SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO F. C'CONNOR, Eso. AND OTHERS, AT FROME,

(From our own Correspondent.)

Ti was arranged that Mr. O'Connor should ad dress the Chartists of Frome on Tnesday night last. after he had attended the Bath tea party, that was

holden the same evening. Frome is fourteen miles distant from Bath, and the road is very hilly. About a guarter to nine, Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Roberts arrived, and imme-Mr. O'connor and Mr. Roberts arrived, and imme-diately proceeded to the warehouse of a gentleman, who had kindly given it for the purpose of the meeting; the Chartists having been disappointed in their expectations of being allowed the use of some

incir expectations of being allowed the use of some of the public buildings or chapels. Immediately upon Mr. O'Connor's arrival, a chairman was appointed, who, after a very few ob-gervations, introduced Mr. O'Connor to the meeting. Mr. O'Connor had not spoken more than two minutes, when the centre-beam of the wareroom gave way, without a moment's notice, and the dense mass at each side were precipitated head-foremost into the underneath floor mixed together

in one common hesp in the centre, with the broken beams and flooring over some, and under others. Not a bit of the floor remained standing, the whole having given way from the wall on either side. The crash of the large beam was terrible, but was soon lost in the piteous moans and groans of the sufferers. We regret to say that a fine young woman named Mary Gabble, had her leg broken; while many received severe contusions, sprains, and fractures; and also to add that Mr. Feargus leg and hip, the leg being cut along the calf from the world. under the knee as far as the ancle bone inside, and almost the last, had a very narrow escape of being endeavour to avoid the general crash. Both gentle-

nor s great coat was found. The circumstance has caused more excitement in Throm than we remember to have existed upon any province of any of their buildings, for the purpose of the masters and laberal Dissenters having refuged the Charitist the issenters of the charitist the issenters having refuged the Charitist the iss resisting the educational clauses in the Factory Bill. The Chartists offered fifty shillings, or any price in fact, for a place to meet in, but were disappointed, having received flat and impertinent refusals from the League and the Dissenters. There is no doubt that the discovery, and the calamity which was a consequence, of the illiberality of the middle classes, will have a contrary effect to that which by the exercise of their petty power they had antici-pated. The people witnessed the sneers and jeers of their liberal friends upon the announcement of the rumonr that ran through the town, like lightning, that Feargus O'Connor was killed. Mr. O'Connor, however, having learned the true cause of the disaster from the working men, assured them the misfortune should not prove a triumph to faction; for that he would return on Monday next to Frome, and hold an ontdoor meeting upon firm ground which would not give way. This announce-ment was received with lond cheers; and the Committee forgetting the past danger, in the anticipated return of Mr. O'Connor, set to work immediately to make arrangements for giving effect to the meetcabbage, and as much as £70 has been given for an other bill of a similar tendency. the desired effect, as manifested in the return of the cept in Ireland. effect of Household Suffrage would be, than any other country in the world. other town in England. Some time ago a man "3rd. That there is more difficulty in bringing the yard and barn. It was here that Parson Ryder named Brown resided in a H.O.U.S.E. to live in, guilty parties in Ireland to justice than there is in commanded the military to shoot the people, and and was the very life and soul of Chartism in this any other country." district. Fortune, however, or something even more Now, my Lord, I believe these three propositions widow was kneeling by the dead body of her bleedcapricions than that fickle dame, removed him to a to be circumstantially true. But your Lordship ing son, Parson Ryder rode up to her and said-H. O. U.S. E. to vote out of ; and from that period to jomitted altogether to state the cause of those die-Widow Ryan, will you pay me now !" Did any the present, Brown has allowed the Chartists to drag graceful murders ; who were the parties murdered, thing like this ever occur in any country in the world the waggon up the hill, he himself having arrived and by whom, and under what pretence. Surely, except Ireland ? Were the parties guilty of these at the summit. The working classes however who have my Lord, a great statesman, undertaking to legislate atrocious crimes brought to justice? No-not one of no votes, are beginning to look more seriously into for nine millions of people, should have stated the them ! It is true, then, as your Lordship has stated this mode of conferring trusteeship upon the gnardians whole case, and should not have relied upon vague, it, that there is more difficulty in bringing guilty of popular rights, and have resolved upon the next loose, and indefinite accusation against a whole parties to justice in Ireland than there is in any opportunity, to try the strength of the H.O.U.S.E. nation, as a justification of a barsh, partial, and other country in the world; and to obviate the diffito live in against that of the H.O.U.S.E. to vote out arbitrary law. of; and they have every confidence that a proper lst. With respect to the crime of robbery of fire-forward an Irish Arms' Bill ! My Lord, there canof; and they have every confidence that a proper ist. With respect to the crime of robbery of inter-organization and direction of the former, will arms in Ireland-a crime which your Lordship bring the latter either to a sense of duty or of says, and says truly, is unknown in England or any weakness. Upon the whole, while we mourn the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the mourn the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the other country—it is right to trace the cause to the other country be the prime unknown in the United Kingdom, to consiunderstanding amongst our own body as the pro- in England ? Because a cherished minority of the M'Clintock, the brother-in-law of Lord Roden, who, der and adopt a definite plan of general Organization. proved of ; the "emergency" and " reserve" combable result.



IRISH DISTURBANCES. - IMPORTANT CORRESPONDENCE.

(From the Freeman's Journal.)

Dublin, July 10th, 1843.

on the Irish Arms' Bill, that your Lordship has stated-

"1st. That murders have been committed in Ireland O'Connor received a very serious wound on the right | with greater impunity than in any other country in

"2ndly. That there is more difficulty in bringing much bruised outside. Mr. Roberts, who stood the guilty parties in Ireland to justice than there is in near the window and upon a spot that remained any other country in the world. any other country in the world.

" 3rdly. That the crime of robbery of fire arms is precipitated from the window to the road, in his unknown in England or in any other country except endeavour to avoid the general crash. Both gentle-men, as well as many others, lost their hats; and it knowledged evils you have introduced the Irish Arms'

The opposition which the Irish Arms' Bill has received, and is still likely to receive, in its progress through the House of Commons, will afford me sufficient time to supply your Lordship with some important facts which you have omitted, and which I hope you will lay before Parliament.

I have the honour to be, my Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient servant, PATRICK O'HIGGINS. To the Right Honourable Lord Eliot, Honse of Commons, London.

Irish Office, July 12, 1843.

SIR-I have to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of your communication of the 10th inst. 1 am, Sir,

Your obedient servant, ELIOT.

Patrick O'Higgins, Esq., Dublin.

communication of the 10th inst.

ing of Monday next, which is to take place at six made in that communication, supply your Lordship the horse Captain Gibbons was riding merely to o'clock in the evening. The Liberals have already with a few important facts which you omitted to received a taste of that retribution which the state when you brought forward the Irish Arms' whom all the hostility of the people was directed, Chartist body have resolved upon taking. They Bill in the House of Commons. In doing so I shall the last words he uttered as he fell were—"boys, I have spent a a portion of their time in going about take the liberty to say that in my hamble opinion it am gone; but remember Newtownbarry." Thus, you have spent a a portion of their time in going about, take the hoerty to say that in my humble opinion is am gone; but remember Newtownoarry. I nus, you in a hopeless endeavour to conciliate the wonnded, is the imperative duty of any one who may occupy see, that one massacre lays the foundation of another. while the sufferers reject their sympathy, telling the high and onerous position which your Lordship is this the system you profess to cure by an Irish them, that to them the catastrophe is justly occupies, armed ex-officio with the power to make Arms' Bill! At Wallstown six persons were shot. them, that to them the catastrophe is justly occupies, armen ex-optico with the power to make attributable. It may not be amiss to state our po-sition here in Frome. The manufacture of woollen clothis our staple trade, and the borengh returns one member. The representation has got into the hands of Mr. Shepperd, the principal manufacture of the town; and honour the authors of them. But, my Lord, a church which, after all these bloody deeds, asserts withing the first parts of the section of the s not from any qualification which he possesses for the willing obedience to the laws or respect for law- that it derives its title to support direct from Heaven. discharge of his parliamentary duties, but, through makers cannot be expected, from a people while I shall pass over the burning of the corn of the poor the instrumentality of seventy pauper ten-pounders, they are under the impression that those laws are on the public roads, when the men of God could not who, as a part of their terms to be allowed to slave, founded upon a partial statement of a case, in order get bidders for it. I shall pass over the deaths in are compelled to live in a H. O. U. S. E. to vote out to justify their enactment. The fullest, most rigid, prison, the seizure, branding, and starving to death of. Notwithstanding the support of his independent and impartial inquiry should be instituted prior to the cattle of the poor, for the honour and glory session of the working class of this once spirited village interest, however the friends of freedom of election the introduction of a bill such as the Arms' Bill. of God and the comfort of the parsons-the are compelled to contribute their auxiliary aid And I hope that I shall convince your Lordship that seizure and sale of the furniture of my LECTURE — A lecture was delivered in the evening, which is made up of votes purchased in the follow- a Parliamentary inquiry similar to that to which I own house—the hunting of the people with in the Association Room, Hartley-street, by Mr. Wood, Samuel Parkes, of Sheffield, and carried unanimously. in manner. Bribery is loathsome to the mind of the have partially alluded is absolutely necessary as a hound and horn, with horse, foot, and artillery-the of Rochdale, to a numerous and attentive audience. At Mr. Toon moved, and Mr. Hunt seconded, "That the "free-trader," and instead of openly buying the man, matter of common justice, as a preliminary step to it is enstomary, when hard pressed, to give £5 for a the introduction of the Irish Arms' Bill, or of any parper attorneys amassed large fortunes; and come cabbage, and as much as £70 has been given for an other offit of a similar reducing. old teakettle. Upon the last election £700 was My Lord, you have stated, and your Lordship's enacted on the face of the earth, which is that ef wood herself again. Dared at the disposal of a rigid. religions, free-trade, statement has gone far and wide :placed at the disposal of a rigid, religions, free-trade, statement has gone far and wide :-instice-loving, parity-of-election, preaching dissenter, "1st. That the crime of robbery of fire arms is Christmas eve! It was here that Parson Ryder, a as cabbage and kettle money; which sum had unknown in England, or in any other country ex-minister of religion and a justice of the peace, commanded the military to fire upon the people who Shepherd of his fleecing flock. Perhaps Frome can 2nd. That there are more murders committed in surrounded the Widow Ryan's stack-yard, to prevent farnish a better illustration of what the probable Ireland, and with greater impunity, than in any this man of God from forcing the gates to take away the corn which she had secured in her stack-

on earth, and magistrates too, exercising both the temporal and spiritual power, commanded the police or soldiers, and sometimes both, to shoot down God's creatures, for the love of God and a few shillings alleged to be due to him in the shape of tithe. Now, my Lord, this is true; and let me ask you is there such excellent treaning eart and blas-they had stored up as their only food for the winter there were upwards of twenty of them shot dead in one day. Yet Parson Morritt still lives !

At Newtonbarry, on the 18th of June, 1831, there were fourteen persons brutally and barbarously murdered for a sum of £2 6s., tithe alleged to have been due to God, by a farmer of the name of Doyle; but which £2 6s. he refused to pay to a Rev. Gen

day of sale arrived ; the police and yeomanry were with a view to the enactment of some just, equitable, under the command of this Christian minister and and salutary law for Ireland. Captain Graham ; the cattle were brought out of Thanking you, which I do, my Lord, most sinthe pound for sale, when some little boys hissed and cerely for, the courtesy and promptitude of your hooted at the disgraceful and anti Christian pro-Lordship's answer to my communication of the 10th ceedings ; and it is said, a few stones or pebbles inst. were thrown at the police, whereupon they fired,

volley after volley, upon the crowd going to market, --for this tithe slaughter took place upon the market

day at Newtonbarry,-when fourteen persons were shot dead upon the spot, amongst whom was one Mary Mulrooney whose unborn babe was shot dead the subject before the House of Commons, and in as well as herself. Here then was a Christian order that your Lordship may have the most effecminister shedding blood for money! Are these tive means of directing the attention of the Govern-

crimes enumerated in your Lordship's catalogue ? | ment and the supporters of the Government to the Are crimes so revolting as these known in any real foundation, cause, and origin of those crimes in other part of the world except in Ireland ? No, Ireland which your Lordship enumerated, I have no, my Lord, I am sure they are not. Every sent the correspondence to the press for publication.

My Lond-I have been duly honoured by your 14th of December following, nineteen persons were lordship's letter acknowledging the receipt of my killed in another tithe affray; and it was proved that 14th of December following, nineteen persons were containing it. when the unfortunate and hasty Captain Gibbons I shall now, in fulfilment of the promise which I shot the man who laid his hand upon the bridle of SIR,-I have to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 15th instant. the last words he uttered as he fell were-" boys,

Five Shillings per Quarter. THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, PRICE SIXPENCE EACH. NOS. I. AND II. OF A PRACTICAL WORK

ON THE MANAGEMENT OF SMALL FARMS; Giving full Instructions respecting Rotation of Crops, Management of Cattle, Culture, &c. BY FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESO,

FARMER AND BARRISTER.

Also, now on Sale, in Two Numbers, at Fourpence each, the "STATE OF IRELAND," written in 1798, by ARTHUR O'CONNOR. A compendium of Irish Long Lane. History, and a more correct Account of the Grievances of that Country, than any that has appeared upon the subject.

Cleave. London ; Heywood, Manchester ; Hobson, Leeds.

but which £2 6s. he refused to pay to a Kev. Gen-tleman of the name of M'Clintock, who assumed to be a man of God a follower of the Apostles, and a teacher of the doctrines of our blessed Redeemer; but who was, in reality, the brother-in-law of Lord Roden, whom you know is nephew to the celebrated Bishers of Cloreber. Well Farmer Doyle said that

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING Mr. Thomas Clark lectured on Carr Green, on "the wrongs of Ireland." There was a numerous attendance of the "Exiles of Erin" who paid the greatest attention, and manifested their approval of the manner in which Mr. Clark handled his subject by frequent bursts of applause. The rain falling heavily compelled the lecturer to conclude much sooner than he wished.

ON THURSDAY EVENING Mr. Clark was again announced to lecture in the open air; but Mr. Davies, of Hawick, being in town, that gentleman, at the request of Mr. Clark, addressed the people, and gave unbounded satisfaction.

THE MORAL MOVEMENT.—The Temperance cause is progressing rapidly here. Mr. W. Daly, late of Todmorden, has been delivering a course of excel-lent lectures upon that subject, in which he has country on the face of the earth is a stranger to and shall transmit to your Lordship and to each of such scenes of iniquity. At Carrickshock, on the her Majesty's Ministers a copy of the newspaper lith of December following, nineteen persons were containing it. station in society. Mr. George Bradburn has like-wise rendered by his services much valuable assist-HEYWOOD.-Mr. James Read will preach two

ance to the glorious auxiliary of Chartism. MOSSLEY.-Mr. James Leach of Manchester, delivered a lecture in the Chartists' meeting room, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and at six o'clock Brook-bottom, "On the Corn Laws and machinery," in the evening. A collection will be made at the

of thanks to the lecturer.

HULL.-At a special meeting of the members of the National Charter Association, to consider the various plans of Organization, it was resolved :-- 1st. "That we, the Hull Chartists, are fully convinced of the anxiety that exists for an efficient Organization of the Chartist body ; that we highly approve of a National Conference being holden to effect that desirable object ; that we consider Birmingham, as the most contral, the best place for the essembling of such Conference : and that the 5th of September is the earliest day that can k named to allow all places in the country an opportunity of completing the necessary arrangements, so that such Conference may be really a national one." 2nd. "That the different localities of the National Charter Association be requested to give their opinions on the subject of Organization as early as possible."

NOTICE .- The Secretary of the Hull Chartists wishes to hear from the Secretaries of the fellowing places, with their address, as early as possible, as he is desirous of corresponding with them on important business :-Selby, Gainsbro', Doncaster, Beverley, and Pocklington. Communications to be addressed 8, West-street Court, West-street.

Forthcoming Chartist Receings.

Notice.--Mr. O'CONNOR will address the Chartists of Trowbridge on this day (Saturday). On Monday, he will address the Chartists of Frome, at six o'clock in the evening ; and on Tuesday, he will address the Chartists of Bermondsey, in their room,

IRELAND FOR THE IRISH. REPEAL OF THE UNION. Feargus O'Connor, Esq., will lecture on the above subject, on Wednesday evening next, in the Large Theatre of the South London Hall of Science, (late Rotunda.) Blackfriars' Road, to commence at eight e'clock precisely. Admittance ld., Gallery, 2d. Englishmen! shew your sympathy with our much wronged and suffering brethren of Ireland in their

holden at the above place, on Sunday evening next, to make arrangements for sending delegates to the projected National Conference. A lecture will also be delivered, by Mr. Bolwell, on "the Life of Robert Emmett ;" to commence at eight o'clock.

MARYLEBONE .- SECOND ANNUAL EXCURSION TO WATFORD, ON MONDAY, AUGUST 7TH, 1843 .- The Committee of the Marylebone Association having made arrangements with the landlord of the Wheatsheaf Inn, at Watford, for the accommodation of start in the morning, from Circus-street, New Road

sermons in the Chartist Association Room, Hartley Street, on Sunday next, the 30th inst., to commence

favoured with the following account of the accident from Mr. O'Connor himself.

of law were robbed of their fire-arms and made the strictly temporal, to have been, though well inten-galley slaves of the minority, would endeavour to tioned, exceedingly mischievous. I shall now tell of the locality on Monday evening, July 31st, at seven My DEAR HORSON,-It was my intention to have THE VICTIMS.-At the meeting of the Council on | on Mouday next, at eight o'clock in the evening. written a letter for the Star this day, but in conse-Sunday, the following resolution was adopted:- The proceeds to be given to the wife of the patriot get their fire-arms back again, same as they do in you the reason why their conduct appeared to me to o'clock, that the wishes of the locality may be ascer-Ireland, wholly regardless whether any Noble Lord have a mischievous tendency. It will be admitted tained, and instructions for a delegate formed". quence of a very serious accident that occurred to That we approve of the suggestion of the Editor | Cooper. me yesterday. I cannot go at it as 1 should wish. After the tes party at Bath, I started with Mr. of the Northern Star for the immediate appointment DUBLIN .- The Irish Universal Suffrage Association of a committee at Manchester, for the relief of the evening next, at Mr. Duddridge's, Bricklayer's would call it robbery or not. that it is the duty of every good member of society There was an act passed in 1819, entitled, "The to adopt the most efficient means to put an end to the Search for Arms Bill." This bill was brought into shedding of human blood. Now, my lord, when the Anne Street, Mr. Simon Tobin in the chair. The follow mend the appropriation by the said committee of Anne Street, Mr. Simon Tobin in the chair. The follow funds in the hands of Mr. Cleave, or any other met at six o'clock on Sunday last, at No. 14, North [families of the incarcerated victims ; and recom- | Arms, Tonbridge-street, New-road. Roberts to attend a meeting at Frome; and when 1 arrived there, I found that faction had actually Parliament by the late Lord Castlereath, who cut people were goaded into madness by rack-rent driven the poor Chartists to a distance of half a lowing resolution was unanimously adopted :- "That any funds in the hands of Mr. Cleave, or any other Town is called for Tuesday evening next, on imporhis throat at North Cray, in Kent, three years after- heartless landlords driving them off their estates in having ascertained beyond all doubt or question that person collected for such purpose. At the same tant business. mile from the town to meet in a kind of factory wards. I beneve it was the last act of Parliament thousands, hundreds of whom perished of want (of the reason why the British Minister abandoned his time this council arges upon the country the necesmust a late of network of the rest of the state of the server of the state of the state of the server of the server of the state of the server of the state of the server of belonging to some good fellow, more considerate However, as I am expected in Bristol to night, I ing his corps, and preparing them for search of must take a sitting shot at them rather than disappoint intern. Mr. Roberts has no mercy; he has point intern. Mr. Roberts has no mercy; he has infrequently too late in church to exchange his curve to the performance of military accourtements before the performance of most unquestionably have put a total stop to any of the serveral militiary accourtements before the performance of the performance of the serveral military accourtements before the performance of the performance of the serveral military accourtements before the performance of the serveral military accourtements before the performance of the serveral military accourtements before the performance of the serveral most unquestionably have put a total stop to any of the serveral military accourtements before the performance of the serveral military accountements has not yet been discussed, to immediately give their hoped that every village will send a delegate. decision, as to the propriety of such Conference, and |. EAST LEAKE .- Mr. Skevington will address the the place and date of its assembling, and to send friends of freedom at this place, on Monday the 7th their decision to the Northern Star by August 1st." have done great good in Bath, in the way of heal-ing differences, I am even recarciled to my own and thus attired, proceed to discharge the duties of of the country;-well, what did the priests do of the men not only favourable to a Repeal of the Union, of August. VISIT OF MR. HILL TO SHEFFIELD .- This gentlemend. Alderman Crisp took the chair at our's minister of peace, upon which occasions his sword in the midst of these scenes of desolation ? They but to a severance of the two countries, should the Irish man paid us a visit on Monday last. We had ap-half-past six o'clock in the evening. There will also Monday night meeting, which was a good one, and in used to prep out from under his surplice, to the one and all preached to the people to abstain desire it; that nearly the whole of the Euglish plied for the use of the Town Hall, but was rehis opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous, and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous, and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous, and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous, and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech fully maintained the character infinite amusement of the unrighteous and the dis-his opening speech ful which he has so justly earned in his own locality. It grace of that church of which he is a minister, the will of God! and actually made them believe that | including the entire body of Dissenters, are opposed to | hold our meetings in the Town Hall, then illegiti- the afternoon. Subject-" Are the Chartists justi-Would be a fortunate thing if every town had its With bible and with bayonet, by turns this hero chose, this cruel treatment was inflicted upon them by the continuance of a Protestant Church Establishment mately we will do so. Let opportunity offer, and field in uniting the Land question with the agitation to for the To save the sonis of orange friends, and cut down Divine Providence as a scourge for their is total and immediate the "respectables" shall have cause to request that for the Charter ?" that it was their duty as Christians to submit to it ! abrogation; that after this signal service to the people | they drove us to turn their fraudulent meetings into most part of wealthy-looking, comely, neatly-dressed, Papist foes. It is very probable that this reverend gentleman that the Almighty would afford them redress in due of Ireland, those who arrogate to themselves the Chartist gatherings. Not another place could be Tespeciable working men's wives, and the most it is very probable that this reverend gentleman thinking portion of the several sections of Char-tiss. Everything went of well and comfortably; and I have inspired the vanity to think that I have inspired It is very probable that this reverend gentleman time; but that they should yield implicit obedience exclusive advocacy of the Repeal of the Union, will be procured; and we had to content ourselves with is one of those whom Mr. Walter, of the Times, de-time; but that they should yield implicit obedience guilty of base ingratitude, unless they publicly ack ow-the Association Koom, Fig-tree Lane, which will It would occupy too much of your Lordship's independent, and truly Christian they accumulated means the result of this advice was addi-ledge the noble, independent, and truly Christian they accumulated means the result of this advice was addi-to the laws and those who were placed in power to and I have inspired it is very probable that this reverend gentleman time; but that they should yield implicit obedience guilty of base ingratitude, unless they publicly ack ow-the Association Koom, Fig-tree Lane, which will It would occupy too much of your Lordship's it would occupy too much of your Lordship's to the laws addi-ledge the noble, independent, and truly Christian they is the follow of the result of this advice was addi-ledge the noble, independent, and truly Christian they is the reverse the result of the reverse of the result of the reverse of the revers and i nave inspired them with strong hope to be fulfilled by improved them with strong hope to be fulfilled by improved organization. I should state that on our entry into organization. I should eccupy too much of your Lordship's the favoured the persecuted many of their fire- fear from resistance, went on shooting and plunder- fear from resistance, went or shooting and that, therefore, his only hope to put the special the theorement, is by getting listing consistents at one view, I keep leave to the special the other may see these statutes at one view, I keep leave to the special the theorement, is by getting listing consistent to the special the the special the other hand whereas I we were statutes at one view, I keep leave to the special the theorement, is by getting listing consistent to the special the the special to the special the sons who had come from the contry congregated in the streets, in the expectation of being able to make streets, in the expectation of being able to make streets, in the expectation of being able to make streets, in the expectation of being able to make streets, in the expectation of being able to may see those statutes at one view, I keeg leave to able yoing man, of the name of Israel Reed, gave may able yoing man, of the name of Israel Reed, gave may see those statutes at one view, I keeg leave to able yoing man, of the name of Israel Reed, gave may see those statutes at one view, I keeg leave to able yoing man, of the name of Israel Reed, gave may see those statutes at one view, I keeg leave to able yoing man, of the name of Israel Reed, gave may see those statutes at one view, I keeg leave to able yoing man, of the name of Israel Reed, gave may see those statutes at one view, I keeg leave to and 's Popery Cases.'' Blackstone says, "that the have it is goodness to acknowledge under its proper have its goodness to acknowledge under its proper have d as mand a like to be the full control of Mr. bird of the bear of the bird of Mr. bird of the back and the other is not.'' The Irish know have the goodness to acknowledge under its proper have d as mand a like to be the full control of Mr. bird of the back and the other is not.'' The Irish know have the proble where an instinctive horror of bloodand although I have an instinctive horror of blood-shed and violence, yet I should, as a choice, prefer baving, by a strict adherence to the true and genuine Harney, Mr. Evinson was called to the chair, who, SHEFFIELD,—FIG-TREE LANE.—" LABOUR'S head. As neval, I lost a new hat, and was near and feel the full force of this saying. losing my great coat, and I have received much. More serious mjury than that which was inflicted on me either at Nottingham or Manchester. How my leg posted at more more more more murders committed in Ireland, and with greater principles of liberty, disappointed the Ministerand saved after a brief speech, concluded by introducing WRONGS AND LABOUR'S REMEDY."-On Monday being shot at once to that of being starved to death by hunger. Nor can I for the life of me see the dif- the country from the horrors of a civil war; and we Mr. Hill. Mr. H. spoke for nearly three hours, and by hunger. Nor can I for the life of me see the dif- the country from the horrors of a civil war; and we Mr. rint. Mr. in spokeling for statistical research, evening, Mr. Harney will deliver an address on ference, in moral turpitude, between a parson of the emphatically call upon every honest man in Ireland to delivered an address, which, for statistical research, "The past condition of the industrious classes of my hegescaped even as it did, I am at a loss to impunity, than in any other country in the world." Established Church shooting a peasant for a few join us in our grateful thanks to the Chartists of Great sound knowledge, correct principles of political this country," commencing at eight o'clock preknow, as the trousers from the knee down was; This proposition, I regret to say, is strictly true. shillings tithe, and a peasant shooting a parson in Britain." This resolution was passed amidst the most economy, a thorough exposure of the cause of pre-retaliation; and considering the rank in society, enthusiastic cheering. A wonderful change in favour sent evils, and a brief, but plain, showing of the A M shredrd in ribbons, and the sole of my boot was But yeu omitted to state the cause of those murders, nearly split. I suppose that I must be reserved for the parties guilty of them, and who were the victhe education and profession of the parson, there can-not be a shadow of doubt on the mind of any rational consequence of the publication of a correspondence has visited Sheffield. Mr. Hill, in the course of his sion on "Organization" will be resumed. The discus-tion of the publication of a correspondence some purpose; or I should have been killed before tims. The remote cause of these barbarous murders how. A rumour ran through the town like will-fire that I had been killed; and in truth I cut a most ridiculous figure, walking from the ruins to the ktad Inn, with one leg bare from the knee, and plastered over, and a little seathern cap upon my head. I never remember any circumstance to have head. I never remember any circumstance to have treated so deep a sensation, as the working men SN they had been killed and the seme time we cannot separate with-consequences of the publication of a correspondence the balance of guilt is on the side of the plastered over, and a little seathern cap upon my head. I never remember any circumstance to have hands into their Catholics do, without dipping their head. I never remember any circumstance to have head in the the the to coso. Not the remember any circumstance to have half-past seven o'clock. Subject—"The duties of half-past seven o'clock isw would permit them to co so. The parsons of the charch by statute law esta-blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time trampling upon the acts of the blished in Ireland, are empowered by numerous the same time transmission the problem transmission to the same time transmission transmission to the same time transmission tother transmission tother transmission transm Eay that the Liberals have used them very badly. 1 am going to Frome again on Monday evening LEXI, and must conclude for the present. statutes to take, by force of arms, by the bayonet and Apostles, and relying with impunity upon Acts of over again that Mr. O'Higgins and the Irish Universal especially as the talented conductor of that bright fairs."

"3rd. That there is more difficulty in bringing the

Patrick O'Higgins, Esq., Dublin.

most obedient servant.

Tharust Intelligence.

LORD ELIOT'S RUPLY.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant

I have the henour to be, my Lord, your Lordship's

P.S. Lest there should be any delay in bringing

Right Hon. Lord Eliot, Irish Office, London.

PATRICK O'HIGGINS.

Irish Office, July 18, 1843.

P. O'H.

ELIOT.

HEYWOOD .- A camp meeting was holden in this village, on Sunday last, the 23rd inst., which was numerously attended, considering the very unfavourthe reading of the address, Mr. Edwards moved, and able state of the weather. The speakers, Messrs. Wood and Chadwick, of Rochdale; Mills, of Whitworth, and Bell, of Heywood, acquitted themselves to desirable that a Democratic Hall of Science, to be the satisfaction of the audience; and succeeded in devoted to the moral, social, political, and intellectual | removing a portion of the apathy that has holden posculture of the mind, should be erected, containing a library, lecture-room, school-room, reading-rooms, comever since the unfortunate turn-out in August last,

at once to the bloodiest clerical tragedy that ever was spirit evinced on Sunday, we soon expect to see Hey- Carried unanimously. Mr. Bowman moved, and Mr.

Mr. Preston delivered a spirited and instructive lecture and contributions towards carrying out the contemplahere, on Sunday evening last, which was well received | ted object." Carried by acclamation. A committee of management was then unanimously elected. by the audience.

STALYBRIDGE --- The Chartists of this place held STAR, GOLDEN LANE .- On Sunday last the following letters from our imprisoned brothers, complaining of obliged to adjourn to the Association Room. Mr. tant meeting. the neglect of the Chartists towards their families; and Thomas Metcalfe was unanimously called to the chair. they did shoot them. And when the heart-broken we are decidedly in favour of a Committee being elected The afternoon's meeting was addressed by Mr. Storer, district will be holden on Sunday (to-morrow), at pro tem, according to the suggestion of the Editor of the from Ashton-under-Lyne, Mr. Lund, from Lancaster, Slar; for we are of opinion that there are many families and Mr. Wm. Dixon. In the evening, Mr. Dixon deat this moment pining in sorrow, neglected and forgot- livered a lecture upon "The Land-the only Remedy ten. We are also prepared with our mites to aid a for our National Distress?'. The lecture was well at-General Victim Fund, and will support none other; for tended by the fustian-jackets, who gave vent to their Warley Moor, on Sunday, August 6th; to commence we consider that the man who takes a prominent part feelings; all expressing a wish to be placed on the in the Agitation has no more right or call to be sup- land in preference to being immured within the "rattleported than the man who does not take a prominent boxes". part; All ought to share alike, without distinction to class or rank."

BIRMINGHAM .- At a meeting of the Astonpeople of England are not empowered by penal bear in mind, is nephew to the ex-Bishop of Clogher, should be holden, on the last Monday in August ; and mittees, proposed by the same gentleman were also Sunday (to-morrow), at half past two o'clock in the statutes to sally forth and rob the hated, persecuted, Jocelyn, died quietly on his bed. Since we received the above we have been and calumniated majority of their fire-arms. If In my letter of the loth instant I mentioned that I ham, it being most favourably situated for that pur-avoured with the following account of the accident such were the case in England, which is but too true had always looked upon the meddling of the Irish pose." It was also resolved, "That the various plans which at nine o'clock was adjourned to Wednesday with respect to Ireland, those who under the colour Catholic priesthood in matters which I considered as of Organization which had appeared in the Star should evening.

close of each sermon towards defraying the exto a good audience, who listened with the greatest attention, and manifested the high satisfaction they pences.

OLDHAM.-Mr. William Dixon will lecture in the felt, by giving, in proof of their approbation, a vote Chartist Room, Greaves-street, at half-past six in the evening, when a collection will be made to dc-LEICESTER .-- On Monday, according to announcefray the expence of the room. ment, a public meeting was holden in the Market

place, to take into consideration the propriety of erect-ham; on Thursday evening, August 4th, and in ing "a Democratic Hall of Science" for the use of Clitheroe, on Saturday evening, August 4th, and in Clitheroe, on Saturday evening, August 6th, on the open space of ground over Shaw Bridge, at six o'clock precisely.

ROCHDALE .- A camp meeting will be holden tomorrow (Sunday), on Roolay Moor, near Lane Head; to commence at two o'clock. A friend will lecture the same evening, in the Chartist Room. top of Yorkshire-street; to commence at half-past six o'clock.

to commence at two o'clock.

BRADFORD.—On Sunday (to-morrow), a camp meeting will be holden at Undercliffe, at ten o'clock in the morning. Messrs. Hurley, Dawson, Alderson, and Ross have promised to attend.

WHITE ABBEY.-The Chartists of White Abbey will meet on Monday evening, at eight o'clock ; a deputation from the Council will attend. The quettion of Organization will be discussed.

THE MEMBERS of the General Council will meet in their room, Butterworth Buildings, at six o'clock on

HALIFAX - A special delegate meeting of this two o'clock in the afternoon, in the Association Room, Pellon Lane. A good attendance of delegates is particularly requested.

WARLEY .- A camp meeting will be holden on at two o'clock in the afternoon.

CHESTER DELEGATE MEETING .---- The adjourned Chester County Delegate Meeting will be holden at SHEFFIELD .- THE ORGANIZATION .- The discus | Macclesfield, on Sunday, August 6th, at ten o'clock sion of this subject was resumed on Wednesday in the forenoon : all communications for the meeting evening last, when the scheme of a " perambulating to be addressed to Mr. John Warren, at Mr. D.

MR. J. PEPPER will preach at Riddings next Maltley's yard, at the sign of the New Inn.

AN HARMONIC MEETING will be held at the Feathers, Warren-street, Tottenham Court Road.

SOMERSTOWN .- There will be a lecture on Sunday

A GENERAL MEETING of the Chartists of Somein

MR. FUSSELL will lecture at the Black Horse and

MANCHESTER .- Mr. James Leach will lecture in the Carpenters' Hall, on Sunday, (to-morrow,) at

South LANCASHIRE .- Mr. Leach's Route for the ensuing week :-- Monday, the 31st, Milnrow, near

Your's, very truly, Wednesday, July 26th.

OLDHAM,-On Sunday last, Mr. Lezch of Hyde, is superstitions, idolatrous, and damnable. delivered a most energetic lecture to a numerous and

afternoon. improvement_

FEARGUS O'CONNOR.

in return for what they take way, except that of people's choice preached resignation and submission declaring, and sometimes swearing, that their faith to such unparalleled tyranny, oppression, and injustice! Depend upon it, that the Irish Arms' Bill When you stated that there were more murders will not be a remedy for these evils "which cry uenvered a most energence sectore to a numerous and then you stated than in any other country, alond to heaven for vengeance." The people will respectable andience, in the Chartist room, Greaves, committed in Ireland than in any other country, alond to heaven for vengeance." The people will respectable andience, in the chartist room, treaves, committee in include that in any onder country, along to neaven for vengeance." The people will stress; at the conclusion of which, it was mani-stress; at the conclusion of which, it was mani-in you were bound, in candour and in justice, to have disregard it; they will see nothing in it but a per-stress; at the conclusion of which, it was used in the stated boldly and fearlessly that the nineteenths of severance in the old system of arming a privileged monshy agreed that a camp meeting should take stated boldly and fearlessly that the collection of nonsly agreed that a camp meeting should take stated boldly and realized in the collection of, few against a whole nation; they will lose all con-place on the 13th of August, at two o'clock in the those murders were committed in the collection of, few against a whole nation; they will lose all con-and resistance to, the payment of tithe; and what fidence in the laws, and abandon all hopes of reand resistance to, the payment of these instances com- dress; experience will have taught them that, fol- theless Chartism is flourishing in Ireland. Nothing has and will be productive of immense good. His favour- and on Monday evening, at seven o'clock.

MENTAL INPROVEMENT.—On Monday, the mem-bers of the Chartist body, at their weekly meeting, after to establish an instruction class for mental agreed to establish an instruction class for mental agreed to establish an instruction class for mental and will be productive of minimum segood. His favour, and on Monday, the mem-met is favour, and on Monday evening, at seven o clock. tended so much to dispet the delusion under which the ing us with another visit at the earliest possible mo-citizens of Dablin were labouring, as this recent corres-bers of the pondence with Lord Bliot. for the non-payment of which, they, God's ministers | punity to their oppressors ; and in their evil notions | pondence with Lord Eliot.

evening, Mr. Harney will deliver an address on

A MEMBERS' MEETING on Wednesday evening.

statutes to take, by force of arms, by the bayonet and the bullet, the property of their Catholic neighbours, for which they give them no consideration, no value, in return for what they take way, except that of Hundreds of pounds of the public money have been their wrongs-the establishment of the People's business of great importance to the Riding is to be spent in fruitless efforts to suppress Chartism in Ireland. Charter." Mr. Julian Harney seconded the resolu. brought forward.

Even the very Catholic Churches have been the depots of bearing false witness against Chartists; the walls of those sacred edifices have been polluted by the false testimony of the O'Connells, the Steels, the Daunts, the Institute. Mr. Hill returned thanks, and retired NR. CHRISTOPHER DOVLE, from Manchester, will lecture in the Chartist Room, Cheapside, to-morrow afternoon, at half-past two; in the evening at half-Rays, the Mc Nallys, the Byrnes, the Frenches, the amidst the hearty expressed good wishes of his audi-Hearnes, the Mc Haghs, the Kellys, and others. Never- tors. Mr. Hill's lecture has excited great interest above Room to-morrow evening, at half-past five;

THE NORTHERN STAR

of repose.

STATE CHURCHISM-A FAILURE.

Ž

We make no ap-logy for at once directing the attention of our readers to the evils resulting from an other ends in view than the advancement of the cause of justice and of truth. The thing itself appears to us so monstrous, productive of such unmixed ill to man and dishonour to God, that we wender how it can find favour in the eyes of any one who professes to have caught the spirit of the religion of Jesus of Nazareth. It has worked so badly-it has so set men against each other-it has called so much bitter feeling into play, that we can have no difficulty in tracing its fatherhood and origin; it came no. from above but from below; fesses to embody in itself whatever is "fair and lovely, and of good report."

Nor we do here intend to inquire what relationship the state church maintains to the primitive church, which was planted and watered with the blood of martyrs, and prophets, and maints, and whose only temporalities were hunger and distress, the scorn and hate of all classes of society, and not unfrequently, ultimately, the dungeon and the stake. No doubt there is a close analogy, but what that is we cannot now step to determine. Necessarily, also, we must forbear to draw the parallel between the lives of the apostles and their the imprisonments, the stripes, the perils, and the fasts of our modern apostles, far exceed those endured by Peter and Paul. These matters we must consider at some future time. Moreover, for the present we must deny ourselves the pleasure which would result from an examination of the parity, the virtues, the Christian

graces. which so eminently distinguish those illustrious men who adom the episcopal bench, and which are, alas! so rare in this wicked world. Well, then, we have an immense machinery kept up at a tremendous price, and to which everything has

been made subservient. Money left to support the poor, for education, and other purposes, has all been absorbed and turned into one stream. Along the length and breadth of the land costly edifices are built, and set spart for the worship of one religious sect alone. Of the peculiar excellence, or otherwise, of that sect we say nothing. To each church is attached a man who in leavens the whole lump of society; the highest and the lowest alike bend to it and own its power.

What has it done? with these resources seemingly defiance to all other sects. It not only will not meet "That each Dalegate lay before his locality the pro-

predominant characteristics of a State Church, and strife. With these she has nothing whatever to do : a vote of thanks to Feargus O'Connor, Esq., was established church; they are so manifest—they come so palpably in our way and arrest our notice, that we feel that not to speak of them would argue that we had and it plainly bears on it the stamp of the wisdom that is earthly, sensual, and deviliab. To be brief, at the present time we waive all unnecessary discussion, and just look at the thing as it is now—as it now seeks to blind us in its thralls, as it now unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it now unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls, as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls as it new unbluekingly pro-to blind us in its thralls as it new unbluekingly pro-the Secretary read over an account of the Incent to blind the chart of the Incent to blind to the short to blind to blind to the short to blind to blind the short to blind the short to blind to blind the short to blind the short to which thou canst only lay down with life itself; and to thee, thus calles, an Establishment and an Episcopal

Ordination are empty as a dream of the night .- The Philanthropist: a Monthly Journal devoted to Social Political, and Moral Reform.

Chartist Entelligence.

LONDON .- MISS INGE lectured on Sunday even ing, at the Working Man's Hall, Mile End Road, to a crowded andience, and was highly applauded. The Incressors, which undoubtedly strikes at once every chair was filled by Mr. Sherrard, who addressed the reflective mind-unless, as some may possibly imagine, meeting in confirmation of the views of the fair lec- Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Discernation of the views of the fair lec- Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Discernation of the views of the fair lec- Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Discernation of the views of the fair lec- Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Discernation of the views of the fair lec- Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Discernation of the views of the fair lec- Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Discernation of the views of the fair lecturer, in an eloquent and able manner. The evening's proceedings gave great satisfaction.

