the interests of prevailed, the repeaters pledging themselves to assist Three cheers were then given for Mr. O'Connell-The Address of the North Lancashire Delegates to all dispersed, many with wet shirts but light hearts, at this cordial union between the real friends of demo-BROTHERS IN BONDAGE AND IN HOPE,-We con-

cracy. NOTTINGHAM .- THE CHARTISTS met at the Deand those of your suffering countrymen, to rush to the concentrate your every moral power in one impenetrable with piercing, yet forbearing indignation, that you are fully and energetically alive to the things which concern are about to snap asunder those degrading chains which cally, and made you the veriest tools and slaves of de-

> lecture, eleven Repealers joined the National Char-Wednesday night next, on the same subject.

PERTH.-A meeting of the Democratic Associa-It will be said by interested and other parties, that &c., that may be necessary be furnished out of the It will be said by interested and other parties, that tion was held on Monday evening, in their hall, Association's funds for the first three months; and this can never be accomplished, that human nature is when the following resolution was unanimously tion was held on Monday evening, in their hall, after that time has elapsed, to make alterations, or so sunk and depraved, that all attempts to improve agreed to : " That this meeting has heard with otherwise, according to the then existing circum. and elevate it, must and will eventually prove abor- 1 feelings of indignation the barbarities inflicted upon under an unbearable load of want, degradation, and the dungeons of the Stafford gaol ; we therefore re- man put it to the meeting and it was carried unaniwoe, that the great author of the universe has wisely solve to petition the Commons House of Parliament mously. It was proposed and carried that Mr. Dun- under indisposition, I could only call on Mr. Roscoe, and solemnly decreed, that man must sit quietly down, to institute an immediate inquiry into their case, as combe do present the petition in the House of Com. the magistrate's clerk, on Saturday, the 15th April, in humble resignation, that he must take rough cir. it is too evident, if that be not done, that they will mons. The Chairman announced there was another at three o'clock, and again in the evening, and that cumstances (no matter of what nature they may be); we, tell the propounders of this highly injurious, prejudicial, pernicious doctrine, that it is as false as the Thomas Duncombe, Esq. bigotry and superstition of the dark ages. We appeal

in all your various pursuits. In vain you atruegle to preserve the respectability of your families, the iron hand of despotism strangles our every effort to rescue hand of despots in straights on every hand all its strandant calamities thus from poverty, and all its strandant calamities thus employed in prolonging and vainly endeavouring thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression. Has thus to defend the strong holds of oppression is all for inserting that the industrious mechanic and inoffensive poor shall alone be the objects of divids 'engeance? Be far from us such irreligous, impious, insulting mockery; it in the irbehalf." which was seconded by Mr. is the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. there were the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. the woolcombers resident in the following the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting the behalf." which was seconded by Mr. the behalf." which wa

Chairman, and one of the most numerous meetings society enter into a subscription of one penny per highly delighted with the proceedings of the evening. woolcombers' committee be made known." "That pelted with the mud of scorn and opprobrium, by all large and commodious room in Cheapside, for Chartist Northern Star, with a request that the editor will be not incorporated in your ranks, your motives most un- purposes, on Sunday last, when two lectures were so kind as to publish the same." The chairman re- either in words or writing, this the recent inquiry. the several mentioned in your ranks, your motives most un- purposes, on Sunday last, when two lectures were so the mentioned the thanks of the mention for his impartiality. The magistrates' report is otherwise incorrect in mentioned. delivered by Mr. Wm. Dixon, from Manchester. At coved the thanks of the meeting for his impartiality press marked its victims, spies were employed to con- the close of the evening's lecture, Mr. Peter Rigby, during the proceedings. coct and convict, the pulpit thundered forth its denun- who has been writing a series of letters in the Bolton Awful Subden DEATH. -On Saturday night, whenever there were dissensions they were from the ciations, the bar showered torrents of misrepresentation, Free Press in favour of a repeal of the Corn Laws, about half past ten o'clock, a man of the name of gaoler's interference with my duties, and not from Peace to be holden at Skipron aforesaid, an Assessand your best and noblest friends were immured in a) rose in the meeting, and said, that after hearing Mr. John Mc Cormac, dealer in clothes, a main of the manners and temper did not ment for the necessary expences of the said Riding dungeon, because they possessed the boldness to Dixon's lecture, he was convinced that a repeal of land, was in the act of selling a waistcoat in the encourage needless intercourse. Any dissension for the half-year commencing the lat Day of October denouse, and the virine to morally combine against the Corn Laws would not be of any benefit to the open space of ground fronting the Manor Hall, when deserving reproof ought to have been recorded; but, next, will be laid at the Hour of Twelve o'Clock at the evils of the "system." Your own enthusiastic working classes, he would therefore hand over he suddenly fell down, exclaiming "I am very at my dismissal, no evidence or charge whatever of Noon. "Tattersall" now languishes in prison, simply because the letters that had appeared in the Bolton Free poorly," and expired. Medical aid was immediately this kind was made. Mr. Burgess never was rehe exerted his ropalarity with the working classes, to Press to Mr. Dixon, as a trophy of the principles of procured, but was of no avail; he was removed to proved, nor any inquiry into these supposed dissenthe preservation of life and property. Seeing that these truth, being convinced, from the arguments ad- the Talbot Inn, to await the coroner's inquest. On sions ever instituted. the preservation of life and property. Seeing that these that, boing continuous, non the anguative at the failed fine table in the control of the body, when a Such was the magistrates' fear of hearing any " patriotism" and humanity, it behaves you as consis- would save the country. BRADFORD.-On Sunday the members of the turned. armour of truth and justice, and swear by the wrongs council met in their room, Butterworth's buildings, of your country, that you are determined to continue Mr. Clarke in the chair; Mr. Bishop paid in 53. faithful to the end, that you will never cease in your the balance of his account as delegate; Goodmansend, per Tytler, 2s. 6d.; Central Chartists, 7s. 7d.; have crowned your herculean efforts. Do this, and the Manningham, by Wm. Idson, for the defence.\* The Fork of persecution is at end. Ours are the principles of the People's Charter; whole "That a public meeting be held on Whit-Monday," and entire, they are immutable. They have floated majes- at one o'clock at noon, to petition Parliament on bctically triumphant on the troubled surface of political half of Messrs. Cooper, Richards, and Capper."contention, unanswered and irrefragable by all the "That a petition against the Irish Arms Bill be proargumentative powers that sophistry has or can posed at the meeting on Whit-Monday." "That we even in the big lying Mercury, and is done for a summen to its aid; they will stand (if such a thing use our utmost exertions on behalf of the Repeal of wretched purpose, the effect of which will be, as should be) amid the crush of matter and the wreck of the Union between England and Ireland, as we worlds; they would widen the foundations of seciety, believe it but justice that the people of Ireland should until the base shall have a breadth capable of securing be governed by laws made only by the King, Lords, the just representation of every interest in the state, and Commons of Ireland, in Parliament assemunder whose just administration every man would sit bled in that country." "That each locality do bring | wages, and now that there is a strike already in the down under his own vine and fig tree, none daring to to the treasurer, by Sunday, their share of contribution now due, and also the amount of defence money in the various localities, as the defence money is to be sent off immediatelv."