CITY OF LONDON INSTITUTION .- On Sunday morning, an highly interesting discussion took place on the Bronghton, Falcon-square: official assignee, Mr. Whitquestion-"Would a Repeal of the Legislative Union benefit the working classes?" Mr. Overton was called to the chair, and driefly introduced the subject. Messrs, Cowan, Dwaine. and others, in animated speeches, supported the affirmative. Measure Pollard and Sources to the chair, and briefly introduced the subject. Messrs. supported the affirmative. Messrs. Pollard and Spurr and Mr. Bryant, Wimborne; official assignee, Mr. admitted the right of the Irish nation to demand the Edwards, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry. Repeal, but denied the benefits attributed as resulting from it. After a prolonged discussion, the subject was adjonrned until the following Sanday morning. On Solicitors, Mr. Ashurst, Cheapside; official assignce, Sunday evening, Mr. Davoe lectured at the same place, Mr. Groem, Abchurch-lane. to a good audience; and, in an energetic manner, developed the evils of the present system, and pointed half-past two, September 15, at half-past eleven, at the to the land as the great object wortby of the attention of the working classes. Messra Mee, Cuffay, Spurr, areet, Southwark; official assignee, Mr. Groom, Abysome places has the authority almost of a king; the of the land, and the question of American liberty. and Rathbone, entered into a discussion on the merits church-lane. Mr. Bolwell, as chairman, wound up the proceedinge; August 1, at one, September 5, at one, at the District and the evening closed by the choir singing the Char- Court of Bankruptcy, Newcestle-upon-Tyne. Solicitors, tist National Anthem.

infinite; this power seemingly omnipotent: what has it METROPOLITAN DELEGATE MEETING, Sunday liamson and Hall, Gray's-inn; official assignee, Mr. done to bless and evangelise the world? In every good afternoon, Mr. M'Grath in the chair. Reports were Baker, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. word and work it has ever been the last. It may have received from the Bloomsbury, Golden Lion, Golden done something occasionally out of opposition, but it Lane, Tower Hamlets, and other localities. A deputa- August 3, 29, at two, at the District Court of Bankhas done but little from a sense of principle and duty. tion attended from the Directors, stating the monetary ruptcy, Exeter. Solicitors, Mr. Church, Bedford-row; When its bishops and priests folded their arms and affairs of the Institution. Mr. Wheeler reported relative Mr. Dommett, Chard; and Mr. Tyrrell, Exeter; official alept, they were only roused from their spathy by the to an interview with Mr. O'Connor. A long discussion assignee, Mr. Hernaman, Exeter. untiring exertions of despised Dissent. Relative to arose, after which the following resolution was unaniachieving anything great and good it has done nothing; monsly agreed to, and ordered to be immediately trans- woollen drapers, August 3 and 30, at twelve, at the ness for good is identical with its very being. It has ing, seeing the great necessity of immediate unanimity Messrs. Makinson and Sanders, Middle Temple; and had a long trial, and now we must abandon it as a in reference to the date of the proposed Conference, Messra. Atkinson and Saunders, Manchester, official failure. It has no victories over darkness to sing of ; and the 21st of August having met with the approba-no trophies to boast. Besides, it has great deficiences, tion of the South Laneashire Dalegates and other in-the absence of which nothing can supply. It wants the flantial bodies, they entreat Mir. O'Connor, in the en-fields, Gloucestershire, manufacturing chemists, July distinguishing mark of genuine Christianity-that suing number of the Star, to give his support to that 31, at two, August 31, at eleven, at the District Court catholic spirit that would incline it cheerfully to date, instead of recommending any other, which would of Bankruptcy, Bristol. Solicitor, Mr. Manning, DECLINE; with Instructions for its COMPLETE affliction co-operate with all who believe in a common head. It only serve to distract the attention of the Chartist Dyer's buildings, Holborn; official assignee, Mr. Acra-proadly isolates itself. It puts itself in an attitude of public". Mr. Wheeler moved, and Mr. Mills seconded, man, Bristol.

them as equals, but it expects that they should own priety of a public meeting being called on Monday, August 29, at eleven, at the District Court of Bank-and reverence its supremary. It arrogantly demands August 17th, to elect delegates to the Conference; and ruptcy, Exeter. Solicitors, Mr. Clipperton, Bedfordthat they should obey and make way for it, and is ever each locality is requested to send in the name of their row; and Mr. Brutton, Exeter; official assignee, Mr. for the removal of Disqualifications, and Remarks

COGGLESHALL.-At the weekly meeting of the which have ever made it a fruitful source of enmity and | Chartists of this place, held on Monday evening last,

THIS excellent Family Pill is a medicine of long-tried efficacy for correcting all disorders of the religion. They cannot make men Christians, though and hope it will be of a legal and permanent kind, are easily sworn, and mertained by gold is somewhat guestionable, and it were well that it made way for something better. That heart of this. The best friends of our cause. CARLISLE.-MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF THE afflicted of its salutary effects. The stomach will

the Secretary read over an account of the Income cording to the directions accompanying each box; and Expenditure during the quarter, which was ex- and if taken after too free an indulgence at table, amined and found correct.

Bankrupts, &c.

From the London Gazette of Friday, July 20.

BANKRUPTS.

Henry Andrews and Charles Twining, Peckham, Surrey, brewers, to surrender July 28, at two, August 29, at half-past one, at the Court of Bankruptcy. Solicitor, Mr. Roberts, Bride-court, Blackfriars; official assignee,

July 28, at eleven, August 29, at half-past eleven, at the Court of Bankruptcy. Solicitors, Messra Watson and more, Basinghall-street.

Thomas Lloyd Jones, Wimborne Minster, Dorsetshire,

Henry Ellis, Norwich, draper, July 28, st half-past eleven, September 16, at 12, at the Court of Bankruptcy.

Joseph Starling, Southanipton, hatter, July 29, at

John Gray, Jarrow, Darham, timber-merchant, Mr. Ingledew, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; and Messra Wil-

John Oram, Chard, Somersetshire, laca-manufacturer,

George Hewitt and George Hewlett, Manchester,

Edward Eardley, Excter, china-dealer, July 26,

FRAMPTON'S PILL OF HEALTH

Price 1s. 14d. per box.

gerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their

fortable medicine hitherto prepared.

THERN STAR OFFICE, LEEDS.

the reward is a comfortable establishment for life. The scale prompted and sustained by gold is somewhat questionable, and it were well that it made way for something better. That heart of thine, my brother, burning with Christain zeal and love—the Highest overshadowing thes, the impiration of the alminist overshadowing thes, the impiration of the state of the loss of the provide the alminist overshadowing thes, the impiration of the state of the state of the loss of the state of the state of the loss of the state of the state

box, who stated that they had done her immense good. She had been troubled with a hoarseness so they quickly restore the system to its natural state bad that no one could hear her speak ; but having taken a few boxes of PARR'S LIFE PILLS, she

Persons of a FULL HABIT, who are subject to was completely restored, as was evident by the way head-ache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the she spoke. ears, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dan-

"Very many cases of extraordinary cures have occurred among the aged workpeople, both male and

immediate use. FOR FEMALES these Pills are most truly exfemale. In one mill, an aged couple, enfeebled by disease and debilitated by premature old age, had collent, removing all obstructions; the distressing become almost past work; they were persuaded to the head-ache so very prevalent with the sex; depres- try a few boxes of PARR'S LIFE PILLS, and in sion of spirits, dulness of sight, nervous affections, a week were restored and strengthened that they Ir. Whitmore, Basinghall-street. William White, jun., Aldersgate-street, chemist, give a healthy and juvenile bloom to the complexion. profit; so much so, that from being unable to work at their calling more than two days in the week. and As a pleasant, safe, easy aperient, they unite the As a pleasant, safe, easy aperient, they unite the recommendation of a mild operation with the most successful effect, and require no restraint of diet successful effect, and require no restraint of diet or confinement during their use. And for ELDELRY hours besides. Bad as trade is here, the old people being favourites with the mill owner, are enabled to get as much employment as they can do, which has PEOPLE they will be found to be the most com-

excited the envy of those younger persons who had Sold by T. Prout, 229, Strand, London, Price been employed in their absence ; and it is a laughable 2s. 9d. per box, and by his appointment, by Heaton, fact, that Parr's Pills come in for a share of their Hay, Allen, Land, Haigh, Smith, Bell, Towns-end, Baines and Newsome, Smeeton, Reinhardt, Leeds; Brooke, Dewsbury; Dennis & Son, Moxon, rancour. The old people continue to take the pills regularly in small quantities, and find them as neces-sary to their health and prosperity as their daily food.

Leeds; Brooke, Dewsbury; Dennis & Son, Moxon, Little, Hardman, Linney, Hargrove, York; Brooke & Co., Walker & Co., Stafford, Faulkner, Doncaster; Judson, Harrison, Linney, Ripon; Fog-gitt, Coates, Thompson; Thirsk; Wiley, Easingwold; England, Fell, Spivey, Huddersfield; Ward, Rich-mond; Cameron, Knaresbro'; Pease, Oliver, Darling-ton; Direce, Materley, Langdale, Northellerton "The next and last case which I shall mention at this time, is one of a most extraordinary nature. ton; Dixon, Metcalfe, Langdale, Northallerton; ton; Dixon, Metcalie, Langdale, Northallerton; Rhodes, Snaith; Goldthorpe, Tadcaster; Rogerson, Cooper, Newby, Kay, Bradford; Brice, Priestley, Pontefract; Cordwell, Gill, Lawton, Dawson, Smith, Wakefield; Berry, Denton; Suter, Leyland, Hart-ley, Parker, Dunn, Hall'ax; Booth. Rochdale; Lambert, Boroughbridge; Dalby, Wetherby; Waite, Horrogate ; Wall, Barnsley ; and all respectable Medicine Vendors throughout the kingdom. Just Published, price 2s. Gd., and sent free, "enclosed RESTORATION, addressed to those suffering from

"Should the above three cases of cures bo worthy Imprudence, or Infection ; including a comprewhat use of them you think proper.

I am, Gentlemen, yours, respectfully,

LETTER FROM MR. WM. HICK, NOR- Just Published, the 12th Edition, Price 4s., and sent Free to any part of the United Kingdom

on the receipt of a Post Office Order, for 5s.

THE SILENT FRIEND,

DUCTIVE POWERS; with means of restoration : the destructive effects of Gonorrhæa, Gleet, Stricture, tried. A few cases in point may serve to confirm and Secondary Symptoms are explained in a familiar manner; the Work is EMBELLISHED WITH ENGRAVings, representing the deleterious influence of Mer-cury on the skin, by cruptions on the head, face, and body ; with APPROVED MODE OF CURE for both sexes ; followed by observations on the OBLIGATIONS OF MARRIAGE, and healthy perpetuity; with direc-tions for the removal of Physical and Constitutional Disgualifications : the whole pointed out to suffering humanity as a "SILENT FRIEND" to be consulted without exposure, and with assured confidence

of success. By R. and L. PERRY, and Co.,

CONSULTING SURGEONS, London and Birmingham.

Published by the AUTHORS, and sold by Buckton. 50, Briggate, Leeds; Strange, Paternoster-row; Wilson, 18, Bishopgate-street; Purkis, Comptonstreet, Soho; Jackson and Co., 130, New Bond-street, London : Guest, Steelhouse-lane, Birmingham; and by all Booksellers in Town and Country.

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRIACUM.

Is a gentlestimulant and renovator of the impaired functions of life, and is exclusively directed to the cure of the Generative System, whether constitutional or acquired, loss of sexual power, and debility arising from Syphilitic discase ; and is calculated to afford decided relief to those who, by early indulgence in solitary habits, have weakened the powers of their system, and fallen into a state of chronic debility, by which the constitution is left in a deplorable state,

and that nervous mentality kept up which places the have not seen the individual myself, but I shall give individual in a state of anxiety for the remainder of you the fact as I have received it from his employer, life. The consequences arising from this dangerous and from Mr. J. Hobson, who has frequently seen practice, are not confined to its pure physical result, him since his convalesence. The man is a working but branch to moral ones; leading the excited demechanic and had spent about thirty pounds last viating mind into a fertile field of seducive error,year on the doctor, in going to the Isle of Man and into agradual but total degradation of manhood-into other places, for the benefit of his health, but to no a pernicious application of these inherent rights purpose. His food had consisted for a long time of which nature wisely instituted for the preservation nothing but rice milk, the stomach refusing to take of her species; bringing on premature decripitude. anything stronger. His body was greatly emaciated and all the habitudes of old age :-- such a one carries and his temporal prospects clouded ; with a mind | with him the form and aspect of other men, but withfilled with melancholy forebodings for the future, he out the vigour and energy of that season which his Ask for Frampton's Pill of Health, and observe beturned to his friends at Leeds, where he was told early youth bade him hope to attain. How many the name and address of "Thomas Prout, 229, by his medical adviser that should he be restored a men cease to be men, or, at least, cease to enjoy little, his disorder would have its periodical return; manhood at thirty? How many at eighteen receive but being advised to try PARR'S LIFE PILLS, the impression of the seeds of Syphilitic disease ithe bought a few boxes, which have completely re- self the consequences of which travel out of the moved his disease, and enabled him to return to his ordinary track of bodily ailment, covering the frame in a sealed envelope," on receipt of a Post-office | work, where he was seen a few days ago by Mr. with disgusting evidence of its ruthless nature, and Hobson, (it being dinner hour) eating beef-steaks impregnating the wholesome stream of life with with great gusto; and to whom he recited with plea- mortal poison; conveying into families the seeds of MANLY VIGOUR: a Popular Inquiry into the sure and gratitude the cause of his then healthy con-disunion and unhappiness; undermining domestic dition, together with a long history of his past harmony; and striking at the very soul of human intercourse.

The fearfully abused powers of the humane Genegence in Solitary and Delusive Habits, Youthful of your notice, you are at perfect liberty to make rative System require the most cautious preservation; and the debility and disease resulting from early indiscretion demand, for the cure of those dreadful evils, that such medicine should be employed that is nost certain to be successful. It is for these cases Messrs. Perry and Co., particularly designed their CORDIAL BALM OF SYRIACUM which is intended to relieve those persons, who, by an immoderate indulgence of their passions, have ruined their constitutions, or in their way to the consummation of that deplorable state, are affected with any of those previous symptoms that betray its approach, as the various affections of the nervous structions of certain evacuations, weakness, total impotency, barrenness, &c.

ready, in a spirit the entire reverse of Christian, to candidate to Mr. Salmon, jun., 24, Dean street, Fetterdefend its exactions with the magistrate's power and lane, previous to the above date". Carried unani the soldier's steel.

And this adulterated, mongrel thing, propped by God himself; as if He could look down upon a State from the Golden Lion. Church, with its secularity and avarice, ambition and pride; with its bitter words, and its still more bitter

conscientiously submit to its extortion, and read his spirit there. Most manifestly, then, for all purely religious intents

and purposes, the thing does not exist. Whatever may be said, that is not the real aim; that is a very different affair. State Churches is neither more nor less than to find convenient modes of giving pensions and sincenres to the younger members of the aristocracy. The elder son takes the family estate, and the other must enter the army or the church. Should he be of an indolent turn of mind, probably he will choose the latter. A state] church never was, and never can be a spiritual concern. It is simply a secular establishment; and, by this time, men have learned to consider it in this, its true light. As a matter of source the family living is looked upon as competent provision for one of the sons, even though, like a worthy clergyman of whom we know only too much, he has been heard to declare that he disbelieves, not merely the anthority of the Bible, but also the existence of its suthor-God ! The great man's called by the Holy Spirit, but merely because he has no other means of obtaining a living without work. He cannot dig, and to beg he is ashamed ; though he is not ashamed to do what many a starving begger dare not do lie in the face of heaven! The object professed, and

the object sought, are " wide as the poles asunder." Whatever such a man aya, he is seeking a respectable | morning, the 23rd instant, Mr. L. Boonham in the destroy men's souls !

We have not yet exhausted the catalogue of ills : a State Church teems with them. Its foundation principle is injustice to man, and mockery to God; as if He had not the power to maintain a religion, which, as it comes simply and undefiled from His written word, is eminently adapted to promote man's happiness and to win man's love. Beginning badly, we, of necessity have wreng in its thousand forms inflicted by the system. Its pensioned priests have ever been the sworn loes of humanity; and no greater curse can blight a land than that such men should fill its offices and wield its power. From their foul and tainting touch true religion has ever fied back, to seek reinge and pesce, to her home in heaven, and her Father there. Wherever priestism has set her mark, spirituality has languished and died; whatever could bless and gladden earth has been expelled; and man has fallen from his little embarrassed through the poverty-stricken circumhigh estate, and become no better than the beast of the stances of our members. The track-system is carried

has read amiss her divine commission ; and her strategy in the centre of the town, in the open air. This has who can withstand. The passing topics of the day | Wednesbury, on the 7th of August next. supply us with instances in point. The supporters of a State Chrnch never seem to think that men have consciences or principles of any kind; this is an idea that from Scotland, delivered a lecture in the Chartist room, never enters into their conception. The Rev. Erskine Cheapsi. e, to a very respectable assembly, the subject Head conscientionaly believes the church catechism con- being " the weakness of a divided. and the strength of tains prescriptural statements, and how do his ecclesias. a UNITED people.' The lecturer, in a forcible and tical superiors behave? Do they reason with him- eloquent manner, showed the necessity of a firm and confirm their position by scripture? No such thing. consolidated union of both heart and hand, without They deprive him of his office for three years. Dr. which the toiling millions can never expect to be the church of England. A concisve assemble; sit in condition. In pointing attention to the present judgment on him; they have not the honesty to meet state of Ireland, it was clearly demonstrated and reason withhim; and, unheard, he is suspended from that the high and moral majesty of the people,

Hirtzel, Exeter. monsly. Mr. Page moved, and Mr. Simpson seconded,

"That the localities be recommended to raise funds for wretched artifice and system, they would pass off to the above object, by laying a levy of 2d. upon their men as an illustration of the spirit, bright and beautiful, members". Carried unanimously. The meeting then of a genuine and healthy Christianity: and not content adjourned, the Secretary being suthorised to write to spinners; as far as regards J. Haworth.-M., G. O., J. 11, Paternoster-row; J. Gordon, 146, Leadenhall-with attempting to deceive men, they must fain mock all the unrepresented localities. 2s. 6d. was received D., and J. H. Greenwood, Bradford, Yorkshire, and street; G. Mansell, 3, King-street, Southwark;

CHARTISTS OF BLOOMSBURY .- The above locality met at their room on Tuesday evening. After the usual deeds; its oppression, its feiters, for the man who cannot | tusiness was gone into, Mr. R. Brown moved, and Mr. Robertson seconded, "That a vote of thanks be given to Mr. Feargus O'Connor for the able manner in which he managed the Defence Fund during the late trials."

holden in the Democratic Chapel, on Sunday last, the Lewis, Haughton and Manchester, cotton-manufactures. following resolutions were unanimously passed : "That it is the opinion of this meeting that the contemplated Conference should assemble on Tuesday, September 5th." "That it appears to us that Nottingham would 15, P. T. B. Hembrough, Wakefield, worsted-manufacbe the best place of meeting, being the most central." "That any town containing less than 50,000 inhabitants should be allowed to send one delegate; containing 50,000 and less than 100,000, two delegates ; cloth-manufacturer.-Aug. 16, C. H. Webb, Forebridge, and if 100,000 and upwards, four delegates, excepting London, which might be allowed to send six." It was builder. considered that this last arrangement would give to the Conference greater advantages than confining large | CERTIFICATES to be granted, unless cause be shown towns who might wish to send more than one delegate; and that, whilst it would keep the Conference within son enters the church, not because he feels himself the limits of a deliberative assembly, it would give as near as possible equal representation. It was also re- Cooper, Harleston, Suffolk, coal-merchant.-Aug. 16, solved that the resolutions might stand as propositions T. Stripling, Colchester, coachmaker.-Aug. 15, V. Wanoto be voted upon according to the plan suggested by R. T. Morrison, in the Star of the 15th inst.

THE CHARTISTS' weekly delegate meeting took place in the Democratic Chapel, Rice-place, on Sunday

competency for life. It is the living he wishes to obtain ; Chair ; when the following resolution was passed :and history has taught us that priests are not the last |" That a lecture be given for the benefit of Mrs. Cooper. to perjure themselves, if the end be one worth having of Leicester;" which Mr. H. Dorman kindiy consented Worthing and Brighton, coachmaker .- N. Dickenson, and not a mere paltry consideration. Gold, like to deliver in the Market-place, on Sunday evening, charity, hides a multitude of sina Accursed be the July 30th. It is in contemplation to get up the play makera.-H. Simmonds, Learnington Priors, dealer.system which can thus deaden men's consciences and of the trial of Robert Emmett; the proceeds to go to M. Pearson, Workington, Cumberland, chemist - A. routine of general practice, and (as in other departthe Local Victims' Fund.

> mage delivered an excellent lecture on " The Land and | Watkinson, Birstall, Yorkshire, card maker.-J. Blake, the People's Charter." He pointed out the absurdity Sunderland and Kingston-upon-Hull, tinner. H. of Whig and Tory measures of relief for the starving Johnstone, Sheffield, coachmaker .- W. Peate, Shrewsmillions, and clearly showed that nothing short of the bury, grocer, People's Charter would benefit the working classes The cotton lords, the shopocracy, and manufacturers came in for their share of exposure, and in like manner the priesthood. He also handled the mbject of the Corn Laws in a masterly style. At the close of his lecture he invited discussion, and although some of the Whig tools were present, none of them had anything Cambridgeshire, to surrender, August 3, at two, and greater safety and secrecy than in "Lucas on MANLY to say. The people listened patiently to his long and able address.

BILSTON .- The state of our organization is not a Inn.

on to an alarming extent. For seven, eight, nine, and A State Church has done something else : a hirding ten weeks at a time, the labourer is compelled to go lane; solicitor, Mr. Surr, Lombard-street. priesthood is but one of the many blessings she scatters without money. The miners are now at work for two with such a liberal hand. She has sown dragon's teeth, shillings a-day; and another deduction is about to take Aug. 31, at eleven, at the quences of early indiscretion-afraid almost to en- an obstinate cough and asthma. and armed men have sprung up in abundance, willing place !! Lectures are delivered here, by Mr. Thoma- Court of Bankruptcy. Mr. Belcher, official assignee; to fight under her banners and to obey her laws. She son, every Thursday evening, on a large piece of ground selicitors, Messre. Tilleam and Son, Old Jewry. has been of a somewhat singular character. Gold for No one has attended their two last meetings, but their of Bankruptcy. Mr. Pennell, official assignee; solicitor, those who will give up their principles; and imprison-ment, loss of property, and death for men who will they could not get speakers. We are determined to John Bussell Spencer, tanner, ment, loss of property, and death for men who will they could not get speakers. We are determined to John Bussell Spencer, tanner, Halsfead, Essex, Aug. of the nervous system, cough, indigestion, and a train nois: just the way, we should imagine, to win men reorganize ourselves; and delegates will be appointed 1, at twelve, and Aug. 31, at one, at the Court of Bank. of symptoms indicative of consumption or general over; such arguments of love he must have a hard heart to attend the next delegate meeting to be helder at

BOLTON-On Sunday evening last, Mr. Davies, Liverpool Lasy deprive num of his office for three years. Dr. which the toring minimum can never expect to be trict Court. Mr. Baker, official assignee, Newcastle- parties addressed. Upon that which is directed to Pusey maintains transmission to be the doctrine of relieved from their present degraded and miserable trict Court. Mr. Baker, official assignee, Newcastle- parties addressed. Upon that which is directed to London. preaching for two years. What answer is that to Dr. set forth by their unity of sentiment and action, These men blunder about whatever alone deters the "strong Government" from finding a they take in hand; they have no more idea of integrity jub for the Attorney-General. The lecturer gave great and honesty, than they have of any other quality, the possession of which turns a man into a martyr and a maint. Persention has been the attorney for the principle's and Messrs, Mant and Harvey, Bath. solicitor, Mr. Brewster, Nottingham.

PARTNERSHIPS DISSOLVED.

Marshall and Dickinson, Leeds, stuff merchants .-- J. Martin and Co., Liverpool, sail-makers.—Haworth and Whitehead, Forest of Rossendale, Lancashire, cotton-Wellington, New Zealand, stuff manufacturers.

DIVIDENDS.

Aug. 11, W. T. Wren, Chichester, brewer.-Aug. 11. G. Tattersall, Noble-street, hosier.-Aug. 11, H. Brown and J. Coombs, Windsor, bankers. Aug. 14, J. Whitfield, Tooley-street, grocer.-Aug. 14, E. Turmaine, Can. terbury, porter-brewer .- Aug. 14, J. Richmond, Lime-NOTTINGHAM .- At the weekly general meeting street, merchant -- Aug. 17, H. Sldebotham and T. -Aug. 15. J. T. and W. Bradley, Leeds, ironmongers. Aug. 15, H. Lonsdale, Sheffield, grocer.-Aug. 15, E. White and E. Leith, Worksop, machine-makers.-Aug. turer .- Aug. 15, T. Walker, Leeds, brewer .- Aug. 15, H. Pearson, York, attorney-at-law.-Aug. 15. J. Breasley. Leeds, victualler.-Aug. 15, R. Marsden, Halifax, woollen Staffordahire, corn-dealer.-Aug. 3, T. Carter, Stafford,

to the contrary on the day of meeting.

Aug. 11, G. Tattersall, Noble-street, hosier. Aug. 11 G. Reach, Bardwell, Suffolk, miller.-Aug. 11, J. B. strocht, Liverpool, merchant.-Aug. 16, T. Lampen, Devonport, linendraper.

unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before August 11.

J. Poolly, Maidstone, timber merchant.-J. Stubbs. Nield, Oldham, cotton-spinner.-G. Forster, Sunderland, iron manufacturer.- A Stockten and W. Utton, PRESCOT .- On Wednesday evening, Mr. Gam- Halkin-street. Belgrave-square, coachmakers .- H. J. for the correct treatment of sexual infirmitics.

From the Gazette of Tuesday, July 25.

BANKRUPTS

Enderby Laughton, brewer, Wisbech, St. Peter's. Sept. 4, at twelve, at the Court of Bankruptcy. Mr. Whitmore, official assignee, Basinghall-street; solicitors, Messrs. Abbott, Jenkins, and Abbott, New

Jackson Barwise, house-decorator, Pall-mall, Aug. 3, at twelve, and Sept. 4, at eleven, at the Court of ["MANLY VIGOUR" temporarily impaired, and mental Bankruptey. Mr. Alsager, efficial assignce, Birchin-

Frederick Pryor Everett, draper, Reading, Berkshire. George Frederick Widnell, stationer, Edgware-road.

over; such arguments of love he must have a hard heart to attend the next delegate meeting, to be holden at ruptcy. Mr. Pennell, official assignee; solicitor, Mr. Dodd, New Broad-street

Elward Hopkins, coal dealer, Egremont, Cheshire, Aug. 11, at half-past twelve, and Aug. 31, at eleven, at and permissious practice, alike destructive to the mind the Liverpool District Court. Mr. Bird, official as. and body."-Bell's New Weekly Messenger. signee ; solicitors, Messra. Bridger and Blake, Finabury-circus, London; and Messra. Francis and Dodge,

9, at twelve, and Sept. 6, at eleven, at the Bristol Dis-bitherto shrouded its own ignorance. The work trict Court. Mr. Morgan, official essignee, Bristol; before us treats of subjects we believe generally, yet

on the Treatment of Ghonorrhæ, Gleet, Stricturo and Syphilis. Illustrated with Cases, &c.

the Destructive Consequences of Excessive Indul-

hensive Dissertation on Marriage, with directions

Strand, London,"on the GovernmentStamp.

Order for 3s. 6d.

BY C. J. LUCAS, & CO., CONSULTING SURGEONS, LONDON; And may be had of the Authors, 60, Newman street, Oxford-street, London ; and sold by Brittan Street; G. Mansen, 5, King-street, Southwark; C. Westerton, 15, Park-side, Knightsbridge; H. Phillips, 264, Oxford-street; Field, 65, Quadrant, Regent-street; Huott, 141, High Holborn, London; J. Buckton, Bookseller, 50, Briggate, Leeds; J. Noble, 23, Market-place, Hull; W. Lawson, 51, Stone gate, York, and W. Barra-clough, 40, Fargate, Sheffield; T. Sowler, Courier Office, 4, St. Ann's Square, and H. Whitmore, 109, Market Street, Manchester; W. Howell, Bookseller, 75, Dale Street, and J. Howell, 54, Waterloo-place, Church-street, Liverpool; W. Wood, Bookseller, 78, High Street, Birmingham ; W. & H. Robinson & Co. 11, Greenside-street, Edinburgh ; T. Price, 93, Dame-street, Dublin; and by all Booksellers in the United Kingdom. "The various forms of bodily and mental weakness

titioners. Hence the necessity for the publication of means of escape and the certainty of restoration. The evils to which the book adverts are extensive CERTIFICATES to be granted by the Court of Review, is confided the care of young people, who ought to remain for a moment devoid of that information and vey. Not only are the most delicate forms of gene- in my whole system, as I am now in better health rative debility neglected by the family physician, and spirits than I have been for fourteen years. I ments of the profession) attentively concentrated in the daily and long continued observation requisite

"If we consider the topics upon either in a moral or social view, we find the interests and welfare of mankind seriously involved. The effects of licentious indiscriminate and secret indulgence in certain prac tices, are described with an accuracy and force which display at once profound reflection and extensive

"The best of all friends is the PROFESSIONAL FRIEND and in no shape can he be consulted with VIGOUR." The initiation into vicious indulgence-

evil without affording a remedy. It shows how sufferer, who has pined in anguish from the conse- they had done him to much good, in relieving him of counter his fellow man, can regain the vigour of health and moral courage. The work is written in a concise and perspicuous style, displaying how often pearance of their youthful offspring; how the attenuation of the frame, palpitation of the heart, derangement decay, are often ascribed to wrong causes ; and instead of being the natural results of congenital debi-

lity or disease, are the consequences of an alluring

"Although a newspaper is not the ordinary channel for the expression of opinion upon the merits of a medical work, this remark is open to exception in popular study should be devoid of that mysterious

"WILLIAM HICK.

'To Messrs. T. Roberts and Co., 9, Crane Court Fleet-street, London."

MIRACULOUS CURE FROM THE USE OF PARR'S LIFE PILLS

Copy of a Letter just received by the Proprietors system, obstinate gleets, excesses, irregularity, obfrom Mr. Wm. Moat, 3, Cobbett-street, Shaw's Brow, Salford.

" To the Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills.

"Gentlemen, - I have the utmost pleasure in for-

incapacity, suffering and disease, faithfully delineated than undergoing a surgical operation. I was thus even where the disease of STERILITY appears to have in this cautiously written and practical work, are driven almost to despair ; and consuited the treatise taken the firmest hold of the female constitution, the almost unknown, generally misunderstood, and treated upon principles correspondingly erroneous and superficial, by the present race of medical prac-danger. I therefore determined not to risk so pain-increase the animal spirits, invigorate and revive the a timely safeguard, a silent yet friendly monitor, or, leave the result to nature and Providence. Fortu- diment to maturity. where debility has made threatening inroads, the nately, I heard of the great fame of PARB'S LIFE PILLS, and resolved to give them a fair trial. I con-The evils to which the book adverts are extensive and identical in their secret ynd hidden origin, and ing any benefit, but still kept persevering; and I there are none to whom, as Parents, Guardians, have now taken twelve boxes, and to my great joy Heads of Families, and especially of public Schools. I am perfectly woll, the dropsy is entirely removed, together with a scorbutic affection, which I had been much troubled with since my return from India in hose salutary cautions this work is intended to con- 1827; and now there is not a vestige of disease left

pils at proper length of time, as I have done. I give you my heartfelt thanks, and authority to publish this lepter, and will gladly answer any applications either ersonally or by letter, and remain your

grateful and obliged servant. (Signed) "W. MOAT. Witness-John Hough, Cheadle, carrier. " Manchester, Feb. 7, 1842."

FROM MR. HEATON, BOOKSELLER, LEEDS.

"To the Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills."

its progress—its results in both sexes, are given with faithful, but alas ! for human nature, with afflicting truth. However, the Authors have not exposed the pare's LIFE Picks; to enumerate the cases world be a task too formidable for me, and which has prevented my writing to inform you before, as I can Patent Medicine Venders in town and country and physical emasculation, produced by uncontrolled hardly tell where to begin. One man said he wanted indulgence of the passions, can be restored ; how the a box of Life Pills for Life Pills they were to him Europe and America.

> "Another said they were worth their weight in gold ! as he was not like the same man since he had taken them.

"Another said his wife had had a bad leg for years, but after taking one small box, which was recommended by his Class Leader, her leg was much better, and when she had taken the second box, is to any part of the world; no difficulty can occur as was quite as well as the other.

"A very respectable female said her husband had been afflicted above two years, and had tried many things, but since he had taken PARR'S LIPE PILLS he was quite a new man.

"You will please send immediately, by Deacon's waggon, 36 dozen boxes at 1s. 14d., and 6 dozen at 2s. 9d.

" I am, Gentlemen, yours, respectfully,

"JOHN HEATON.

"7, Briggate, Leeds, Feb. 9th, 1842.

To Messrs. T. Roberts and Co., 9, Crane Court,

As nothing can be better adapted to help and nourish the constitution, so there is nothing more generally acknowledged to be peculiarly efficacious in all inward wastings, loss of appetite, indigestion, warding you do up own case of cure, effected solely depression of spirits, trembling or shaking of the by the persevering use of your PARR'S LIFE PILLS. Before having recourse to them, I had been for up-wards of five years afflicted with a most distressing malady, which the different medical men who at-ness, heaviness, and lowness of spirits, dimness of medical men who attended me all pronounced to be a serious case of sight, confused thoughts, wandering of the mind, hydrocele (or dropsy of the scrotum), and declared vapours, and melancholy; and all kinds of hysteric there was no other chance of either relief or cure complaints are gradually removed by its use. And ful and uncertain an experiment, but rather chose to whole animal machine, and remove the usual impe-

> This medicine is particularly recommended to be taken before persons enter into the MATRIMONIAL STATE, lest in the event of procreation occurring, the innocent offspring should bear enstamped upon it the physical characters derivable from parental debility, or evil eruptions of a malignant tendency, that are most assuredly introduced by the same neglect and imprudence.

Sold in Bottles, price 11s. each, or the quantity of four in one Eamily bottle for 33s., by which one lls bottle is saved.

Propared only by Messrs. PERRY & Co., Surgeons, 19, Berners-street, Oxford-street, London, and 4, Great Charles-street, BIRMINGHAM.

Observe, none are genuine without the signature of

R, and L. PERRY and Co.

impressed in a stamp on the outside of each wrapper to imitate which is felony of the deepest dye. The Five Pound cases, (the purchasing of which will be a saving of one pound twelve shillings ;) may be had as usual at 19, Berners-street, Oxford-street, London, and 4, Great Charles-street, Birmingham; and Patients in the country who require a course of this admirable medicine, should send Five Pounds by letter, which will entitle them to the full benefit of such advantage.

May be had of all Booksellers, Druggists, and throughout the United Kingdom, the Continent of

Messrs. PERRY expect when consulted by letter, the usual fee one pound, without which, no notice whatever can be taken of the communication.

Patients are requested to be as minute as possible in the detail of their cases, as to the duration of the they will be securely packed, and carefully protected from observation.

PERRY'S PURIFYING SPECIFIC PILLS,

Price 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. per box,

(Observe the signature of R. and L. PERRY and Co. on the outside of each wrapper) are well known throughout Europe and America, to be the most certain and effectual cure ever discovered for every stage and symptom of the Venereal Disease, in both sexes, including Gonorrhæa, Gleets, Socondary Symptoms, Strictures, Seminal Weakness. Deficiency, and all diseases of the Urinary Passages, without loss of time, confinement, or hindrance from business. They have effected the most surprising cures not only in recent and severe cases

has been altogether that of a carnal warfare. Her logic been the means of buttoning up the League's meetings. Aug. 1, at eleven, at Aug. 31, at twelve, at the Court fond parents are deceived by the outward physical ap-

John Cowherd, miller, Hugill, Westmoreland, Ang. any instance where the public, and not the isolated 1, at half-past two, at the Newcastle-upon-Tyne Dis- and exclusive members of the profession, are the upon-Tyne; solicitors, Mr. Harrison, Kendal; and men indiscriminately, the world will form its own Messrs. Addison and Harrison, Meelenburg-square, opinion, and will demand that medical works for

William Pallen, licensed victualler, Gloucester, Aug. technicality in which the science of medicine has

practical experience."-The Planct.

saint. Persecution has been the common and invariable, sake, than in love with himself for his ability in advoanswer of a State Church. A man believes the whole | cating it.

system to be bad, and that he ought not to support it; DELEGATE MEETING -According to announcement and the State Church says to him, "Your argument the delegates from the different localities met last may be good, but I must put you in jail, and for all that Sunday, at the house of Mr. James Hastam, Boven 2, at one, and Sopt. 5, at twelve, at the Birmingham human being can be the worse for its perusal; to body, defying every effort of surgical skill. Parr's District Court. Mr. Whitmore, official assignee, Bir- multitudes it must prove a warning beacon, a well- Life Pills being recommended to her, she resolved may be good, but I must put you in jail, and for all that Sunday, at the house of Mr. James Hasiam, Seven to what she has done; her violent temper is modified gate from Blackburn, arrived with information that a by the times, her teeth have been filed, and fangs camp meeting would be holden on Sunday, July 30th, extracted. Read the history of the past, and see how on Ball Hill, when the delegates from Bolton district the gospel of peace and love has been profaned, and has agreed to relinquish the design of holding their conbeen made the watchword for oppression and persecu- templated comp meeting, but would join that to take tion to the death. Religious ware, the bitterest that can place on Bull Hill. The people of Bolton district are blight and destroy, have been the production of her therefore requested to attend. Mr. D'xon is expected to hellish machinations The part paints her amidat address the men of Bolton, at the Globe Inn, Turron, carnage and gore, musatiated, parting for blood and at eleven o'clock, and from thence to proceed in a body Tengeance, with the hell-hounds of war baying around i to the place of meeting.

her; and this demon they would present to us as the embodiment and substance of that religion whose to man

Little could they have known of the spirit and the Liftle could they have known of the spirit and the power of vital religion, who could imagine that such a course was the best adapted to advance her trimmphs and accore her reign. God's ways are not man's; and the religion that he has called into being is perfectly able to maintain herself. From his bosom of boundless love the came down to dwell on earth to alleviate cor-row, and to cleanse from human sin. Best and to cleanse from human sin. Best adapted to advance will be brought forward demanding importance row, and to cleanse from human sin. Bent on so importance will be brought forward demanding im-divine a mission, ahe has tabernacled here, serene and medi- to consideration. smilling amidst the ziorms and angry elements that LEAMINGTON .- Mr. O'Neil delivered three encompass her and that would radely drive her away, lectures in the old chapel, Clements-street, on Monwith her influences so rich in blessing and in joy. day, Tuesday, and Wednesday evening, last week; tended to, as the functions of the Committee will Coming in her God-given beanty and power into man's the room, capable of heiding from 600 to 700, was then cease. hesrt, she expels lis felse idols, and erec's it into a crammed to suffocation each night. On Monday iemple sared to the Highest. Far from her, as cark- night, the subject was "the Szeredness of Human dressed to new from light, are those sure signs of an earliely origin, Life." The other two lectures were on "the Wellgate. the correspondences in hitter mind, the angry type, the Anatomy of the Human Frame," illustrated with

that for pelf and power, which have ever been the ; magic lantern plates,

William Broomhead, merchant, Birmingham, Aug. mingham, solicitor, Mr. James, Birmingham.

DEFENCE OF MR. JOHN DUNCAN.

THE COMMITTEE appointed to manage the FUND collected for the Defence of Mr. JOHN DUNCAN, have to announce that the period during which he was held bound to appear to answer for which no was need bound to appear to answer for tions. This essay is most particularly addressed to ticate its truth.- York, Nov. 17th, 1842. ALMONDBURY.- At the usual weekly meeting the 16th current, a Meeting of said Committee was all suffering under a despondency of the character blezzed results have ever been glory to God and perce held on Monday evening July 24th, the following held in South Chapel, Lindsay Street, on the 17th, resolution was carried unanimously :--lst. "That when it was unanimously agreed to convene a cheer the drooping heart, and point the way to reno-the thanks of this meeting are due, and are hereby General Meeting of the Subscribers, to be held in vated health."

> whether they wish their propertion of the money returned, or whether they will agree that the balance be appropriated as the General Meeting may decide. After the above Meeting, no claims will be at-

N.B.-Communications on the subject to be addressed to the Treasurer, Mr. Robert Kidd, No. 7,

JOHN GELLATLY, Chairman. Dundee, July 17, 18:3.

solicitors, Messrs. Jones and Blaxland, Crosby-square, very strangely, neglected by the medical attendant, and requiring doubtlessly (as in operative midwifery

sion of the human organization."-The Magnet.

"The security of HAPPINESS IN THE MARRIAGE STATE is the chief anxiety of all; but many dread

alluded to; and advice will be found calculated to

Messrs, Lucas & Co. are to be daily consulted from ten till two, and from five till eight in the even. ing, at their residence, No. 60, Newman-street. Oxford-street, London.

Country Patients are requested to be as minute as Without this mark of authen leity they are spurious possible in the detail of their cases, as to the duration and an imposition the Prepared by the Proprietors, of the complaint, the symptoms, age, general habits of living, and occupation in life of the party, The communication must be accompanied by the usual by E. Edwards, 57, St. Pauls, also by Barciays and consultation fee of £1, without which no notice Sons, Farringdonistreet, and Sutton and Co., Bow consultation lee of 21, which with a bound of sons, Farringdomstreet, and Satton and Co., bow whatever can be taken of their application; and in all cases the most inviolable secrecy may be relied on.

Sild by MR. JOSEPI BUCKTON, BOCKSeller, town in the United Kingdom, and by most respectable 50, Briggate, Leeds; and Mr. W. Lawson, 51, dealers in medicine. Price 1s. 144, 2s. 9d., and Stonegate, York; by whom this Work is sent family boxes 11s. each. Full directions are given (post-paid) in a soaled envelope for 39 6d. with each box.

Fleet-street, London.

Another most lextraordinary case of cure, com-John Hedderly, druggist, Nottingham, Aug. 9. and and the surgery of the eye) an entire devotedness to municated by Mr. Moxon, of York:--Mrs. Mathers, Sept. 9, at half past eleven, at the Birmingham District a deeply important branch of study. The tone of of that city, had for many years been affected with being justly calculated to cleanse the blood from all this book is highly moral, and it abounds in well-written, harrowing, yet correct displays of the suf-dants pronounced to be cancer. It originated in her fering consequent upon unbridled sensualism. No breast, and continued to spread nearly all over her

> told appeal to reason, a permanent blessing. It is to give them a trial; and, speaking of the result, she to this horrid disease, owing to the unskilfulness of written in a clear intelligible style, and is evidently say she cannot expres the inconceiveable advantage illiterate men ; who by the use of that deadly poison, the production of a mind long and practically con- which she has already derived from them. She fur mercury, run the constitution, causing ulcerations, versant with the diseases of the most delicate divi- ther states, that she is now almost well, and ascribed blotches on the head, face, and body, aimness of Any one doubting the accuracy of the above stateentering upon wedded union, through a secret fear of meat, may, through the agent (Mr. Moxon), be unfitness for the discharge of matrimonial obliga- directed to Mrs. Mathers, who will herself authen- tution ensues, and a melancholy death puts a period

CAUTION - BEWARE OF INITATIONS.

In order to protect the public from imitations, the Hon. Commissioners of Stamps have ordered the words Pann's Live Pills to be sugraved on the Government Stamp, which is pasted round the sides of each box, in WHITE letters on a RED ground. ineffectual.

N.B. Country Druggists, Booksellers, Patent Medicine Venders, and every other Shopkeeper can · be supplied with any quantity of Perry's Puritying Specific Pills, and Cordial Balm of Syriacum, with the usual allowance to the Trade, by most of the principle Wholesalo Patent Medicine Houses in London.

Sold by Mr. HEATON, Briggate, LEEDS.

salivation and all other means have failed ; and are of the utmost importance to those afflicted with Scorbutic Affections, Eruptions on any part of the fonlness, counteract every morbid affection, and restore weak and emaciated constitutions to pristine health and vigour. It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims

her convalescence solely to the persevering use of sight, noise in the ears, deafness, obstinute gleets, that sovereign medicine—Parr's Life Pills. N.B. nodes on the shin hones, ulcerated sore throat, disnodes on the shin bones, ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, with nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, till at length a general debility of the constito their dreadful sufferings.

> Messrs. Perry and Co., Surgeons, may be consulted as usual, at 19, Berners-street, Oxford-street, London, and 4, Great Charles-street, (four doors from Easy-row.) Birmingham, punctually, from Eleven in the Morning until eight in the Evening, and on Sundays from Eleven till One. Only one personal visit is required from a country putient, to enable Messrs. Perry and Co., to give such advice as will be : means of effecting a permanent and effectual cure, after all other means have proved

Bebiers.

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW FOR THE for I know a boy who has 'em prime!" REGISTRATION OF VOTERS, INCORPO-RATING THE REFORM ACT. AND famed for the growth of fine fruit, has this year suffered masse Parrot," said Blackee, "you great man here; By EDWIED W. Cox, Esq., BARRISTER-Se. AN ENGLISH lady on arriving at Calais, on her way WE HAVE been much pleased by the perusal of a cond Edition. Published at the office of the to make the grand tour, was surprised, and somewhat little work, entitled "Tales of the Heart," by Lord Low Times, London.

This is a most useful and valuable publication. foreigner. "You mistake, madam," said she to the we can find room for at present :--" The maiden do of our home gardeners. The Emerald Isle, from we can find room for at present :--" The maiden Rotterdam, on Sunday last, for instance, brought

truth was not very far off.

it goes into its hole !"

George's grandmother !

sureties in £250 each.

Southampton to Vauxhall.

obstacle to his being executed.

SIR J. IRWIN was a great favourite with George the

Third, who once observed to him, " they tell me, Sir

YERY TRUE.-One of our Methodist clergymen, last

second coming was to take place on the 23rd of April,

1843, at three o'clock, p.m., two-thirds of them would

delay all preparation for it till half-past two !- Albany

A NEGRO DIALOGUE.-" I say, Boz, where do dat

comet rise at ?" "It rises in the 46th meridian ob de

frigid zodiac, as laid down in the comet almanac."

"Well, where do it set, Baz?" "Set! you black fool

-it don't set nowhere; when it get's tired of shining

SCOTCH RELATIONSHIP .- Sir George Mackenzie

once stated that an old woman in the island of St.

Kilda claimed relationship with him, on the ground

that her mother's aunt had suckled a sister of Sir

A PRIEST, named Abbo, was condemned to death at

Rome, on the 30th nit., for the murder of his nephew.

The Pope, in order that there may be no privilege of

crime for any class, has deprived him of his ecclesias-

THERE ARE in London and its environs 107.962

female servants, and in Holborn alone 29.000, of whom

land and Wales there are £130,000,000 of property

in household furniture, £16,000,000 in wearing apparal,

tical consecration, and there is, consequently, new no

the laws relative to "the Franchise," "the Registration," and "the Elections." The book gives

bottle.

seers, Registration-agents, Sheriffs, Sheriff-officers, Returning-officers, Election Committees and Poll Clerks. Indeed it is the best work we have seen for any and every one who wishes to know the law John, that you love a glass of wine." "Those," affecting the Franchise and its exercise.

Local and General Intelligence.

DR PHELAN has been appointed a commissioner f inquire into the state of lever in Ireland.

POTATOES are selling at Kilkee, county Clare, at one Patriot. halfpenny per stone. And in Dublin at 51d. per stone.

THE FOOT of a Chinese female, from the heel to the great toe, is only four inches long.

STRAWERRIES are selling in Hull at one penny the pint

LOVE in France is an opera; in England a tragedy;

in Italy a comedy; and in Germany a melodrama, "WHITE thread gloves," says the Leicesler Mercury,

" may be bought in this town at a penny per pair!" THE FORCES now concentrated in Ireland exceed, it is said, 35,000 men!

WHY IS Punch like the serial ship ?-Because he has

not made a trip yet, and never will. A WELSH NEWSPAPER is about to be started a

Liverpool. OUR WAR STRAN-SHIPS form no less a proportion than one-fifth of the British navy.-Brighton Gazelle.

THE FIRST OF AUGUST is fixed for the reduction of the Irish sugar duty.

O'CONNELL'S SKILL has been said to consist in keep- 14,000 to 15 000 are constantly out of place. In Enging the peakantry at the boiling point, and preventing them boiling over.

TWELVE PERSONS have held the office of Mayor of and £31,000,000 in plate, jewels, &c., under the care of the city of Washington since the year 1802. Of this female servants. mmber five were practical printers.

ACCOUNTS have been received from the Governor of Seneral to the 2d ult. They announce the almost total failure this year of the gum crop.

THE Cork Examiner states that "Rebecca and her Danchters" have lately made their appearance in Ireland

WE LEARN, from the Liverpool Times, that the diegraceful practice of placing women in the public stocks is being revived at Prescot and St Helen's.

MR. JAQUES sold-nine shert-horns, at Derby, for 600 gniness and Mr. Watson, of Walkingham, a short-horn Mr. Justice Coltman in Chambers. The additional that sound and uncorrupted body of public opinion, heiler for 150 minese .- Mark Lanc Express.

THE MASONIC Grand Lodge of England has voted £1.000 towards a monument to the memory of their Hinstrions Grand Master, the late Dake of Sussex.

ACCORDING to the last census of the Russian empire. the toral number of inhabitants who can write and read was 4.167, 995, or the proportion of the whole pepulation of one to twelve.

THE New Orleans Picayane, alluding to a candidate's onght to die-or perish in the attempt."

"MA." said a hopeful youth, "may I go to play A FAMILY CONNEXION.—A negro passing along According to the last census of the Russian em-to-day?" "No, child," was the reply. "Well, Fleet-street, was astonished at hearing a voice call pire, the total number of inhabitants who can write then if you don't let me, I'll go and get the measles; out "How d'ye do, Massa Mungo; how d'ye do, and read was 4,167,995, or the proportion to the for I know a boy who has 'em prime !" Snowball :' and en looking up, observed it pro-THE NEIGHBOURHOOD of Kendal, which has been oseded from a parrot, in a splendid gilt cage.-"'Aha, whole population as one to twelve.

FOREIGN FRUIT AND VEGETABLES .- The markets

are just now glutted with cherries, strawberries, black and red currant berries, for which we are in-debted, it will be seen by the following paragraph from the Hull Rockingham, to our continental neighbours. "The foreign fruit and vegetables brought indignant at being termed for the first time in her life a William Lennox; which from its extreme simplicity, to this port this season is very considerable, which foreigner. "You mistake, madam," said she to the we believe it to be the genuine production of his has had the effect of reducing in price the productions

the land range is a construction," and "the Elections." The book gives Registration," and "the Elections." The book gives all that can be needed, as far as the several enact-ments regulating the above operations, are con-cerned : for under each separate head is given all "I'll tell ye then, it's because it's empty!" "And "I'll tell ye then, it's because it's empty it'll tell ye then, it's because it's empty it'll tell ye then, it's because it's empty it'll tell ye then it'll tell ye then it'll tell ye then it'll tell ye then 6 feet long, 4 feet broad, and 3 feet deep) of caulicerned: for under each separate nead is given all the Statutes bearing on the question. The arrange-ment is excellent. The publication will be of immense use to Over. It's because it's cracked!" was the retort; and the the other. "Na, never." "And do ye ken the reason? The publication will be of immense use to Over.

hampers of potatoes. This is but a specimen of what THE LATE WEDDING.-We must describe the the Emerald Isle alone is bringing every week wedding.-We have already said that the sun rose throughout the summer. The further imports of from his bed at an early hour, an example which was fruit, are, we are informed, likely to be very large. These are believed to be the whole saved from this followed by the bridegroom, who prepared to dress | Considerable portions of those imports have already replied Irwin, "who so informed your Majesty have for the wedding. His master of the wardrobe, who found their way into various inland towns by the is also comptroller of the leather portmanteau and railways and steamers.

groom of the hat-box, was in attendance with the " EVERY DOG HAS HIS DAY."-THE WHIG DAY insignia of his various offices. The hereditary duke Sunday, remarked that if all the world believed the having tried Rowland's Macassar, and had an audi-GONE FOR EVER.-The Whigs will not be able to induce the people to help them to regain office upon encee of himself in the glass of a Mechian dressingeasy terms. Fair promises or maudlin sympathy case, repaired to Buckingham Palace, which had will not do, and this they now begin to perceive in been the spot fixed for the wedding. The coremony rather a dissatisfied mood. They do not like to out-bid the Tories, and yet they find it most uncomfortwas performed in the usual style of royalty. And when the prelate who performed the office came to the able to remain out of Downing street. All the party, words " with all my worldly goods I thee endow," from Lord John Russell down to Ross, of Belfast, the Duke of Cambridge, who always thinks out loud, with looks of pity beseech that they may not be kept up a running accompaniment of "well, that's capital ! worldly goods, indeed ! I should like to see pressed too far. They cannot gulp Repeal, nor do "em," and other pleasant observations; which, as away with the Church; but they are ready to pacify Strelitz senior and Mecklenburgh junior neither of the country by providing for hungry lawyers, and them understood English very well, were supposed by the fether and son to be a graph of fervent eizenlar by the father and son to be a gush of fervent ejaculais for ever out of fashion, the proceedings at the tion from the father of the bride, invoking happiness late meeting at Marylebone ought to be sufficient to on the new married couple. At the end of the cerebring home conviction to the most sceptical and obtuse. Sir Benjamin Hall, a pretty constant supmony the happy pair set out for Kew to spend the honey-moon. The bride's wardrobe had been conveyed there already, and young Strelitz had arranged to have his carpet-bag left at Kew Bridge, where it was met by his royal highness's lord of the luggage, where it is consider what steps should be taken to tranquillise Ireland. At this preparatory meeting, a who carried it to the palace. The Dake of Cambridge behaved very liberally to the poor in the great many attended; but none of the magnates of the Whig party, if we except Mr. Thomas Wyse. It is probable that Mr. Wyse scented the neighbourhood; and Strelitz senior gave away on the occasion-his eldest son-a piece of munificence tone of public feeling at the Marylebone rehearsal ; in every way worthy of Mecklenburgh.-Punch. for we do not find that he attended the demonstra-A SIGNIFICANT HINT .- The Whig organs are strivtion, which turned out in the sequel to be nothing ing hard to prove that if their party was restored to

else but an anti-Whig and Repeal exhibition. Many A HIGHLANDMAN'S ANSWER - A gentleman from office, the Repeal agitation would be extinguished. of these who have been, much to their credit, carrythe Highlands of Scotland, attended by his trusty ser. They assure us that nothing more is necessary than ing on a factious warfare against the Tories, kept vant Donald, a native of Lochaber, in Invernesshire, a change of placemen to bring halcyon days to clear of Marylebone; and we think they were wise in when travelling through the fertile and delightful plains. Ireland. We recommend the following morceau doing so. The demonstration, nevertheless, was a of Italy, asked Donald what he would do if he possessed from the Globe to the especial notice of such Repealers respectable affair—the Chairman behaving well, and an estate there? Donald instantly replied : "Please as have not yet thrown off the yoke of Whiggery :- | the speakers, among whom was honest Sharman an estate there? Donaid instanting segment is "A government must be loven and musical of its your honour, I would sell him and buy an estate in friends before it can be feared by its enemies. Above THE LATE DUEL .- The bail of Mr. Galliver, the all, a government must be sure that it is in the right, surgeon, implicated by the verdict of the jury in the and able to import that assurance to the nation whose

death of the late Colonel Fawcett, was extended before aid it calls for, before it can count on the moral force. "That the meeting was further of opinion that the securities to appear and take his trial for murder at the which has never yet quailed in England before either Ireland has been unjust and tyrannical, and the Irish Central Criminal Court are, himself in £600, and four external or internal foes. It is not the millions arrayed nation has an undoubted right to take such legal meain Ireland, not the hundreds, or thousands, who meet EXPEDITIOUS TRAVELLING .- The special train on , in England; it is not Mr. O'Connell, nor Mr. Feargus Repeal of the Union." Thursday evening, with the party of his Royal Highness O'Connor (the former of whom disowns the latter)-it

the Dake of Saxe Coburg, performed the journey, 77 is no popular nor physical force we fear, if public Will it be eredited, that this resolution was miles, in one hour and thirty-pine minutes, from opinion is union-if that opinion is pronounced for union. sconded, and what is more, unanimously carried !!! which has never yel been pronounced in vain. It is no This is a sore blow to the vanity of the ex-official USUBL-A person named Godard was tried on affront to Ireland to say that, if England supports her Whigs-while this evidence of popular sentiment declaration that he would head the president or die, Friday by the Tribunal of Correctional Police, on a government, of those in Ireland-amongst whom WE proves how correct our estimate was of the Melsays, "When a man pledges his honour to die, he charge of lending money on many. It being proved INCLUDE ALL IBISHMEN (WITH A FEW AMBITIOUS bourne Cabinet and its retainers. The best joke of in evidence that he had taken 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, and EXCEPTIONS) WHO KNOW THE INTERESTS OF THEIR the whole is, however, yet to come. The meeting a few years ago, and where the late Grace Darling so THE NUMBER OF LOCONOTIVES on the German even 40 per cent. interest in many of his transactions, OWN COUNTRY AND OURS-IF. IN SHORT, THOSE agreed that a memorial should be presented to the militarys, according to M. Von Reden, is 245, of which which amounted in the whole to 400,000 fr. he was CLASSES IN BOIH COUNTRIES WHOSE DELIBERATE Queen, grounded of course, upon the resolutions

TOTAL WRECK OF THE PEGASUS | myself to prepare fer swimming for my life, and laid STEAMER-LOSS OF FIFTY LIVES.

gular trader between Leith and Hull, was lost on head. Looking around me while undressing I saw the Thursday morning last, on Goldetone Rock. off Holy Rev. Mr. M'Kenzie on the quarter-deck praying with Island, and no great distance from where the Forfarshire several of the passengers on their knees around him. was wrecked about five years ago, the scene of the late noble-minded Grace Darling's heroism. The latter sengers around him were praying too; but Mr. M'Kenvessel suffered through tempestuous weather; but this zie's voice was distincily heard above them all. I cannot be said on this present lamentable occurrence, Wednesday night being very calm. The Pegasus left could for ourselves. I saw a lady, with two children, Leith on Wednesday evening about five or six o'cleck, close beside me on the companion, calmly resigning and struck on the Goldstone Rock early on Thursday herself to the Almighty. The children scemed unconmorning, where she lies at present. The occurrence was scious of the danger, for they were talking about some observed by several of the fishermen belonging to Holy trifling matter. When I found that the vessel Island, who promptly put off to render assistance, but was fast filling, I leapt overboard, and the engineer we understand they did not succeed in saving any lives, and I were at first drawn into the sea by the suction They picked up several dead bodies, among whom were occasioned by the vessel sinking. I soon got up again, some females dressed in their night-clothes. The Mar. however, and got hold of a plank and the steps which tello steamer, (belonging also to the same company), on led to the quarter-deck. The stewardess attempted to her voyage from Hull to Leith, rounded North Sunder- get hold of me; but I extricated myself from her, to land Point about four o'clock on Thursday morning, unfortunate vessel. The Martello, we understand, conveyed these, as also the bodies of such of the plank which I had, but I swam away from him. I unfortunate sufferers as had been found, round to Leith.

(From the Glasgow Herald of Friday.)

Last night we received the following particulars of Martello did not for some time observe me, till I the wreck of the Hull and Leith Steam Packet Com- attracted their attention by waving a stick. One little pany's steamer, the Pegasus, Captain Miller, with the boy (probably the boy Scott) kept himself affoat for loss of nearly all on board. Our information, though about three hours on a part of the skylight covering, imperfect in details, is derived from an anthentic and made great exertions to save himself, but he sunk source, and the painful recital may be depended on as at last. His body was warm when picked up. I was far as it goes. The Pegasus sailed from Leith for Hull once wrecked before, about twenty years ago, off the at 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Wednesday last, and, | coast of St. Domingo, when I was three days and three having proceeded so far on her voyage, struck on a rock | nights on a reef. It was the experience I learned then inside of the Fern Islands at a quarter past 1 o'clock | which gave me the idea of taking off my clothes beyesterday (Thurday) morning. The captain immediately fore leaping into the sea. backed her off, and made an effort to reach the shore, Hildyard said,-I belong to Beverley; my father is a but the water increased upon her with such rapidity clergyman there. I have for several years followed the that within three quarters of an hour after she had trade of a seaman; but I was going to Hull as a pas-struck she went down headforemost in 50 feet of water. senger by the Pegasus. I think it was about half-past In their desperate effort to save their lives, the two when the vessel struck. I was below at the time, passengers rushed to the boats, and, having hurriedly but when I heard the crash, I went on deck. I was at lowered them, all on board, including the captain, once aware, from the concussion, that the ship had perished, with the exception of five individuals. Of the struck on a rock. I ran forward and looked into the crew, amounting, it is believed, to 16 or 17, four were forecastle, and found her fast filling with water. I saved-viz., W. Brown, the first mate ; Hood, the first perceived the captain and mate in earnest conversation engineer; D. Campbell, a fireman; and G. Taylor, the en the cross-bridge, between the paddle-boxes. I carpenter. Out of 16 or 17 cabin passengers, only one heard the captain order the engine to be reversed, is saved, whose name we have not ascertained. There which was immediately done. I then went aft, and were from 20 to 25 steerage passengers, all of whom found the people all rushing into the boats, men and perished. In all it is believed that not fewer than 50 women. I got into the starboard boat, but finding it human beings were thus hurriedly called from time to crowded with people who knew nothing about the eternity. The survivors were picked up yesterday management of a boat, I got up again, and the boat soon morning at 5 o'clock, in a state of great exhaustion, by afterwards swamped. I heard some passengers eagerly the same company's steamer the Martello, which forta- asking the captain what was best to be done. I did not nately came up, on her passage from Hull to Leith. and hear his answer, but he did not seem much agitated. at that time six feet of the foretopmast of the illfated Seeing the boat fast sinking, I took off my hat, boots, and Pegasus appeared above the water. The carpenter had stock, and helped myself to two or three fathoms of rope, saved himself by clinging to it, and the other four sur- | with the view of lashing myself to something, if I should vivors were preserved by grasping loose fragments afterwards be able to do so while in the water. Two as have not yet thrown off the yoke of winggery :- the speakers, among whom was honest bharman "A government must be loved and trusted by its friends before it can be feared by its enemies. Above all, a government must be sure that it is in the right, had advanced about half way, a Mr. Ridley, a big to startling resolution -and had been all along a favourite, from the speed and the after-part of the larboard paddle-box when she went successful trips she was wont to make. Captain Miller down, and I sunk with her. I was about half a minute conduct of the late and present Governments towards had been on the station for many years, and he knew it under water. I felt myself caught by the legs by some well in all its bearings. In the present state of our one; but I got quit of them. When I rose to the surinformation we cannot give the reasons which have led | face, the top part of the funnel and the stern of the sures as they may deem best calculated to procure a to this distressing cat.strophe. Without this last most quarter-deck were just disappearing. The first thing I painful cause of remembrance the Fern Islands would got hold of was the accommodation-ladder, which I got not soon have been forgotten in connexion with the astride of. I perceived about eight feet of the foremast disasters of the Forfarshire, and the heroism of the standing out of the water, and a carpenter clinging to it. departed Grace Darling.

From the Edinburgh Observer of Friday.

Another appalling steam-boat disaster has just taken place, near the spot where the Forfarshire was wrecked up by the Martello. When we left it there was only a few years ago, and where the save diverse in about two feet of the mast vision. In the before the vessel heroically distinguished herself, by saving five lives at longer, we could not have held on. Just before the vessel

my clothes upon the companion. By this time the en-BERWICK, THURSDAY NIGHT .- This vessel, a re- gine had stopped, and the ship was fast settling by the heard the Captain say that we must do the best we save my own life. By this time the scene was a most dismal one. The surface of the water was covered with the dead and the dying. The screeching was fearful. One of the firemen also attempted to get hold of the remained floating about till half-past six, when I was picked up by a boat from the Martello. I was then about a mile from the wreck, and the people in the

I asked him if there was room for two, and he said there was. I then proceeded to lash the ladder with my rope to the mast-head, and we both of us stood upon this ladder, which was under water, until we were picked

thirty-eight are German, 166 English, twelve Belgian, found guilty, and sentenced to a fine of 50,000ir. and and iwenty-nine American. the costs A PARADOX .- The Hereford Times, in allusion to the

death of the favourite horse Henley, says, " after he had run the Stanage Stakes, and was taken to the stable, he could neither stand nor lie down !"

BT A SERIES of interesting experiments lately made in Philadelphia, a woman's torgue has been found capable of moving one thousand nine hundred and twenty times in a minute.

A YOUNG highwayman was offered his life, after condemnation, if he would consent to have his leg cut off, that a new styptic might be tried. "What !" replied he, "and go liping to the devil at last? No, 111 be d----d first," and was hanged !

THE DIRECTORS of the Belgian milroads are building a diligence with two floors. The upper part will be country will be commanded. It is to run between Liege and Verviers.

THE ANNUAL income of charitable endowments in Reeland and Wales exceeds £1,200 000 ; the commitzion of inquiry cost nearly £260,060; and yet nothing effectual has been done towards remedying the gross, abuses which it exposed.

ON THURSDAY, the steam-packet Batavier, Captain Danlop, arrived off St Kathsrine's Stern-packet Whari, from Rotterdam. Part of her cargo consisted of 450 haskets of pointoes and 509 baskets of currents, which were consigned to two salesmen in Spitalfields market. THERE HAS BEEN an extraordinary demand for copies of Dr. Pusey's sermon. Upwards of 3 000 copies have been sent to Ireland. Two editions of 6,000 each, have been printed, and a third edition, it is expected, is about to issue.

CONSOLING-VERY !- The directors of the new railway of Frankfort-on-the-Oder have resolved to keep at . every station a quantity of bandages and medicines, in ; order that in case of accident some relief may be given in the first instance.

IN THE pleasure-grounds of Sir Charles Halse, at Bremore, there is a splendid specimen of the tulip tree, first in England, with thomsands of flowers now in fall Deriection.

AJCIENT HYDROSTATIC BEC .- Plelarch says, inhis "Life of Alexander," that the Babylonians used, during the dog-days, to sleep on "skins filled with Water."

THE PASSENGERS between France and England from 21st to 27th June :---

By Bologne 1,140

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL IBON BOAT, intended for the increasing intercourse between Southampton knavish prisoner. and Havre, and named the South Western, arrived in the Southampton river on Wednesday week.

On the 3rd of July, the railway was opened from Lille to Ronheix, a great town in the cotton manufactoring district, having with Tourcoing between thirty and forty thousand people. The distance is, we believe, under ten miles

A LETTER from Lubeck says, "the number of failures. in this city has angmented within the last ten years, in so frightful a manner, that at present they actually Exceed those of Hamburgh, the population and trade of "which are five times greater than ours."

THE CORRECTIONAL TRIBUNAL of Metz condemned, aley days back, to a year's imprisonment and a fine, the maximum of punishment allowed by the law, a man, Tho, on the occasion of the Fele Dieu, presented himthe moment the procession was passing.

MESSRS. MILLER, RAVENHILL and Go., of Black-Wall, have just completed a new iron beat for the that can he shown on the river.

COLD WATER PUNISHMENT .- The officers of the Soners instead of scourging This is an important change in prison discipline, and is likely to be adopted very generally throughout the United States.

takechising his scholars. put the following question :--"What was made to give light to the world?" 203 !! "Matches !" cried one of the youngsters, after a short

BAILWAY SPEED .- The extraordinary speed at which Prince Albert travelled on the Great Western Reilway, on Wednesday last, on his visit to, and return from. Bristol has been the subject of much conversation. A distance of four miles, between Steventon and

Wallingford-road station, was accomplished in three minutes and forty-eight seconds; also, between Twyford and Slough, ten miles in eleven minu'es ! The train went with such speed that many small birds were cut down!

AN ANTI-MALTHUSIAN.-A gentleman engaged in taking the census of Louisville (United States) informs the editor of the Kentuckian that he came across a man who is fifty-years of age; he had been married three times; by his first wife he had eleven, by his second a glazed gallery, from which an extensive view of the wife he had ten, and twelve by his last wife, making thirty-three children; and his wife is now in a very interesting state. Twenty-three of his children are boys, and ten girls; nineteen boys and six girls are living. He married in his eighteenth year, and remained in a state of widowhood three years.

CURIOUS GALCULATION .- It is reported that the lete Mr. Arkwright left his son-in-law, Vice-Chancellor Wigram, the sum of one million of money. Now, supposing this to be correct, and in sovereigns, it would have taken the learned gentleman the astonishing number of thirty-five days to count it, at the rate of sixty a minute for eight hours a day, and would weigh, allowing four sovereigns to the onnes avoirdupois, six tons one cwi, two qrs, one lb., and would require four strong horses to draw it.

occaion the other day to visit the Chancery (ffices, Nayler, of Lincoln, his wife and con, was descending a banquet of the most stimulating delicacies is spread we discovered an announcement which we are the hill near the turnpike-gate, the horses became before us, we are unable to partake with pleasure or surprised has not been more generally noticed, and we restive when the young man who was sitting on the take no little credit on ourseives for being the first to box with the post-boy, being alarmed, jumped off. Court_Punch.

VALUE OF BOOKS -" There is no one to talk to, at the opening at the bottom of his trousers, and run- panied with a prolonged existence, we must in justice and books only weaken your understandin' as water ning up to the waistband. In this manner the boy to the venerable Parr, pronounce his vegetable disdoes brandy. They make you let others guess for you, was dragged struggling for some distance, and not covery as the most important introduction in medi-instead of guessin' for yourself. Sarvants spile your being able to extricate himself, was at last carried cal science ever yet made. We must necessarily habits here, and books spile your mind. I wouldn't up into the air. With the courage and judgement look upon such a promoter of human comfort and swap ideas with any man's. I make my own opinions, sometimus inspired by danger instinctively into the enjoyment, not only in the light of a grand medical as I used to do my own clocks; and I find they are weakest minds, the lad caught the rope with both achievement, but as an attainment surpassing in truer than other ment. The Turks are so cussed his hands, and thus clung in comparative safety. value the magic transmutations of "the Philosoheavy, they have people to dance for 'em; the English After a short time the sas began to escape from the phers' Stone." are wus, for they hirs people to think for 'em. Never balloon, and it descended upon an open plann, where read a book. Squire ; always think for yourself-Sam it was seized and secured, and the poor boy was Slick in England.

A FEW DATS SINCE the under-ostler of the White Hart Hotel. at Windsor, found a bag containing nearly although it had pased between his skin and clothes. 1,000 sovereigns, under the following circumstances :self in a state of perfect multity in the public street at. In drawing out a chaise belonging to Mr. Ashley (a member of the Society of Friends, and of the firm of

from under the shed in the yard of the hotel, to get z! to another. Londen and Margate station, a vessel, which bids well another rehicle which was behind it, a bag, filled with Islanders near the Philippines take a person's to surpays everything that has hitherto appeared. Her money, rolled off the seat into the straw. The man hand or foot, and rub it over their face. machinery is si great power, and her cabin the prettiest picked it up unseen by any one and carried it to the head-ostier, by whom it was immediately handed to person they salute. Pile, the head-waiter in the establishment. Upon Mr. Anburn stare prison have recently substituted the effu- Ashley returning, two or three hours afterwards, it was of these they sainte. non of cold water upon the bodies of refractory pri- discovered that the bag and its valuable contents were his chaise while he went into the town to transact leg, and thence over the face. his business. The man, through whose honesty the

Bediord, Sarah Dazley was charged with the wilful "W lock paper, states that the sheriff and his assist-ministering arsenic to him on the 29th of December ings, in the house, when they salute. "In performed the daty of hanging Benjamin D. White in a "manner that met the approbation of all present!" was arrested in London, having absconded, after a "New lock paper, states that the sheriff and his assist-ministering arsenic to him on the 29th of December ings, in the house, when they salute. "In a "manner that met the approbation of all present!" was arrested in London, having absconded. after a "The empire is now paying the penalty of permitting have been gleaned from parties officially connected "A bill to the approbation of all present!" Tote frem a lady, requesting "the pleasure of his in consequence of reports of her having caused the sent the blood to their friend as a beverage. company to tes," understood it as a compliment to those ' death of her two husbands, and of a boy, the ron of under his command, and marched the whole of them; her first husband. All three of the bodies were fall on their knees, bend their faces to the earth two paper for to-day. exhumed and examined, and traces of poison were or three times, and use many other affected modes. SIE PETER LAURIE says there is one great recom descovered in all of them. An immense mass of They have also a kind of ritual, or "academy of mencation in the wood pavement-economy; which he circumstantial evidence was produced, and the jury complimente," by which they regulate the number extent of several hundred pounds was sustained on held out no hopes of pardon.

IN MERE NUMBERS, GOADED BY WANT OR PASSION, Charlemont and Leitrim-the very champions of several years, left Leith harbour on Wednesday after-TO REPEAL THAT UNION. Multitude never becomes Whiggery. These patriotic Peers, surely, will never noon, having on board, besides the crew, at least six. countries. That this intelligence is on the side of the will dare afterwards to say that we have been unjust Irish Repealers assuredly we do not think. But is it in our castgation of the Whigs .- Dublin World. united on the side of the power which has to withstand repeal? There is our danger. On the one side enthu-

siasm—on the other nothing to excite enthusiasm." Now the Globe would have us believe that the Repealers have it all their own way because the Tories hold the reins of office. Were they driven from power it is more than insinuated that the old set would be recalled; and that they would be so beloved that just to keep them free from embarrassment, our Anglo-Irish party would arise to counteract the designs of Mr. O'Connell and his supportors. This we doubt very much ; as we do not believe the Whigs ever possessed popular confidence or attachment to that extent which would render it at all probabilities, let us glance for an instant, at what so likely that they could calculate upon being better strange a discovery in science would be likely to sustained in this way than the existing Government. effect. One thing is very evident, viz., that the time They might have recourse to the ancient expedient would not be far distant when the wants of life to of BRIBERY OF REPEAL LAWYERS AND AGITATORS ; every individual would be more than fully supplied. but we question whether the people have not their Suppose, however, that so mysterious a discovery eyes too attentively fixed upon the game to give any were to furnish its possessors with piles of glittering hope of the deception succeeding.-Dublin World.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT AT RINGWOOD .- A fatal accident occurred near this town on Friday evening IMPORTANT TO SUITORS IN CHANCERY -Having last. As a fly from Wimborne, with the Rev. T.

give extended publicity to the important public direc. Mr. Nayler, on seeing it, immediately opened the tions to the unhappy suitors, who may have been wan- door and jumped out, followed by Mrs. Nayler, who by all that the philosophers' stone might ensure us, dering in the Court for so many years. The informa- fell, and was killed on the spot. Mr. Nayler was we should be still unblessed—nay we should even be tion is contained in the following short announcement, taken up insensible, and conveyed to the Crown Inn. of about 200 years' growth, and supposed to be the "The way out," which we can assure our readers we Every attention has been paid him by Mr. Charles have copied from an efficial notice stuck up in that Westcott, surgeon, and hopes are now entertained of his recovery.

A SHAM ATTORNEY.-A sham attorney, named Singular Accident.-On the 16th instant M. Keene, was committed for trial in London, the other Kirach, an aeronaut, was about to makes an ascenday, on a charge of frand. He had got hold of an elderly sion at Nantes, but while the balloon was being in. Parr, that well-known long-liver, have proved sucsimpleton, named Benjamin Newport, and contrived to flated, a sudden gale of wind tore it from his hauds, cessful in this cardinal point of earthly comfort and make him believe that an action had been commenced and those of fitteen other persons who were holding happiness. Many medical discoveries have been against him. Then, by continually serving ugly-looking it down. It mounted into the air, with its boat brought to light since the study of the human frame law papers upon him, he extracted no less than £30 suspended by only one cord and the safety rope. with first occupied the attention of mankind : but when frem his pockets, in the name of fees. Several other the grapping iron attached to the other end. In its we look at a discovery (simple in itself,) not only persons had been "served" in the same way by the passage, before rising, the iron caught hold of a boy, yielding temporary relief in cases of inveterate tweive years old, named Guerin, the fluke entering malady, but sound and permanent health, accom-

released. When examined, it was ascertained that the slightest scratch, from the grappling-iron.

-Galignani's Messenger. MODES OF SALUTATION.-Greenlanders have none,

of its thoughtless owner, was liberally rewarded with foot in the sir, with the knee bent.

CLASSES IN BOIH COUNTRIES WHOSE DELIBERATE Queen, grounded of course, upon the reader, do trous occurrence no fewer than from fifty to sixty went down, I saw a woman cumbing up the main cumbing up the main occurrence no fewer than from fifty to sixty rigging; but she must have gone down with the vessel, THAT VOICE IN FAVOUR OF A GOVERNMENT RESO- you think are the parties appointed to carry it to human beings have been suddenly deprived of life. The LUTE TO KEEP THEM UNITED, THERE IS NO POWER the Throne? Why none other than the Earls of Pegaans, which has plied between Leith and Hull for

sovereignty, till the natural sovereignty of mind is lend themselves to slander the late " paternal Go- teen cabin and about twenty steerage passengers; but specting the loss of the Pegasus steamer, we fear the abdicated—till complete anarchy has taken place of the vernment;" but should they take charge of the Whig- the probability is that the number was greater, for inference is inevitable, that there was gross neglicultivated intelligence whose rule is legitimate in all Radical memorial of the Marylebone people-who several individuals are known to have gone with her gence on the part of those who were in command of whose names do not apper on the list at the company's the vessel. Lloyd's agent writes word-" What makes office. The vessel sped on her way till midnight; just this wreck the more lamentable is, that it was a fine when the watch was changed, the captain being on the night and clear, with a westerly wind, and the lights THE PHILOSOPHER'S SCONE.-The Philosopher's bridge, taking a look about him before he turned in, she were seen distinctly; and it was also said that the Stone, or in other words, the art of transmuting, any struck on a sunken rock inside the Fern Islands, near master was on the bridge at the time she struck." A and every thing into pure and solid gold, was the what is called the Golden Rock. The engines were then correspondent of the Scotsman states :----- The Goldstone backed, and she came off. Her head was turned Rock, on which the Pegasus is supposed to have been prime desideratum of "alchemy ;" and the zenith of discovery to which this study aspired to attain. towards the shore, but she did not proceed many hundred wrecked, is seldom or never left uncovered by the tide: Now, although certain superficial changes have been yards when the water rushing in, extinguished the fires, wrought in the appearance of certain materials, yet and almost immediately the vessel sunk. Finding the the attainment of so desirable an object is as far off vessel sinking rapidly, there was a rush to the boats, now as it ever was; and in fact, there is as much which, it would appear, were swamped. The accounts a channel generally preferred to the open sea by masprobability of bringing this to bear, as there is of disof the disaster, however, yet obtained, must neces- ters of vessels as a shorter cut, but never so precovering the grand secret of a perpetual motion; and sarily be confused, and may possibly contain ferred, especially at night, without incurring a risk no more. But setting aside all probabilities and immistakes; but we fear that an accurate narrative which infinitely counterbalances any saving of time of the accident, as well as the names of the thus acquired." A private letter, dated North Bersufferers, will never be obtained. The Martello wick, and received by an underwriter at Lloyd's, steamer, belonging to the same company on adds-" How the Pegasus came into the track of the her voyage from Hull, descried the wreck about Goldstone Rock, is somewhat extraordinary. Up to five o'clock yesterday morning. The first o'ject the period of the dreadful calamity, the weather was which attracted the attention of Captain Blackwood very favourable for the voyage, it being a mowas a boat with a man in it, drifting with the tide; derate breeze at west-north-west. It is generally riches; suppose, in a dition to this, that it could and soon after a boat floated past. This made him supposed that the tide, which is exceedingly strong convert the very walls and furnitures of our mansions aware that some accident had occurred in the vicinity. in that direction, must have drifted her into that into costly gold ; what would be the attainment of On coming up to the beat, which was almost full of course, and that the man at the helm had neglected to these unheard of possessions, without other essential water, the mate of the Pegasus was found in it, nearly make any difference in the steerage. There is no accompaniments-health and length of life ? When insensible from cold and exhaustion. A person of the doubt that she went clean on the rock with her engines name of Baillie, a passenger returning to Hull, was at full play, which must have completely dashed her taken from a sort of hatch, on which he was afloat ; a to pieces." From these accounts it is, we fear, but too relish : and even shrink from tasting, unless we are young man of the name of Hillyard, another passenger | manifest that the catastrophe was the result of the moved by! an appetite to partake. And thus it is from the neighbourhood of Hull, and one of the crew, most culpable supineness-for, in the first place, the with the possession of riches. Though surrounded were discovered holding on by the mast-the vessel having sunk in about six fathoms water. Six persons | distinctly; secondly, the rock was one well known, in all were saved-namely, two passengers (Hillyard and seldom or never left uncovered by the tide; and miserable, without the enjoyment of health to conand Baillie), the mate, and three of the crew, which thirdly, the helmsman, notwithstanding the increassummate our felicity. Now this important discovery we believe amounted in all to fifteen. Captain Black- ing strength of the current, had made not the slight--this necessary appendage to health without which wood remained in the vicinity of the scene of disaster | est difference in the steerage. But what makes the the chimerical blessings of the philosophers' stone for several hours, and picked up six dead bodies, case still more remarkable, is the statement that the were as nought, has already been made known and which were brought to Leith in the Martello. Three master was on the bridge at the time the vessel struck; brought into daily operation. The researches of Old of these were females. One appeared a middle-aged | and the night being clear, the beacon-light quite visible. married woman, apparently pregnant; she was attired and he himself accustomed to the navigation of the in a dark checked gingham dress, a Leghorn bonnet. and black hard-spun wooilen mantle. Another was a out excuse in having directed the ship into such a notori-Miss Barton, who had in her arms when found a child a few years old. The third seemed considerably advanced in life, and was nearly undressed. The other is no justification of an act of rashness that has caused bodies were those of the second engineer or fireman, a the death of upwards of fifty individuals, and brought very stout man, whose forehead bore the mark of a grief, and poverty, and, perhaps, despair, to the door violent contusion ; a lad, apparently twelve or fourteen of many a widowed mother and childless father. years of age, dressed in a black vest and trousers, and Again, when the vessel struck, and there was need of a rough brown Petersham surtout; and the third was all his promptitude and decision, we get not the the child found in the arms of Miss Barton. These slightest tidings of the Captain. We hear of no orders bodies, on arrival at Leith, were placed in shells, and that he gave for getting the boats ready-though, as conveyed to South Leith Church till claimed by their half an hour elapsed between the striking and the relatives.