BRADFORD.-LEEDS UNITED ORDER OF 3. That he used the prisoners and the county pro-ODD FELLOWS.—The members of Solomon's Lodge, perty in putting now tires and new spokes No. 31, held at the house of Mr. William Greaves, and bushes to his chaise wheels. 4. Employing Manchester-road, Bradford, held their anniversary the prisoners in his house and those of the

PUBLIC MEETING OF THE WOOLCOMBERS OF After stating thus much, the chairman, who com-BRADFORD.-On Tuesday a public meeting of the plains of my want of readiness to communicate, woolcombers was held in front of the Odd Fellows' said, "There is no use in asking him any more ques-Hall, at one o'clock, to take into consideration the tions. You may retire !" Mr. Tatton Egerton says, distressed state of the trade. Mr. Marchal was that this communication was not made until after are now alive, and doing "as well as can be expected. the Chartists by all means in their power. A vote of called to the chair. He briefly stated the objects of the substance of it was already known to the magisthanks to the chairman, to the Rev. Mr. Coppinger the meeting, and called on Mr. George Anuly to trates. If that were true, which it is not, why did and Mr. West was carried with loud cheering. move the first resolution. "That this meeting con- they ask for it? And why was I never asked for it Three cheers were then given for Mr. O'Connell- siders the extreme distress to which we and our before ? And, again, why do they venture, in their three for Feargus O'Connor, and three for "Ould families are reduced, attributable, in a great degree, reports to the Secretary of State, to accuse me of these who are desirous of co-operating with them Ireland" and the Repeal, and the crowded audience to the reduction which has taken place in our wages not communicating with them, when, on their first within the last six years; we, therefore, think it applying to me for information, I gave it in such necessary that a union of some kind should be formed abundance that the chairman would hear no more ? amongst us for the protection of our industry." I may here observe, that when a gentleman in my Mr. Pickles seconded the resolution in an appro- position, who is treated with reserve and aversion, mocratic Chapel, on Sunday. The following resolu-tions were passed:—"That a delegate meeting will take place on Sunday afternoon, the 18th, at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon, the 18th, at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon, the 18th, at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon the 18th at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon the 18th at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon the 18th at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon the 18th at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon the 18th at two coloring the place on Sunday afternoon the second termine termine the second termine term o'clock precisely, in the above chapel for the pur- by Mr. Heaton, seconded by Mr. Croft, and carried instead of approbation, it was hardly to be expose of forming a better organization in Derby, Mansfield, Newark, and the intermediate villages, and that three persons be chosen to draw up an out-erroneous; for by raising funds cut of the labour of evidence of this statement was taken. Why they line of a plan to be submitted to them, and that the the employed to support the unemployed and families | did not take this statement down is best known to Secretary be instructed to communicate the same to in time of strikes, was an inducement to idleness; and themselves. Had they done so, it would have somethe above towns and villages." Mr. T. Clarke, frem Stockport, is expected to give an address on Nottingham Forest, on Sunday afternoon at two clarke proposed, Mr. Butler seconded the containing a most daring the inserves. That they done so, it would have some what interfered with their accusation against me for what interfered with their accusation against me for withholding information. Mr. T. Egerton's impar-named Mary Hunt, which is situate in a romaatic clock, June 11th, if the weather permits, if not, third resolution, und was very ably supported by ter; and the fact of the Chairman having put the in the Chapel, Rice-place. He will also lecture in Mr. Jude Yeates-" That the great cause of a re- question whether I should be dismissed unheard and the above Chapel, on Monday evening, June 12th, at eight c'clock, upon the Repeal of the Irish Legis-lative Union. surplus labourers for the production and enjoyment he trouble the house with the evidence of shekept by her in the house. Though living a soli-SUNDERLAND.—Mr. Becsley delivered an excellent address on the Repeal of the Legislative Union between Great Britain and Ireland, on Tuesday night, which created a good feeling among the Repealers and Chartists. At the conclusion of his persons were chosen according to the resolution. A trates, and a visiting justice) spoke to my being but ter Association. Mr. Beesley will lecture on vote of thanks was passed to the Chairman, and the a short time at the hospital ; to which I replied that meeting dissolved.—Immediately afterwards, Mr. he was very seldom there, and never attended me in large stones at the window, and compelled her to Clarke was called to the chair, who stated the objects my visits to the prisoners, and could therefore be no retire. The window was at length forced and the of this second meeting was to get up a petition, judge of what happened. Kent (the utterer of a men obtained admission ; Mrs. Hunt meanwhile praying for an inquiry into the prison discipline and forged note), who was brought up to complain that dietary of Stafford gaol, in the case of Cooper, Cap- I did not give him particular attention, has since per, and Richards. Mr. Smith addressed the meeting | reaped the reward of his testimony, by receiving and read a petition similar to what was got up in greater indulgences. in addition to the gaoler's protive and fruitless, that man must sit " patiently" down John Richards, Thos. Cooper, and Joseph Capper in other places. Mr. Hurley seconded it. The Chair-It is insinuated that, because labouring as I was