The names of the following we have learned, although of steerage passengers we have reason to believe no account is kept :---

Mrs. Edington, Miss Hepeton, Miss Barton and a boy, expression, which, being translated into English, he had not received any bruise or injury, not even means "tenant right." This just claim of the Irish Miss Floor, Miss Briggs, Mr. and Mrs. M'Leod, Mr. tenantry, is denied by the extortion and cruelty of Torry, from Hull, a gentleman who was in ill health, certair Irish landlords who think that a tonant has on and whom Baillie, who is saved, was in attendance; no claims-no rights. Thus, one evil begets another; Mr. Elton, late of the Adelphi Theatre here ; Mr. Hodgand rebellion is invoked by the suffering tenants, to son; Mr. Elliot and son, understood to be from the rid themselves of the tyranny of unjust landlords. | neighbourhood of Dundee; Mr. Mcxhan; Mr. Milne: Ashley and Sons, the extensive brewers of Staines). and laugh at the idea of one person being inferior In the course of years, the same spirit of disaffection the Rev. Mr. M'Rerz'e, believed to be from Glasgow; will prevail in England, if the avaricious spirit of Mr. James Hunter, son of Mr. Hunter, Dundas-street, some landlords be allowed to progress. "Cus- Edinburgh; Mr. D. Whimster, in the employ of Messrs. TOM" gives certain RIGHTS to English tenants; but Ireland and Son, Southbridge; Mr. Martin (and son), Laplanders apply their noses strongly against the some greedy landlords, being counselled by ignorant of London, but a native of Edinburgh ; Mrs. Alex. any opinion, however stern, that may seem to be warand solfish stewards, force their tenants, under a lander, of Paisley; and Mrs. Barnetson, of Edinburgh. In New Guinea, they place leaves upon the heads threat of discharge, to sign agreements by which finese they sainte. Captain Miller, who is among the victims, had great their claim to the "custom of the country," on experience in the navigation of the coast, having sailed

In the Straits of the Sound they raise the left foot leaving, is abandoned. This practice is as wicked as | many years as commander of one of the Leith and Lonhis property, which he had carelessly left on the seat of of the person salued, pass it gently over the right it is foolish. If it be allowed to progress and become don smacks. He was considered an excellent seaman. universal, revolution must be the consequence. From all we can learn there must have been about sixty him. Some few days before the time arrived for The inhabitants of the Philippines bend very low, Those silly landlords will then find their mistake. | persons on board-including the crew-and only six of celebrating their nuptials, he had ordered the pave-AT ONE OF OUR common schools, the teacher, in whole of the property was returned safe into the hands on their cheeks, and raise one Stewards and landlords may rest assured that every the number have been saved. The vessel now lies in m at before his door to be repaired to a particular attempt to weaken the just claims of the tenant to the Fairway between the Fern Islands and the English spot. Having left home, his servant discovering a An Ethiopian takes the robe of another and ties the profit of their labour in the soil, will sooner or coast, about six feet of her mast appearing above water broken flig beyond the spot pointed out by her in-Conviction For MURDER-At the assizes at it about him, so as to leave his friend almost naked. later recoil on their own heads. By such extortion at half tide. It would seem the accident occurred nearly tended, desired it also to be replaced by another. The Japanese take off a slipper, and the people of the landlord applies a lever to the foundation of nis about the period of ebb. Mr. Pringle, a gentleman in thus prematurely assuming an authority by telling A POPULIE PEEFORMINCE.—The Balaria Times morder of her husband, William Dazley, by ad. Arracon their stock- own title. For a season the landlord may seem to the employment of the company, has been despatched the workmen to say to Mr. Guy, "I bid you, and he

went down, I saw a woman climbing up the main for I never saw her again.

From all the accounts that have yet transpired re-It is well known to, and anxiously avoided by, our coasting navigators in working through the Fair Way or Channel between the Fern group and the mainlandnight was calm and clear, and the lights were seen coast, the unhappy man would appear to be wholly withously dangerous track. We presume he did so with a view to shorten the voyage, and save time; but this sinking of the ship, and the weather was perfectly serene, one would have supposed they might have been prepared without difficulty-all we hear of him is, that at the moment of the shock, he was engaged with "the mate in earnest conversation on the cross-bridge between; the paddle-boxes;" and when the vessel "was fast filling with water," he ordered her to be directed towards the shore, though, from the condition in which she then was, there was every probability that she would founder before she reached it. We do not wish to press hard on the memory of one who has expatiated his neglect with his life; but justice to the living demands that, in cases like the present, involving such dreadful consequences, and bringing grief into so many families, we should not shrink from the expression of ranted by facts.-Sun, of Tuesday.

GUY'S HOSPITAL BUILT BY LOSING A HUSBAND .---Thomas Guy, the founder of this hospital, had agreed to marry his female servant, whose manners pleased his name, at a cost of £18,793. 16s. 1d. and afterwards laft for the endowment of it, the sum of ACROSS THE OCEAN, HO .- Mr. John Wise, of Laneaster, Pennsylvania, to whose name the newspapers generally tack the title "aëronaut." has published And he gives this long-beforehand notice, in order that traversers of the ocean may not take his travelling equipage for a huge living monster, and go to from the course by the influence of the ocean, or

WHAT IS "FIXITY OF TENURE ?"-It is an Irish

to the house at the hour appointed.

Pruch

A HARD CASE .- The chaplain of the Edinburgh gaol has resigned his situation, having gone over to the "Free Church." His congregation had a conscientious Wouldn't allow them !

JOEING "WITH A WITNESS."-The witness spoke in so her a tone of voice that the counsel inquired if Dan himseif.)

TELY CLEAR -A contemporary says, that transcen-Thankory concretion.

soon dimppezz.

THE LATE MR. ABERNETHT .- It is well known desire to follow their pastor, but the intolerant gaolar surgeon, that he principally relied on nature herself July 8. (The learned counsel was no doubt a married cine of this character, being gentle in its operation, and destitute of causing those griping pains, which are frequently attendant on the administration of

A BRAGGART SPORTSMAN, boasting of the capa. Queen's justices of assize," their lordships had a mino carry yourself ?" was equally expressive of a BRAGGART SPORTSMAN, boasting of the capa. Queen's justices of assize," their lordships had a mino carry yourself ?" was equally expressive of a BRAGGART SPORTSMAN, boasting of the capa. Queen's justices of assize," their lordships had a mino carry yourself ?" was equally expressive of a BRAGGART SPORTSMAN, boasting of the capa. Queen's justices of assize," their lordships had a mino carry yourself ?" was equally expressive of a BRAGGART SPORTSMAN, boasting of the capa. Queen's justices of assize," their lordships had a mino carry yourself ?" was equally expressive of the base of a second sec

If the Chinese meet, after a long separation, they permitted to play the same game. - Oastler's Fleet

nies forty days before they appear at Court. In Otaheite they rub their noses together.

destructive ephemeral fever.

Some author has observed, in contrasting the haughty Spaniard with the frivoulous Frenchman,

A BILITARY TEA PARTY.—A militia captain in marriage into which she was about to enter with a the hospital which bears Berkshire county (says an American paper) receiving a young man named Waldoch, had been broken off. to England if her landlords and stewards shall be

The Scoisman of Saturday, after giving the foregoing $\pounds 219,499.0s.4d.$ particulars, has the following statements from the two

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT .- Damage to the passengers saved from the wreck :-Understanding that Baillie and Hildyard, the only Control in the wood pavement—economy; which he circumstantial evidence was produced, and the jury complimente, by which hey regulate the number extent of several number extent of several number extent of several number of ows, genuflections, and words, to be spoken upon Monday afternoon, by the two o'clock mixed train two passengers saved, were residing down at Granten, in the Lancaster Intelligencer a card, in which he barring returned a verdict of guilty, she was sen- of ows, genuflections, and words, to be spoken upon Monday afternoon, by the two o'clock mixed train two passengers saved, were residing down at Granten, in the Lancaster Intelligencer a card, in which he barring returned a verdict of guilty, she was sen- of ows, genuflections, and words, to be spoken upon down at Granten of other and obtained from each of announces his purpose to make an air voyage, by homes these them suppress the stand of the carried in the Lancast the second of the se line taking fire. The carriages started from Dundee them a statement of what occurred under their own balloon, across the Atlantic, in the summer of 1844. at the usual hour, and were midway on the line to observation, from the time of the vessel striking on the

The Dutch, who are considered as great eaters, Broughty Ferry when the fire was discovered by rock till they were picked up by the Martello. to all who consulted this talented and celebrated have a morning salutation, common among all ranks, some labourers who were working on the road. Baillie said-I have been a sesman for about eighteen ave a morning salutation, common among all ranks, some labourers who were working on the road. Baillie said-1 have ocen a seaman for about of proceed a seaman for about of proceed as great outside of the grape shot and musket balls. He Smankclyk eeten !" "May you eat a hearty din- Immediately behind the engine, were four waggons who was one of the passengers on b oard of the Pegasus describes his balloon as follows :-- "The balloon is in his attempts to cure the maladies of his patients. her !" Another is, "Hoe vaart a awe ?" "How loaded with flax, and then one of miscellaneous goods, who was one of the passengers on b oard of the Pegasus describes his balloon as follows :-- "The balloon is the balloon is organs of their improper contents, and having thus of the republic, when they were all great navigators procured relief, made it permanent by keeping the and fishermen. gons, ending with those conveying passengers. The down in the cabin lying on a sofs, and when I found, being amply sufficient to make everything

Counsel: Then I wish you would speak as loud as you mild aperients. Frampton's Pill of Health is a medi-sweat?" a dry het skin being a sure indication of a among the flax, which readily ignited as the day was seen the state of matters there, I went down to the used for the car, which is to be depended on in case two waggons were in a blaze, and were rapidly commu- I believed the ship had struck, but they did not seem to the voyage. The boat would also be calculated upon

nicating to those behind. The engine was immediately comprehend what I meant. Some of the passengers in case the regular current of wind should be diverted stopped, and to prevent the fire reaching the last tier (chicfly the ladies) were in bed. When I reached the from the course by the influence of the ocean, or that the proud, steady gait, and inflexible solemnity stopped, and to prevent the fire reaching the last tier use the spiritual cognoscence of psychological purgaments is the provide steady gait, and innexible solemnity is cognoscence of psychological purgaments is the provide steady gait, and innexible solemnity is cognoscence of psychological purgaments is the provide steady gait, and innexible solemnity is cognoscence of psychological purgaments is the provide steady gait, and innexible solemnity is cognoscence of psychological purgaments is the provide steady gait, and innexible solemnity is cognoscence of psychological purgaments is the provide steady gait, and innexible solemnity is cognoscence of psychological purgaments. The course by the influence of the ocean, or through other causes. The crew to consist of three solements is the provide steady gait, and the provide ste

Queen's justices of assize," their lordships had a mind carry yourself ?" was equally expressive of the gay passengers and engineers broke up the burning wag- and when it had reached the water I sprang in myself. gons, and scattered the goods about the roadside; There were then about nine of us in the boat. One day after dinner Curran said, "Reverend through which means any articles that had not been A lady, I remember, was sitting in the bow. Father, I wish you were St. Peter." "And why, and a very indifferent horse, swore that the to me every juryman who could not been any articles that had not been A lady, I remember, was sitting in the bow. Father, I wish you were St. Peter." "And why ignited were saved, while the fire was easily sub-and and have won a certain race, only he ran satisfactory reasons for his absence. The name of China amongst the lower orders is, "Yafan ?" When we were in the boat, there was a cry from off Counsellor, would you wish that I were St. Peter ?" "And why ignited were saved, while the fire was easily sub-and and the save a cry from off Counsellor, would you wish that I were St. Peter ?" "And why ignited were saved, while the fire was easily sub-and the only thing," said a bystander, Robert Simpson was called no response with still no renty. Have you esten your rice ?" coming a wargon. "The only thing," said a bystander, "that has is fit to run against." Borsz FLIFS.—These tronblescme little insects may be ifficinally destroyed without the use of poison. The half a spoonful of ground black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride, "The half a spoonful of ground black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride," Yafan !" "The board a board of the ground black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride, "The board black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride," Yafan !" "The board black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride," The board black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride, "The board black pepper, one tes-by the trained bride, "The board and upset her, throwing the passengers into "The boar Considerable alarm was for a short time manifested the boat and upset her, throwing the passengers into would be better for you that I had the Take half a spoonful of ground black pepper, one tes-poonful of ground black pepper, one tes-by that ?" "You had better not," rejoined Mr. by that ?" "Wry man ? why not ?" angrily de-soon allayed when they saw themselves detached soon allayed when they saw themselves detached soon allayed when the fiery train,—Glasgow Courier. soon diappear. soon diappear. soon allayed had a good

FATHER O'LEARY AND COUNSELLOR CURRAN.

THE VICTIMS AND THE CONFERENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR. Mr. O'Connor lectured at Ryan's Circus, North-

ented men and their unhappy families; and shame that his andience, from eight o'clock till a quarter to ten. as a Chartist I am compelled to plead guilty to the upon the question of the "Land," its capabilities, charge of neglect preferred against the whole body by the advantages that would accrue to the working these traly ill-need men. With every word of your class getting located upon its surface, until he was admirable comment I heartily agree. In the name of obliged to desist on account of the state of his leg. humanity, for the honour of Chartism, let the Manchester from which he had suffered the most excruciating ere this); and if any victim fund, large or small, Thursday night, but was obliged to decline on is in the hands of Mr. Cleave, let it be devoted to the account of the dangerous state of his leg. relief may be insufficient to meet their wants; but if | ing of the floor of the room, during his lecture at only partial, still let it be afforded and the sufferings of Frome. The Learned Gentleman, however, pro-the wives and children of our brothers be alleviated, if mised to lecture again, in Bristol, in about six weeks. He was much cheered throughout, and at not entirely removed.

But means ought to exist for the regular support of his departure three cheers were given in the open the families of the imprisoned Chartists. How can area in front of the Circus. The lecture hath made such means be supplied ? Only by the establishment of a good impression ; and, if followed up, will be proa General Fund for all general purposes. I feel assured ductive of unity and strength. I write after the that any attempt just now to raise a Fictim Fund by meeting, in haste ; and will send you the substance of contribution through the country would fail. We must the lecture for your next. first have an Organization; and to have that we must have the Conference.

In the meantime petitions and memorials may be got up in behalf of the incarcerated, provided the localities where the victims resided previous to trial, will fornish the country with the necessary information, viz :- Names, occupations, and families of the imprisoned : when and where tried; on what charge; term of sentence; and treatment in gaol. This information each locality can easily furnish to the Star; having which, I pledge myself that petitions shall be sent from Sheffield.

Mr. Williams states that the incarcerated wrote to thirteen different Associations, requesting their assistance in the getting up of petitions, &c and that four only answered the appeal. In justice to the Shelfield Charlists, I beg to may that no letter from the Victims has been received by them. Had there been, it would have met with prompt attention. Mr. Williams is of opinion that had each locality petitioned the Government for a remission of punishment, that they (the incarcerated) would, by this time, have been at liberty. I am not so sanguine as to the results of our petitioning; still, if it be as an expression of sympathy on our parts, we are bound not to omit this duty. " Wherever one of the community is oppressed, all are oppressed," is a righteous maxim; one that should never be lost aight of; never neglected to be carried out to its legitimate conclusions by all men professing the principles of democracy.

A word on the "Conference." I am surprised that ference. It is generally understood that a Conference is to be holden, and that speedily; yet only a few places have expressed their assent or dissent. The great disapprove, they are equally silent. This is not fair. If they deem the holding of a national delegation necesmary, why not publish their opinion, as to the date, place, &c.; and if they consider it inadvisable. why not say so, that those who are anxious to have a Conference holden may not be led into error under the impression that the project the following places have not as yet expressed an opinion on the subject: if in next Saturday's Star they are still found silent, I implore of them, for the sake of the cause, at once to meet, consider, decide, and publish their decisions :- Birmingham (the arathy of Birmingham is most astonishing .- the town which before all others must reap the greatest benefit from a Conference if there held), Bristol, Bath, Brighton, Norwich, Isle

of Wight, Leicester, Loughborough, Nottingham, Derby, Liverpool, North Lancashire District. Bradford. Barnsley, Huddersfield, Hull, York, Sunderland, Newcastle, Carlisle, &c., &c., &c. Without further delay let the decision of each locality: First, as to the pro-

THE NORTHERN STAR SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1843. THE KING OF HANOVER.

THE Star cannot be considered a fashionable paper; while those journals that profess to lead the fashion of their several parties, feel themselves as much compelled to study the cut in which we dress political characters, as tailors and dressmakers feel the necessity of studying the Parisian figures which regulate our London fashions.

MR. O'CONNOR AT BRISTOL.

attered one word, pro or cos, on the subject of the Con- throughout the long and unholy reign of that CUMBERLAND'S intention. monster Monarch, GEORGE 111., who for more than sixty years ruled Ireland by coercion. This hellish majority, if they approve, do not say so; and if they faction is united by a secret solemn oath, which we published some time ago, by which they pledge themselves to wade up to their knees in Papist blood. A section of these monsters, rejoicing in the title of the Dublin Protestant Operative Association. have taken advantage of the presence of the English is generally approved of ? The Chartists of Hanoverian, and have made him the organ for expressing their devotion to the principles in which they have been bred, and to maintain which they are ready to die. The following is the history of the transaction :--

> "THE KING OF HANOVER .- The following reply from his Majesty to an address of congratulation from the Dublin Protestant Operative Association was read at the weekly meeting of that bedy yesterday evening, the company standing during the reading of the letter:--

"GENTLEMEN,-I have received, with peculiar ratification, the loval address of the Dublin Protes-

flattering to the living prototype of that executed force" was at their command, and was a good sub- RATHER WARM .- Some of the leaders of the Irish monarch. Can any doubt now exist in the mind of stilute for argument.

DEAR SIR,—I have perused with feelings of sorrow and abame the afflicting letters from the "Victims" confined in Kirkdale Gool, published in the Star of Saturday last; sorrow for the sufferings of the perse-was well filled. Mr. O'C. rivited the attention of Foreign Chief of those illegal bodies ? It is some democrats of the old school ; while it has modestly six or seven weeks since we furnished the Times and invited those who lagged after in the course, to keep the world with our notions as to the part which pace with public opinion. Now and then, if it has ERNEST and his staff would take in the Repeal bolted, by bursting out into sudden outbreaks, or agitation. They have been perhaps rather hasty in senseless emeutes, although its progress in wandering Committee be immediately appointed; II trust it is so pain. Mr. O. C. was to have lectured again on the developement of their re-organization; and may have been checked for a moment, yet have all from it we infer that the Orange faction in Ireland the powers arrayed against it been unable to drive immediate relief of the unfortunate families. Such It is dreadfully bruised from hip to heel, by the fall- but awaits the completion of the Arms' Bill to de- it back to a single point beyond that from which it mand from the English Minister the reconquest of had broken ! After the law had taken its vengeance Ireland; the penalty, in case of a refusal being, a in 1839 and 40, and when the Whig ATTORNEY. threat to hoist the Hanoverian standard, around GENERAL boasted of his "triumph over Chartism." which the church militant would flock as a noble the principle rose from that spot where it had been momentarily entranced; and instead of retrograding.

army of martyrs. We believe that the Dake of WELLINGTON alone advanced to that point were it was able to meet has had the sagacity to see through the covert inten- its persecutors in the field ! Though destitute of the tions of the Pretender. He has abstained from representative quality, it was able to force the Whig recognising the necessity for his Kingship's long enemy from his position, and consign the faction sojourn in Pauper-Land. He has thrown a cold to oblivion !

glance upon him, and has received his proferred atten- During the short breathing time allowed by their tion with chilling indifference. We do not wish to Tory successors, Chartism made another rapid hazard the chance of libelling a Monarch with whom stride in advance of sectional opinions, until again England is at peace; but our allegiance to that the power of the law was called in, in the hope not throne from which we are said to receive protection only of arresting our progress, but of driving us demands the cantion which we now give. We have back to advance no more. This crusade, like that every reason to believe that the leaders of the of the Whigs, did stop the movement for a time. Orange faction are in daily communication with as far as physical display was concerned the Illustrious Hanoverian, while the tone of their but THOUGHT WENT ON THE WHILE ! and it is organs is well calculated to arouse a strong feeling in order to give expression to that improved of High-Church indignation against her Britannic thought, and that we may start from that spot at

Majesty. These things are well worthy the con- which we were last entranced, that we would now It is now some weeks since this country was sideration of the British Minister; and should not impress upon the Chartist body, the absolute neceshonoured by the presence of his Majesty of HANOVER | be wholly overlooked by the Irish people. A foreign sity of deciding upon such a system of Organization, We were aware of the connection that existed Monarch is amongst us, who lives upon English in- as may be a fitting main-spring for working the between this illustrions individual and the Orange dustry. He is hated by the English people; he has improved machinery emanating from improved faction in Ireland. We were also aware of the insolently declared himself ready to maintain prin- thought.

secret oaths by which that faction is banded toge- ciples to destroy which England would have haz- We are glad to find that the whole country, withther. We were cognizant of the fact that the object arded a civil war; he has entered into open com- out a single exception, has responded to a desire for of that faction ever has been, to maintain an unjust munication with the Queen's enemies; and if the such a system of Organization as shall be suitable ascendancy over their Catholic brethren, by an adhe- result should be disastrous, the Minister who must to our improved condition. Thus we show the one some of the most important localities have never yet rence to those principles, fostered and encouraged bear the consequences, cannot plead ignorance of thing needful for the gathering together of our

THE COLLIERS.

strength, while we would justify delay, by pointing attention to the struggle that we were engaged in, and the power of the enemy opposed to us. No man in his senses could. for a moment. have

THE Times has not only got a spy in Rebecca's anticipated that the garrison of faction would have camp, and a spy in the Irish camp, but it further appears that the "fourth estate" has got a spy in surrendered at the command of those who struggled the Colliers camp in South Staffordshire. We learn for equality, without expending its last shot. Whofrom that agent that the case of the miners, both ever imagined, when the stake was Liberty. and the enemy those that revelled on its prostration. masters and men, is of a nature calculated to lead to that the struggle was to be an easy one ? Regloomy apprehensions; and he seems to look opon

flection upon these points, together with the effect any settlement of the dispute as hopeless. that Chartist principles is now producing all over Capitalists, in their magnanimity, have declared the world, will lead the most zealous and enthuthat they would refuse £50,000 as a Government siastic to the conclusion that unpardonable delay loan, at one per cent, as a means of relief; while their nationality was roused to indignation by the has not taken place. On the contrary, every PREMIER's suggestion of Emigration as a means of attempt prematurely made to force the machinery of public opinion beyond its legimate limits, has correction. Tender-hearted souls! compassionate had the effect of retarding our movement. philanthropists ! lovers of your species ! weeping

Our strength consists in the one great whole now advocates for the sufferers' distress! at what an formed of public opinion. Seven years ago, public opportune moment have all these finer feelings of opinion was as a riddle, through which the varied your nature burst through your black hearts !! O, notions of sections of society passed ; while now it as we predicted before the Coal Conference and the is as a machine, through which notions have been Iron Conference, the tender-hearted masters had no winnowed. Chartism falling in a heap like corn. thought of self, but all for their suffering clients ! while all opposing dogmas have gone as chaff to the As we anticipated, they reminded the Prime wind. Seven years ago, we could not bear a single Minister of their own loss of capital, as a national desertion without anticipating a strong diversion calamity; and of diminished wages as a natural in favour of the dogmas of the deserter ; while now, consequence. So the black men having refused the Shepherds walk out from the flock without Emigration and the loan: and the whitemen being followed by one in the fold. Although, then, having turned a deaf ear to "Free Trade" we cannot point to any distinct act, whereby our and Twenty Shilling Notes, the Conference positive strength may be measured, yet we may ends just where it began, having produced triumphantly refer to the hopeless position of those no other effect than of increasing the deadly feud political traffickers, who cannot now, as formerly, between the Tory Whites and the Whig Blacks. rely upon the instability of public opinion as a safe " There is no possible remedy"-" there is no chance scaffold to personal aggrandisement ! We will not of a settlement." says the Times Reporter. We offer such an insult to the righteous principle of J. H. CLITHEROE. We fear the question might be think, however, that we can suggest a plan more democracy, as to attribute its improved position wise, more constitutional, just, and satisfactory, than altogether to the numerical strength created by any that has been proposed on either side. It is national pauperism ; but we would rather suppose this. Let the Prime Minister send a Commission that its progression has been a consequence of its correspondence, we feel ourselves bound to make throughout the Iron and Coal districts, and let that exposition, strengthened by those discussions in Commission investigate the causes of distress and which uneophisticated working men were able to the glad tidings of Orange-confederacy have been apply the proper remedy. The distress will be defend it against the sophistrics of the prejudiced heralded forth by the Times newspaper. Of course found to exist in the protection which the law and bigotted. We are not quite sure that the present strength of public opinion is known to any man living and it is because we anticipate the development of its improved condition, from suitable Organization, that we the more anxiously look for this means of action. That the stirring events now passing should have failed of producing some effect upon the public mind is not to be supposed ; and can only be accounted for by a deficiency in our Organization. which has latterly deprived us of the capability of laving it weekly before our readers. For these reasons, and in order that we, who undertake to give expression to the public voice, should critically understand its power; and feeling convinced that a here at this particular time was of a political cha- whole into ten shares; leaving one share for the want of the real knowledge of the popular mind leaves even us in ignorance, do we attach more than ordinary importance to the forthcoming Conference. Between this and the time of its assembling, let the tyranny held in the ascendant during the sixty settling the differences between the Miners and chosen by the people give expression to the people's We are glad to find that even the Times is comvoice, and not to their own opinions ; so that public pelled to congratulate the Colliers upon their peaceopinion thus collated may be reflected, as the dial able demeanour; and we would strongly impress by which the public mind may be set and regulated. upon them the necessity of persevering in that course: To such a change we look with intense anxiety; while for bad as the law is, and rotten as the Jury-class we shall proudly and cheerfully herald forth the are, we would urge upon them the desirableness of improvements that have taken place, even in the rather relying upon the law than upon their physimidst of oppression and persecution. cal strength. The trials at Lancaster have taught To Readers and Correspondents. reliance upon the law: and we have endeavoured to persuade them that the application of a very small How TO TELL A TALE.-In the Star, a week or two portion of those funds spent in dissipation and ago, we announced that Miss Susanna Inge had wasted in folly, spont to attain legal redress would be objected to Mr. O'Connor's venturing to suggest that a certain person should be elected General more profitably expended than if laid out in the Secretary, pro tem : she averring that many of the purchase of muskets, and all the munitions of war. Chartists would be inclined to vote more according Let the first act of tyranny attempted by the to Mr. O'Connor's inclinations than according masters, be met with legal exposure by the men: to their own judgment. Out of that announcement some "suck mug" or other, who sells his brains to and we will answer for it, that the clubbed pence of " party" for a couple of pounds per week, has the many, if judiciously expended, will gain a legal triumph over the pounds of the few. We have

Repealers are extremely fearful of an alliance with the English Chartists, because, they say, they do not wish to be mixed up with the "doctrine of Physical Force", which they falsely and iniquitously ascribe to the Chartists : i. e., they falsely and ini quitously put a construction upon the Chartist feeling with respect to the right of possessing arms, and using them in SELF-DEFENCE. But while they thus manifest an outward anxiety not to be classed with the "Physicals", they can occasionally turn out pretty strong threats. We here give a specimen, from the pen of the Editor of the Belfast Vindicator; and ask our Chartist friends what this man, this Vindicator, would have said, had a similar paragraph appeared in the Northern Star on the occasion of the Stephenson-square onslaught, or the Hall of Science outrage? Let it never be forgotten the Stephenson's square bludgeoning took place before the eyes of both Magistrates and Police! Scores of the latter "force" were on the ground; and they never lifted a finger to " protect" those who were being shamefully maltreated with pokers and bludgeons; nor did the Magistracy interfere. The occasion which has called forth the threats of the Vindicator was not more "brutal" nor more "bloody" than the Stephenson's-square butchery. Let us see the terms in which the Vindicator speaks of no " protection,' when he and his friends are left to suffer from it -

Last night, we witnessed sufficient to make us repeat that, if the Government do not promptly interfere. the CATHOLICS must and will defend themselves. We-who are anxious for peace-who glory in our obedience to the law, the Queen, and O'Connell-WILL DEFY GOVERMENT prosecution and Orange atrocity, AND TAKE OUR STAND AMONGST THE POOR AND HITHERTU DE-FENCELESS CATHOLICS, if, after this day, there be not something better than our Peelers-and the disjointed force (each being a mero ricketty automaton) called watchmen-and the passive soldiery now here, to protect us. Defend the people, OR THE PEO-PLE MUST DEFEND THEMSELVES! If that imbecile old fool, LORD DE GREY, were removed from this country; or if-in this particular locality-we had again such a magistrate as Mr. Coulson, we should not have to write, as we do now, without confidence in the local authorities. Mr. Coulson was a Tory, but he was a fair and honest magistrate. Would to heaven we had him now. Must the people, we ask the authorities, be driven to defend and to AVENGE themselves ? If so, WE SHALL BE WITH THEM 11

This is protty stiff ! We wonder whether the " physical force" haling Vindicator could cull anything like it from the pages of the "rascally Northern Star"? There has been no portion of the Irish subsidized Press so vehement and so unprincipled in the raising and continuing of the infamous cry of " Physical Force" applied to the Chartists, as this same Belfast Vindicator. He has done it to prevent the otherwise inevitable junction between the working people of England and Ireland; and the consequent overthrow of the infernal THING which crushes them into the earth. It is but right to let the deluded see the barefaced dishonesty of the deluder.

THE CHARTISTS meeting at the T.S Duncombe Inn. Nottingham, have sent 6s. to Mrs. Cooper.

G. GROUNDWATER, LEITH - We are thankful for his attention. Were all our friends in different parts of the country as alive as he has proved himself to be in this instance, by sending the first and most full account he could procure of the lamentable wreck of the Pegasus Steamer, the "People's Paper" would many a time be more interesting to the people than it is. We commend his example to general adoption. Verified accounts of " accidents by flood or field", or narrations of extraordinary occur. rences, shall always meet with the best attention we can bestow, and have that prominence that space ROBERT RIDSDALE, SLING-BY. - We regret we cannot give his letter : but it is rather too peppery. Mr. Smith is an old weather-beaten Radical; and though he may disagree with us on the Land scheme, from a misapprehension of our reasons and purposes, we believe him to be sincerely honest in the expression NOTTINGHAMSHIBE CHARTISTS are reminded by J. of his opinion. Of course we can have no objection to a fair and candid examination of his reasoning and statements; and would not refuse insertion to such a paper were it forwarded. We must. however, pause ere we give insertion to Robert Ridsdale's somewhat rude assault. A READER. - Works on Geography are very common and very "cheap". Any bookseller almost can show him a dizen ; and he can " pick and choose". The price of Justice Brenan's work on Punctuation is 2s. 6d.

TEST. They refuse the men all hand or lot in the matter. Their official will not let a question put by a deputation from the men to the Envineer be answered. A portion of rope, not belonging to the working-rope, is taken away from the storehouse of the works, to be tested by Mr. Clark, at his own Works, the men not being present during such test, nor any knowledge of it communicated to them, until Mr. Clark's decision, that the rope was safe, was sent dated one day after that on which it was received ! In the account which the Masters circulate respecting the matter, they distinctly state that the proposition to submit the question of the sufficiency of the rope to Mr. Clark was made bu the workmen! and that he attended at the calling as referee between the parties!

The men, however, seem determined not to be cajoled, either by pretended TESTS or specious statements. They are determined to try to "BUY JUSTICE." The ordinary Magistracy have refused it : and they wish to seek it in a "Higher Court." For this nurpose, their brethren in other parts are rendering them aid. We have before given insertion to statements of sums of money subscribed; and we are now requested to publish the following list of monies which have been received since the last list anpeared :-

South Wingate Colliery £1 10s 9d. Pillington 10s 7d New Durham 4s 83d. Rainton 6s 103d. Sherburn Hill £1 12s 9d. Belmount 7s 1d. Haswell £3 17s 6d. Strotton £2 3s. Newbottle and Shiney Row 10s. Hough-hall (hoffal) 10s 6d. Shincliff 10s. North Hetton 18s 8J. Sacriston 8s. Waldridge Fell 13s 34d. Pelton Fell 9s. 04d. Lumley £1 28. Leezingthorne 158 9d. Shildon Bank 10s. Coppy Crooks 6s. Black Boy £1. Friend 1s. Wingate Friends £3 8s 1d. Trimdon £12 0s 1d. Castle Eden £11 2s 10d. Cassop £4. Kelloe £5. Elemore £2 15s 6d. Thornley £2 9s 9d. Quarrington Hill £2 58 6d. Hough-hall £2 2s 2d. South Hetton £1 193. West Helton £1 6s 3d. Hetton 12s.

Various cart loads of provisions have likewise been collected, and bestowed on the Wingate men, by the ladies of the neighbouring collieries.

Our Correspondent also states, that the President of the Miners' Association, at Wingate, was turned out of his house, by order of the Masters, on Wednesday last. The house belonged to the Colliery Masters. Since that time one of the employers' tools has had an interview with the President. stating that if he will but use his influence to get the men to work (after having been off five weeks) he shall not only have his house again, but one of the best situations in the Colliery into the bargain ! This was to be kept a profound secret. He, however, resolved not to make merchandise of his principles or his fellow workmen's confidence.

CHADWICK, AND THE ROCHDALE FRIENDS .-They have mistaken the whole matter. In the first place, we hold it perfectly "justifiable" to withhold any "remarks" that we may deem calculated to have an injurious tendency upon any portion of the associated working class. There have been divisions and ill-feeling enough produced among the different sections of the army battling with corruption, ignorance, and misgovernment; nay indeed sadly too many and too much of both. We hold ourselves "justifiable" in discountenancing every thing that can by possibility produce misunderstanding or alienation of feeling; and as long as we have the power, we shall use the discrimination we possess to this end, regardless whom it may displease or offend. The truth of the statement in question was not disputed : but from the very way in which it was stated, it was apparent that the act complained of was that of thoughtless giddy youth, "without premeditation to disturb;" and we felt that it would be unjust to so place THE BODY before the public, that the whole should suffer for the foolish indiscretion of a few. At the same time we were anxious that the "few" should be taught the impropriety of their conduct; or at least know the construction put upon it. To this end, we sent the statement in question to the officials connected with the body impugned, requesting them to institute the necessary inquiries, and, if the allegations were true, to expostulate with the transgressors of decorum. In so doing we are sure we acted best for all narties. Boonham, that the answer from Mr. Doyle respecting his lecturing in their district is favourable ; but that he cannot commence his labours until they severally furnish their quota of funds. He earnestly urges upon them the necessity of prompt action. We are sure this mention of the matter will be enough to cause them to perform their duty. M. LEACH, HYDE .- We wish the Star was large enough to contain all the matter sent here for insertion : and amongst the rest, the addresses to different localities. If it were so, we should have pleasure in publishing many of them ; and that from our friend Leach should have a place. As it is, we are obliged to exclude many; and his must share the fate of the rest. We must, however, notice that Mr. Leach calls for Stars to send to Ireland. His address is 82, Charles-street, Hyde. sneeze producing habit, making a public parade ROBERT BURBELL, GREENOCK.-His communication is reserved for future use. CONSTANT SUBSCRIBER AND LOVER OF "STAR"-LIGHT, TYLDSLEY, is informed, and ought to have known, that no notice of a forthcoming meeting is inserted in the Northern Star unless it bears the signature of the sub-Secretary of the locality where it purports to come from, or is sent by one of our own appointed Correspondents, who is expected to make himself acquainted that "all is right" before he transmits it. We know of no "General Lee" of Ashton-under-Lyne; and think his notice a very suspicious one FRIEND, DUKENFIELD --- We do not know the law he speaks of. We know that the practice of opening houses for the sale of TABLE BEER. at 11d a quart. is much followed in the West Riding of Yorkshire, particularly round and about Dewsbury; and understand that no licence is required; nor is there any restriction as to hours of opening or closing. Whether there be a special Act, or any clause of an Act, authorizing this; or whether Table-beer be exempted from the operation of other Beer Acts we cannot say. day.

as to the place and date, be sent to the Star office by tant Operative Association and Reformation Society, priety of the Conference; and, if approved of; Second, lished in the Star of August 5th.

I see that the 21st of August (for such is the date | have transmitted to me; and I request you to express meant I presume in last week's Star) is recommended ; to its members my thanks for the mark of esteem and for the assembling of the Conference. I must object to attachment they have thus shown to me, assuring them its propriety. In all likelihood several achemes of that I never did, nor shall, deviate from those principles Organization have yet to be made public, including the in which I have been brought up by my late revered promised one from yourself, which I anticipate will be father, George III. one demanding the calmest and most mature consideration. It will not do for the delegates to assemble with their fingers in their months. They must meet prepared to go instantly to work; and working, to work well i Weighty will be the responsibility of the new " Organizers." Let the people see that they take their seats properly instructed in the views of their constituents, and competent to the task of framing such an Organization as will legally protect the people in their struggle for liberty; and, properly worked, result in the triumph of democratic right and the overthrow of aristocratic oppression. For these reasons I would again press upon the consideration of the people the 5th of September as the most proper date. But ence more, whatever be the date. let me again entrest of my Chartist brethren to publish their final decision in

the Star of the 5th of August. I am, yours truly, Sheffield, July 24, 1843. G. J. HABNEY.

BRADFORD .-- On Sunday the Visiting Committee Sunday next, to discuss the plan of Organization, and report to the Council accordingly.

BOWLING BACK LANE was visited at two o'clock this locality have commenced to subscribe for the purchase of land. A great number of working man have joined the Associaton, many of whom are not Chargrinds the workman to the dust, they have resolved to commence, in mutual aid, to co-operate for the obtaining a hold on the land, that they may effectually defy stive into gold; and who thus become law makers that they may the more effectually destroy all chance of social comfort among the operatives.

COUNCIL MEETING.-The members of the Council met on Sanday evening at seven o'clock, Mr. Bishop have been made in our institutions for the avowed The friends of injustice may call it what they in the chair. Bowling Back-lane paid 1s. contribution. The notice in the Star, calling a delegate meeting at Dewsbury, was read. A resolution that we send a delegate was proposed and carried. After a long con-T sation relative to the many calls upon Mr. Smyth's

me and attention, and the neglect of business when was away, it ended by the appointment of Mr. myth to attend at Dewsbury on Sunday next. The Council meeting then adjourned to Sunday next, to be as to look for a remedy in Hanoverian interferagain holden at aix o'clock in the evening.

Chartists of Nettingham in the Democratic Chapel, Rice-place, on Tuesday evening, July 18.

WARRINGTON.-On Monday evening last, Mr. R. general satisfaction.

delivered in the Aston-street Room, on Sunday July 23rd on " Christianity opposed to democracy," by in a masterly manner.

On SUNDAY morning last Mr. Mason addressed numerous and enthusiastic meeting at Duddestonbers and interest displayed at each succeeding meeting held in this town.

On TUESDAY Mr. Mason delivered his usual bly that we have ever witnessed for this some time KING !" in Birmingham. The discourse gave unmixed satisfaction. Eight members were enrolled. The subject of next Tnesday evening's lecture will be the "His- ERNEST had lived and reigned during the late

tions and Power." BRIERLY HILL-Mr. John Mason visited th

the 1st of August, and the resolutions of each be pub- congratulating me on my return to my native country, which you, as Chairman and Secretary of the Society,

> "" I remain, gentlemen, " Your affectionate friend.

" ' ERNEST. " St. James's Palace, July, 15, 1843.

"To the Chairman and Secretary of the Dablin Protestant Association and Reformation Society."

" The contents of this letter drew forth loud cheers and Kentish fire, which continued for some minutes. " It was then moved that the letter with which the Association were honoured by the King of Hanover. with the address accompanying it, should be handsomely framed, and suspended in the chamber of the Association.

" The resolution was passed with acclamation."

Before we offer a word of comment upon this

a passing observation, upon the manner in which attended at George's-street, at nine o'clock, when they it would not have been good tact, or even deco- administers to capital. and the want of its protec-

resolved, to call a special meeting of the members on rous, to have made the King of HANOYER the tion to the labourer. Let the Commissioners inquire principal feature in this resuscitated monster; and what property has been unjustly amassed by each therefore we find it crawling, members and body | capitalist for the last twenty years ; let them inquire in the afternoon. There was a very full attandance of foremost, and the heary head following after. The into the number of paupers who have been consigned members. The room was crowded. The Chartists of Times tells us of the new hope that has sprung out to beggary, after the said capital was coined out of of the tardy vigour of the Grand Jury class; and their life's blood; and let the Commission make a then leads us on to the full cap of joy contained in fair adjustment of the wealth created by labour tists, but finding there is no hope of Esttering their the above announcement, that the King of HANOVER | taking care that the capitalist shall be remunerated condition under the present system of legislation, which " still preserves, and never will depart from, those for his risk and speculation, while the men shall principles in which he has been brought up by his not suffer from his injustice and tyranny. It would late revered father GEORGE III." What is this, not be a bad division of property unjustly amassed, the factions who live by solving the blood of the oper- but a fulfilment of our prediction that his mission as that of Mine Owners has been, to divide the

> racter ? What is this, but the insolent protest of master, and nine shares for the men who made him a foreign despot against those alterations which rich. This may be called the "levelling system." purpose of rendering the principles innoxious which please, while we recommend it as a just mode of years calamity that this country suffered under the their slaves. tyrant rule of the revered father of the illustrious ERNEST !! We would ask, has the arm of England become so paralysed, or are the people so oppressed

ence ? Is the English Minister so tamely submis-NorTINGHAM .- Mr. Simmons addressed the Female sive as to tolerate this strengthening of the old connection between a foreign despot and the domes-

tic faction of Ireland, in the hope that fresh confu-G. Gammage from Northampton, visited this town sion may cover Ministerial weakness ? or will he the working classes of this country to have more and lectured on the School Brow, in the open air, to still allow this rival monarch to beard his Royal a numerous and respectable audience, and gave Mistress, and divide allegiance with her, in the hope of mounting her throne, through the blood

BIRMINGWAM .- ASTON STREET-A lecture was shed in another Church and King war !

What. we again ask, is the cause of the long visit of Mr. Wm. Chilton. The lecturer handled his subject | the King of HANOVER to this country at this particular crisis ! Why those incessant fetes, luxurious banquets, and captivating pageants, provided by his row. It is certainly most gratifying to the friends | illustrious kingship for the staff of his Church and of veritable Chartism to behold the increasing num- King army ? Why those peculiar notices of his kingship in the Times newspaper, which although published under the head of " the King of Hanover"

weekly lecture in the Hall of Science. It was the are yet broken into paragraphs, in which we learn most numerons, respectable, and enthusiastic assem- all labout, not "the King of Hanover." but "THE

Suppose that the revered father of the revered entrapped by the sophistry of the Times' spy. who tory of Rome-the rise and progress of her Institu- visit of the King of PRUSSIA to this country, may gull them to-day with the plausible notion that would such announcements, referring to the visitor, " publication of their grievances is the thing most

manufactured the following very pretty story, which will, no doubt, "go the round". We have seen it already in the Birmingham Advortisor and the Nottingham Journal :---

THE HE AND SHE CHARTISTS .- A regular split has taken place between these two sections of Chartists. in consequence of Mr. O'Connor taking upon himself the office of dictator, in APPOINTING and ORGANIZING THE NEW CHARTIST EXECUTIVE. Miss Mary Ann Walker and Miss Susannah Inge are the leaders in the opposition to Mr. O'Connor on this point. Miss inge has put herself prominently forward, and has letermined to break a la the 'Lion of the North', on his assumed right so to do, as she says it is onite at variance with the principles of demostracy laid down by him, and approved of by the female Chartists. This unexpected opposition on the part of his quondam female adnirers, has quite disconcerted the leader of 'the whole hog Chartists.'

D. CATER, LONDON, has only sent pay for the two last insertions. He should have enclosed, with his first remittance, pay for the first insertion.

considered insulting. Besides, if it should be even true that the gentleman he names indulges in the of it, can only have the effect of weakening the force of a well-timed energetic appeal on a question of confessedly high import. For ourselves, we believe that the gentleman in question is "tee total" from tobacco and snuff, as well as from " the pot and the pipe".

G. J. HARNEY .- We have reserved his criticism on the plans of Organization for future opportunity. We are making a collection of such, as they come to kand; and after the promulgation of OUB PLAN, when it is ready, shall serve them all up at once. that the country may have before it, at one time, all that has been said, to guide to a decision.

WH. HORNER. OLDHAM - Of course we shall forbear the publication of the letter now sent. until the result of the " thorough investigation" he speaks of is communicated to us, when we shall endeavour to do the Oldham Chartists justice, if they have been at all wronged. At the same time we must say, that the impression on our mind, from reading the letter now sent, is, that the spirit in which they have entered upon the task of "investigation" is not the proper one, under the circumstances. They ALLEN DAVENPORT.-Received. Shall be used some seem to forget that the party making the statement to which they take exception, is in prison, and can MECHANIC. LONDON .- We cannot spare room. only retail what is communicated to him, as to what | WM. MAJOR, BERMONDSEY, asks " what has become is passing in the outer world. Opportunities to "examine both sides of a question" do not there exist: and any reproof, therefore, for not having done that which it was almost impossible to do, is only evidence of a wounded feeling, which loses sight of the peculiar and painful position of the deemed offending parties. The statement may be incorrect: if so, a bare narration of the facts will be all that can be needed to set the matter right, without the employment of one single word calculated to add one single pany to the horrible amount of suffering the imprisoned are doomed to endure. WINGATE GRANGE COLLIERY.—The dispute between the workmen and the coal-masters at this colliery. relative to the sufficiency of the wire-rope used for ruising the coal from the bottom of the pit, and for the descent and ascent of the men employed, is still undecided. As we have aforetime detailed, it has been before the Magisterial Bench; and two men have been by them committed to Durham Gaal for refusing to work; the ground of their refusal being that their lives were not safe when trusted upon the rope in question. In reference to the dispute. and more especially in reference to a statement that has been published relative to a TEST made, as it J. COLQUHOUN. GLASGOW .- Reserved for next week. was averred, with the consent of both parties, mas- GEORGE WHITE, QUEEN'S PRISON.-Reserved for ters and workmen, by a Mr. John Clark, engineer of the Deptford Iron Works, we have received a com-

munication which we shall presently give, after stating, in the first instance, that in the published account of such test issued by the masters, it is distinctly set forth that the rope tested was a portion of that used at the pit, cut off for the purpose; and that a "a strain of 10, 12, 16, and 18 tons was successively applied, at which test, after raising up the lever, it broke at the clams." The opinion of the engineer is, " that the rope is as safe as any ever put on a coal-pit." In answer to this the men have published a reply. They state that they never gave their consent for Mr. Clark to make the test he did; that they were no parties to the arrangement; that their employers alone invited Mr. Clark to inspect the rope; and that when he of that indefatigable Chartist, Smart, of Loughboreugh"? We cannot say.

JAMES MACPHERSON, ABERDEEN.-We shall reserve his letter till we see Mr. Hill. In his absence we cannot decide upon the matter, not knowing all the facts of the case.

D. THOMPSON. MANCHESTER -- Next week. WM. MATHEW, of Chelses, and GEORGE STURGE, of Brompton, write on behalf of the Chartists of the Brompton and Knightsbridge locality, to say that they highly approve of our suggestion, that a Victims' Committee should be appointed by the Manchester Chartists : and that the moment such Committee is formed, they will transmit to it 10s, from their local funds. This spirited example ought to be

universally copied. PEPPER, SILSTON, should put his notices into shape for print, and not entail unnecessary trouble upon others.

GEORGE MOTHAM, HYDE .-- We cannot "satisfy the young mind", "aspiring" though it be, by the insertion of the lines sent.

B. HUMPHRIES, for the framework-knitters. We can not find room this week.

future occasion.

THE VICTIM FUND .--- The response made to the appeal of the suffering but neglected victims of persecution, as evidenced in our columns this day, must be gratifying to those who made it, as it affords proof that many of the Chartist body needed but to be reminded of their duty to cause them to take the preper steps to perform it. Still, that response is not what it ought to have been. Many and important localities, in a Chartist sense, do not seem to have even considered the matter at all; and the Victim Committee is not yet appointed. For the latter omission it is easy to supply a satisfactory reason. The Manchester Char-tists would, no doubt, scarcely feel themselves justified in taking such a step as we last week suggested, without waiting to see whether, or not, that suggestion would be approved of by the country generally. They have, therefore, prudently waited; and our present sheet affords them evidence that that auggestion is approved; for while there is from many influential and important Chartist districts strong resolutions in support, and even calls upon the Manchester men to take the step, not one single line for any one single place has been received, at all questioning the propriety of the step. We therefore hold that the Manchester Chartists are now perfectly justified in appointing a VICTIM COMMITTEE pro tem. Nay we hold that it is a duty expected from them by their brother Chartists throughout the empire; and we implore them not to let another week pass without its due and full performance. But while we can thus readily satisfy ourselves as to the reasons that probably have induced the Manchester Chartists to defer, for one week, the appointment of such committee, we cannot find any excuse for those who have neglected to respond to the heart-rending appeals made to them by the sufferers in Kirkdale Gaol. Surely an expression of sympathy, might have been afforded, while means were being devised to render that sympathy operative to the relief of the starving and destitute? This was the least that could have been done, to save Chartists from the charge of indifference to crying appeals from the NEGLECTED and FORGOTTEN. Let us hope that the next week will see every locality alive to the disgrace that hangs upon the body generally, and active in taking steps to have it removed. Last week we asked if there was not a VICTIM Fund in existence? If the monies had been dispursed? If se, who to? If not, why not? This day (Thursday) has brought us an answer from Mr. Cleave, the treasurer, which we much regret that we cannot insert entire. It is however impossible to do so, at this late hour. It 'as been detained, we suppose. to be "set" for the Charlist Circular : for it is sent to us in "proof." It would occupy near two columns

place on Monday evening, July the 23rd, and lectured to a large and attentive andlence in the open air. Mr. Chance presided on the occato exhibit his literary attainments (?) pretended to take notes while Mr. Mason was speaking. Nothing could exceed the merriment created in the meeting; on perceiving this ignorant servile dog, trem-bling and seribbling what no mortal but himself could ever unravel. Steps were taken to form an association.

A GENERAL COUNTY MEETING OF THE COAL MINERS tory of the policy or the acts of Her Majesty's Minis-Swallow, from Yorkshire, and Mr. Thomson, from Newcastle, the authorised agents of the Miners'

Londonderry, who could, it was said, " have swaved he had not been consulted ! That "non-interference" convisiont the slaves of " party" are !

have beeen tolerated ? When the King of BELGIUM visits this country, in every line of every paragraph he is styled, not as " the King" but as the "King of sion. Several policemen were present, one of whom, Belgium"; and when addresses are presented by societies, or corporations, to foreign potentates who may honour us with their presence, they are invariably confined to an expression of respect for the

individual; and never before has it occurred that a section of Her Majesty's "most loyal subjects" have presented an address to a foreign monarch reproba-

necessary:" while to-morrow he may appear witness-box to give evidence against them. The principal witnesses produced against the

Chartists during the years 1339 and 1840, came from the ranks of the reporters of the newspaper press.

thought it necessary to add this further word of

cantion to our advice of last week; and shall con-

clude by cautioning the miners, firstly, against hold

ing secret meetings of any description; and, seondly,

should any such be held by their body, not to be

ORGANIZATION

UNDER this head we shall give no further instruc

tion to our readers. than merely to direct attention will be holden on Kersal Moor, on Monday next; ters; never before has an equal piece of andacity been to the great importance of the surject, and to con-chair to be taken at twelve o'clock at noon. Mr. committed as that to which we refer as committed vince them that upon its wise completion depends committed as that to which we refer as committed vince them that upon its wise completion depends by this most insolent visitor ! Has the focundity of the success of the democratic cause We can well Association, will address the meeting. At the close | England's young Queen placed the legitimate grasp understand the importance which a working man, of the public meeting there will be a meeting of of England's sceptre so far out of the reach of the destitute of the means of existence, must attach to Delegates 3 those Miners that cannot make it con-venient to come in a body, are respectfully requested to Bend a delegates. of England's sceptre so far out of the reach of the destitute of the stablishment of those principles that hold out to gratify the ambition of our pensioner is the promise of relief. We can make tul allowance the promise of relief. We can make full allowance

If we are wrong in our conjecture, no damage for the suspicion created by delay; we can account

DUBHAN ELECTION. Mr. Bright has been returned can occur from our error; while, should we be for the foreits and we can soarcely com-by a majority of 78. The numbers at the close of right, we hasten to communicate to the Throne- every leader is watched; and we can soarcely comthe poll were Bright, 488; Purvis, 410. The Hunter, the fact, that the first overt act committed, plain of the dispondency created by protraction. Chronicle, in announcing this, says :- "The result arising out of such a conspiracy, would be followed However, in taking a whole view of the subject, of this election is an unequivocal indication of a arising out of such a conspiracy, would be followed in the oblight of the electoral body." This by a manifestation of popular feeling in favour of we are entitled to consider what has been done, a hange in the oblight of the electoral body." This by a manifestation of popular feeling in favour of we are entitled to consider what has been done, is pretty good, when we know that the Chronicle, the "THE QUEEN" against "THE KING," as what was expected, and wherein we have failed. very day before announced, that the only chance would teach him the poor value of his war of strife, The great good achieved by the democratic party is Bright had lay in the "non-interference" of Lord and the insignificance of that faction upon which he best demonstrated in the rapid increase that it has a hundred voters"; but he was in dudgeon because must rely for success. We have had more than made within the last two! years in its numbers ; but enough of "the principles of his revered father"! still more in the advance of its principles, and the continued. The hundred votes were not swayed; They have been buried in oceans of blood! The enforcement of them upon those sections of society Bright was returned; and now a change in the very recollection of them and him causes a nanseone who have heretofore rejected discussion, from a H. A. DONALDSON, WARWICK.-Received. May. loathing, and, leads to recollections by no means conviction that the corrective power of " physical

Is it any wonder that the middle classes should have horrible notions respecting Chartists and Chartism, when mendacity like this is regularly served up to

them? MARTERS' CABE FOR WORKMEN.—The Iron Masters have been to Sir Robert Peel to tell him of the op-pressed condition of the working miners, and of the great danger to society, arising from their es. tranged feelings. We wonder whether they told Peel of such instances of "generous care" and "kindly feeling" as the following ! or whether it was necessary to go to Robert Peel to prevent their occurrence?

We have received an authenticated letter, alleging a rather singular act of inattention by the employers to the employed. A rope happening to break one day last week, in the Butterley pit, by which the miners ascended to the mouth, no rope was substituted by the agent; AND THIRTY-FIVE WORKMEN RE-MAINED BELOW. many of them without food, FOR THE SPACE OF TWENTY-TWO HOURS. Their wives then flocked around the pit in a state of excitement. until means of deliverance came .- Nottingham Re-

SAMUEL WHITE SLAVE, MELLOR. - Any of the large Portraits or Plates can be had on the terms he speaks of : subscribing to the Paper for six weeks, and paying for the Paper and Plate, when had, one shilling. Of course, if there be any post-

perhaps, be used on another occasion.

attended, six of the men were delegated to confe with him, and after hearing his answer to a ques tion they were to put to him, to communicate that answer to the body, who would then decide whether they would be parties to the TESTING or not. A Mr. Armstrong, we presume a manager, would not al low Mr. Clark to answer the question. That ques tion simply was: Would he test the rope upon THE PULLEY OVER THE PIT, or not. The workmen also say :---

Our employer took about six feet of a wire-rope from the storehouse to the Iron Works to get tested without our knowledge. This piece of rope did not belong to the working, rope ! This piece of rope broke with the test of eighteen tons. Our employer proposed before the magistrates at Durham, to test the rope with twenty tons. This he now refused to do! We applied to the magistrates for redress, but in vain; we applied for summonses, but could not obtain any. Two of our men are incarcerated in Durham gaol. for not venturing their lives upon the rope. Is this justice?

We never requested Mr. Clark to give his decision. We distinctly deny all knowledge of the testing of the rope, till we received a parcel from Mr. Clark with the decision, dated the 15th of July, and we received it on the 14th, therefore we would ask the public how this occurs. Our employer promised us six half-harrels of ale to return to work, that we might again venture our lives upon the rope. This gift we refused, determined not to be won over by any such means. We will return to work when the rope is taken off, and our wages are paid. The rope is split in many places and bound round with bandages of wire.

This is certainly a very strange business. The men aver that they dare not trust their lives upon the rope; that it is unsafe; that it is split; and they have offered to stand by a fair TEET of its capabilities. The masters call in a mun to make such

THE NORTHERN STAR.

of our space; and the overseer has just informed us are they better able to pay their contributions / BRADFORD, -- WOOLCOMBERS STRIKE, -- On NORTH LANCASHIRE DELEGATE MEETING. -- A TO THE PEOPLE. TO THE PEOPLE. My DRAR FRIENDS, -Some little disappointment might probably be experienced by some of you at not hearing from me last week. I cannot help it. I was labouring in your cause harder than my emaciated constitution is well able to bear. I addressed large and at-myself it ought to bear. I addressed large and atthat he is "full." We can therefore but give its mat no is a star as possible, an anwer to might probably be experienced by some of you at not the several queries put It appears then that there is a fund in hand. By a mislabouring in your cause harder than my emaciated constitution is well able to bear, or than in justice to approximation of Mr. CLEAVE's, the money for the two funds, the DEFENCE FUND and the VICTIM of course, increase as their funds accumulate and they acquire more land. This is glorious ! a begin-ning of good things ! O ! it did my heart good to walk over those gardens and to see the savings of the poor man thus sensibly disposed of. All honour to the Arnold sick clubs ! Let all clubs follow their myself it ought to bear. I addressed large and at-FUND, were for a time mixed together, Mr. GLEAVEtentive andiences, and at great length, every even-ing; but, as I last intimated to you, I am not nderstanding that there was to be but ONE FUND. This difficulty, when the DEFENCE FUND was now always master of my own powers. Hard labour, This control of the purposes of DEFENCE, was got over, severe study, and the keen harrassment and torture on the suggestion of Mr. O'CONNOR, by setting aside of a thousand devilries, operating, for a long course a given sum, £50, as the Victim Pund. Of that of years, upon a constitution not naturally very example. £50 some £20 have been disbursed : £15 to Mrs. On Friday, I made my way to Sutton-in-Ashfield. it , the rest were only waiting to bring Mesars. Wood Meeting ought to Es holden in Birmingham, on Monstrong, have done their work ; and have almost ren-The day fixed for this town was the worst that could have been fixed. The whole year mighthave been gone over for the selection, and I could not have hit upon Filis and £5 to Dr. M Douall. Some other small dered me incapable of work. I am exceedingly demus have been given to Mr. Railton and Mr. sirous to perform what service I may, while the M'Cartney, to enable them to get home from London, opportunity remains to me. It may not, and in all when up there to " receive judgment." But as those another day on which it was so unlikely to get up a tradicting a report that an advance was refused ; probability will not, be long. I could not write anything for you in last week's Star. You had your meeting. On Friday evening the poor stockingers when the fact was that an advance of 2s, in the pound Conference". "That a Delegate Meeting be holden in are always "hard up ;" finishing their week's work, was offered. One of the committee having read the this room on the 13th of August, for the purpose of desums are not named, we cannot state the amount. There is, then, some £30 in Mr. CLEAVE's hands: and there is then, some £39 in Mr. CLEAVE's hands; and "portion of meat" served up by other hands. I there is lying at this office the sum of £6 14s 2d for know that you are anxious to hear from me again, to which must be in on Saturday morning ; working placard to the meeting said that a person not acvery late; and having neither an hour nor a penny, to spare for anything. This was Friday evening, and it was the Friday evening before the "feast." The lads were sadly "off" at my coming on this evening; they would fain have had some other; working placed to the meeting said that a person not ac-quainted with woolcombers wages, would suppose by this bill that an advance of 2s. per week was offered; but he wished it to be understood that it would take fifteen day's hard work to earn the pound. Their evening; they would fain have had some other; where add was only one halfpenny per lb., on all sorts the same purpose-the relief of the wives and fami- know how I "get on," and to keep up that friendly in-Hes of the incarcerated VICTIMS. tercourse which we have solong held together through This is something to go to work with. By all means let the columns of the Star; and it certainly affords me it be disbursed. Let the Committee be immediately no less pleasure to communicate with you. Secluded appointed. No doubt Mr. CLEAVE will be happy to rend such Committee the fund he has; and on a notification to this office that the money here is required, it shall be instantly fortheoming. Let the Mencherter Chartists therefore sectoit. To them but it could not be. We cannot always command under 3d per lb. at present, one penny on all above but it could not be. We cannot always command circumstances; some place must have that identical evening, and it fell to the Sutton men's share. They made the best of it; and we had a good meeting. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all as much as they ought to expect. However, he chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all comment of the set of it; and we had a good meeting. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all comment of the set of it; and we had a good meeting. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all comment of the set of it; and we had a good meeting. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all comment of the set of it; and we had a good meeting. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all comment of the set of it; and we had a good meeting. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all comment of the set of the the Manchester Chartists, therefore, see toit. To them ever done; somewhat improved, it may be, in general it is looked for the appointment of the Committee. Chapels, school-rooms, and public buildings of all sorts were as usual closed against us, and there would have been no alternative but open air speak-ing, had not a player-showman had more Chris-tian feeling in him than all the parsons. He had erected a large pavilion for his erhi-bition during the feast week; and with great bition during the feast week; and with great they had enough to do to support the men in Brad-bition during the feast week; and with great they ford. (Several voices in the meeting, "the men at preachment; and bad a night as it was we had it well filled. I had much pleasure in here meeting the Rev. Mr. Linwood, Unitarian Minister, of Mans-field. about three miles from Sutton; a talented and intelligence, more especially on politics; warm-As the Chartists of the Huddersfield district say, the hearted, frank, and ingenuous; ready to accord to country has " every confidence that their Manchester the humblest merit its full meed of praise; and having still the national fault of being, perhaps, too brethren will appoint those who will do justice to every victim whose case may be submitted to their powerfully wrought on by the last orator who consideration, distributing the funds according to speaks to them. There is, however, I am happy to the necessities of each ease, and not according to the perceive, a great step towards the correction of this rank which the applicants may have beforetime holden evil. The people judge more freely, and think more in the Chartist body." To such Committee, thereindependently than they were used to do; and I rejoice to find it so. I regard it as an evidence fore, let the case of every victim be sent. This is the duty of the Chartists of the locality where the that my labour has not been vain. 'Tis the very victim has been dragged from, to see to. By all means disposition I have always sought to induce among them. My efforts have tended ever to this point. field, about three miles from Sutton; a talented and chairman announced another meeting to take place they may be induced, by a love of patriotism, to incor-most gentlemanly man, who I learn has, during his on Monday next, at seven o'clock in the evening, porate themselves in our ranks. Let subjects con-residence in Mansfield, deserved the thanks of all A SECOND COMMUNICATION from Bradford brought nexted with our march for human redemption be prolet it be attended to. Wait not till the poor heart-I have regarded it of first consequence to free them from the trammels of leadership, and to induce them to use their own judgment, and direct their own affairs. I live only for them and their cause; broken widow, or the starving children, seek YOU good men by an unflinching assertion of the rights of the poor. Mr. Linwood's pulpit and chapel are ond. Wait not till hanger and destitution forces the suffering wife to break through that feeling of innate what pulpits and chapels ought to be; the media of modesty and womanly pride which would fain hide her to-considered degradation from the eye of expression for God's law-the law of right; and he I know this to be requisite to the success of their the example will be generally followed. the world. SEEK THEN OUT. Visit them at cause; and hence every advancement towards it sets the praiseworthy example to his order of detheir homes. Ascertain for yourselves what their affords me the sincerest pleasure. nonncing class legislation as a moral wrong circumstances are; report their cases faithfully to and as anti-Christian and unscriptural. The I left Leeds on Friday, the 14th inst., the anni-versary of the destruction of the French Bastile; the committee; THAT RACH MAT HAVE THEIR friends had requested Mr. Linwood to take the SHARE OF THE TRIBUTE OF RESPECT PAID TO chair, and he at once assented. I speechified for a favourable omen, let me hope, of the destruction of more than two hours, and at the close, proposed a THE VIRIUES OF THE INCARCERATED; and not be that cursed moral Bastile, in which have been so long deprived of it because they have not the "face" to vote of thanks to the kind player for the use of his immured the rights and liberties of Englishmen; with all its physical adjuncts of prisons, workhouses, and pavilion, in doing which I paid some well-merited make a loud ontery themselves, or are ignorant of the red and blue cost butchers, for the enforcement of compliments to the pious gentlemen in black, who "knack" of constant importunity. Depend upon its fell regulations. I travelled third class. I was

it, if you take these means, you will find more real abject powerty, more need, amongst the quict en-during ones, than you will amongst those who are uring ones, than yyu will amongst those who are load in complaint. And these must not be neglected! They have a claim, an indisputable claim, upon us It is the duty of the Chartists in each locality to seek THEM OUT; and we trust it will be faith. most severely from the mad freaks of last August. tion they received will profit them. Belper was flourishing and in high spirits before The Belper men had followed me to Derby, and I fully performed then; it has been drooping ever since. Despair could not get over their importunities. Visit them But while there is some few pounds in hand to com-

mence the work of relief with, the sum is by no means enough! It will soon be done! Look at what there is to do, and the little to do it with. More must be found to get over their importanties. Visit them seized on many; fear on many others; coercion again on Sunday I must; and so I had nothing for it but to take liberties were I can. My own dear Hour moment, and has, ever since the strike, held the poor Work of relief with the moment, and has, ever since the strike, held the poor people in a state of villansge exceeding anything been, while I went abroad : I knew they would not that I have ever heard of. In the whole course of my reading and observation, I do not remember to doing all the good I can; and as there seemed to be More must be found! To the work! To the work ! Remember there is Cooper sooped up FOR TWO TEARS! Remember there is his wife, lying on a sick Have met with an instance of a people so thoroughly prostrated and unhumanised as are the working people of this town and neighbourhood, by the "Li-baral" Corp. I are Described to not remember to some prospect of good at Belper, I went there in-the solution of the source of the s bed, in danger of being thrust to the door because her rent and rates are unpaid, and she has not the in prison for ONE TEAR. Remember he has depen-ants, who need your assistance. Remember Kirkdale Gaol is almost full. Remember the cry of HOYLE and WILLIAMS! Remember the Oldham widow and her little ones, "HUDDLED on Remember into many dependence on the state of th means to meet them. Remember there is Richards is condition; and remember that hitherto you have; with honest hearts and true; many of whom beat own room, in Fig Tree-lane. They have had it against the Irish Arms' Bill. It was ably addressed vided. We have before mentioned Huddersfield in the course An excellent spirit was manifested by those who before I had done, which was not till near eleven of this article. We are glad to make honourble hazarded the venture. I addressed them on the pre- o'clock. I was in ill health, and once or twice mention of her again. This very moment has the post brought us the following news. All honour to the gallant little band! May this example be generally copied :--HUDDERSFIELD .- The usual meeting of the Huddensfield Chartists took place in the Association Room, Upperhead Row, on Tuesday evening last, when the suggestions of the Editor, in last week's Slar, for the formation of a General Victim Fund, were freely canvassed over, and a subscription immediately object. The Secretary and several members are actively at work, visiting their friends and soliciting subscriptions. This is the way to GO TO WORK! This is what we mean by doing. We want every locality to " do likewise." Then, the charge of gross neglect that lies at our door will be in some measure removed. See how little we have done! What has Cooper had : What has Cooper's wife had? What has Richards been some serious outbreak; and they have ever had? What has Hoyle had ! What has Williams since laid a ban on Chartism which amounts had? What has the Oldham Widow on the heap. of shavings had? POUNDS? No! PENCE? No! Shame on us! Are they not Chartists? Are they not suffering? Are they not entitled to our regard? Have they no claim upon our sympathies? Up, every man! Wipe away the stain. Remove the disprace. Disarm jealousy. Put it out of the power of the SEGLECTED to say that your favours are heaped upon some ; your cold indifference felt by the many. Referring to the Chartist Circular for Mr. CLEAVE'S carnest appeal on this same subject, we conclude, calling upon the Manchester Chartists to do that which the country evidently expects them to doappoint the VICTIM COMMITTEE ; and upon every locality to furnish the means for that Committee to work with, by immediately raising, and sustaining, a GENERAL VICTIM FUND.

بالاساريين دالمي والايترام المعاصر الالمالي وماد فالمالي فالمال والارجاد LONDON.-Mr. Stallwood lecured at the South London Hall of Science, on Tuesday night,—subject "Repeal of the Legislative Union," It was the largest meeting, (the hall being literally crammed) had refused us their chapels. Mr. Linwood left the the Chartists have had since they obtained possesglad to feel the sweet breezes, and enjoy the sweet | chair for the purpose of seconding my resolution ; sion of the "Rotunda;" the lecture was calculated legislative independence. It was announced that certainty and success our much maligned and perse-Wednesday evening, August 2nd, which was received | plishment of that for which every lover of his country with great applause. SOUTH LONDON HALL OF SCIENCE, LATE "ROTUNDA." -Mr. Martin will lecture on Tuesday evening next,

on the "Evils of Aristocratic Influence." MR. Ross, of Manchester, lectured on Monday evening, at the South London Hall of Science, Mr. Dron was in the chair. The talented and eloquent lecturer gave great satisfaction. Owing to the us, then, as we love our common country, as we have public meeting at Clerkenwell, the attendance was the well-bsing of our families, kindred, and posterity but limited.

MR. MANTZ lectured at the Black Horse and Windmill, Fieldgate-street, on Sunday last, Sub-

and WILLIAMS! Remember the Oldham be no doubt, were literally fearful—enough to make i and one of the make is and determined. There on Monday last, a great meeting was holden, at-widow and her little ones, "HUDDLED one wonder into what damned region one had been is no nonsense about Sheffield. They are men of tended by the largest number of persons ever known is no nonsense about Sheffield. They are men of THAN TWO MONTHS, WITHOUT BEING UNDRESSED? The only room that could be had for me was a the right sort. The Town Hall had been refused us, to assemble on that spot. Its object was to adopt Remember that there may be accres more in a similarge room appertaining to an inn. It was filled and the "lads" were compelled to put me into their resolutions in favour of the Charter, and to protest

"That Mr. Bairstow be engaged until the 24th of Au- place at Birmingham, on the 31st day of August next : gust, 1843". "That a Camp Meeting be holden on En. and that we further pledge ourselves to support the field, on Sunday August 20th". "That all letters sent objects of the said delegate meeting to the best of our to the District Secretary must be prepaid by those who

mised an advance; some masters had already given friends, the Metropolitan delegates, that a Delegate day, August 21, 1843; and recommend our various constituencies to choose some tried and persevering friend of the people who will be competent to represent Pre the wishes and opinions of North Lancashire in such ciding who shall be 'nominated for election, by public meetings,' as our representative in the Birmingham | Wi Conference".

> THE ADDRESS OF THE NORTH LANCASHIRE DELE-GATES TO THEIR CONSTITUENTS.

We cannot close the deliberations of this day, without A SECOND COMMUNICATION from Bradford brought the news that Messrs. Wood and Walkers had, on Tuesday, sent for their men, and sgreed to give the advance of wages asked for. This is cheering; for young, the ardent, and the virtuous. Carry out, as far as possible, the principle of "exclusive dealing." Deal only with those who are friendly to your claims. We also implore of you to dash from your lips the pipe, and the debasing demoralising cup of intexication. Abandon and denounce the consumption of that which has proved a most prolific source of vice, crime, misery, destitution, and prostitution; which hry immolated at its shrine its tons of thousands of devotees, and produced the worst possible consequences to man.

We would also recommend to your serious consideration the question of the Land, coupled with our National Organization. It is, in our opinion, eminently calculated to facilitate, strengthen, and propel with cuted movement; and finally bring about the accomought to concentrate his energy to effect; the safe, speedy, and successful termination of our rightsous

In conclusion, let us advance together. Bound together by the enobling ties of justice and liberty, let these twin emblems of happiness glow within our bosoms and animate our minds. No other cause can impart such heavenly, such hallowed sentiments. Let at heart, perseveringly agitate until we attain triumphant success. Then can we sing with the poet :--

"Shine, shine, for ever glorious flame, Conseling gift from God to man ! From Greece thy earliest splendour came. Take Freedom take thy radiant round; When dimm'd, revive; when lost, return; Till not a shrine on earth be found On which thy glories shall not burn.'

BRIGHTON.-A meeting of the Chartists war holden at the Cap of Liberty, Portland-street, on Monday last, Mr. Allen in the chair, when it was proposed by Mr. Fiest, and seconded by Mr. Flaxman :--. That this meeting is of opinion that the proposed delegate meeting, as suggested in the Star, should tak-

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SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED BY MR. CLEAVE.

GENEBAL DEFENCE AND VICTIM FUND.

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HOUSE OF LORDS-TUESDAY, JULY 25.

On the motion of Lord PORTMAN, the second reading of the Landlords and Tenants Bill was dicharged.

HOUSE OF COMMONS-TUESDAY, JULY 25.

Mr. HUME moved for leave to bring in a Bill to: the establishment of schools to promote a sound education for the people at the public expence, withou wounding the feelings or injuring the rights of any sect.

Mr. EWART seconded the motion ; while speaking a motion was made that the House be counted ; and. only twenty-nine Members being present, the Hour adjourned.

CITY OF LONDON POLITICAL AND SCIEN TIFIC INSTITUTION, 1, TURNAGAIN-LANE, SKINNER-STREET.

ON Sunday morning, July 30th, the members of () OCity Locality of the National Charter Association will meet at ten o'clock ; and at eleven, the following question will be discussed : "Will the Repea! of the Union benefit the working class of Ireland, unconnected with the Charter ?" Admission free.— In the afternoon, the Metropolitan Delegate Meeting will assemble at three o'clock, on special business; and it is hoped that the varions localities will take notice of these important meetings, as it is deemed necessary to have a thorough resuscitation of the National Charter Association. In the evening, a Lecture will be delivered by Mr. M'Grath, on which occasion several Chartist Hymns will be sung, Pianist, Miss F. Miles; Admission, One Penny. To commence at seven o'clock .- On Tuesday evening, Mr Mee will again lecture on Astronomy. Admisssion, Two-pence. To commence at half-past eight o'clock.-On Wednesday evening, a Singing Class, on the Mainzerian system, at half-past eight o'clock ; conducted by Mr. Stevens ; and an advanced Class, at half-past nine o'clock. Admission Tickets. Sixpence per Month.—On Thursday even-ing a Dancing Class is held, conducted by Mr. Vaughan. Admission Tickets: Gentlerren 4s. 6d., Ladies 3s. 6d. a quarter; commencing at nine o'clock. Single Lessons, 6d. And on Saturday evenings a Quadrille Party also meet at eight o'clock. Amission Tickets, Gentlemen Sixpence, Ladies Fourpence. August the 7th, a Monthly Ball will take place in the above Institution, for the The delegates separated, highly delighted with the benefit of the same, on a grand scale. Clapp's Band oneness and firmness of purpose which was manifested is engaged. Admission : Single Tickets, 1s.; Double ditto, 1s. 6d .- To the Shareholders of the above Institution. In accordance with the 1st Rule TODMORDEN.-Mr. Jonathan Bairstow lec- of the Institute, those persons who hold shares will tured here on Sunday last at two o'clock, upon the forfeit the same if not paid up within the six months Hayhead-green, the place where Dr. M'Douall de- from the time of their registration. D. CATER, SEC. livered an address at the commencement of our -Shares can be had of the Secretary, on the Presociety. Mr. Bairstow lectured again in the Demo- mises, at Five Shillings each, payable at Sixpence cratic Chapel, Salford, Todmorden, to a numerous per week.-P.S. The Northern Star, Chartist Circular, O'Connor's Pamphlets on the State of Ireland, THE COUNCIL met on Monday night, and after Small Farms, and the Chartists' Trials, and other

Chartist Entelligence.

THE LEEDS BANK STUFF WEAVER .- We Know something about the master piece-maker who figures at the Workhouse Board, and labours to increase the number of the needy, by repeated and uncalled. and Midland Counties Railway. for reductions in the miserable pittance paid to his workmen in the shape of wages. We know all about his "tommy-shop", and we know that when he was a young man; and a jeurneyman weaver, he ! received more than four times the wages he now pays for the same description of work ; yet then he could not make ends meet", but had to apply to his relatives for aid. We detest such mushroom gentry; and have a rod in pickle for many of them; and forgot; though he forgets " the hole from whence he Tas dug"

a name, or said what it is for.

Union :---

SIR,-My attention has just been directed to paragraphs in each of the three last numbers of the Northern Star respecting the Poor Law at Warrington; and I have no hesitation in stating that there is at Warrington".

The writer also apprizes us that he will lay the matter the board bears out Mr. Wagstaff's assurance, that asked to do so.

at what there is to de. Calculate what are the means morning; while hundreds cast their longing looks However they made a hot bath of it and I was glad required to do it; and see that these means are pro- who dare not enter, and hundreds more thought to strip again. Many too, especially females, finding wistfully and anxiously who dare not even look. the heat overpouring were compelled to "get out"

sent condition of the country ; on its former state; obliged, from sheer exhaustion, to sit down abruptly on its future prospects, and on the means of egress and take a few moments to regain strength and comfrom the slough of general destitution. Never were pose the throbbing of my poor head which was almost people more attentive; never did audience seem more splitting. However I went through my work, and perfectly to feel every word attered, than while I the people bore with me and thanked me entered into to aid in carrying ont the landable fortified. Under the guidance of Mr. Vickers, a and at which (D.V.) I purpose speaking-Leith,

efforts were made by a few fools to plunge them into by the local tyrants: they filled the town with people's cost; and I have therefore laid out my routes military; they pranced up and down the streets, in "lines" as much as may be. I suppose I shall almost to a surveillance of people's thoughts. 'Tis fearful that such a state of slavery should be, any where; but, while the system lasts, under which it has arisen, it will be continually getting more impudent and more oppressive.

I left Belper on Saturday, for Loughborough Here I was prevented from travelling third class by a most impudent fraud; a mere sharper's trick played off upon me by the agent of the Railway Company. I went to the booking-office; asked for a third-class ticket, received a ticket and paid down the sum demanded, supposing it to be for third class; when the train came in I was told that there were no third-class carriages attached to it, but that I should be "all right." as mine was a second-class ticket. There were third class carriages to the next train, for which I would have waited, had I not been

thus tricked. I have heard of similar tricks upon this line before; and I state this fact for the cantion of other parties who may travel by the North Midland

was had for Mr. O'Connor at his last visit. This, for held with you. "a large room," is a very small room. O'Counor spoke from the window to the people outside. I September quite as soon as you can have a Na-

SWAN INN, NEW JOHN-ETREET, BIRMINGHAM -- We make a pause about the middle of my sermon, time; things done in haste are seldom done well; free course to run down. At night I could not WIRRINGTON WORKHOUSE -Friday morning's post stand it. The "lads" were obliged to turn out, and has brought us the following letter from I spoke from the window. On Monday evening, I Mr. William Wagstaff, clerk to the Warrington addressed them on Organization, and other matters. They are splendid fellows at Loughborough ; but a Hull, Wednesday, July 26th, 1843. little fiery ; and no wonder, when one looks at their i ==

wretched poverty. From Loughborough I went on Tuesday to Derby.

Here the Theatre had been taken. It was just at Dot the slightest foundation either for the statements the close of the great Agricultural Meeting and of "Washington" or those of the " Chartist Conneil Show ; when the town had been like a country fair for the whole week-all the streets filled with booths of showmen and publicans, and all the inbefore the board of guardians at their next meet- gennity of " civilized man" resorted to, to " glean ing. We shall be happy if the "investigation" at up the pence." Such a time was, of course, a bad met There would be chere it of the the state of th up the pence." Such a time was, of course, a bad met. There would be about 140 delegates present. one for a meeting; many had not the means of The General Secretary then read the minutes of the paying the small sum which the friends charged to last Delegate Meeting which were confirmed. The "there is not the slightest foundation" for the statements made. Of course, Mr. Wagstaff will communicate the result, that the official contra-diction, after investigation, may have as full cir-culation as the charges. We have given Mr.

depicted to them in too truthful terms their present | I have now had a day or two's rest, and shall have caught eagerly at it, and I have some hope again to week. To prevent all disappointment, let me here see the "waste places" of Belper built np and state the places in Scotland to which I am invited, sterling honest man-as I think-they had the good Edinburgh, Aberdeen, Montrose, Arbroath, Dundee, fortune to escape the trap last August. Strong Glasgow, Paisley, Greenock, Hamilton and Campsie. Of these the five last lie in a sort of cluster; while the the vortex ; but Vickers stood firm ; the people stood six former are mostly wide of these and of each other. with him, and they were saved. It was, how-ever, as I have said, laid hold of as a pretext as I think every man should be who travels at the

and vituperated the Chartists as though there had reach Leith on Thursday sometime, from then to Tuesday I take steam ship for Aberdeen ; Wednesthence on Saturday to Arbroath where I speechify at | Chartism.

night; and take the rail on Sunday morning for ANOTHER VICTIM TO CLASS TYRANNY .- Died, on Dundee, so as to preach twice, if need be, to my the 17th of July, George Seddon, aged 60. The de- tions unanimously ; and to them the attention of the Dundee friends on Sunday. I stay Monday over, ceased was a member of the National Charter Associa-and speak on Monday evening in Dundee, or any tion in Manchester, ever since its formation ; and was lst. "That this meeting of delegates is place in that neighbourhood, in which my services held in great estimation by a large circle of acquaintances opinion that great advantage would accrue to the may be required. I take steam-ship on Tuesday for and friends. In compliance with his own desire, ex. Chartist body by the holding of a General Conference Edinburgh, and thence go by rail to Glasgow; so pressed a short time previous to his death, the Chartists of Delegates, to take into consideration the different that on Wednesday, the 16th, if all be well, I shall of the Carpenter's Hall locality determined upon follow- plans and suggestions thrown out for the re-organibe ready to address my Glasgow friends; on Thurs- ing him to the grave in procession. The afternoon's day, the 17th, Hamilton; on Friday, the 18th, meeting in the Hall was therefore adjourned, and a band a period as is compatible with due consideration and Campsie; Saturday and Sunday, I shall spend in Glasgow. Thesday, the 22nd, I give to Paisley; Wednesday, the 23rd, to Greenock; whence I return Seddon's house, in Back Queen-street, where the hymn of opinion that by water to Carlisle; thence to Newcastle; Sunder- | commencing with "Great God! is this the patriot's land, and Shields; and so, home.

deed, I cannot be idle. I live to work, and must ceeded along Deansgate into King-street. Having arrived and Midland Counties Railway. At Longhborongh, the people are in great poverty. And here as at Belper, the friends had difficulty in restore, my physical energies. I shall keep writing It then moved on along Moseley-street, Oldham-street, finding a roof to cover me. All the religious houses, for yon, more or less, as I can, during the whole and Great Ancoats-street, to the Rev. James Scholefield's large schoolrooms, theatre, and other public build- time. I shall not be satisfied with more speaking burial ground, when the funeral service was read by ings were refused. The only place that could be had as I go along; but try also to write something in that gentleman. There could not have been less than was a place called the Unicorn rocm, the same that the way of continuing that counsel I have so long 1,500 persons in the procession, whose conduct deserves the greatest praise; for they observed the most strict atten-

One word as to the Delegate Meeting : I think in due time shall lay it on. The fellow aban't be have a great objection to outside meetings, especially tional Delegate Meeting to do any good. My service, Dr. Hulley gave out the hymn "Great God 1 is format though the hale from the service, Dr. Hulley gave out the hymn "Great God 1 is on Sundays; and in the afternoon we crammed the heart and soul are wrapped up in this ro-Organ. this the patriot's doom? &c.:" after which Mr. C. Doyle was dog². R. T. MORRISON.—His letter was mislaid, until too pying any space with seats, but making all late. R. T. MORRISON.—His letter was mislaid, until too pying any space with seats, but making all stand. It was a regular hot-bath. I was glad to before, by inconsiderate haste. Take time; take to before, by inconsiderate haste. Take time; take the stand and the following manner: are in receipt of a post-office order for 53. from and throw off my coat and handkerchief, and un-this place. The party sending it has neither given button my waistcoat, that the sweat might have better left undone than done ill.