share the fate of Holberry and Clayton." It was subject to which he would draw their attention-it against the advice of my medical attendant, and did and in spite of her intreaties to spare her life agreed to entrust the presentation of the petition to was the Irish Arms Bill, now before the House. He not ask for Mr. Roscoe's clerk in-tead of himself, would call on Mr. Hurley to move a resolution on the therefore I was not anxious to learn the nature of MERTHYR TYDVIL.—On Monday evening subject. Mr. Hurley moved, and Mr. Maybrie, the testimony raked up from the sink of the gaol last a public meeting was called by placard to take seconded, in an eloquent manner, the following re-place in the Market-square, at six o'clock in the solution :—" That, in the opinion of this meeting, in Mr. Roscoe's confidential situation would leave evening, for the purpose of petitioning Parliament, the Irish Arms Bill, now before Parliament, is an such papers in the hands of his clerks; and here I on behalf of Cooper, Richards, acd Capper. Mr. infringement on the rights of the subject. We must express my gratitude to divine providence, Benjamin Howard was unanimously called to the therefore, deem it our duty to express our abhor- that, watched as I must have been during the three chair, who, after reading the requisition, called rence at the proceedings of the present Government, years and a quarter of my residence in Knutsford, on Mr. Mathew John to move the first resolution, caned in exercising its tyrannical power to put a stop to both in and out of the prison, in which I passed, which read thus :--- "That this meeting have learned the spirit of liberty in the sister country." Mr. when necessary, an hour or two more than the regu-with feelings of alarm and indignation of the unjust Robert Ross and Mr. Smith supported the resolu-

fore deem it to be their bounden duty, as Unristians woolcombers meetings. On I desday diversely packed together, perfectly naked, in a small room, to opened at Skipton, on I desday, the 21th Day of and lovers of liberty, to petition Parliament immedi-the woolcombers resident in Bowling held a meeting ately in their behalf," which was seconded by Mr. in the Chartist Long Room, when the following and day; such a practice is disgusting and disgrace-will be holden at Bradford, on WEDNESDAY, the that we have had here for some time separated, week, until the further proceedings of the Bradford the surgeon. I have farther most positively and of July, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forencon. solemnly to state, that the revocation of the illegal when all Jurors, Suitors, Persons bound by Recogighly delighted with the proceedings of the evening. woolcombers' committee be made known." "That order of the chairman, that I should confine myself nizance. and others having business at the said be not to the to my spiritual duties, was not communicated to me, several Sessions, are required to attend the Court on either in words or writing, till the recent inquiry. the several Days and at the several Hours above stating that "I had been frequently, and in vain

WEDNESDAY, an aged man, about eighty, named David Hewett, hung himself in his bedroom, at 5. York-place, Limehouse, in consequence of the em-barrassed state of his circumstances, and because his grandsons, who were answerable for his rent, were about to be used for it.

BIRTHS EXTRAORDINARY .- On Wednesday last as Wombwell's menagerie was proceeding from Lancaster to Kirkby Lonsdale, one of the lionesses whelped three fine cubs, the spotted hyana one cub, and the wolf nine !! all of which, with their dams, Lancaster Guardian.

ON TUESDAY last the Government entered into a contract with Messrs. Learmouth, the principal army accoutrement makers, for 10,000 sets of accoutrements, to be supplied forthwith. This order confirms the general impression that the army is about to be considerably increased.-Standard.

THE OUT-PENSIONERS .- These men, it appears, are no be mustered in four classes ; some for reserve constables; some for garrison duty; and others, who may feel inclined to volunteer, are to go out to Van Dieman's Land. Non-commissioned officers, and men of education, under fifty years of ege, who choose to volunteer, are, we understand, to be al. lowed seventy pounds a year and their rations,-Liverpool paper.

BURGLARY AND ATTEMPTED MURDER.-BRISTOL JUNE 6.-Early on Sunday morning a most daring burglary was effected at Conham, about five miles glen near the side of the river Frome, at the back of the Long Tunnel of the Great Western Railway, between Bristol and Bath. She had been for some vouring to force open the shutters below. She shrieked out " Murder," but they hurled several large stones at the window, and compelled her to barring and bolting the doors at the foot of the staircase and her own bedroom door. These were forced open by a crow bar, and the ruffians seized Mrs. Hunt swearing that they would kill her and throw her body into the river unless she produced the money. They lighted a caudle, and one of the men attempted to cut her throat, which she prevented by receiving the wound in her arm. They then threw her down, placed a spare bed upon her, pressed upon the bed with the intention of producing sufforation. The house was then rifled and everything of value seized upon, and the men left

the house, after placing a large and heavy box upon the bed under which she lay to insure her death. She, however, succeeded in extricating herself, assistance arrived, and she now lies in a precarious state. The three men have been apprehended, identified. and committed for trial at Bristol. Their names are, Robert Watkins, Isaac Watkins, and Taomas Watkins, alias Coggin.

attention of the various localities of this district, to the care of those sterling friends of suffering humanity, Mr. Cooper and his com-patriot Mr. Richards, who are suffering nnheard of cruelties in the Stafford hell, we, therefore, call upon every locality in South Lancashire to bestir them and call meetings immediately to petition Parliament in their behalf, and to send such petitions forwith to T. S. Duncombe, E-q. M.P. for presentation.

To the rescue, brother Chartists, and let there not be a town, village, nor hamlet in the county but what sends its petition in behalf of these brave fellows who have so long, so nobly, and so faithfully fought the battles of a suffering and enslaved people. We also regret that a few of the localities have not sent their delegates so regularly to the county council as they formerly did. We hope, therefore, that the time that is passed will more than suffice, and that for the fature they will see the accessity of having their representatives present to assist in devising plans for the carrying out of those principles which if adopted, will make the homes of Englishmen, cottages of contentment, and our country glorious, happy and free.

Brethren, the task of addressing yon on this allimportant subject, has so often fallen to our lot, that anything we can advance, by way of appealing to your love of country, would be little more than useless repetition. Our business with you now is to point out the necessity of adopting some practical plan, in order to secure the object which has cost us so much labour, money, and suffering to carry it to its present proud, though in some measure disorganized state.

First, then, it is our particular desire that each locality will choose a delegate to attend a meeting of the South Lancashire delegates, to be holden in the National Charter Association Room, Brownstreet, Manchester, on Sunday, the 18th of June, at one o'clock in the afterneon, when, we trust, this call will be responded to in a manner worthy of the democracy of this emporium of liberty. That each locality will not fail to instruct their representative as to what course they would deem it advisable to pursue in order to place this division of the country in that position which its importance in this truly great movement so eminently entitles! it to. The delegates will be required to come fully prepared to vote upon the following questions :--1st. Your opinions relative to the election of a

new Executive Council for the Association. 2nd. The engaging a lecturer for this division of

the connry. 3rd. As to the workings of the present local lecturers' plan, and whether it should be continued or otherwise.

4th. To give your opinions of the propriety of holding Chartist camp meetings during the summer months in various parts of the district ; and whether you think they would be attended with good results to our movement or not.

We hope you will not fail to give the above questions that consideration which their importance requires, as much depends upon the decision which you may come to.

Brother Chartists,-We cannot conclude this address without calling your attention to the eventful times in which we live. The present time appears three and four hundred signatures in this village. to be big with great events. The agitation for the unite in the moral battle against the common enemies of both countries. Such an opportunity for forming a lasting union between the two countries never presented itself. We, therefore, ought to cherish it, and endeavour to cement the democreey of both nations in an holy union that will cal, and political emancipation of our beloved lighted with the treat. country from the gailing fetters of a merciless oligarchy, the cold-blooded and grasping avarice of

your duty. Since your representatives first met on your behalf many and ardnous, have been the struggles in which you had to engage in your different localities. At, one time universally depreciated and disesteemed, scrupulously maligned and misrepresented, the venal

NORTH LANCASHIRE.

ceive it to be our duty to address you at this critical

phalanx, and with a voice-a voice like the sound of

your temporal, social, and political salvation ; that you

have so long linked you to the usurping mandates of

faction, bound you down mentally, morally, and physi-

is capable of enjoying.

in the great work of national redemption.

tent persevering democrats, to gird on afresh the God-like exertions until signal and final success shall

work of persecution is at end. make him afraid.