I am dear friends, as I have ever been, Your faithful friend and servant, WILLIAM HILL.

NEWCASTLE .- A General Delegate Meeting of the Miners of Northumberland and Durham was held at the Three Tuns Inn, Manor Chare, on Monday, 24th inst., according to announcement in the Star of the 22nd inst. At the appointed hour, (ten o'clock) Mr. Thos. Wakenshaw was unanimonsly called upon to preside, who brit fly opened the

NEGLECTED THEN ALL; and let that remembrance with fearful apprehension of the consequences that tastefully beautified since I was there. It is now a by Messrs. Cameron, M'Garth, Bolwell, T. S. Dunspur you on to increased and energetic action ! Look might ensue from their being "reported" in the very handsome room; but rather wanting in size. oombe. M.P., Mantz, Cowan. Preston. Bagge. Gardner, and Parker. Their addresses were received with great enthusiasm; and the resolutions proposed were all but unanimously adopted, two hands only

being holden up against the first. ROCHDALE .- On Tuesday last, E. P. Mead lectured in the theatre to a respectable audience. His subject was, "The present position of the Law Established Church in England and Ireland.'

MACCLESFIELD.-The Council met in their room. Stanley-street, on Tuesday evening, when it was state and future prospects. I recommended Union another or two before shaking the warm hands of resolved unanimously, "That a Victim Committee and Organization as the only ground of hope. They my Scotch friends, with whom I hope to be next ought to be established in Manchester as soon as possible; and we will use our utmost exertions to procure funds for the incarcerated." A subscription was entered into and the meeting adjourned. MANCHESTER.-CHARTIST YOUTHS .- Mr. Dixon delivered his promised lecture on the principles of total abstinence" for the benefit of the Grammar and Elocution class, in connection with the Young respectable.

> MANCHESTER .---- CABPENTER'S HALL --- Mr. Monday night I give myself to Leith and Edinburgh ; George Lloyd, of Liverpool, delivered a lecture in the above Hall, on Sunday evening last, to a large and day I attend the festival at Aberdeen ; Thursday I respectable audience. At the conclusion an unanimous preach there; Friday: I take steam boat to vote of thanks was given to him, for the able manner Montrose, and give them Friday evening; in which he had defended the glorious principles of

Thus, I shall not be idle in my recreation. In- manner. The procession having again formed, pro-

tion to the regulations given by those appointed to conduct them. When Mr. Scholefield had finished the burial which has caused us to meet together this evening.

life, proved beyond the possibility of a doubt that he was a true friend of his fellow man, inasmuch as he imbibed and promulgated the sacred principles of truth, justice, and universal liberty. His unbending adherence to those principles, his genuine and virtuous love of them, has been the cause of his death, inflicting a beavy and much-to-be-deplored loss upon his dear relatives, who are now shedding the scalding tears, flowing from hearts riven with poignant grief and anguish.

another has been added to the list of martyrs in the in Kirkdale gaol, is of opinion that the charge of briefly, a history of the facts connected with it. Mr. procure and afford the necessary relief." Doyle then went through the principal facts of 6th. "That we highly approve of the suggestion of

Signed on behalf of the delegates assembled, W. WILKINSON, Chairman.

throughout the whole of the proceedings, and respectable audience, at six o'clock.

transacting the general business of the society, took valuable Works can be had on the Premises.-To into consideration, the propriety of sending dele- Friends of Rational Education. Subscribers aro gates to the delegate meetings at Dewsbury and solicited towards the formation of a Day School for Blackstone-Edge on Sunday next; they came to the Children; to be opened as early as possible on the conclusion to send one to both places. Mr. John above Premises. Crowther is the delegate for Blackstone edge, and | Mr. Richard Close for Dewsbury.

HUDDERSFIELD .- DISTRICT DELEGATE MEET-Man's Charter Association, in the Brown-street ING.—On Sunday last, according to announcement batim, from Carlile's edition, issued at 15s.; and it room, on Tuesday evening last. The audience was in the Northern Star, a meeting of delegates from the is supposed that the expense of the whole will not different localities in this district was holden in the exceed 2s. 6d. With every number is also given a Chartists' Room, Honley, Mr. Kelso from Hudders- most excellent plate from the French, worth six field in the chair, Mr. B. Brown acting as secretary. times the money charged for the whole, which is The various subjects of the Organization, the Con. only Twopence each Number. ference, the time of holding it, the place of meeting, the desirability of securing the active aid and cooperation of our Scotch brethren, the Victim Fund, ready .- For One Shilling may be had complete the and matters of local business, were severally brought before the meeting and canvassed in the best spirit. The result was the passing of the following resolu-

lst. "That this meeting of delegates is fully of zation of the Chartist ranks, to assemble at as early

2nd. "That taking all things into account, we are of opinion that the first week in September would be as early a day as it would be prudent to fix upon doem ?" was sung by the children in a very affecting for the holding of the said Conference; it being of the utmost importance that every locality should deeply consider the nature of the step they are taking and make all their arrangements in a business-like manner, without hurry and confusion." 3rd. "That this meeting of delegates would beg

to express their deep sense of the high advantage Edinbro', and Hawkin-street, Dublin. that would result to the Chartist body in general, could such a plan of Organization be adopted as would secure the cordial co-operation of both the English and Scotch Chartists in one general body; Six Nights only, with his Trained Lions, Tigers, and they would earnestly call upon their brethren, the Chartists of both countries, to take this branch of the subject into their most serious consideration; and to fix upon such a place of meeting for the holding of the Conference as will be mutually convenient for delegates from both countries."

4th. "That this meeting, without expressing any opinion as to the merits of particular plans of Organi. zation at present proposed, cannot pass over the turday, the 29th July ; Monday, the 31st ; Tuesday, of our deceased friend and brother, who, during his opportunity of declaring it as their decided convic- the lst of August ; Wednesday, the 2nd of August tion, that in any plan that may be adopted, it will and Thursday, the 3rd of August, 1843. be essentially necessary to combine with the General The Pertormannes will commence with the highly Agitation of General Principle, A LEGAL SCHEME successful New Melo Dramatic Spectacle in Three FOR A PRACTICAL EXPERIMENT UPON THE LAND by Acts, founded upon real Events in the Life of the those who have the desire and means to accomplish great African Traveller, and called MUNGO it : inasmuch as such combination will secure to the PARK, or THE ARAB OF THE NIGER. To which whole body LEGAL PROTECTION, and many other ad- will be added Singing and Dancing, and a popular vantages sufficiently obvious without enumeration." | Farce.

5th. "That this delegate meeting, having read the The friends of their departed brother may also be appeal made by the Victims to Persecution, inserted seen weeping with unaffected sorrow and regret. that in the Northern Star of Saturday last, now suffering cause of political freedom. Yes! Our much respected neglect brought against the Chartist body is fully at Seven. brother George Seddon was a martyr. His death has justified; and that it is high time that the Chartists First Price: Boxes, 3s.; Pit, 2s.; Gallery, 1s. been caused through the cruel and unfeeling treatment generally took the case of the Victims into their Second Price, at Nine o'Clock: Boxes, 1s. 6d.; he has received. It is now my painful duty to narrate most anxious consideration, and adopted means to Pit, Is.

the case, in which he shewed that Mr. Seddon was the Editor of the Star, that a GENERAL VICTIM arrested in the month of August last, by a party Fund be immediately raised by subscriptions from of Yorkshire, belonging to the association estabof the Manchester Police, who dragged him the Chartists and their friends all through the

THE MANUAL OF FREEMASONRY is now L Publishing, in the MIRROR OF ROMANCE, Ver-

The MIRROR of ROMANCE may also be had in Parts, Sixpence each, of which Three are now following celebrated Works :- Leon Leone, by George Sand; Physiology of Matrimony, by Paul de Kock, fifty cuts; Jenny, or the Unfortunate Courtezan, by the same Author ; Simon, the Radical, a most powerful Tale of the French Revolution.

This work mus. be seen to be properly appreciated. VOLTAIRE'S PHILOSOPHICAL DICTION-ARY, now rapidly approaching completion. Part 28, price Fourpence, is published this day. The last Number will contain a most splendid full-length Portrait of the Author.

VOLTAIRE'S ROMANCES, No. 9, and the DIEGESIS, No. 18, are out, and will speedily be finished.

W. Dugdale, printer and publisher, No. 16 Holywell-street, Strand.

THEATRE, LEEDS, UNDER THE LESSEESHIP OF

MR. J. L. PRITCHARD,

Late of the Theatres Royal, Covent Garden.

MR. PRITCHARD is happy to announce that he has succeeded in forming an Engagement with the Celebrated Lion King, Mr. CARTER, for-Panthers, &c.

Mr. CARTER's astonishing power over his animals has excited wonder and admiration in all the principal Cities and Towns of America, Russia, France. and England; and notwithstanding the serious expence attendant on Mr. C.'s engagement, no extra charge will be made for admission.

The Theatre will be opened this Evening. Sa-

Tickets and places for the Boxes may be taken of Mr. John Holmes, at the Theatre daily, from Eleven to Three.

Doors open at Half-past Six .- The Curtain rises

THE MINERS.-A delegate meeting of the colliers lished at Newcastle, was holden on Saturday last, the 22nd inst., at the house of Mr. S. Rowbottom,

FOR THE DEFENCE FUND.	andience was most attentive; and the friends say	South Sheilds, be requested to second it, and T.S.	ing or coat. In this state he was dragged to the lockup	dual access and anniv themselves energetical	to Dirkensnaw, Gildersome, Rothwell, Churwell RI.
£ s. d.	that the lecture has done our cause much good in	Dancombe, Esq., M.P., be requested to support	at the Town Hall, and confined for two days and nights	the rescing of such GENERAL FUND	land, Ussett, Catherine Slack, and Bradsham After
From Ashton-under-under-Lyne, per J. Coop 0 7 11	removing prejudice.	the come " without each collier cond a date	in a damp and dirty cell, without a bed to repose his	7th "Thot we also annrove of the suggestion	hat Ine accounts had been read, and the balance shoet
Per I. Senior, Great Gomernal, 12nd time) 0 3 0	On Wednesday. I went to Nottingham; here to	goto to the General Delegate Meetings in future	aged body on. or clothes to cover him ! The mercenaries	the Manahastar Chartists should annoint a commi	tee made out, the following resolutions were agreed to:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the mest credit of the authorities, the people were	A longthy discussion than took place respecting the	of the law, called policemen, would not allow him to	and tem for the dishursement of any funds not	in 1. "That the societies of colliers in Yorkshire be
	allowed without difficulty the use of their own	lastrate who may appointed by the public mosting	have his coat to put on, until the third day after his	hand the wing every confidence that our Manche	ter formed into districts." 2. "That in the opinion of
THE THING, AND ITS DEFENDERS The	enlandid hall the Exchange Room. I was never in	on Shedden's Uill when it was ultimately agreed	arrest. From the Town Hall he was taken to the New	brothren will annoint those who will do instic	to this meeting, no person onght to be employed by the
THING certainly gets plenty of battering. Every	a much finer room, and never saw a room beller	that the commission of Mr. Decolor on leathres he	Bailey, where he remained nineteen days closely con-	every victim whose case may be submitted to t	eir association as lecturer, except the real, hard-
one, almost, is now disposed to give it a shove!	wedged with human beings. I question if another	continued The following resolution was also		consideration distributing the funds according	to working, practical men, of our own trade and call-
It seems doomed to destruction; for its defenders	and have been crammed in any how. How many	adapted HThes each delegate he requested to an	dressed, there not being room, in the first place, the	the necessities of each case. and not according to	the ing." 3. " That this meeting recommends to our
are very, very few; and, few as they are, their	went sway I know not. Many middle class men	nuice his constituents to promove a convert list of the	areased, there hot being room, in the unst place, the	wank which the applicants may have before	me friends in the North to dispense with the services of
defence is, in nine cases out of ten, very left-	were precent. I spoke at great length; nearly three	nomen af all the membrane their reconcitive dis-	Decisions and in the second along the second for had been	holden in the Chartist holy. Means for the es	ab. all persons engaged as lecturers, who are contrary to
handed ! It seems, however, that there are still	hours Not a man Hinched; all were apparently	triate and transmit the same to the Coneval Secret	npon; and, in the second place, even it they had been	lishment of a permanent Victim Committee may	be the foregoing resolution." 4. "That the next de-
some, who think it is not as bad as represented.	as much interested at the close as at the Deginning.	town by the next delegate menting day " A Delegate	Wide enough, he durst not he down on them for iterally	devised by the contemplated Conference, whe	it legate meeting be held at the Griffin Inn, Wake-
One of these " knights valiant" thus writes us :-	I I may to be at Arnold the next night. Several	the man and and a statement of the enimions of the	swarming with vermin. After being kept in confine-	assembles."	field, on Saturday, the 19th of August, at twelve
"DRIE SIR,-As every body complains against	i a	the mode	swarming with vormin. After boing top in contain	8th. " That a Lecturer be engaged for this di t	rict o'clock at noon." 5. "That this meeting request all
the 'horrid,' infernal' system, under which we are	i might have the same presentent. Into pecoming	resorted to for the support of such of their brethren	BEING NO MANNER OF CHARGE AGAINST	for a fortnight."	collieries who are wishful to enter the association,
governed, I am prepared to demonstrate that it is,	known a great many of the Nowingham 1805	an might be compatied to strike mark for a instifishing	HIM I What was the result of this barbarous	9th. " That Mr. Davis, of Hawick, be the Lectu	er, to send a delegate to the next delegate meeting."
Doi only Godlike and immortal, but that it is the	evinced their liking of it by going next evening four	cause, as inadequate to meet the exigencies of their	usage? The result was, that he got a surfeit of	if ha ha at lizerty to accent the engagement "	After a vote of there's had been simple the ling.
most beneficent sustem that was ever established by	I	1	cold, which produced the most excruciating bodily pain,	10th. "That Messrs. Gledhill, Cunningham.	After a vote of thanks had been given to the chair- and man, the meeting broke up.
and gening of man.	At Arnold we had a most comfortable les Farty	annously and standards a man he made throughout	conging a complete disconcination of his whole system :	Dyson he a Sub-Committee to receive the answer	
Will you suffer me to do this, in a series of letters,	Int the Grev Hound Inn : siter Which I cuilled the	the mainter in Marthumberland and Durham and	causing a complete meorganization of the marter nearly	Mr. Davies and make our a route for him if he	of THE LATE MURDER DUELOn Tuesday the Cora- ner's Jury again met, for the purpose of signing the
In the columns of the Northern Star ?"	1 w lado " in the Renter's Chapel, Which ine inside	that all mount allos realized he concilin divided	eleven months of acute suffering. The recital of these	Cent the enuggement."	ner's Jury again met, for the purpose of signing the
"Yi iy esh hu ar ych chy en."	had kindly lent them for the purpose. I find an	according to their various necessities." This was	fasts caused house to thrill through the vast assem-	11th. "That these resolutions he cant to	inquisition. Mr. Gulliver was in attendance, with an order from Mr. Justice Columan, to be admitted to
On a state of the state of the state of the	excellent congregation, and preached a sermon as	agreed to. The subject of the election of the lec-	blage. Mr. Doyle then, in an impressive manner,	Northern Slar, with a request to the Editor that	au order from Mr. Justice Coltman, to be admitted to
On opening the letter we fairly trembled. The	i long as that of the might DBIOTS.	the lost delerete meeting.	recounted to his audience the exemplary patience mani-		us oall, numself in £1000. and four sureties in £500
Te instinctively caught the last line; and we	I met with one thing at Arnold LIAL pleased me	Then they applied they when it man anter the links	fested by the deceased while suffering; and also his	The meeting then adjourned to Sunday And	each, for his personal appearance at the next session
langied it was a missive from REBECCA! We are	to the very coni . a Sura avidence that daying is	Manthe Date in the maintend loors for the Minere	never-tiring enquirles about the progress of the good	6th Each one denosted to his home highly and	use of the Central Criminal Court. The Coroner there-
hot quite sure yet, that our first suspicions were not	downing in upon * the workies." 100 SICK CLUDS	Anonication 7 Million than adjourned until	cause of Chartism, as well as the pure delight he	with the day's proceedings and at the brinter	10re, did not issue his warrant of committal. After
"Orect. At all events, we dare not refuse to give	I have drawn out their money from the Davings Dank	Depadent - and the track	evinced whenever he heard of a single triumph by the	nragnest of Chartism in the district ML L. H.	"A a long conversation with Mr. Humphreys, who
merion to the challenge. We have no iancy for a	i and the Registers and invested 11 10 1800. WINDO		people over their enemies. In an energetic manner he	by the Strike-Plut will soon again he successed	accompanied Mr. Gulliver, the Coroner expressed
instation of Rebecca's indianation ! We may, how-	I P 1J Lama Laam mumahadad 6900 DIVIBAD JUBD SUIGU	$ = 11 \text{AWORTH} \rightarrow A \text{ SCIENT} = 0 \text{ DRESTRE} = 100 \text{ CLUMMEN} $	called upon them to imitate such virtuous and heroic	the healthy breeze of Legal Acitation The	y nis opinion that the other accused parties would
ever, express the hope that if it be her; and that if	i sight a share and their mornhand to would be light	EUSTICOULT MEETING OF THE ADVIAUT UNDER OF TUTCHELD	fortitude, as that manifested by their ever-to-be-	and feeling ovinged by the delegator of this is	surrender to take their trial along with Mr. Guilivar
the essay the task she speaks of, that she will make	I made a the alph The dyantages of Inte	Will commence their annual sessions on the nrst Mou-	ismonted brother if the marturad Seddon" and he con-	meating approved hand and anneal them have to	our The jury having signed the inquisition. Inspector
it a little more intelligible than her own awkward	Their funds are secure. Their funds are secure.	day in August pext. in the lown mail, at N.	Anded by pointing out the persenty of the bonest sous	heart . hope that the coop month for the	ry Agge was bound over in the sum of £100 to prefer a
Scrawling hame !	THE DANG WILL NOT PORAR. THEIR MUNCH	neicue, near Liverpool, Lancashire; when it is	and daughters of industry uniting for the purpose of	in more poprtily and more normalial in the	ou bill of indictment, on the part of the Coroner against
	WITT DE TISED ATWAYS FOR THEIR	expected a large number of representatives will	and daughters of inquery uniting for the purpose of	and consolution that in the more perseveringly than ev	r: the four persons included in finding of the Jury.
MR KIDD will lecture " On the benefits and	DENTRIP AND NOT FOR THEIR OPPRES	attend from all the respective districts in England.	a depression Dr. Wallow then gave ant mother hunn	a collect little for site the worst of times there	T: the four persons included in finding of the Jury. Let both Inspector Aggs and the Coronor SEE TO IT.
The state of the second state of the Honin	SION: their funds pay better interest than	Scotland, and Wales, for the purpose of deliberating	which was sund with great solemnity, and the large	the cause whatever man he differed to aban	On THAT THE INDICTMENT HAS NO FLAW, ON which the
Hood Inn, Churton, near Percy Main, on Friday	Lason while they devive individually a great	on and transacting important business percently to			Barties will ride off scot-free ! Let us have no more
evening, August 4th, at seven o'clock.	advantage from this application of them. Thus	that numerous body.	concourse separated.	doomed to receive.	"'pon my honour, not guilsy " work!
-DI Bubi 410, 21 DEICU V CLUED.		1	•		Guild Hand

YORKSHIRE SUMMER ASSIZES.

CROWN COURT, SATURDAY, JULY 22. (Before Mr. Justice Cresswell.)

BURGLARY AT LEEDS.

James Linley, 19, William Ward, 26, and Joseph Builerfield, 30, were charged with having, on the 11th of April last, at Leeds, committed a burglary in the dwelling house of John Atkinson, and stolen therein two silver spoons, one pair of silver tongs, one satin dress, one silk shawl, and various other articles, his preperty.

but they were not pressed.

sentenced to be transported for ten years.

Samuel Ledyard, (25.) was charged with stealing a

Mr. PICKERING and Mr. ASPINALL were for the pro-

Mr. WILKINS made an able speech for the prisoner,

The Jury retired for about three quarters of an hour.

The FOREMAN answered, because of some doubt they

W. Brierley, constable of Wakefield, said that when

recommended mercy.

secution : Mr. WILKINS defended the prisoner.

Mr. HILL, Mr. WALKER, and Mr. MONTEITH Were counsel for the prosecution; the prisoners were unde.) Tended.

The prosecutor, Mr. John Atkinson, is a joiner and builder, residing at Hunslet, near Leeds. On the evening of the 11th of April last, he and his family were at home, and retired to rest a little after ten o'clock. During the night, or rather about one o'clock the following morning, he was arensed by his wife, and, in consequence of a communication which she made to him, he got up, struck a light, and he and his wife Want down stairs, when they found the front door open. the house ransacked, and the bolt of the back door forced away, by means of an incision mede in the casing of the door. The property taken away consisted of a had sent his wife and family to America. quantity of stockings, a black satin dress, shawls, shirts, pocket and silk handkerchiefs, silver tea and table spoons, a pair of silver sugar tongs, and other his duty to sentence the prisoner to transportation; articles. The case, as connecting the prisoners with the but under all the circumstances be thought it would robbery, rested chiefly on the evidence of an accomplice meet the justice of the case if a less severe sentence named Hannah Greenough, who was in the first instance charged as a receiver, but was afterwards admitted he be imprisoned and kept to hard labour in the House Oneen's evidence. She deposed that, on the 11th of of Correction for twelve calendar months. April, she lived at Wakefield, at the house of a Mrs. Mitchell, which is two doors from Mrs. Carter's. Onthe evening of the 12th of April, she went into Mrs. Carter's house, where she saw Butterfield, Linley, young Ward, and Berjamin Ward. She had seen young Ward before, but not that day. That was about nine bay gelding, at Tong, on the 27th of June, the property o'clock, and two or three hours after that she saw a bundle of Joseph Proctor. in Martha Carter's room, on a box behind the door. Young Ward afterwards gave her (the witness) a satin dress, which he took out of the bundle. None of the other prisoners were present at that time. They were in Mariha Carter's room when he gave her the dress, and Martha gave her a cioth to wrap it in. The bundle from which he took the dress contained shirts, a piece of silk mmade up, a satin shawl lined with blue cotton, a silk shawl, some fine linen shirts, and a satin-Been riding the horse up Thornes Lane, near Wakefield, handkerchief, but no silver plate. Witness went to Mr. Land's to pawn the dress, but afterwards took it back again to Mrs. Carter's. When she returned the four men were there. Young Ward then inquired if there was not a place in the town at which the dress could be sold, and witness told him that there was Mr. Holdsworth's, at New Wells. Linley and Butterfield were present. Witness afterwards went to Mr. Holdsworth's, and a young men there detained the dress, upon which she returned to Martha Carter's, and identified by the prosecutor as his property. found the men there still; Martha Carter then said they must fly, or her house would be searched. Witbut called no witnesses to support his hypothesis, that ness then burst out crying, and said, " I don't know the prisoner had bought the animal. what will become of me." The witness then continued,-young Ward said I must go with him; I did and then found the prisoner Gally, but recommended so. We all went together to Castleford. James Linley him to mercy. carried the bundle a long way ; then young Ward took it; Benjamin Ward took it a bit; then we got in the town ; yonng Ward had the bundle then. We staid at Castleford all night, and next morning Linley went had as to the distance between some of the places to Leeds; he told us he was going there. We went to mentioned on the trial, and as nothing else had been Ferrybridge, and the bundle was taken with us; Joseph Buiterfield and young Ward carried it. We went proved against him. to a lodging house next door but one to a public house. On the evening of that day I went into the publicnot hest that he had anything but a good character. house between three and four o'clock. I afterwards went away and returned about six e'clock; at that time Wm. Ward and James Linley came to the public house; there was another man with them whom they called

barsel, he was fold that he must take it out of the sufficiently acquainted with English to translate it ganized condition. They commenced their operations of Pontydoulais. next rate, but all that he had received on account of it properly:next rate, but all that he had received on account of it | properly :---

was this payment by Mr. Tatham. Mr. Commissioner WORTLEY summed up the case be held at Cwm Ivor, in the parish of Liandi, in the flight ; they then walked in procession by Cwmmawr, crowds of people filling the streets, particularly opwith much perspicuity, and the Jury fennd the pri- county of Carmarthen, on Thursday, the 20th day of through the village of Drefach, and, in fast, through posite the station-house, where the prisoners were consoner Guilty, but recommended him to mercy on ac- July, in the first year of Rebecca's exploits, A. D. the entire neighbourhood, being accompanied in their fined, and which was guarded by the 75th Foot, and count of the great irregularity which prevailed in the 1843. township with respect to the rates.

"To concur and inquire into the grievances complained of by the people, and to adopt the best method | shots as tokens of triumph. They then proceeded to | brought in :-There were two other indictments against the prisoner, of avoiding the surprising deprivations that exist, and demolish two toll-bars on the road from Carmarthen to Mr. Commissioner WORTLEY said that as he was the eternal vigilance of our superintendents which is desirous to give effect to the recommendation of the price of our liberty.

Jury, he should delay passing sentence. There had, no "We wish to reduce the price (taxes) and accure our donbt, been great irregularity and neglect on the part blessings. An army of principles will penetrate where of the township officers; yet the offence of which the | an army of soldiers cannot. prisoner had been convicted was a very grave one.

"Power nsurped is weak when opposed. The public Mr. Turner, a rate-payer of Warley, in answer to interest depends upon our compliance to examine the questions from the Court, stated that he had ascertained | cause of the salamity, and unveil the corruptions to the prisoner's defalcations to amount to upwards of Rebecca, &c. £300, and he had no doubt there was a further defici-

"The following resolutions agreed, and intend to recommend to your future aspect by us whose names are ency of nearly £100, which he could not so clearly here subscribed at foot, being householders within the make ont. The prisoner had served the like office in the township of Midgley, and his defalcations were above heretofore-mentioned parish.

considerable there. He had occupied a farm in Midg-"1-To levelling all petty gates and gate-posts conley, and great confidence had been placed in him by nected with by-ways and bridle-roads, or any roads the inhabitants and officers of both townships. He had repaired by the parishioners. been possessed of property, but he had sold it all, and

"Aleo coals, lime, and grains taken to market be exempted from tolls.

His Lordship, in passing sentence, said that but for "2-The motive is the abolition of heavy tithe and the recommendation of the Jury he should have felt it rent-charge in lieu of tithe.

* 3-The abolition of church-rates.

"4-A total alteration of the present Poor Law. "5. An equitable adjustment of the landlord's rent. were imposed. The sentence of the Court was, that been sent out to Middleton-hall, the seat of Mr. Adams, "6. Not to allow or grant any Englishman to have and to Cwamawr, the residence of Mr. John Thomas, the privilege of a steward or governor in South Wales. threatening the demolition of their houses, and the

"7. If any man rents his neighbour's farm treacherously William Foster, (16.) was found guilty of having we must acquaint the lady, and endeavour to encoucommitted a barglary in the dwelling-house of Thomas rage her exertians wherever she wishes for us to exe-Kemble Walker, at Pannal, near Harrogate. He was cute our phenomens and combat.

"8. To request the farmers not to borrow any money on purpose to pay unlawful demands; and if the result be that some person or persons will annoy any one by plundering, and sacrifice their goods in respect to such tion of attacking those houses on a future night. charge, we must protect them and diminish their exploits of agouism.

The prosecutor is a coal leader, residing at Whisket "9. That a committee of privy council must be held Hill, in Tong, and on Sunday, the 27th of June, he when necessary, and all persons under the age of had two horses grazing on Tong Moor. On the Tuesday eighteen years are not admitted into it. Neither wofollowing he missed one of them, the horse in question, men nor any of the female sex shall be introduced into and did not hear of him till about three weeks after- this selected assembly, except Rebecca and Miss Cromwards. It was, however, proved that the prisoner was well". manufacturing districts.

"This document was received with great applause, on the evening of the last Tuesday in June. On the and it appeared to meet the universal feelings of the following day he sold it to a hawker, named George meeting. It was then agreed that a committee should Hall, who a few days after sold it at Wakefield Fair, be formed, and that no farmer in the country should where it afterwards changed hands two or three times; be allowed to take the farm which had been vacated by workmen; and, having given notice of their intention and the last purchaser. Mr. Rieberd Sunderland, of another without the sanction of the committee, and Alverthorpe, having a few days afterwards seen the that if any did so he must take the consequences. animal described in an advertisement in the newspapers Four persons also were appointed to make rules to es a stolen horse, he took it to the constable of Waketheir determination into effect. carry out these objects, to be agreed to at a future meetfield, Mr. Brierley, and delivered him up, when it was ing to be held at another place; and the meeting se-

parated at about a quarter-past eleven at night. " The work of gate destruction is still carried on with perfect impunity and the utmost daring. On

Wednesday night, or rather early yesterday morning, the Robeccaites assembled in large numbers at Bolgoed gate, near Pontardulais, between Carmarthen and Swansea, and, aronsing the toll-keeper, but without allowing The presiding JUDGE asked upon what grounds they him time to dress himself beyond putting on a great as their predecessors have been. coat and slippers, on his making his appearance they placed tools in his hands, held a gun to his head, and forced him to destroy the gate: when the work of destruction was complete they locked the toll-keeper up in a stable close by, where he was kept a prisoner until the morning. There was a policeman who lived in he went to Sheffield to apprehend the prisoner, he could the neighbourhoud, whom they also made a prisoner

for the night."

The FOREMAN E3id, that if that had been known bulors, it might have had some effect on the verdict.

His LORDSHIP said, that the verdict was still unrecorded, and that they might reconsider it if they

of pocket, and upon a plying to have that sum reim- rect in the original Welsh, but that its author was not colliers and others, who appeared to be in a well-or. prehended Mr. Vaughan, the postmaster and innkeeper "This morning, and indeed throughout the day, the

"To the conductors of the Convention appointed to gate, compelling the toll-collector to seek safety by town of Swansea has been in a state of excitement

procession by a speles of rough music, consisting of a almost an entire stop being put to business. "The following prisoners had by this time been number of horns and drums, and continually firing

"Griffith Vaughan, postmaster and innkeeper at Lianelly, which exploit they accomplished in a very Pontydoulais. William Morgan, of Bolgoed, farmer. | read a third time and passed. short time. The scene throughout the whole affair was David Jones, son of a respectable freeholder. Diniel remarkably striking; the bonfires burning on the hills, Lewis, a weaver. Mr. John Morgan, a farmer and freethe firing of the rockets, the explosions from the guns holder. Matthew Morgan, his son. Rees Morgan, his the mob carried, the beating of drums and the blowing son. John Morgan, his son, the man who has been of horns, the surrounding country in the mean time shot. Esther Morgan, the mother, and Margaret Marbeing beautifully illuminated by the light of the young gan her daughter. moon, were striking and lovely in the extreme. The

"At nine o'clock a large meeting of the magistrates Rebeccaites continued their procession and depredations was held at the Town-hall, Sir John Morris in the to the terror of the inhabitants until near midnight; chair; and the prisoners being brought down, I apthey then disappeared with the same astonishing alac- plied for admission, but was told that no one could for publishing a libel upon his Lordship, was renrity that they first of all displayed in appearing. Num- be admitted until the final hearing. The attorney bers of them, being colliers, precipitated themselves for some of the prisoners having also applied for he had received from the individual in question. reckless y down the different shafts of the collieries, which admission, the magistrates came to the following researe so plential in the neighbourhood ; others took refuge | lution ;in the cottages on the road side ; and, in fact, all of them

"Resolved unanimously,-That all meetings with a passed. were out of sight in a very short time after the order view to the investigation of charges relating to the for separation and dispersion was given by their leader. demolition of turnpike-gates in this neighbourhood be On this occasion the men were not disguised in women's strictly private, until the parties are brought up for clothes, as has been usually the case in previous final hearing.

"JOHN MORRIS, Chairman."

blackened in their faces, and some of them had their "The Magistrates sat in deliberation the whole day, coats turned inside out. Threatening notices having and at the close the prisoners were remanded. "The wounded man, last night, when I inquired,

was doing well. "The atmost excitement still prevails".

destruction of their property; the families of those In relation to this wonderful combination and houses were in a state of the greatest alarm during the whole of the disturbance, and quite fearful that the arrangement of power and force against the "aptho. | oppointment of a Select Committee to consider the threats of the Rebeccaites would be carried into execurities," the Times itself has the following. The tion; but the fellows, after having broken down the gates before separating, loudly proclaimed their inten- picture given of the present alarming aspect of the objected to the Bill, when the Report of the Customs country at the points enumerated is alarmingly Act was brought up, and leave was given to introduce a

true. The system seems to be breaking down of its Bill founded upon it. "The scene of these depredations, it will now be seen, has been quite changed ; the disturbances having originated in the rural districts on the borders of Pembrokeshire and Carmarthenshire, but now having to repair it, or to replace it? They might have secute Messrs. Ward and Wilkinson, the agents of entirely removed from that quarter, and the state of affairs being clearly more and more desperate in the sessed the knowledge and the will. southern part of Carmarthenshire, in the mining and

"At Lianelly, in the copper works, where the men terly impossible to get rid of the copper manufactured character which these remarkable outrages may assume. of the Emigration. there) bave determined to reduce the wages of their It is more and more believed that men not of education only, but of rank, are concerned in them. This House of Lords, and read a first time. so to do, they are visited with threats, both loud and derives considerable probability from the obvious skill deep, of a general strike in case of their carrying and unity with which the operations of the rioters are PEEL said, that at a very early period next session planned and executed, and it adds not a little to the a Bill would be introduced for the purpose of amendseriousness with which they deserve to be regarded. ing the Factories Bill. Without a head from the upper classes no rising of The House then went into Committee on the Irish

daily, or rather nightly, expected that the few re- one leader, cognizant of the power and weakness of After advancing several bills certain stages, the early maining ones will be disposed of in the same manner the upper classes whom he is opposing, and whose very portion of the sitting was occupied with the remaining name brings order, arrangement, and self-reliance into clauses of the Arms Bill. The main discussion was on "The outrages are now assuming a much more serious the ranks of the discontented, giving a definite direc- the question of the period of the duration of the bill. aspect than they have bitherto borne, in consequence tion to their energies, understanding their real difficul. The original proposition of the Government was for of their having shown themselves in the midst of a ties, and stifling their suicidal disputes for precedence, five years; but after discussion, and two divisions, it -it is the educated acknowledged commander who was decided that it should be for two vers, and to the people are badly paid, and live upon the very worst | makes that dangerous which would otherwise be only | end of the then next session of Parliament. or. pracmischievous ; who can threaten the well-being of the ticilly, for three years.

State, ins ead of merely disturbing a neighbourhood or 'The whole of the clauses, including those which had been postponed for further consideration having embarrassing a Cabinet. "This, it appears now to be considered, the Car- been gone through, the long protracted committee on

found among their superiors, with what views it is The report of the committee on the Excise duties,

Emperial Barliament.

HOUSE OF LORDS .- FRIDAY, JULY 21.

Lord PORTMAN laid on the table of the House of Lords a Bill to amend the law of landlord and tenant, with respect to the improvement of land, which was read a third time.

The suspension of the Standing Orders, in respect to the Irish Marriage Bill, was agreed to, and the Bill was

The Slave Trade Suppression Bill was also read a third time and passed.

The third reading of the Libel Bill was fixed for Thursday. The Scientific Societies' Bill, and the Sessions of the Peace Bill, went through Committee, when the House adjourned till Monday.

MONDAY, JULY 24.

Lord BROUGHAM announced that his motion to have the printer of a Kendal newspaper called to the Bar. dered unnecessary by a letter of ample apology, which

On the motion of the Earl of DEVON, the Literary and Scientific Societies' Bill was read a third time and

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS .- FRIDAY, JULY 21,

Jackson's Divorce Bill was read a third time and passed.

The third reading of the Designs Copyright Bill was fixed for Tuesday.

On the motion that the Report of the Customs Acts Committee be received, Mr. Gladstone said he took that opportunity of stating, that he should object to the Coalwhippers Bill, as the Report had been fully investigated by a Committee of the House. Several Members

Mr. HUME gave notice, that on Thursday, he would own accord. Are our "Statesmen" prepared either move that the Attorney-General be directed to proprevented all we have now to deplore, had they pos- Lord Dungannon, for acts of bribery at the late Durham election.

In answer to a question from Mr. EWART, relative to "We perceive with much concern that the Rebecca the bounty orders to Emigrants, Lord STANLEY said, disturbances show no sympton of decrease. Nor are great abuses had arisen in the system, and the Governhave for some time past been working only two days the fresh circumstances which are vaguely hinted at of ment had thought it necessary to make an alteration, in the week, the master manufacturers (finding it ut.) a character to diminish our apprehensions as to the with a view to make the colonies pay the whole expense

The Irish Marriages Bill was brought up from the

In answer to a question from Lord ASHLEY, Sir R.

information-ignorance-credulity-want of order and and the House adjourned at a quarter to two.

MONDAY, JULY 24TH.

" The lecsee of the tolls of the Llandillo Rhymnys Trust has this day visited Carmarthen, and declared to the Clerk to the Trust that it is quite impossible for him the people has ever proved permanently formidable; Arms Bill, when clauses up to 54 were agreed to. to pay the trust the sum at which he agreed to take private jealousies-narrowness of view-scantiness of The other orders of the day were then disposed of the tolls, in consequence of the continued demolition of

the gates on his line of road. There is hardly a gate, concentration-these are the peculiarities which genetoll-house, or bar, now standing on this trust; and it is rally attend and mar a rabble movement. It is the

thickly-populated district in which, however, the of fare. "On the Llandillo road also, which had been traversed by the troops, they had gone through scarcely

half an hour before the Troudshiew Goch-gate was "Upon a true bill being brought in against the broken down, and the Llettymawr gate, in the parish marthenshire peasantry have found. Men have been this bill was terminated.

attacks by 'Rebecca and children,' but were merely

We left the lundle in the house • Dick SL WIICA we lodged. I saw the bandle opened at that house; 1

saw the silk, a linen shirt, and a piece of iron. Young Ward had a black satin waistcoat on. I sold the handkerchief, the piece of silk, and the shirt, to the mistress of the public-house. I gave the money to Young Ward ; Batterfield was then present. We remained all that night at Ferry bridge, and went next | racter. day to Doncister, where we arrived between three and four in the afternoon; we had a bundle with us, and we went to a public-house there. I saw some cloth waistcoats there; "Dick" had them; we were all present. We remained at Dencaster all night, and next morning I do not know what became of Butterfield, but I did not see him again until I was brought as a prisoner to Leeds. I went next day to Barnsley; Young

We had a very mull bundle then. We went to the Reilway Tavern there. Young Ward gave me ino silver table-spoons and a pair of sugar tongs; Ward told me to go and pawn the things. I had they were securing them at the ends.

A number of witnesses were called in corroboration of the different parts of the girl's statement.

His LORDSHIP, in summing up, told the Jury be thought there was no evidence against William Ward, constantly in the saddle-the stirring scenes around and directed them to find a verdict of acquittal against me have been so numerous, and in such a variety of him

Sentence deferred.