In conclusion, we implore of you to set your shoulders to the wheel, as if the legitimate struggle depended on your own energy and union. You can plead no excuse. You have, on many occasions, by your petitions and resolutions, argued and enforced the justice of, and the necessity for, the enactment of our political tenets, as the law of our sea-girt isle. Let every Chartist endeavour to add one more to our own ranks, to confirm one wavering mind. Let every parent inculcate on the untutored mind of his offspring, the seven e'clock. never-dying principles of liberty, the absolute necesliberty, and from a living death, by protracted disdesirable. By all and every means press forward to the rule. mark of your high calling. Let every Chartist do his

Freedom Then peace and plenty will be ours,

And all the blessings Freedom showers. We are your's, in the bonds of Union,

Signed, on behalf of the delegates present, HENRY WOOD, Chairman.

SILSDEN.-A petition on behalf of Cooper and Richards has been agreed to, and received between **EULL**-On Whit-Monday, the Chartists of Hull Repeat of the Legislative Union seems to be bring- beld a grand festival, in the Freemasons' Lodge, ing us to a crisis—the hitherto conflicting elements Mytongate. The room was tastefully and besutiof party appears to be upon the eve of a brotherly juily decorated, and the splendid order and arrangejunction, when England and Ireland are likely to ment of the portraits of our most distinguished patriots had a grand and imposing effect. Numerous banners, with appropriate mottoes and devices, and au efficient quadrille band, rendered the festival a treat worthy of the patronage of the friends of rational amusement and innocent recreation. The "good things" provided were of the first character, make corruptions' ark quake to the centre. This is and the order and regularity of the whole proceedindeed the "T.de in the affairs of men, which, if ings reflected the highest credit on the committee taken at the flood, leads on to freedom !" Be of management. Great praise is also due to Mrs. active and vigilant, and we shall most assuredly, at Brown and the other ladies who reviered their meeting here to petition Parliament for a mitigation no distant period, achieve that desideratum so ar- assistance. The evening's amusements were inter- of the sentence of Thomas Cooper, of Leicester, dently to be wished, and for which we have so long spersed with songs and recitations, and the company when strong resolutions and a petition were unaniso Erdenily struggled-the moral, social, physi- separated shortly after one o'clock-all highly de- mously adopted.

INPORTANT MESTING. - On Tuesday evening the bigarchy, the cold-blooded and grasping avarice of important MESTING. — Un Thesday evening the the smekeocracy, and the blighting and withering Associated Union Repealers held their monthly influence of an intolerant State Church. In conclusion, we hope that the Chartists Cannon-street; it being known that the Chartists where the chartists are charted union the chartists of the chartists are charted union the charted union the chartists are charted union the c this civition of Lancashire will prove were to attend and render their assistance to their every succeeding Tuesday. themselves workly of their higher calling in Irish brethren, the room was crowded to excess. the moral struggle of right against might-of justice At eight o'clock the Rev. Mr. Egan, Catholic Priest, against injustice. Let Union be your watchword- of Brigg. and head repeal warden of the district, love and brotherly kindness mark your conduct with the Rev. Mr. Coppinger, of Hull, entered the towards each other, and the day is not far distant room, and were loudly cheered. Mr. West, also, on adopted. It was sent to Captain Pechell, M.P., for when every vestige of oppression will be banished his appearance was loudly applauded. On the presentation. from our land, and the hardy sons of toil be in pos- motion of Mr. Brady the Rev. Mr. Egan was called session of these privileges which will enable them to to the chair. He opened the meeting by referring carry' into effect the Aposto': injunction-" The to the great movement in Ireland under the cardi-CLEAVE. labourer shall first be partaker of the fruits thereof." nal virtues of justice, prudence, temperance, and And this can only be brought about by making the perseverance, and called on the people present by people free labourers on their fatherland." The their patriotism and love of justice to imitate their land, the land, the land, the land, "is our only hope of salva- Irish brethren by agitating under the same banner. He then referred to the observation that clergy-Previously acknowledged .... men should take no part in politics, but said that if Halshaw Mcor, near Oldham he witnessed any act of injustice and oppression he ••• A few sawyers, Waterloo Town ... was bound as a Christian minister to take his stand i A Chartist tailor, Cardiff .... by the side of the injured and oppressed. He then ... Hollinwood ... ... instanced cases of oppression practised in Ireland. ... Padiham ... ... and concluded a truly Christian appeal by exhorting ••• Wolverhampton them not to be led into any secret societies, to have ••• ... ... Richmond and Twickenham nothing to do with plots, or to commit any breach of ... Mr. G. Gommon, Chelsea ... the laws, but peaceably, constitutionally, and tem-... Mr. W. Warner ... ... parately assist the Irish people to establish the na-tional independence of their country. The venerable ... Mr. J. Smith Mr. Tatton and friend BROWN STREET.-At a meeting of the General priest sat down amid cheers. The Rev. Mr. Cop-Conneil, held in the Brown-street Room, on Monday pinger was next introduced, and explained the reason ... ••• A wager respecting "Repeal Rent" evening, June 5th, the following resolution was moved by Mr. D. Donavon, and seconded by Mr. J. Nuttall, and carried without a dissentient, "That we, the General Council of the National Charter As-was against repeal) but to add his portion of advice Halifax (5:h sub.) ... ••• ... Ovenden, near ditto.... ••• ... Siddall ... Upper Warley .... ••• sociation for the Manchester locality, having taken to the Catholics present, which had been so ably ... A friend, Ovenden .... into our most serious consideration the present dis- done by his venerable and learned friend. He then ... ... Temperance Hotel, Bolton organised state of the Association, and the evil effects at length pointed out their du'y, and likewise the ... that are likely to result from our having no recog- | caution that should be observed by them in listening nised Executive, do most respectfully suggest the to the "big mouthers," and concluded amid unmes-propriety of a conference being held in Birmingham sured applause. Mr. West was then introduced Previously acknowiedged ... (that town being the most central) on the 17th of amid the most enthusiastic applause. He stated Greenwich and Deptford ... FOR M'DOUALL. July next, for the purpose of re-considering the plan that he came among them to assist to Repeal the of organisation, and making such alterations as will Union, by cementing an union an union that had

\* No sum mentioned here.

ON SUNDAY EVENING a lecture was delivered in ; Butterworth's-buildings, on the fallacy of the asser-Union. The chairman announced a lecture on the o'clock in the evening. land for the following Sunday, to commence at

CHADBURN, NEAR CLITHEROE.—On Sunday, Mr sity of good Government for the preservation of his Thos. lubotson, of Bradford, preached here. He gave the greatest satisfaction, and at the close a tress, and for those essential materials which make life collection was made for this victims of class mis-

MANCHESTER.-On Wednesday evening last, Mr., of your inserting the following observations, in own work; and then soon, very soon, shall we hear D. Ross delivered his last of a course of lectures answer to those of Mr. Tatton Egerton, who seems pending question is disposed of; and I trust that from the vallies and mountain tops the glad shouts of on Elocution; the proceeds to go to the funds for to think he can only vindicate the conduct of the those who have written and have have not received been of an animated character, at prices exceeding building a Chartist Hall in Manchester.

SELSTON.-A camp meeting was held on Selston gentleman has, according to the report in your intentionally. I have been busily engaged in writing rate request at fully late prices. The imports of Common last Sunday, at two and six. For some paper of the 24th, ventured to characterize my peti-ime it was rumoured about that Mr. Cook, the tion as "one tissue of falsehoods." Sir, these are a general deferce of Chartism, which will be found of Flour there are 3.354 sacks reported; and of other magistrate, would come and bring his force and hard terms to apply to a clergyman graduated at in the eighth and last number of the Lancaster Trials; articles they are to a fair extent. The supplies disperse the meeting, and take the speakers up. Cambridge and of thirty years standing, whose cha- and while speaking of those trials, it is a curious Coastwise are only moderate; and from foreign At two o'clock in the afternoon, the "lads" from ractor for truth was never before impugned, and who fact that some agents complain that there were too ports 4,560 qrs. Wheat have arrived. Our market Sutton and the neighbouring villagers came up. has in his possession the testimonial of the bishop of many numbers, and that they were too long; just as this morning was fairly attended, but the transac-Mr. John Osborn first addressed the meeting in a the diocese, and, among others, of those who are now short speech ; after which Mr. George Harrison, his defamers, signed only nine months ago-to say of Calverton, addressed the large assemblage, and nothing of those of all the clergymen under whom he short by one single witness' entire evidence, they There was a good demand for Flour, and an improveduring the time he was speaking, up came Mr. served as curate ; and I hope it is not unreasonable would have been incomplete; and if wanting one ment of 6d. to 1s. per sack was generally realized. Cook, the magistrate, with one of the blue bottle that I should enquire into the credit due to the gen-men, on horseback. They went through the crowd, tleman who has become my accuser in such offensive have had. Long as they are they will live beyond and placed themselves, one to the right and the terms. In the first instance, Mr. Tatton Egerton have had. Long as they are they will live beyond other to the left of Mr. Harrison. Here they stood denied, in his place in Parliament, the truth of all the present day, and will yet, and that e'er long, some time, while Mr. Harrison was showing how those statements made by Mr. Duncombe as to the form a part of the history of this country, and not they acted in the Bastile. Mr. Cook here went to abuses practised in Knutsford Gaol, which have all an unimportant portion either. the constable, and said it was not a political sub- been subsequently proved by the very parties who ject, so they both rode off amidst the laughter of deemed it their interest to deny them. the people. We held the meeting again at six very peaceably. We are doing our best here for assertions, by stating he did not know who the ma- to discover how we can best serve it, without run-Cooper, by getting up a petition for him. We have also sent 10s. to Cleave for the Defence Fund. NEW RADFORD.—On Tuesday, we had a public

HUDDERSFIELD.—At the meeting at the Asso-ciation room, Upperhead row, on Monday night, it trates, he would do well to keep them to himself if HAM MIDLAND COUNTIES CHARTER BRIGHTON.-At a public meeting held at the Cap was pretty well known during the last six weeks by Mr. George White, namely eight months imprisonof Liberty, Portland-street, Brighton, on Monday every body else except Mr. Tatton Egerton. He ment in the Qucen's Prison, and you must be evening, on behalf of Mr. Thomas Cooper, a petition to the House of Commons was unanimously SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED BY MR. GENERAL DEFENCE AND VICTIM FUND. £ s. d. ... 0 7 7 ... 0 ... 0 2 6 ... 0 4 0 ... 0 10 ... 0 10 ... 0 10 ••• 0 0 0 ... 0 0 2 ... ... 0 9 11 ... 0 ... 1 0 5 ... 0 4 0 ... 0 1 0 ... 0 11 0