BURGLARY AT ECCLESFIELD,

George Mason, 22, Charles Gothard, 22. and Samuel Kay, 23, were charged with a burglary at Ecclesticid. in the West Riding, in the dwelling house of William Everitt.

Mr. OVEREND conducted the prosecution; Mr. WILKINS defended the prisoner.

The prosecutor, Everitt, is a gentleman of property. and the proprietor of some iron works near Sheffield. cellar and shut the door. He then asked for her meney, and servants were all at home at Golden-grove. and she gave him her purse containing a few shillings. "While I was in Llandilo last evening, I obtained prosecutor's house.

a short time, found all the prisoners Guilty.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT AT LEEDS.

13th of March last, at Leeds, assolited Henry Wolff, seen approaching by the various bridle paths and and stolen from his person two ent-rings, a silver watch guard, and lifteen shillings, his property. Mr. OVEREND was for the prosecution ; Mr. WIL-

KINS defended the prisoner. The Jary found the prisoner Guilty .- Sentence was

deferred.

The Court rose at five o'clock.

SUBSIDIARY COURT, SARURDAY, JULY, 22.

7th of April, at Thornton, in the North Riving, feloni-

thought proper. The Jury again conferred for a few minutes, and then expressed a wish to retire again. Having retired for about a quarter of an hour, they returned into Court

To be imprisoned to hard labour in Wakefield House of Correction for six calendar months.

"REBECCA" IN WALES.

"Rebecca" still holds up her head ! Nay, she any person in the middle classes who does not sym-Ward, Benjamin Ward, and William Ward went with increases in her daring. The state of Wales is pathise with Rebecca and her acts, stating as they must critical. An organized opposition to " con-the most glaring character, and that she seeks only stituted" authority is there systematically at work; justice. Linley and "Dick" went on to Barnaley before us, and | and it has hitherto baffled all the efforts made to | "The Rebeccaites have this view of the writ of cer were st the Railway Tayern when we got there. Young put it down. From the correspondent of the Times tiorari :-- they say that their counsel. Mr. Lloyd Hall,

seat of REBECCA's warfare:-" LLANDILO FAWB, JULY 21.

directions. Instead of being awed by the presence The Jury found the other prisoner Guilty. A previous of the military, the doings of Rebecca become more apparent. It is, however, equally strange, that except where the outrages are actually being committed, an apparently profound peace reigns, and persons can travel through the country in perfect security.

> " The assizes at Carmarthen terminated yesterday by the discharge of 60 of the Rebeccaites, against whom no bills had been presented, and by the bail of twelve persons being enlarged in consequence of the writ of certiorari.

" In the course of my ride to-day I saw many instanand he was in the habit of going to Shiffield on a' ces of the destruction of gates by Rebecca and her fol-Saturday. for the purpose of getting money to pay the lowers. At Llanvihangel there are, or rather were, wages of his workmen. He set off on the afternoon of four gates and a tollhouse. This place is situate Saturday the 1st of April, for this purpose, and left at within 150 yards of Golden-groye, the seat of Earl home a house keeper, who about ten o'clock in the Cawdor; yet a few nights since they were all destroyed, evening was alarmed by a noise which she heard; she the toll-houses pulled down, and the toll-keeper's furgot off her sent, went to the kitchen door, and on open- niture broken to pieces with the utmost daring ing it a man seized her, pushed her backwards into the and the most perfect impunity, although the family

Two other men then came, and one of them, holding a some information that there was to be a secret meetsharp instrument to her neck, told her he " would do ' ing of the Rebeccaites somewhere between this place it for her in a minute, if she did not tell where the and Llandovery, and although told it would be most other money in the house was." She told them if Gangerous for me to do so, I resolved if possible, to there was any it would be up stairs, and they went be present at it, and personally observe their prothere to search for it, but returned without finding any. | ceedings. I accordingly had a horse saddled, and They got, however, other property, consisting of a sliver having proceeded for some few miles on the road (it they got, nowsver, outer property is response, wearing was by this time about eight o'clock at night), I on the alert; but they had not the slightest knowles'ge apparel, &c., which had been taken from a bex in one learned that the intended meeting was to be held at a of the rooms up-stairs. Gothard was positively iden- place about a mile off the main road, called Cwm Ivor, tified by the house-keeper as the person who seized and or Ivor's Dingle, and having left my horse at a roaddetained her, and he, along with the other prisoners, side public-house, I walked to the spot. At that was seen both going towards, and returning from the time there was only one person present, who was walking in the burying-ground of the chapel of the Mr. WILKINS, after addressing the jury for the pri- little hamlet. It is impossible to conceive a more soners, called several witnesses to prove an alibi, upon romantic spot than this a deep glade surrounded which Mr. OVEREND replied at great leigth, when by mountains on every side, with sides covered his Lordship semmed up, and the jury, after returns with verdure, presenting a scene of such com-

plete repose, that one would almost suppose they had never been troded by the foot of man. As the William Smith, 32, was charged with having, on the evening closed in however, the farmers, &c. could be down the monntain sides, until, at length, I should say 300 persons were present. I was no urally looked upon as an object of suspicion and misting; but, having entered into conversation with one of these persons, I informed him fairly that my while object was to presented one of the London Lewspapers, and that if they had grievances, the very best course would be

their publication, by which means every one would be been stayed, nor a single Rebeccaite captured. They of three gates, viz., the Bolgoes, Pontydawe, and furnish 5,000 stand of arms, consisting of muskets, scarcely 3s per cwt. laugh at the display of power by the Government, and Llangavalloch, and that he could identify the parties bayonets, rifles, &c. The gentleman from London afore-(Before the Hon. J. S. Wortley, Q. C.) able to judge of the justice of their complaints. At my from its being a question of tolls, it has now become concerned. On hearing this, the policeman took him said also deposes, according to information then and LIVERPOL CORN MARKET, MONDAY, JULY 24 .-suggestion he agreed to communicate this to the meet-William Hobson, 26, pleaded guilty of having, on the Since this day se'nnight we have had moderate arriing in Welsh, and hear what they said to it. While one of general grievances. Notices are now daily into custody, and conveyed him to the Station-house, there before him. Hat the Government have been I remained at a distance, a debate ensued between them issued as to rents, and are being served on the laud. when the Mayor being sent for, he underwent a rigid made acquainted with this secret distribution of arms. Four and Oatmeal, from Ireland and onsly stolen an ass from Wm. Jackson. The prisoner coastwise. From Canada, there are reported 4963 for some minutes, and at length I was informed that they lords, not only in this county, but in the adjoining examination, and gave the names of about forty persons, although they have not, as far as I can learn (he also pleaded guilty of stealing five sheep skins. the intended sjourning to the adjoining school room, where I ones." barrels of Flour, and 60 barrels of Oatmeal. Further most of them highly respectable farmers, &c residing says) taken any steps to prevent it. What a sonnolent. barrels of Flour, and 60 barrels of Oatmeal. Further near Pontydoulais and Liangavalloch. Warrants were shameful Government! Well may Sir Robert Peel's advance in the leading country markets, with a few property of George Speck-To be transported seven should be spected explicitly to state what I had told "CARMARTHEN, JULY 22. then granted; and at twelve o'clock on Saturday night. Government be designated a do-nothing Government. A days of cold stormy weather, have given increased "CARMARTHEN, JULY 22. then granted; and at twelve o'clock on Saturday night, Government be designated a do-nothing Government. A find, and they would then judge whether I might or might in the inot be present. They adjourned accordingly; two is the inot be present. They adjourned accordingly; two is the inot be present. They are on the county police is suggish, sleepy, stolid set of elves. They are on the firmness to the trade. and have enhanced our prices borough of Leeds, on the 30th of June, stolen a sheep, candles were lit, and the school-room was filled to was intended to make attacks on several gates during (late of the Rifles), with inspector Rees and two other edge of a precipice and stir not-5.000 stand of arms in for Wheat during that period by 3d. to 4d. per bushel; they now range from 7s. 3d. to 7s. 6d. for the property of Henry Cizphans. sufficiation, besides the steps leading to it, and the the night and that the village of Porthrhyd had been policemen. left Swanses and proceeded to the hills, one district on'y ! Good gracious how dreadful ! Every grouud ontside. A chairman was chosen, and I stated threatened to be set on fire, Colonel Love immediately where they succeeded in copturing two persons dozen districts supp y sixty thousand stand of arms; common Odessa, up to 93. 6d. to 93. 8d. per 70 lbs. Isaac Hall, 35, was found guilty of having, on the 21st of June hast, at Linds, committed a burglary in fairly that I had no other object than to gain informa- issued orders for the dragoons to patrol the whole of quietly, and brought them into Swansea; they and this according to Cocker multiplied only by six, but for best high mixed Danzig. Flour has also ad-the dwelling house of John Hopkinson.—To be impri-tion c rectly, and pledged up word of honour that I the roads leading to the places threatened, acd for this then apprehended a third prisoner, whom they left in take the jowest, nay, take but half, only three, and one vanced in value 1s. to 2s. per sack, and 1s. per back. English manufacture being worth 483, to 503., Irish came there with no other purpose than that of reporting purpose they were divided into six sections, who at charge of the two policemen, while Captain Napler stand of arms to each man give a product of pugnacity soned twelve calendar months to hard labour. 46s. to 49 . per 210 lbs, ; United States 34s. to 36s.; to the raper with which I was connected. The chair- once acoured the roads from Llandovery, Llandillo, and and Rees went into the house of a farmer, named represented by the figures 180,000 ! So there are one EMBEZZLEMENT BI AN ASSISTANT OVERSERR Thomas Fielcher, 45, was charged with having, on man then, after some o' jections had been made, put it around Carmarthen. I myself got on horseback and Morgan, to arrest his son. They had not been gone hundred and eighty thousand stands of arms, one hun-Canada 33s. to 35s. per 196 lbs. Oats have been and before the 17th of April last, at the parish of Hali to the meeting, and the shew of hands decided that I accompanied a troop of the 4th Dragonas, headed by into the house a minute before the former's wife, Mrs. dred and eighty thousand men ripe for insurrection ! heid for full rates, but the demand for that article inx, as servint to the Churchwarden and Overseers of should be present. The proceedings of the meeting then Colonel Love, and the Lord Lieutenant, Colonel Love, and the Love, and th has not been such as to enable the importers to establish an advance : best Irish have been sold at 23. the poor of the township of Warley, received and taken commanded by Major Parlby, in a ride round the Captain, which scalded his shoulder, and then attacked fure now under reductions, and men are constantly lod. per 45 lbs. Unimeal has brought rather more into his poissession, on account of his said masters : writing were read in the Welch language. They all country of from twenty-seven to thirty miles. We left him with the saucepan, with which she beat him about being discharged, which of course adds to the discoumoney ; Irish 23s. 6d. to 24s. per 240 lbs. Barley divers sums of money, amounting to more than £100. told the same tale of the poverty of the people, and the sen, John Morgan, a very powerful tent, and should any one of the large works stop, there of the grievances which they suffered. Rents, it was were out upon the roads until nearly eleven at night young man, having seized a sickle, also attacked Capt. would be considerable danger of an outbreak.' Ripe for must be quoted 3d. to 4d. per bushel dearer. Beans and having feloniously embezzled the same. Mr. PICKERING appeared for the prosecution. The declared, should be lowered, the tolls altered, and the low route lay through Llandarroy and Porthrhyd, Napier with it, and wounded him on the head,; a insurrection and danger of an outbreak-stands of arbits and Peas have fully maintained previous rates. The declared, should be lowered, the tolls altered, and the low route lay through Llandarroy and Capt. Napier with it, and wounded him on the head,; a insurrection and danger of an outbreak-stands of arbits and Peas have fully maintained previous rates. Drisoner was undefended. Drisoner was undefended. prisoner was undefended. LIVERPOOL CATTLE MARKET, MONDAY, JULY 24.-It was stated by the Learned Counsel, that the pri- it was proposed that they should form unions or roads from Llandillo, by the way of Troedrhiew Goch of his pistols, which, however, fortunately was not civil war, death, and destruction. Most alarming intel-The market to-day has been much the same as for , and Middleton Hall. The mountains by Llanningi- cocked, the hammer being down, for Morgan grasped ligence ! many weeks of late, the supply being pretty good, soner had been for some time employed as the assistant | lodges. with little or no variation in price. Beef 51d. to 6d. in the indictment, he had had recourse to two irregular that there were many and enormous grievances existing however, traversed more than three miles on the road effect. Finding his life in dauger. Captain Napier imme- fools and knaves, assign to you objects, the names even modes of collecting money from the rate-payers of in the country. Both the farmers, the labourers, and from Carmarthen, before it became evident that diately drew his other pistol and fired, and shot John of which we will vonture to say you never heard before. MANCHESTER CORN MARKET, SATURDAY JULY 22. -Although much rain has fallen in this district Warley. At one time ha demanded of different per- the mechanics were now reduced to poverty by the they were watched from the hill tops, and shortly after Morgan; the ball entering the abdomen; the man, how- You are a Chartist ! Why, you don't know the meansince our last report; yet we do not hear that the sons, as for peor-rate, sums larger than the amounts at great rants, and tithes, and the coor-rates, compared two signal guns were heard. A place called the Old ever, having recoiled a few pages and felt the wound, ing of the word"! It would appear that the "insurrection" has growing crops have sustained any injury therefrom, which they were respectively assessed, and larger than ! with the low prices. There was no work for the Railway is the centre of some coal works, and as we immediately renewed the struggle with increased desbeyond their being kept in a backward state. Throughout the week an active demand for Flour the sums for which he gave them credit in the rate poor, and if they applied for relief they were torn passed, it was understood that a large meeting was to peration, but the noise of the pistol having alarmed the become so formidable, as to call for extra measures book; and at another time he had collected what pur- from their families, but it was their own faults that be held, and was probably then holding, in the coal policemen outside, they rushed into the house, where ported to be a valid poor-rate, but which had not in these grievances were allowed to exist; it arose from levels; but all through the route everything wore they found Captain Napier covered with blood, and of " putting down" on the part of the Government. has again been experienced, and the supplies of this article during that period having been on the most reality been signed by the persons whose names it pur- there being no union or brotherhood among them.' the mest peaceful aspect, and very few people were to succeeded in rescuing him and securing the prisoner, The following announcement will, in some degree, ported to bear. By these means he collected various, The speaker then complained of the locusts who be seen upon any of the roads. Of course, it was who was brought into Swanses and conveyed to the limited scale, a further considerable advance in give an idea what the nature of the steps deterprices has been obtained. Oats and Oatmeal, too, met a tolerably fair sale at rather higher rates. The sums, and, when the frand was discovered, he went received the tithes and took the money of the parishes, imagined that the alarm was a false one. This, how- infirmary in the Gaol, where he was examined by Dr. away to Liverpool, and there he was ultimately appres and that with regard to the Poor Law, 'through their ever, was a mistake; for within an hour after the Bird, who found that the ball had entered just above mined on are to be :-"THE RIOTS IN WALES .- Mr. Hall, chief magis. arrivals at Liverpool, both coastwise and from Irebended. Bridence was given only of two payments by Mr. the farmers, pretending to relieve the poor, while gate, which is almost immediately above the hill called of the illium, and lodged itself in the back between the trate of Bow-street police-office, leaves town this land, are to a fair extent; and from Canada 2238 bended. Win Talbam, in respect of the prelended rates, each they only distributed 5s. out of every pound to the the road and third rib, from which place Dr. Bird auc. morning, by the direction of Government, for Wales, barrels of Flour and 60 barrels of Oatmeal are rerocket was sent up from one of the hills in the neigh-bourhood, and in a few minutes several large bonfires were lit on the various hills around, as answers to the signal given by the firing of the rock to the magistrates, signal given by the firing of the rock to the first man of the f professing to be £1 28, 10d. poor, but kept the other 15s, to pay their grasping The prisoner, in his defence, said that is a former officers and others. Another speaker then addressed year, when one of the overseers was dead, the con- them, and read the following document in Welsh and signal given by the firing of the rock t. The conse- and thirty men of the Grenadier Company of the 75th in that part of the kingdom. We understand Mr. were fully 3s. per sack higher than on this day stable had presented to him an account against the English. I procured a copy of his English translation. quences of these signals soon manifested themselves to Regiment of Foot, again proceeded to Llangavalloch Hall will be accompanied by one or more legal se'nnight. Oats were id. per 45 lbs., and Oatmeal township for £5 43., which, appearing to be duly and subjoin it perbalin. It should be remembered

parties charged with having participated in the attack of Llation. upon the Carmarthen workheuse, a writ of certiorari "On Thursday night, a detachment of the 4th Drait will have a salutary effect by holding the fears of in a have, and double sentries stationed at each side of pose the lives, liberties, and well-being of their instru-

monstrates, that the Government believe that no Jury night for nothing." in this country would convict; and I think that they are correct in this view, for I have not yet met with COLLISION BETWEEN THE AUTHORITIES AND THE

would have been sure to have obtained a verdict for that of one or two persons of no character, and there- groin. The wounded man is in custody. One of the most would gather most spoil. "Since my last communication I have been almost fore that they were safe of an acquittal. Now although Rebeccaites, tempted by the reward of £100, turned this may be most untrue, yet. being the opinion of the informer at twelve o'clock last night. muititude, it has the same effect as if it were true.

" In the meantime, although the Dragoons are in the seddle every night scouring the country here and there, they happen to be always in the wrong place, and the Llangewilly; but while they were thus engaged the Rebeccaites entered the ancient town of Kidwelly, eight miles from Carmarthen, where they had previously pulled down the gate, and at which a temporary one of the county police. The Captain was on the ground, with iron posts had been erected ; they broke down the struggling with his prisoner, when another man was cock-and-bull story promulgated about "CHARTISTS iron posts, destroyed the gate, and then proceeded to in the act of chopping him with a hatchet, his arm holding secret weekly meetings;" " subscribing to demolish the toll-house. Having finished the work of uplifted, and ready to deliver a blow, which, it is said. destruction, they piled up the timber which had been must have annihilated the galiant Captain, had it not nsed in the building of the toll-house, and having placed been arrested by the good use Jenkins made of his ourselves to comment on a fortnight ago. It will the broken gate upon it, set fire to it, and burnt it to cutlass. ashes. This was done in the precincts of the town cortaining hundreds of inhabitants. The outrage was perpetrated by comparatively a very small number of persons, and yet not a single inhabitant interfered to ground Captain Napier drew his pistol, which was cannot be accused of an undue bearing to Chartists prevent the work of destruction. While this was going on at Kidwelly, Pendergast-gate, situate at Haverfordwest, was destroyed in the most daring manner while the military were in the town, but not a single person gave them the slightest hint of what was going on. I cannot better describe the situation of these two gates to your town readers than by saying that they are, or rather were, as much within the towns of Kidwelly and about twelve o'clock." Haverfordwest as the Hyde-park-corner gate. The

of what was going on until this morning. "At Newcastle Emlyn, where a body of the military is also stationed, the town-gate has been pulled down learn the confirmation of the above statement, and that corroborative of the information which we curselves previous rates. Lambs were again pientitul, and late three times, and the toll-house and gate were re-erected. and finished rebuilding on Friday. In the course of the night the Rebeccaites visited the spot, and con- bended to-day. Captain Napier received two or three ings (according to the London papers) are held weekly inactive, at our quotations. Prime small Porkers ducted their proceedings with the utmost secrecy, severe wounds." instead of with their usual noise, and in the morning, when the inhabitants rose, not a single vestige of either the gate or the newly-crected toll-house was to be seen, so completely had they been destroyed. This is the obtain correct information as to the state of the country the 75th Foot are to arrive at Carmarthen within the policeman to believe that he had been a participator in before our resident reporter, Mr. M_____ (good easy and the various proceedings now going on; that I re-) next two or three days; the Veomanry are kept on some of the Rebecca movements. This induced the man) could count his fingers, that this state of things

turbances have not occurred. This fact, however, de- | thirty miles, and obliging them to remain on guard all war against turnpike gates, or union workhouses. The

REBECCAITES -- ONE MAN SHOT.

"Swansea, Monday Morning July 24 "At eight o'clock last night the following intelligence

reached me at Caimarihen :--

"SWANSEA, Sunday Afternoon.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

of respectable freeholders and farmers. Captain Napier (fliciency), but brains. The Carmsrthenshire magiswas severely wounded, and would have been killed but trates seem not overburdened with that appendage." for the timely assistance rendered by Sergeant Jenkins,

arms' distribution clubs," &c. &c., which we had be seen that the contradiction we then gave to

"Notwithstanding this small band were attacked by the slander, has received the strongest corroboration sixteen Rebeccaites, they secured their prisoners, who are now safely lodged in confinement. When on the and support from parties resident on the spot, who wrested from him; but he managed to again wrest it and Chartism :--

from the prisoner, drew another pistol from his pocket, and shot the fellow near the groin. The Mayor, Dr. Bird, succeeded in extracting the ball near the small of

there are eight prisoners brought in by the police and have received from the best source. inintary. It is expected that more will be appre-

"In my last communication I gave such a hurried these meetings must by very secret indeed, for we have. state of things here, and there will not be a single account as I could procure of the collision yesterday and have had for some years, a correspondent to the lings, and most other kinds of Hops, continues steady. gate left standing in the country, if a different mode be morning at Llangovalloch between the authorities Welshman there, and have also received weekly commu- at prices about equal to those noted last week. The not adopted to put an end to it. Government are and the Rebeccaites. I have since obtained as succinct nications from the police-office there, and yet this is the pouring in troops. A detachment of artillery are an account of the affair as I could. I understand that first time we have ever heard of the existence of this marching by the way of Brecon; a detachment of on Saturday night a policeman of Swansen happened to plot and treason. Doubtless our accredited functionary artillery are marching to Carmarthen by the way of meet a man, named John Jones, of Liettyfulbert, drink- there, as well as the police authorities, are blind; for have been imported, since our last. Privately the Swansea ; the whole of the 4th Regiment of Dragoons ing at a public-house in Swansea After some time the the gentleman from London saw it the moment he set amount of business doing is small, yet prices have are to be stationed in South Wales; four companies of man made use of some observations which led the foot in the district; and what is more he found out permanent dury; and every military appliance of the police man to question him, and at length the man had been going on for some considerable time, and that per cwt. From abroad only about 200 baskets have Government is exercised; yet not a single outrage has admitted that he had been present at the destruction in the event of an outbreak one district alone could been received suce our last, and they are worth

indeed difficult to divine, reckless enough to array recommending the reduction of the additional duty on was handed in on the part of the Crown, removing the goons, under the orders of a magistrate, were marched themselves at the head of this deluded people against Irish swirits, way then brought up; on which trials to the Queen's Bonch. There has been much from Llandovery to the Llangammach gate, on the the legal force of England. We can hardly suppose Sir ROBERT FERGUSON moved that the resolution speculation as to the intentions which the Government borders of Breconshire, which had been threatened to such men to act from a mere blind love of mischief- be re-committed, on the ground that the reduction have had in this removal. Some persons think that be destroyed. On arriving there, the men were placed we can hardly suppose that they are continuing to ex- should be greater than that proposed by the Govern-

their being removed to London for trial over them as a the gate for the whole of the night. At about eleven ments, from an aimless caprice, without any definite or The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER was not rod in terrorem; but it is generally thought that there o'clock, they saw a party of the Rebeccaites in the (as they suppose) attainable result before their eyes- convinced that illicit distillation would receive greater is no intention of bringing the parties to trial in Lon- village close by; but their spies had informed them something beyond the demolition of a county griev. discouragement, or that the interests either of the don, but to remove them at the next assizes for trial that the military were watching the gate, and they ance, or the exhibition of hairbrained enterprise. This revenue or of Ireland, could be further promoted by into Breconshire, or some county in which these dis- marched off, thus leading the military a march of is not the way in which an educated man carries on any greater reduction than the one proposed. Captain JONES supported the amendment.

fact, if it be a fact, that men of station are at the Mr. F. BARING was convinced that the Government bottom of these movements, is an unfortunate guaproposition was a sufficient reduction. rantee for the serious mischief which is intended. Sir R. FERGUSON, seeing he was opposed both by

And, in truth, the circumstances of the mining dis- the present and the late Chancellor of the Exchequer, tricts are such, as may well open a source of inde- withdrew his motion. finite hope to an upprincipled agitator-of indefinite

The report was then received, and a bill founded on apprehension to those who are concerned for the peace the resolution ordered to be brought in.

of the country. The present is a moment at which bold The Admiralty Lands Bill, which stood for comand unscrupulous men, reckoning as we trust without mittee, was objected to by Mr. Barnard and Mr. Hume, "Sir-The town is full of excitement and soldiers. their host, might well suppose that their time was defended by Mr. Sidney Herbert, the Secretary to the Five of the men concerned in the destruction of the coming; that in Ireland, in Scotland-in our own Admiralty, and, after some discussion, during which Ward told me to go and pawn the things 1 had we again give the following information from the been sure to have been taken by the county police, northern districts, in the south of Wales-abroad, too, the main objection urged against the bill was, that the attack on the workhouse the Government knows headed by Captain Napier. Great resistance was as well as at home-the clouds were gathering-the it conferred an arbitrary and unimited power on the full well that they have no evidence against them, but offered, and Captain Napier shot one man through the wreck was coming-and that he whose hand was fore- Admiralty to appropriate land " for naval purposes,"

"In the meantime Rebecca's gang is triumphant. Sir J. GRAHAM interposed an explanation, to the Their formation is perfect, their movements rapid and effect that sufficient check and control would still well combined, and their mode of doing their work | remain to the House, inasmuch as all sums to be ex-

" Early on Sunday morning Captain Napier, with the complete. They collect, destroy, and are gone. The pended on the purchase of lands would have to be Inspector of the Swansen Police, and two of the county Dragoons are sent out, to stop their operations, but it included in the estimates, which would be liable to police, went in the neighbourhood of Llangafelach to is like firing artillery on a swarm of wasps, or sending question and scrutiny.

work of ontrage continues not only undimished, but with execute a warrant for the apprehension of some Rebec-increased and increasing andacity. Last night, for in. caites, who were concerned in destroying the Bolgoed-wanting in Carmarthenshire (as in other places) is not into committee by a majority of 59 to 28. But in stance, the Dragoons started with Captain Edwards, of gate, upon private information. After a dreadful strag- only an array of men on managed horses with helmets committee it encountered further opposition, though Rhydygorse, a magistrate, at their head, and proceeded gle, they succeeded in capsuring four young men. sons and swords (though even they have once stumbled into ultimately it was carried through this stage.

The other business was of a routine pature. In the Sun we find the following answer to the

MARKET INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, MONDAY, JULY 24.-The demand for English Whiat was brisk, at an advance on the prices of Monday last of from 2s to 3: per qr, and a clearance was readily effected. Free Foreign Wheat at a rise of 2s per qr; bonded at improved rates. Barley at 1s per qr more money. Good sound Malt at 1s per or higher ; the value of other kinds was supported. No further improvement took place in the value of Oats. Beans were 1s dearer, while Peas supported their currencies. Townmade Flour advanced to 53s per 280lb, ship-marks being 2s higher.

LONDON SMITHFIELD CATTLE MARKET, MONDAY, town, and apparently conducted not only with con- Some of the very primest lots were disposed of at an siderable talent, but with that careful attention to facts. improvement in the currences obtained on this day During the short time previously to the mails starting, its columns. Amongst other paragraphs on the subject effected. For most kinds of Mutton the demand was at seven o'clock this morning, I have been only able to to which we have referred are the following. They are rather active, at fully, but nothing quotable, beyond figures were well supported ; the best Down quali-"ALARMING INTELLIGENCE.-Secret political meet- ties producing 5; per 8ibs. For Calves the sale was in the Merthyr district. There are also secret arms' sold freely ; other kinds of pigs heavily, at unvaried distribution clubs, to which the men subscribe, and by prices. During the week not a single head of "SWANSEA. TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 25, which they are supplied with a mucket, bayonet, cross- Foreign stock has been imported into the United belts, &c, for £1 16% Now, all we can say is, that Kingdom.

> BOROUGH HOP MARKET .- The demand for yearduty is estimated at from £135,000 to £140,000.

> WOOL MARKET.-Only about 200 bales of Wool undergone no alteration.

> BOROUGH AND SPITALFIELDS .- Old Potatoes command little attention. New Potatoes from 3s to 6s

REBECCA AND HER DAUGHTERS. "In consequence of the information which we have the back, in the station house, Swansea. It is thought received from the neighbourhood of Carmarthenit will not prove fatal. Captain Napier was having his Rebecca's head quarters-we have carefully looked over head dressed at the time I first learned these particulars, the columns of the Welshman-a paper published in that JULY 24.-The Beef trade was not to say brisk. "Swansea, Monday, July 24. " Upon receipt of this intelligence I immediately rode | which supplies the best guarantee for the accuracy of seanight, of 4d per 8lbs, but the general rise did not to Swansen, which I reached at two this morning the information which is given to the public through exceed 2d per 8lbs, at which, a good clearance was

"FIVE O'CLOCK.

THE NORTHERN STAR.

EMIGRATION

OBSERVATIONS CONNECTED WITH MR. PITKETHLY'S TOUR.

(Concluded from our last week's paper.)

INSTRUCTIONS AND CAUTIONS TO EMIGRANTS.

Boarding-house keepers are generally mixed up with the abarks; and they are ever on the alert to "take-in" Orleans, and, from some of the districts to Canada trangers. They hire the most expert liars, for the easier than to either; and Canada is now the best express purpose of entrapping their prey. This they market. For these, and other reasons, I give a effect by conning and enticing allurements; and they | decided preference to the Far West. too often succeed in entangling even the most wary in I found, during my stay in the country, that many their meshes. Then the fleecing operation is com-menced. The lodging-house keeper having the emi-the States, from the fact that unprecedented encouragegrant in his own house, has the best possible opportu- ment had been given to several persons, some of whom I nity of recommending such and such conveyances as met; they having obtained free grants of 100 acres of being the best and the cheapest; and those are gener- land each, on application to the Celonial Government; ally such as will not sail for a day or two after the time which Government had also given such encouragement they state, so that they may have them at their houses in other respects, as to have caused considerable increase at the double charge, as mentioned in Mr. Rewcastle's in trade. Taxes are lower there than in the States. statement. These fellows obtain one half, and some- From these circumstances it is evident that the policy times two-thirds of the fare paid for conveyance to of the British Government is to conciliate the Cana-Buffalo, or any other place; and expectation that they dians; and they have induced Dr. Nelson, whom will not seek every chance, and that they and their | they denounced and hunted as a rebel, to return, as myrmidons will not rob or steal when opportunity also Mona. Papinean, formerly Speaker of the House serves, can only be justified in a lunatic. The following of Representatives, who had to flee for his life. I am is a specimen of the villany of one of these tricksters :--

On the 10th of August, Robert Anderson, with Chas | but had been paid the full amount of his salary, as Examples and wife, 1who were passengers with me to Speaker, during the whole of his absence. From Boston,) came to New York while I was there; and Mr. Mackenzie's own mouth I was informed that he were induced to go to the house of Abraham Knox, or had been pressingly invited to return, although he was Knox and Sons, 161, Front-street, who so act that one the head and chief leader of the rebels; and was as can bully and act the master to-day and the other repeatedly rejected by the Government, and as reguto-morrow; and either of them be porter and servant of larly returned, until, at length, they were compelled all work at pleasure; so that if one makes the agreement, to admit he was the leading opposition member of the the other brings in the bill and when any objection is House of Representatives. To seek to have those favourmade the please, "O! he has nothing to do with it lies returned to the country, and to make concessions, This house is mine, and my terms are those in the bill" is a proof that our rulers are resolved to retain their Well, those Knox's charged my fellow passengers 25 hold in that country as long as possible; but with all cents for meals not worth six cents; and after having their anxiety to infase loyalty into the breasts of the had what they considered necessary and were about to people, still a strong hatred to Church and King will depart, the Knox's used the utmost persuation to induce ever exist, and the populace will most assuredly shake them to take an additional meal. Persuasion failing, off their allegiance at the first favourable opportunity. they remonstrated; that also falling, they begun to threaten; but if proved to no purpose in this case.

Pithagoras and Philip Williams, two of the musicians industry. which is fast on the wane, and will, ere long, from Crompton who were on board the Swanton and be insufficient to support itself at home. But to charmed us with their music when in the Irish channel return. as mentioned in the early part of my journal, related to me the following facts on our homeward passage:-

" On landing from the Swanton we were induced to go to Knox's house; and staying only a few hours we offices of the several districts, may MILWALKEY, left without any angry feeling, and proceeded to Pitts- CHICAGO, MADDISON, GALENA, or any other land burgh in search of employment, which not finding at office in whatever district they intend to locate, and that place, we proceeded to Gincinnati, and as far as ascertain how the unappropriated land is situated, and Louisville; but finding so many out of employment and also obtain whatever general information may be rethat there was no chance for us, we returned to New | quisite. Afterwards the land should be visited, to ascer-York, and Knox's being the only house known to us, tain its qualities; its proximity to water, or other we went thither. The terms for board and lodging, conveyance for produce to a good market, or markets. Were said to be two dollars per week. When we had Eramine if sufficient timber be upon it, or if too much; engaged our passage and were about to pay, one of the as, in the latter case, great labour and expense would Knox's told us that his terms were three dollars Der be required to cut it down, (or chop it, as the phrase whole week. We remonstrated, but were told that it times its original price to clear off the timber; and. must be paid, adding, "Thats a fact?"-a term after all, the stumps, about three feet in height, rewhich became quite familiar on board from its frequent | mained, and did not rot out for many years. This will repetition.

Intending Emigrants will do well to take a lesson from the circumstance of these men having expended so if I came to a determination to purchase, I ought, much time and money in an unsuccessful endeayour to at least, to be three months in the territory before at Dundee and elsewhere to act with secresy and prusweat of their brow.

George Robinson, of Askham-Bryan, near York, who had been over for the same object as the brothers Williams, and had also been unsuccessful, returned by the same ship. He had likewise staid a few days at the Knox's, and was charged the same as the others. " looked d/ue." He declared the bed not to be fit for a proprietor. Much imposition has been effected by

Britons; while in the North the winters are severe, long, and dreary. In the parts I recommend, the inhabitants generally enjoy good health with watchfulturkeys, and poultry, so that they are reared in immense ness, which is necessary for all to attend to who go to numbers and at small expense." a strange country. Much water power may be had for

No doubt where the land is unappropriated, the cattle flour, saw, and other mills, and for propelling every and poultry do range the forest, unrestricted; but when kind of machinery. These territories produce the best the land is taken up, enclosed and improved, they are wheat and in the largest quantity, of any other of the confined to their own property, the same as in England. States. Wheat is the staple produce; and there are When cattle, &c. are reared they are slow of sale, and great facilities to ship it for New York and New are not unirequently exchanged for articles of necessity. If ever the markets were good, even when Messrs. Chambers published these exaggerations, it by no means follows that they are so now.

Again, it is said :-

"Altogether the fertility of the country, and the bundance of its natural productions, are such that the inhabitants are afraid of not being believed by the other Americane."

This portion of the subject is closed with the following :--

all the favourable impressions which had been made the supply of numberless wants, which, when dis parts, and castles, and keeps, and machinery of the not, must not do it." He then put it through the concerning this country, by the reports of former visitors, have been confirmed, in the most satisfactory manner, by Mr. Stuart, of Dunearn, who passed through the jeys and pleasures of which they had before no con- without "trade" or "business," great manufacturing and had to listen to the most awful groaning, yelling. whole territory in 1832, and conversed with the most ception.

intelligent of its inhabitants. His account agrees in everything with what we had previously heard of and others in authority, as though they were the cause tol, Harfords and Co.'s concern at the same place, and informed that he had not only received a free pardon, the great fertility and growing importance of the of all the difficulties under which we labour; whereas also in Monmouthshire, with many others. That the and doing the little I can, without hope and without country."

Those gentlemen father upon Mr. Stuart the whole of these extravaganzas, which are, I feel sorry to say, so far as I could obtain information, gross and criminal allurements; and I beg to assure my fellow countrymen and countrywomen who blindly follow the tempting bait that they will speedily feel the hook. What can justify statements so outrageous, while upon land equally rich and fortile, and in a climate equally as congenial, the average crop is generally known to be under wenty bushels per scre?

The knowledge that hundreds have been induced to leave their father-land, in consequence of what Chambers' and others have published in this over-colouredway, has induced me to lay the reality before my readers, and leave them to take their own course; that knowing the truth that they may have themselves alone to blame.

Mr. Stuart having been frequently quoted in Chambers' publication, it may be useful to give the following correspondence which will show what his evidence is Persons who go out, not being members of the worth :—

'Mutual Aid Society," with the intention of purchasing land, ought, in the first place, to go to the land "The following letter was addressed by order of the Government, to Mr. Beal, Factory Inspector, of Dundee. (See debate upon Mr. Fielden's motion of enquiry in the villainy of the Whigs, the pitiful subterfuge of Fox Maule, who wished the House to believe that the inspectors were only authorised to report the slate of the Harvest) :--

> " 345, Strand, London, " 30th July, 1839.

"DEAR SIR-I have to acquaint you for your information alone, that I am officially instructed to watch and

show the advantage of purchasing upon oak openings, good as to make weekly a confidential report upon leaving for London to perform some engagements I had THIS SUBJECT. The newspapers from different parts of your district will generally point out to you any moment. This resolution was soon confirmed by the places requiring particularly to be noticed, but take care agitation, anxiety, and misery, which I found even at Dandee and elsewhere to act with secresy and pru- among the most fortunate of the parties I had to mix fixing myself; so that I might obtain the most minute

knowledge of every corner and circumstance, and profit pecied of giving information. by my own individual experience. This I mentioned "I am, dear Sir, yours truiy.

I have since spent the greater portion of my time the district effice, and there ascartain that the land is herein set forth that I wish it to be understood, that in London, as my business domands. There is, of On demanding a bill, with particulars, he said they really the property of the person professing to be the the means of living upon a plot of land. No; on the property thing to learn with regard to associated life: every thing to learn with regard to associated life;

unity, and never inquires whether its Government be a despotism, an oligarchy, or a democracy, well know-ing that it is always cared for in all things. Intelligence, under the control of love, always directs everysive union, will readily supply not only all things required for the immediate wants of the parties located ; but if they take advantage, as they may most readily do, of the mechanical and chemical discoveries of the

pensed with, they will find their beings in a far supe- manufacturers, is only wealth so long as it is in constant chair ; and when carried I met such music !

when man shall have arrived at his true dignity of thing may be patched up a bit longer, is certain; but WISH for reward. being, individually or collectively, he will always find no patch can make it endure. The artificial system is the Church, and all other authority, will be looked hilation; but Nature and her broad fields will continue fawn and crouch like slaves and retard your country's upon with relation to the service it renders to the for ever ! Let us hasten then to return unto her ! Once interests." cause of human progress; and, whilst preserved, will having made a sure footing on the Land, we are safe! I left, my friends, insulted by even the very waiters-be supported and assisted in every manner possible for Prosperity is then before us. By the weekly contribu. one of whom I was near kicking down stairs; but I did the performance of its duties; but awe or dread, fear tions of those of our members who are in employ, and not go until I made the "representative of the Liberor trembling, will be unknown to man. He will know the profits of our colonies, we shall be able to procure ator" know I did not consider him a gentleman or a his own internal power and dignity; and this know- all we need. Machinery, as the rotten system of credit Christian, nor until I told the tyrant to remember the ledge will, through the love that will be manifested explodes, will be at our command, at our own price. saying, "Every dog has his day. And when O'Connor forth in every one, not only for the human race, but The laws will respect us. Justice, none of the "powers comes here next week, I will make your coward confor everything that has life, become speedily so general that be" will dare to refuse us. Our rights, political sciences tremble for this treatment."

possible, that they may speedily operate to the subjec- shall be truly Nature's nobles. tion of all evil things, and to the establishment of ment of such a task, nor the difficulties with which he

may be individually surrounded. If he shall be found and respect yourselves and families, to instruct your opportunity will not long be wanting.

Your Paper of last week contained an account of a It will be seen, by reference to my last letter, that I visit to this place by Mr. G. J. Holyoake ; and perhaps have not made any deduction for the incidental expences House of Commons, July, 1840; and notice the as I have now been here for some weeks, it may be of carrying on the society; and therefore I will here servicable to the general progress if I give your readers explain that point. The regular subscriptions of members under the graduated scale, 1 would appropriate my impressions respecting it.

My visiting here, on leaving Harmony, was the con- exclusively to the purposes for which it was subscribed : sequence of an engagement to the Pater that I would | namely, the purchase of land or other raw material, and take the earliest opportunity of doing so; but I had no hold it to be a sacred fund especially set apart for the intention of remaining more than a day or two, as permanent benefit of the subscribers; but for the general I had heard so many accounts of the miserable state in expences of the society, such as education, agitation, which they lived, and of their strange mystical doctrines, pay of officers, delegates, books, stationary, &c. I proweek; and that for three days it was the same as for the is), and clear it off. I have seen land that cost ten take measures for obtaining information as to any pro- that making allowance for much exaggeration, I thought pose to establish a GENERAL FUND, to be collected by ceedings in my district, relative to assemblages of work- a day or two would quite suffice. I found, however, classing the members as follows, to suit their varied ing people or Charlists, er circumstances calculated to so warm and cordial a reception, and so much genuine circumstances :---

to frame the rules for such a society.

1st. Subscribers at 1d. and upwards, per week. d. per week. 2nd. Ditto 3rd. Ditto 4th. Voluntary subscribers.