BARNSLEY-Trade remains in a very depressed state. Not above one half or two-thirds of the looms in and about the town being employed. This day there has been an order made out before the magistrates for the removal of fifteen families to their parishes, and yet the Leeds Mercury of last Saturbase or infamous paragraph than this never appeared

usual, to stop the relief of some who are on par.sh pay. Perhaps the more ostensible object is to induce the hundreds who left the town to return, as

BOLTON.-Mr. James Leach, of Manchester, will

KNUTSFORD GAOL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING CHRONICLE.

before the quarter sessions court, consisting of forty else at present. magistrates and as many bystanders as the room could hold. Mr. Davenport's words were these, " I told this gentleman, who was a perfect stranger to me, that if, as reported, his political principles dif-

admonished for dissensions with the gaolers." Now,

tion, ordered to insert nothing in my journal till they had seen it.

When I was asked to tell them all that passed at my interview with the inspector, I, of course, considered that gentleman's observations to be included; Money Prizes must be obtained by the next drawing and I defended myself from the obligation of giving of this Royal State Loan, taking place on the 1st of them by stating my want of authority to do so. But day had the town of Barnslay improving, and "not a lidid tell them (when pressed) what I had said, and loom but was in full work or partly so." A more Line could have told them more if I had not been stopped. 10 of 400 fl.; 20 of 200 fl.; 60 of 100 fl.; 200 fl.; 100 f the insertion of which will greatly oblige.

Your grateful and persecuted servant. W. BROWNE, M.A.

FROM OUR SECOND EDITION OF LAST WEEK.

FEARGUS O'CONNOR TO NUMEROUS CORRESPONDENTS.

The glorious uncertainty of the law has prevented side, near the Exchange, on Sunday next, one at me from giving definite answers to many correspon- the same. tions that Ireland as a nation exists only by the two o'clock in the afternoon, and the other at six dents, and especially to those who have written on behalf of London localities, inviting me to attend projected demonstrations. The fact is that I have not been able to call myself more than a prisoner at. large since September last, and when I thought that very large attendance of buyers this day, and very the hour of liberation had arrived, I find that I am little business done in any description of goods. Sin,-After the manner in which my fortune and once more to appear before the Justices of the Wools, Oils, &c. steady. character have been assailed, I hope I am not mak- Queen's Bench, on Saturday. I cannot posing an unreasonable request in craving the indulgence subly, then, make any engagements until this long. The weather during the week has been exceedingly Cheshire magistrates by misropresenting mine. This answers, will believe that they were not neglected | those previously obtainable. Oatmeal was in modeif I could have helped it. Long as they were, if cut

London, June 1, 1843.

And Notice is also hereby given,

That at the said General Quarter Sessions of the

C. H. ELSLEY, Clerk of the Peace. Clerk of the Peace's Office, Wakefield, 7th of June, 1843.

T OAN of His Royal Highness the GRAND L DUKE OF HESSE DARMSTADT. (guaranteed by the States of the Country) of 6 Millions 500,000 florins, to be reimbursed with 21,419,890 florins. Unrivalled distribution of Prizes. 1500 July. 1843, as follows :- 1 prize of 40,000 florins ; 1 of 10,000 fl; 1 of 5,000 fl; 1 of 3000 fl; 6 of 1600 fl: I have thus given an answer to Mr. Tatton Egerton, 500 of 88 fl.; 800 of 86 fl.; 1500 prices amounting to 199 800 florins. 10 fl. being equal to £1 sterling.

Price of Bonds for this drawing-One Bond. £1; 11 do. £10; 24 do. £20. The Official Original List of Numbers of the 1500 prizes will be forwarded to the Shareholders immediately after the drawing. The amount of prizes will be paid in cash at Frankforton-the-Maine, and London.

For further particulars, and to obtain Bonds, apply to C. E. STAHL, 32, Villiers Street, Strand, London, agent to A. J. STRAUS, Banker, Frankfort-on-the-Maine.

tor The Bonds issued by this House are signed by the hand of A. J. STRAUS, not being valid without

> LOCAL MARKETS.

HUDDERSFIELD MARKET, JUNE 6 .- The was a

MANCHESTER CORN MARKET, SATURDAY, JUNE 3. wet and ungenial; and, with continued scanty supplies of prime Flour, the trade in that article has of Flour there are 3,354 sacks reported ; and of other tions in Wheat were only limited, at at advance of ld, to 2d. per 70 lbs. on the rates of this day seanight. Oatmeal met a moderate inquiry, and we raise our quotations 6d. per load. Oats, Beans, and other articles were without alteration.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET, MONDAY, JUNE 5.-Up to this morning we have had almost constant and heavy rain, which has drawn more attention to free Wheat to a moderate amount; at yesterday's market a few parcels were taken on speculation, gistrate was by whom I was warned of the inse-curity of my tenure of office, although the gentle-man's statement of this warning was made openly before the querter consistence of injuring either that man's statement of this warning was made openly before the querter consistence of finite and the advance during the week may be stated or our own Charter, that I can think of but little before the querter consistence of finite and the advance during the week may be stated or our own Charter, that I can think of but little Odessa Wheat has changed hands in bond at 49.8d. per 60lbs. Flour must be quoted 1s. per sack and barrel dearer. We have had but little passing in Oats at last week's rates. Oatmeal has met a moderate demand only, at 20s. to 21s. per load. There is no alteration to report as respects Barley, Beans, or Peas.

LIVERPOOOL CATTLE MARKET, MONDAY, JUNE 5.-We have had a fair supply of cattle at market today for the season of the year. Any thing prime thus publicly, and published in the county papers, sentence awarded to one of your brother Chartists, eagerly sought atter, and sold at good prives. to 7d. per lo. Number of cattle :- Beasts, 927 ; Sheep and Lambs, 5252. RICHMOND CORN MARKET, SATURDAY, JUNE 3. We had a tolerable supply of Wheat in our market to-day, but only thin of Oats. Wheat sold from 5. 91. to 7s.; Uats, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 4d.; Barley, 3s. 6d. bility. Yet the chairman, who had stated in open that they shall not suffer in their temporal interests steady, at full Monday's prices. The inquiry for court that I had been acting very improperly, and by such conduct. Second, you destroy the effect foreign Wheat was in a sluggish state, but we have no variation to notice in the quotations. The sale for Barley and Malt was steady, at late rates. Osts jects of persecution have been adequately supported, Beans, Peas, and Flour moved off slowly, and their value was unaltered.

I am really in such a whirlp ol of thought and the grain market, and has given an upward tendency On the 23d he commenced his hardy and cruel anxiety about the Irish movement, racking my brain to prices. The millers and dealers have bought

FEARGUS O'CONNOR.

ASSOCIATION.

FRIENDS,-You are all doubtless aware of the

H. CHILTON, Secretary.

there is a good itching on the part of some to reduce town. Mr. Frudd, manufacturer, has failed in liabilities to the amount of eight or ten thousand pounds, which has caused much delay. So much for the prosperous state of Barnsley.

110n

We are, brethren in bonds, Yours in the common cat. of human redemption,

WH GRESTY, Chairman, WM. DIXON, Secretary.

P. S.-We hope those localit - that stand indebted to the Lecturer's Fund, and can make it convenient, will be kind enough to forward their accounts by their delegates to the next delegate meeting.

£523 13

93

proceeds to complain that this was a libel upon the aware that, deprived of the power of supporting magistrates, whereas it was merely a prediction himself, he becomes, as a necessary consequence, private, and which, unfortunately, proved in a few dependent upon the party whose principles ne ad-months to be too well founded; for, from the be-vocated, seeing that his loss of liberty is the result ginning, I was received with coldness and distance of such advocacy. It is at once the most sacred in manner, and for merely obeying an impulse of duty and the most sound policy to deprive to 3s. 9d.; Beans, 3s. 2d. to 4s. per bushcl. charity in indicting two letters, one to ascertain an persecution of its sting-for the benefit deimportant fact, and the other to procure alleviation rived from such a course is two-fold :- few fresh supplies of English Wheat nave been for a prisoner suffering under the sentence of a mili- First new hold out a promise to be been for the benefit defor a prisoner suffering under the sentence of a mili- First, you hold out a premium to houesty, received up to our market this week. Although the tary tribunal, I was brought before a committee of and encourage men to boldly state their opinions attendance of buyers to day was by no means numerinquiry, who agreed in acquitting me of all culpa- and unflinchingly defend them, when you show them ous, the demand for that article, was, on the whole, court that I had been acting very improperly, and by such conduct. Second, you destroy the effect that he had no confidence in me, neglected his which persecutors ever have in view, namely, to induty in not announcing my acquittal to the public, timidate and ruin their victims. Whenever the obbefore whom he had so unwarrantably accused me. Mr. Tatton Egerton next ventured to deny the

the only parties injured were those who sought to intruth of my having been reproved by the chairman jure-no surer mode of disarming tyranny or bigotry for having reported on my journal the repeated can be adopted, than to rescue its victims from its absence of the governor from prayers. And why sanguinary grasp. does he deny it? Because the party interested in Of George White's claims to support from the exculpating himself from the extraordinary language Chartists of the Birmingham district, nothing need he used on that occasion finds it convenient to disbe said, for surely his value to the cause can be well for the gaoler to attend prayers was given it was never obeyed, and he told me he would not obey any his konesty and fidelity and what the based upon his honesty and fidelity, and where those are undis-puted nothing more should be asked.

such orders. One of the principal charges against me being I am directed to urge upon all parties the immedithat I had withheld information from the magisate necessity of contributing to the purpose 1 have trates; I answered this charge by a statement of the named, in order to prevent Mr. White losing the facts which I did communicate, namely, the employprivileges and comforts to which his situation entiment of prisoners in the unwholesome labour of emptying sewers for the gaoler's profit (after he had tles him, but of which he may be deprived if not adequately supported. received £100 a year added to his salary in lieu of

On behalf of the committee, perquisites), a fact which had for three months been ... 34 12 43 on my journal without the magistrates having taken ... 0 10 6 any notice of it. 2. The selling milk from his own Communications to be addressed to the Secretary, £35 2 10} cows to the officers of the gaol, contrary to statute. Mr. White's, 38, Bromsgrove-street, Birmingham.

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All Communications must be addressed, Post-paid, Mr. HOBSON, Northern Star Office, Leeds. (Saturday, June 10, 1843.)