A general fund, I think, may be safely tried on this scale ; as all the members would have a self-interest in him for what they conceive to be an insult. subscribing as much or more than they could well afford to help on their Benefit Society. Of this I feel assured,

that such a plan of varying-subscriptions must be adopted in the Chartist body, on account of the poverty | thing else to do than waste their time to swell such of the people and their varied circumstances. Rememhere, alternating it with two or three days each week ber the parable of the widow's mite, and despise not

A permanent DEFENCE FUND has been recom- This lecture was got up by the Complete Suffrage party; mended by Feargus O Connor, the Editor of the Star, and from my own knowledge I can speak of its result Veritas, and many others. If such a fund be deemed by informing you that at one penny admission to the necessary, by all means let us have it; but of all body of the ball the entire sum realized amounted to things, let us have a NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY, 8s. 9d. 1 So much for "Complete Suffrage" in Bristol. with its socred, a or LAND AND LABOUR FUND, This is the outline of a week in bigotted Bristol; the and its GENERAL FUND. If, my beloved fellows, next will be a glorious one. The prince of the people, further argument be needed for the necessity for the whom tyranny cannot conquer or persecution dismay; establishment of such a society, with such funds; and whose doctrines are truth and whose principles are if eloquent appeals are needed to rouse your dormant justice, will be here; and then all the saints, the sinners energies to the work. I would refer you to the letter of and the quacks will be taught that there is but ONE J. Leach, of Hyde, in the Star of July the Sth; to sovereign remedy for present political evils; and that those of Isaac Hoyle, and James Williams, in last that remedy is contained in the just and immutable Saturday's Star, cencerning themselves and fellow pri- | principles of the People's Charter. soners. There, hear human nature and human feel-I have the honour to be, brother Chartists, ings speaking in nature's language itself; and let us Your very obedient and faithful servant, answer as becomes men !- BY WORDS AND DEEDS !! July 23rd, 1843. W. H. CLIFTON. Brothers,-Prepare a shelter for yourselves against hastening calamities, which, even now, cast their PARADISE WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL MEN, WITHOUT LABOUR, BY POWERS OF NATURE AND MACHINERY. shadows before! When the next Master's strike uccurs, be provided with an asylum for the turnouts : and let the Master-class fight the battle of might and power themselves, and fall into the pit they dig for LETTER II. others I TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR. Your Brother, DEAR SIR.-Every reflecting mind must perceive GRACCHUS. that the three inventions enumerated in my last,-GUNPOWDER, the MARINER'S COMPASS, and the ART TO THE CHARTIST PUBLIC. OF PRINTING, have changed the face of society com-BROTHER CHARTISTS, - Whilst I write I am sitting pletcly; and that the deeds of an Alexander, a visit the establishment, who desire the happiness of in decidedly the most prejudiced, bigoted, and priest. Cesar, a Tamerlan, and the lives of those millions their fellow men, whatever may be their opinion of the ridden city of the empire, surrounded on all sides by whom they have slaughtered, are insignificant, in Atness of such a position for themselves individually, political knaves, and hypocritical pretenders to religion regard to their influence upon mankind, if compared will not fail earnestly to hope that the spirit which and philanthrophy; political quacks, and long-faced with the deeds of the inventors of Gunpowder, the has actuated the Pater of the first Concordium to pharisees-"rogues in grain", and cross-grained snarlers, Mariners Compass, and the Art of Printing. The human mind, having once broken through the commence such a work, and which sustains him in the who will neither do good themselves or permit others continuance of it under what would appear to most to enjoy their opinion; Tories who might claim the darkness of the middle ages, with the aid of these persons insurmountable difficulties, may persuade many palm for their peculiar attachment to present instituthree inventions, marched on rapidly in the way of thousands, who have far more extensive means for doing | tions; and Whigs, who are not a whit behind their improvement ! Invention followed invention; but, good, provided their beings could be animated by the fellows in bellowing, when they cannot have a share of with the exception of the discovery, or rather apprethe "loaves and fishes" stolen from the poor min's ciation of STEAM POWER, and within a later time, the investigation of ELECTRO MAGNETISM, the inventions and every division or class of the people that can be saints, and quacks, here I sit, turning over in my mind were merely improvements in tools, which enabled a stimulated to desire it. They may easily locate them- what I shall write about; or which of the parties smaller number of men to produce more and superior selves on sufficient land to provide all they require; and deserve the first place in the ranks of the people's articles of wealth than a larger number could formerly accomplish. This endeavour merely to improve tools, misled men from the real fount of invention, POWER; power to drive the machines; power to handle the tools ; power to do the work. ETZLER opens a new way to inventors; or rather brings them back to the best way which they can proceed. He, combining an inventive genius with the acquirements of a philosopher and mathematician. has surveyed the powers of nature; and clearly before doing so, I will premise that although I have shown, in his simple and admirable book, "The Paradise within the reach of all men," that there is been an actor in the first piece, I do not insert it through ducing this mode of obtaining free-trade in all things any motive save that of shewing you the REAL character more POWER at all times at our command, than is required to do ten thousand times more than all men I must inform you, then, that the Irish Repeaters on earth could effect in the same time with their shall have manifested that he is actuated by the desire invited William John O'Connell to stir up the solution nerves and sinews! He has shown that there is sufficient rower to produce in plenty all the neceshere, is filled with the love spirit. Unless this pre- vided at the sign of the Castle and Ball. I had been, saries of life, and to change our Globe to a most delightful Paradise. After he had spent twenty years under promise to take two tickets; but when the aus. of his life in observing and calculating, he came picious day arrived, a gentleman connected with the before his fellow men, and thus announces his discodemonstration said I could not have them; and he veries and the result of his labours :believed my principles were the objection. He, however, "LOOK here, ye philosophers ; ye speculators ; ye suggested that I might come after dinner. This I did who seek the philosopher's stone ; ye who undergo not quite relish; but having to return by the Castle and all hardships and dangers, and traverso the ocean Ball after our Society's meeting, I could not, although from one extremity to the other in search of money ; it was then ten o'clock, resist the temptation "to pop look here, - a new, easy, straight, and short road to my head in." and have a peep at the "Inspector. the summit of your wishes is shown !- Ye, who are General of all England," who closed the Lodge against tived of life's toil and vexations, drop your tool, pause Mr. O Connor in London; and here 1 will beg you to; a little, and look here at the means for a new life of remember nearly all the persons present were well free labour, full of enjoyment and pleasures; colknown to me, and with many of whom I was on terms lect your thoughts, and reflect with the greatest of intimacy. solicitude that you are capable of, upon the means Before entering the room I sent up a note to a and ways presented to you for the greatest human friend, asking if it would be improper to go in at that happiness imaginable, for yourselves, for the objects late hour? This note fell into the hands of the Vice- of your endearments, and for your posterity for Chairman, who was a son of my friend; and he wrote ever." on its back the words-"Come to me ; I can't stir." It is hardly possible to invite in stronger language This I did, after paying a shilling at the door for the attention of men, or to appeal more to their admission. At this time a Mr. Johnstone, a member of feelings and desires than Etzler did in the first parathe Complete Suffrage Association, was speaking; and graph of his preface; but many, who could not comamongst other subjects touched upon the rejection of prchend such promises, treated the matter as a more the Chartists by Repealers : he defended their "honesty fancy. This he seemed to have foreseen ; for he of intention" in coming forward in aid of Ireland, and at first said :--" here is no idle fancy ; no vain contended they were unfairly dealt with. This evi-dently caused dissatisfaction amongst the officials, for deceiving you or for cheating you of your money; which was not abated by my "solo" of "Hear, hear." but substantial means for your greatest happinessare Mr. Johnstone then went a little further, and asked displayed before your eyes, in a fair, open, and honest "What suffrage was to accompany Repeal ?" And I way : no sacrifice, no trust, no risk, is asked of you; capable of carrying forward the most extensive plans for must do that gentleman the justice to state, that although nothing but the trouble to examine. If the author he knew such a question would expose him to a castiga- be in error-why, you will then discover it; but if tion. he boldly stood upon principle he is right, then no endcavours, even of the greatest After Mr. Johnstone came an Englishman, and he, prater, will be able to disprove the exhibited truths." poor fellow, chancing to say that "his countrymen Is us third paragraph he showed that he was not would assist Ireland," was met with the remark, only an inventor but also a philosopher and philan-'I doubt it !" The next was the Inspector- thropist. General himself! who plainly told Mr. Johnstone " he "' Wny gives the author his invaluable discoveries General himself? who plainly too and optimiself;" why gives the author his invaluable discoveries must keep his peculiar notions of Chartism to himself;" to the public, which, if true, he might sell for millions of dollars !- Or is he so simple, as not to know how the Chartists, he would, so help him God ! get Repeal to avail himself of his discoveries for his best profi ? without the aid of physical force or the Chartists ! These are questions you probably will ask. I will Every man, like himself, connected with Repeal, had answer them directly. It is because I want to sell at the bottom much the same principles as Mr. Johnthese my productions at the highest price I can get stone, but for certain reasons kept them behind the back. for them just as you do with yours in the market. During this time a paper correspondence was going Now, mere millions of dollars are too low a price for on from the vice-chair to the chair, and yeu will premy discoveries. I want to sell them at a much sently see for what purpose. higher rate; at the rate of seeing all my fellow-men, I forgot to mention, that my friend to whom I sent I forgot to mention, that my ment to watch and myself with them together, in the enjoyment of the note, came to me shortly after I entered the room, the greatest happiness that human life is capable can afterwards be connteracted or become isjurious. Induced or the faulty medium of their "darkened glass" I will be the first to have you turned out"! My reply of see there is no danger in it, the world of caste and party, looked upon as with prejudice, fear, of the people can be supported and extended, and of and distruct; can, now that the wolf is at their door. Mr. O'Connell having finished his tirade, I rose to affording the greatest happiness that can be thought reply; but, as if by magic, the Chairman was "up to his eves" in husiness, and Mr. O'C. " believed it was the men on earth." rule, while business was transacting, speaking should It was not his wich to monopolize machinery or to cease." "Of course you will hear me when you have use his discoveries merely for his own advantage. leisure," I replied. "Yes," from the Chairman. I His aim was, and is to this present day, to benefit ber of society, all things necessary for his well-being. rather turn the change to our account. Let us take saw the "dodge," and watched my time. Another note his fellow-men, and to live with them in a state of from the Vice-Chair, and I was on my feet; aye, and peace and happiness.

"Every farmer, besides his own land, has the range without waiting to be beholden to any governing or poison and coffins; until but two classes, widely dis- received an affirmative from all but Johnstone-he, with of the meadows around him both for his cattle, hogs, what is called superior class? Perfect love is always in tinct from each other, exist-the wealthy land and true spirit held up his solitary hand against it, fo which he received a blow upon the arm from one who factory lords, and their wretched nominal serfs. True, it hath not quite come to this yet. There is is more talkative than wise, and who accompanied his

yet strength left in us where with to redeem our lost, striking reproce with the words, "Do you know what position. We can yet, by our united exertions, lead you are doing Johnstone?' "Yes," was the reply, "but thing for the advantage of all, and easily commands our starving countrymen from this vale of tears and you do not." O'Connell threatened me, and shook his respect, submission, and obedience from all without the use of any harsh er unpleasant means. Industry, with the two former, more especially in a large and exten-slive union will modified and asked "Are you a Char-such a society as I have urged upon you, these broken tist, sir? answer me yes or no-are you a Char-tist, sir? answer me yes or no-are you a Chartist?" gladly invest their few pounds in it, instead of wasting | dupes. I could not for the life of me repiy, there was their substance on the wide Atlantic, and thus by their so much obstruction, noise and confusion. O'Connel united pounds, and industry, create happy homes for kept shaking his fist, and the meeting hollowing, until themselves, and enrich by their surplus productions at length, aroused by indignation, I summoned and felt age, the industry of such persons as would thus asso-ciste may soon give them the power of extending the system will be the making of the new! benefits they would themselves enjoy throughout' all Who that hath studied it in all its ramifications, but say, "If that bell pull was a gallows, Yes"! Quick people. Economy, on a true basis, joined with the will say that it is fast breaking up? The great ystem as thought O'Connell put a motion that I should not be preceding qualities would so simplify the wants and of trade-the extensive system of manufacture that heard-the hands were already up in approval, when I This portion of the subject is closed with the follow-babits of the people associated, that they would wonder bow they could have previously subjected themselves "These statements may (do) appear overdrawn, but to such an immense amount of care and anxiety for the subject is closed with the follow-bow they could have previously subjected themselves the subject of trade-the extensive system of manufacture that hath grown up so rapidly since the war, enriching the hath grown up so rapidly since the war, enriching the few and ruining the many, bust of necessily vuin and destroy ilself ! Know ye not that the walls, and ram-the subject is closed with the follow-habits of the people associated, that they would wonder how they could have previously subjected themselves few and ruining the many, bust of necessily vuin and the subject is closed with the follow-habits of the people associated, that they would wonder few and ruining the many, bust of necessily vuin and that sir ! It is the chairman's privilege, and you can-the subject is closed with the follow-hat grown up to the the subject of the people associated themselves few and ruining the many, bust of necessily vuin and that sir ! It is the chairman's privilege, and you can-

> rior and thigher state of existence, and that they have use ? That partial use won't pay the holder; that, Fancy, my English friends, that I stord as described, establishments are so much dead and useless and ugly and hissing from my countrymen, and for what? FOR We are apt to complain of our governors, rulers, matter; as witness Acramans and Co.'s concern at Bris. BEING A CHARTIST !! And for doing what O'Connell would not do-sacrificing my individual interests

> "Turn him out," came next. "Who dares ?" I said. in himself the power of overcoming every difficulty subject to so many derangements, that it must be ever (A voice) "He paid his money." One said, "He can that surrounds him. Regal power, the Government, in danger of stagnation, and consequent ultimate anni- stay." "No," I said, "not with such as you, who

that there will be an inconceivable power exerted by each, that will soon extend itself universally. Let us then cultivate these qualities in every manner than the tinselled nobles of the Crown's creation; for we me for attempting to defend their principles, and they The society I have proposed is the sure and easy will have raised a cheer for the Charter which will everything that is good. Let none fear the commence- stepping stone to all these great advantages and this drown the yells of faction, and shake the citadel of happy end ; and I call upon you, brothers, as you lave | corruption to its centre in Bristol.

Mr. Johnstone has since informed me that he received prepared to perform his duty as a universal being the delegates to the National Conference about to be called, by an intentional accident, a blow of an elbow in the mouth, whilst clinging near my side in the melee.

This, my friends, is only a mere shadow of what passed, and even this is sufficient to shew you that the Charter is your first great object ; and that without it, we shall not be ever able to silence the ton; us of slander -or stop the progress of our ression. Therefore away with trifling ! let us to work, and no surrender, until it becomes the law. When that day arrives we will not have Princes riding in state under triumphal arches as in Bristol on Wednesday; nor your money squandered upon foreign paupers whilst you are literally starving. The working men of Bristel gave the Prince a cool reception. The ladies are dissatisfied by his want of courtesy; and all shades of Reformers evince symptoms of distaste for royal holidaying. Never was there an exhibition so little relished; and even the Prince seemed to feel that the people were thinking about such things. He was very pale, sat in the corner of his carriage, and very seldom condescended to raise his hat from his brow even to the ladies. There are many thousands, I must say, of those who will never forgive

" I cannot intrude on the valuable space of the Star. by communicating upon such suljects; but wi'i just add, if we had the Charter the people would have some harlequin displays.

The next item in the week's buriness is the delivery of a lecture in the Public Room, by the Rev. G. Solly.

distarb the public peace. You will, therefore, be so sympathy for the great object of my existence, that on entered into, I resolved on returning at the earliest

dence, so that you may escape observation, and not be suswith in London; for the calm, peaceful retreat of this place bore to me a strange contrast with the turmoil

"JAMES STUART."

The Emigrant must not by any means purchase or It must by no means be inferred from any statement pay for a single acre of land, without first calling at herein set forth that I wish it to be understood, that

night, and two shillings for each meal. The "fact" is, he had to pay Knox his extortionate demand, who, however, was constrained to say that he might stay the week out; of which he and the Williams partly availed themselves, by returning from the ship and having several meals; but a person of the name of Potter, from Calton, Glasgow, who had been imposed upon in like manner at the same place. dared not again Tenture upon the premises, lest some more of Knox's stubborn " facis" should rise up against him.

It ought to be generally known that there is a law in force which inflicts a heavy penalty upon the owner of any ship which enters any port of the United States with a greater number of passengers on board. than the said law prescribes. I am not certain of the Exact number ; but it is ruled by so many tons measurement of the ship; so that unless the vessel is laden with light goods there is generally a sufficiency of room for the convenience of passengers. This, however, is not the case with vessels returning from the American ports; there being no law in Britain by which this matter is regulated. They sram human beings together like so many pigs, paying no regard to health, comfort, or decency; and when landed on the British shores there is no asylum prepared to receive the invalids; they are left to shift for themselves as best they can. Not so in the States; for at the various ports. are hospitals for the reception of all who may require medical aid, and where they are taken care of until they recover. For the purpose of meeting the expense thereby incurred, one dollar is demanded of every passenger, of whatever age or sex, before they are allowed to proceed from any of our ports, the captain knowing that it will be demanded of him on the opposite shore of the Atlantic. The money received at New York sengers at 4s. 2d. (passengers generally pay 4s. 6d. they proper caution be not observed, the disease sometimes not having dollars) will funish the bospital with up-free are on the bar of the bar o wards of £60. From the information I have had, great malappropriation and corruption exists in the management of those institutions, even in the land of parity and republican principles.

It would be well for the Emigrants to sleep on board the vessel in which they cross, until they can take their fare for the Far West and have their baggage taken from one vessel to the other. This would effect a conziderahle saving.

I have before mentioned the impropriety and danger of persons leaving their native land. If willing to necessaries of life; and he is a communate coward who employs not every legal means to procure a living for _____ Mr. Flint is first made to differ with Mr. S., and than upon the produce of any traffic or handicraft

The influx of artizins and labourers into the States | cultivate and crop, thirty-eight acres; and this, if the and Canada from all the countries of Europe is so | land were in the highest possible state of cultivation, a | and as soon as the people are a little more enlightened excessive as to overstock every department of labour. farm hoorrer in Britain would say was no trifling on the subject, this is the course they will adopt. Every city, port, and manufactory have taken advantage matter. This is what my American friends called of the glut, and employed the strangers at half the " Long low sweeping." Wages paid to their old hands, who are driven from

sales of land by persons ont of whose possession it had passed; and the unfortunate purchaser has, after settling and laying out additional money, and imagining himself settled for life, been ejected from it, as though he had never paid a farthing. This occurs oftenest when purchasing improved lands. Six miles square constitutes a township. A section

to several persons, who uniformly approved of the idea.

or prairie.

is one mile square, or 640 acres—an half section, 320 a quarter 160 acres, and an eighth, eighty acres, which is the smallest quantity which the Government will sell. In every case the sixteenth section is appropriated to the support of schools, whereby an universal system of education is established.

The title deeds which confer the right of property throughout the States are printed in a plain form, on parchment of the quarto size. The purchaser's name, the locality of the purchase, and the date being filled up in writing, and the document being subscribed by the President of the United States and the Agent of the General Land Office, becomes a perfectly legal document, and is handed to the purchaser free of all expense, and may be legally transferred by him to another person without the intervention of a lawyer, or any of the absurd and expensive mummery practised by our moliern Solons in England or Scotland.

As every possible advantage is taken of the know ledge the inhabitants obtain of the intentions of a stranger, it is justifiable to act the part of the waterman, that is, to "look one way and row another"; or, as the Yankees say, to be " wide awake."

Rich flat land or valleys are often found very unhealthy; and situations bordering on marshes and stagnant pools must be avoided. They engender disease, especially fever and agnes; which disorders are of a lingering nature, and though not considered very danalone for this purpose must be immense, as may be lands have a tendency to aggravate the evil; and, i gerous, yet they are unwelcome visitants. Uncleared

Mr. Sheriff, a writer in Chamber's Information for the People, states that the valley of the Mississippi (which includes nearly the whole of the territories of which l

am speaking) produces a good and sure crop of wheat of from thirty to thirty-five bushels to the acre, of 60 lbs. and often 66 lbs to the bushel. My information, however, is, that from fifteen to twenty bushels is the average; and the weight considerably under that given by Mr. S., who further states that he estimated some Indian corn on the banks of the Mississippi at twenty

feet high. I saw none above seven and a half feet, and theless possess an inherent right to a sufficiency of the Shares and a seen so much as half Mr.

annihilation of his-most sacred rights at home, is un. and that by his own individual exertions; which awaken my degraded countrymen to a true sense of their | country, an absolute impossibility. Nevertheless, Mr. duty, and arouse them to an united, legal, and con. Flint adds that he had previously heard of a nagro, stitutional effort to deliver themselves from the galling settled on the prairies, near Vincennes, who had the despotism under which they suffer ! Then would a re- same year raised one thousand bushels; and which is a generation be effected at home, and Emigration become still greater impossibility. We must, if it can be swala matter of choice, instead of, as it now is, a thing lowed, believe that those gentlemen, the black and the of compalsion. Let every one do their duty and white, had neither man, woman, nor child; horse, ox, remain at home until they are prepared to buy a plot nor ass, to aid them in ploughing, digging, harrowing, of land, and can depend more upon the cultivation of sowing, hoeing. resping, houseing, thrashing, and prethe soil (the proper basis of prosperity and comfort), paring it for the market; which, giving twenty-four bushels to the scre, w uld be, for one human being to portion.

Bat incredible as these statements are, they did not their homes as we drive away foreign manufacturers, by | soffice ; for the writer proceeds to inform his readers head are common !! It would certainly have been much

Often have I heard the working men of England and | more satisfactory had Mr. Fiint favoured the readers of Scotland bitterly complain of the influx of the Irish, " Chambers' Information" with the name and address and the consequent lowering of wages; but I did not of the settler who raised the nine hundred bushels of anticipate that I should hear the curses loud and deep grain by his own individual exertions, and also the of the Americans against Scotchmen and Englishmen | name and residence of the negro near Vincennes who for mining their trade. Let the industrious classes for raised the one thousand bushels by the same means. It awakened to the idea of his being a portion of one whom I write look well to this matter. By going unpre-pared, they not only expose themselves to direct privations theless, by a little personal intercourse with the black but at the same time inflict much suffering upon others, and white gentlemen, (for settlers are generally underand engenders spirit of animosity in the breasts of their stood to be white,) a most valuable lesson might have duced. the same description of goods which we have been in the also given. The absence of such information caused me to and which must soon be effected, through the neces-we must do it ? habit of exporting at so low a price as to drive us out devote considerable time in making inquiries as to where sity that is daily pressing upon us for a great of the market. In fact, they have this very spring ex- those immense vegetables wero produced; but, from change. ported to China half as many goods as Great Britain, personal observation, I found the cabbages grown in England are much superior to any in these parts over and have also sent a large quantity into Liverpool. | England are much I have before intimated that in principle I am op- which I travel ed. posed to Emigration; however, I will now attempt to The cabbage-statement is followed up by another, to are resolved to go under any circumstances; and more beets are remarkable for their size and flavour; and peas at present they are beginning to have a somewhat most excellent and prolific. These " Longbow sweeppelled to go. I intend to show the advantage of going ings" may not have been published with a dishonest into the Far West, over settling in the Eastern States, intention; but I consider parties calpsbie in the bishest The southern division of WISCOASIN, the northern degree who curculate such unfounded statements among division of ILLINOIS, and a division of MICHIGAN, are the people, who possess no means of ascertaining the the parts I should recommend as settlements, in prefer- truth. By such tales are they allured from their homes ence to any other east of the MISSISSIPPI. In that to a pictured Paradise ! and, when too late, they find Chambers' Information goes on to state that peaches had at the government price (one-and-a-quarter dollar per acre); and nowhere in the same latitude in the States I Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, or New York, can to perfection as though there were bat one day in the had of an inferior quality be obtained at ten-fold the year, and that the seasons were regulated on that one Price. In the parts referred to, lend can be obtained day in the same way as a watch. Such is not the case. Entirely covered with, or perfectly free from timber, or In that country the winters are more and less severe, Part with and part without. Water is plentiful, and the Weil as longer and shorter in their duration; although Water conveyance to NEW YORK and NEW ORLEANS is near them all. The same remarks will apply to the stating that on the 10th of April, nine days after the Northern part of the MISSOURI territory, and a great peach blessome, the spring has fairly set in and the from Britain, Ireland, or the whole of Europe put aiz- before winter. This cannot in anywise apply to the

contrary, I feel convinced hat in no country in the world can greater means of comfort and independence be acquired. Yet let no new settler imagine that he can now advocate. arrive at such a state without encountering many diffi-

culties, and even hardships; great toil, numerous disappointments, and many unforseen inconvenienceseverything being new and every circumstance changed

-new labour, new climate, and a new mode of life. All must calculate upon great absence of comfort; and none ought to go who have not previously made up their minds to endure much. They must call philosophy to their aid-they must set up a bold frontmeet every obstacle with resolution, and overcome it with energy, looking forward in confidence to increasing comforts, and the attainment of independence. I have no means of directing the reader to any work on which reliance can be placed for acquiring authentic information, although I have carefully examined many works on the United States. "Cobbett's Year's Residence," and other Emigrant Guides, contain more or less useful information ; but circumstances change with the times-new points of attraction spring up, and new lines by which to reach them. I have laboured to give the best possible information connected with the present time and circumstances, and the most accurate description of things as they are; all of which

I conjure the intending Emigrant carefully to ponder in his mind ere he leaves his native land. My task is now completed. If what I have said

and done will be of advantage to the poor, who are now the prey of the crafty and the designing, my labour will not have been in vain. The consciousness that I have been of use will be my best reward. L. PITKETHLY.

> Huddersfield, 1843. HOME COLONIZATION. LETTER XX. TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

SIR-The next point of the preliminary Charter to which I have to call the attention of your readers,

is-" Free trade in all things with all the world." We have heard a great deal of the abolition of the Corn Laws, of the abolition of the Sugar Duties, and of the abolition of many other imposts ; but with the adoption of the previous measures that I have laid before you, none of which will be opposed after the people shall have once shown themselves to be united, free trade in all things with all the world may be much easier obtained than any of these isolated and partial MARNAR

The fact is, that the present system is become so comhimself and dependents in his father-land. He who then is made to say that he had met a settler who had plicated, so intricate, and so inadequate to the growing will tamely and silently submit to the invasion and that year raised nine hundred bushels of Indian corn, wants of the country, that every day shows the utter impossibility of its being much longer continued; and worthy of a place in any country. Would that I could statement is, from the information I received in that | each attempt to meddle with it, shews the folly of any partial measure of redress

The question of supply and demand, is one that has themselves political economists; some of whom have argued for protective duties, others for bounties on exportation; some for restrictions on growth, others for prohibitions from importation; whilst none have taken the plain simple course of demanding that whatever is produced in any portion of the globe shall be freely exchanged for the produce of any other

> This alone however is the true basis of free trade, What but the extreme ignorance of man with regard

to his own nature and interest, could have raised up the various impediments which now exist to his enjoying

those things which all admit may be most liberally what is falsely called the free trade system; and thus, that the soil is well adapted for the growth of European supplied if a ready means of exchange could be they are compelled to seek another home, to starve, or vegetables: and he affirms that cabbages grow to the found? There is no event but what has been taken to accept such employment, on such terms, as the size of from thirteen to seventeen and a half feet in advantage of for the purpose of preventing his enjoyemployer may in his mercy and charity be disposed to circumference, and that those of nine feet round in the ment, not only of the comforts and luxuries of life, as they are called, but even of everything necessary for his bare existence.

This pressure upon industry must and will continue to a greater or less degree, according to the strength, union, and intelligence of the various sections and parties which divide all society, until man shall be truly great universal whole; and that his feelings, his convictions. his sensations, in fact his happiness or misery, depend upon the general amount of either that is pro-

excessive long hours of teil, whereby they can produce seventcen-and-a-half-feet-circomference cabbages been may readily be perfected by the union of the people; equal to it / THE WORK IS THEREFORE OURS; and The fact, that we have been, and still are. associated The events of the last few years must shew to every under one title, having the same objects in view, the in vast numbers throughout the country, in one body, reflecting mind, that in proportion as the intelligence same desires and interests -and those the elevation of of the masses has been awakend on any particular sub-ject. in an exactly corresponding ratio have they been the continual dread of wretchedness and starvation, to singration; however, 1 will now attempt to The cabbage-statement is followed up by another, to enabled to procure redress; and it is very evident that the continual dread of wretchedness and starvation, the what is necessary to be attended to by those who shew, or induce the belief, that parsnips, carlots, and enabled to procure redress; and it is very evident that to a life of happy healthful labour and competency. at present they are beginning to have a somewhat clear conception of what is for their benefit, which fion to put into operation the most extensive machiconception cannot fail to be enlarged daily. nery necessary to remove us from out of our present It is not my province to interfere with details; no grievous situation. would I ever make so trifling an object as the repeal of "Out of svil cometh good." the Corn Laws a matter of agitation for the masses; The very ilis of which we speak have produced, and but I think, as a rule, the principle of free trade should be supported wherever it exhibits itself; for there will are producing. favourable features and circumstances never be any cause to fear that such a principle, | for the necessary machinery and operations to human rewhen it has been fairly carried by public opinion, demption. Hundreds of the middle class, who have, and said, "If you attempt to say a word here to night,

but there is much here which if extensively copied would soon go far towards introducing the measure I The parties observe a total abstinence from animal

food, fermented or distilled liquors, tobacco, tea, coffee, and almost so from sugar, a little having been used once or twice only since I have been here with fruit pies. They abstain also from butter, cheese, milk. eggs, honey, or any other product of the inferior animals, this last arrangement being considered necessary on the principle of man's doing justice to the other varied creations of the earth.

that is besetting all the competitors for what the world

calls wealth or fame.

The diet thus simplified consists of oatmest porridge, bread made from wheat without separating any portion of the bran from it, boiled rice, potstoes, and other vegetables and fruits, the produce of their garden. It is thus very inexpensive, and prevents them from being affected by any of the taxation which is now so liberally bestowed on everything it can reach: the people might soon, by this means alone, put a stop to the present irrational mode of conducting human

affairs. Their highest employment is the cultivation of what they term the "love spirit," which they affirm exists in every human being; and which, if properly developed and permitted its full manifestation, will unite all in one common bond of union, and impel all con-

tinually to act for the universal good. Those who desire, to "go and do likewise."

Such a course of proceeding may be adopted by any table. Amidst this beterogeneous mass of sinners, by being in the neighbourhood of large towns, they enemies.

may easily procure employment; and this too not in the I assure you, my friends, I find it a perfect puzz'e to present servile manner in which they are now obliged decide; and for that reason will take rather a general to solicit it, but by delegating the best qualified person view of the entire; and as this "ancient and loyal among their body to attend to this division of their | city of Bristol" has during the past week been the proceedings, and thus obtain all the results without the theatre of unusual proceedings, and has gained some interposition of another party; whilst their children notoriety, I will, with your permission, just give you may always be practically educated, and may, at an a brief outline of the occurrences which have happened, early age, be made contribute more to the general stock commencing with Monday, the 17th instant. But than they withdraw from it.

Any parties, however, who shall think of introwith all the world, must take care that they admit no of the company who performed upon that occasion. individual to take part in their proceedings until he to promote the universal good, or as they would say in Bristol. Well, he came; and a dinner was propuzzled the brains of a great number of persons calling requisite be obtained there will be no unity; and as also my friend Mr. Clarke (a sterling Chartist). without unity there can be no successful results.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant, WILLIAM GALPIN

THE NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY

BROTHER CHARTISTS-Having in the short space dormant " physical strength," we are become a party.

Concordium; Ham Common, Surrey. July 24, 1843.

FAVOURABLE FEATURES AND CIRCUMSTANCES

ATTENDANT ON OUR ADVANCED POSITION.

TO THE CHARTIST PUBLIC.

of five years, concentrated bundreds of thousands of the true Radicals, under the fearful name of "Chartists"; having congregated the majority of our fellow-slaves under our fair banner of right, truth and justice ; having petitioned and demanded, by millions of signatures, the establishment of OUR Magna Charla: having waded through a mighty tide of persecution, and weathered the boisterons gale of faction; having borne the heat and toils of a long and dire campaign, and come forth victorious from the field, though with great loss of men and munitions, standing to our cause and colours, though our chiefs fell into thehands of our powerful and wealthy enemy; having by those many and mighty evidences displayed our great moral power and worth, and our yet

and engenders spirit of animosity in the breaks of their stood to be white, a most valuable lesson might may have been no less important of an adoption of a far superior state of things, which the amelioration of the manifold grievances of our order of an adoption of a far superior state of things, which the amelioration of the manifold grievances of our order of an adoption of a far superior state of things, which had the name of one grower of those thirteen, and or the only party

espenally for the benefit of the unfortunate who are comlatitude I consider the climate most congenial to the nothing but a wilderness. inhabitants of the British inles. In those districts together. This fact is the best evidence of the advan- Northern States, tage of settling there.

with coal, lead, and other minerals. The fertility same kind, and also that of three-year old heifers important work. of the soil is greater than in the E-stern States Weighing 123ibs being sold for 24s. 6d., and come to the In the South the heat is often too excessive for following passage :-

of the people can be supported and extended, and of and distrust; can, now that the wolf is at their door, this there can be no doubt; they will soon be led to look upon us as it were with other eyes, and fancy we discern the means whereby they could immediately, are not the Chartists of yesterday whom they perse-

and without injury to any existing interests, terminate | suted ! Nay they even now applaud us ! the present insane divisions which exist; and by adopt-ing an universal basis, give to every individual mem- that hath come o'er the spirit of their dream," but At the present moment nothing but the want of love advantage of their and our altered circumstances.

for each other and such an idea of the universal as Numbers of the small shopke-pers have been broken up so was every person present. I walked up beside the would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken by the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken to support the general would make all seek the common happiness, prevents and beggared; numbers more will as surely be broken up; numbers will have to sell off their stock in order to which beffies description. I was alone as a Chartist once the property of whole nations; but he spent his immediately enarging the aspect of affairs. Let are something from the general wreck, and will Emi. The Irish were about sixty, all middle class more time and begared; the spent his immediately enarging the aspect of affairs. Let are something from the general wreck, and will Emi. statement I may mention, that there are more persons of a natural 1001; for none of the source in or affirm that them simplify their wants by a total abstinence from grate with their faw pounds, but to wante it, in the them simplify their wants by a total abstinence from grate with their faw pounds, but to wante it, in the them simplify their wants by a total abstinence from grate with their faw pounds, but to wante it, in the them singlify their wants by a total abstinence from these who are at the head in the Eastern States, itemps sown on the 10th of September grow to a large everything that is taxed; let them unite for the interchange of the produce of their labour, and if they can ingenuity; numbers of small farmers will share the Chartist.

so far agree, for its production; and, in proportion to same fate, or be sold up for rents and rates; thousands My Friends, I will spare you a regital of the stragele I pass over the story about beef and hogs being the experience they obtain, they will likewise procure more of the working chase will be thrown out of em-

A partion of these States and territories abound divided among neighbours, and returns made of the the knowledge and power further to progress in this allthousands who are now cast over the country, to linger O'Conneil, in the name of the Liberator, asked What is there that could not soon be effected by the out a weary existence by begging, or fill the MURDER if the rules of the Corn Exchange, excluding known nnion of love, intelligence, industry, and economy, BASTILES, and increase the rates for the purchase of Chartists, should be kept inviolate? to which he

his eyes" in business, and Mr. O'C. " believed it was the

ETZLER tried for several years to interest governments of all countries are, at least, ten years behind their respective people.

I am, Sir, Your obediont servant. C. F. STOLLMEYER. No. 3, Northampton Terrace, City-road, London, July 24th, 1843. (To be continued.)

FEARGUS OCONNOR, ESQ, IN BATH.

In accordance with bills issued by the Committee of the National Charter Association of this city to ise citizens of Bath, announcing that a public meeting to take into consideration the present dismessed state of the country, would be held at Mr. E-lisbury's Large Room, Kingsmead-square, on Mondsy evening, July 24. a number of the working classes, with a fair sprinkling of the middle order attended at the time specified-seven o'clock, though so small, when considering that that unfunching advocate and noble champion of the people's cause, Feargus O'Connor, was to address the meeting, as evinced the general apathy so constantly shown in this city upon all subjects. As the until we were gratified at seeing the room, which is espable of holding between 1,000 and 2,000, pretty well filled to give a hearty reception to the plorious vindicator of the rights of man.

Mr. CRISP rose amidst continued cheers and clapping of hands, and said, presuming that you are not the gentleman on my left (Mr. O'Connor) I shall occupy but a short portion of your time. The bill I hold in my hand announcing this meeting, is headed "Citizens of Bath;" and proceeds, "A public meeting to take into consideration the present distressed state of the country, will be held at Mr. a meeting for the purpose of taking into considerable to deal with it; he should have thought that instead of the scanty appearance of that room, they would have found it insufficient to contain the people who would have come there, and that crowds was the sympathy of the rich, of the clergy, of the middle class, which was ever being proclaimed ! They saw little of it there that night. And they would see little of it until the end of the present system was come-until it was crumbled in the dust, and their teeth began to crackle, and their knees to knock together with fear-(cheers). Then would appear their sympathy, when they were pinched themselves, and not till then. They showed their sympathy at present by taunting the people with the cry that they were not educated, whilst they oppressed, bore down, and robbed them of the means of education-(hear, hear). And if the people dared to think of altering their condition, or speak against their oppressors, the sword and the bayonet was brought against them. Man's history was war. Every page of history was a record of against the working classes, the opulent and the industrious, the greedy monopoliser's destroying influence upon all that was useful in society-(cneers). He should have thought that a meeting for asking into consideration the present distress needed showed what men could do when they were banded stand against the Government-a Government that would cut him down, would persecute him, would pastile kim, would ruin him, if they could-(hear). At no period had there ever been anything like the ances there? It was distress ! They complained was anything inimical to the interests of any class of the people, a virtuous Government would remedy it. But what was the remedy of the present Administration ! Their remedy was to send down barhad been progressing, and yet no one could be found to tell them how to get rid of it We should offerer consult together on this point. The present system of distress destroys both foreign and wherewill to purchase. The land has got into few Lands, and no means have been taken to relieve the consequent want of employment, distress, and misery. If the Government had conspired for the parpose of seeing how bad they could govern the country, they could not have brought about a worse and swords, and bayonets; he could meet the Governmant with no tithes, no taxes, no poor ratessuch a thing as a farmer having his cattle or stock prought out to be sold by action, for refusing to pay my of those rents, or tithes, or taxes, and the anczioneer, surrounded by 100,000 men, saying, "Hear gentiemen, is a fine ox, or anything else, what do you offer, gentlemen ?" What would the reply be What necessity then was there for physical force ! travelled up and down the country, and had seen much of the distress prevailing; could harrow up that feelings with many instances of misery and wretchedness which had come under his own obserration, and it was unnecessary that he (Mr. Crisp) should recite particular instances when distress was so general. This country, like every other gone post declension, exhibited the extremes of poverty with madness; and he varily believed our rulers were mad. All classes were desiring a change ; and a change would take place, and it would come with a vengeznee too-(cheers). We had no external resources, and we were devoid of internal ones. We had nothing to meet the present distress. Could it be done by taxes and fresh burdens ? No. The mischief had been done, and it was now too late to mend True, a parliament elected by the people might do something; and such a parliament they must have-one representing not a class but the ceople-(lond and long-continued cheers).

cheese question. But what was the remedy pro-posed by this party? It was to build more churches—(laughter). He was not disposed to believe in the chartists, and the remedy. Then came the manafacturers, and the remedy. Then propose is the Repeal of the Corn Laws. O, we shall then roll in riches—(laughter)! I do not believe the Repeal of the Corn Laws. O, we that state of things so desired, iand therefores that state of things, too, bring their remedy; and therefores The Whigs, too, bring their remedy; and therefores that state of things, too, bring their remedy; and therefores that state of things so tesired, iand therefores that state of things, too, bring their remedy; and therefores that state of things so tesired, iand therefores that state of the corn Laws would produce that state of the most treacherous body of men that ever er-isy for the remedy is the state of things so tesired, iand therefores the Chartists would have nothing to do with their fine professions; but he point at which their signation should be perfected, they would state from the point at which their agitation was stopped—not going backward but progressing from the point—and that they would one again tak they would one again tak they would one again tak they would one present tour. So would produce that state of things to desired, iand therefores that state of things to desired, iand therefores that state of things to desired, iand therefore form assisting eight of the Chartists would have the chartists would here present tour. So wore of all to call the call the prisoners of the point—and that they would one again tak the they would one again that they would one again take they w give us for the removal of distress a new Poor Lawa bastile-(laughter). Thus they make people poor, and then punish them for being so. They have also another remedy-taxing the taxes ; neither of which Finith shown in this city upon all subjects. As the remedies meet my approval-(cheers). There is evening advanced, however, the numbers increased another class who have made war with turnpikegates. Every one to his fancy ; they have theirs-I have mine. But I do not intend adopting their re-

medy either. I have another ; and the remedy I suggest, and I suggest it in seriousness, and if you agree with me when 1 propose it, I demand your co-operation to assist in carrying it ont. I desire your assistance to destroy class legislation. This is the evil under which the working and mercantile classes suffer; and until destroyed, misery, wretch-classes arises and an expanding of the solution of the back is the proposed and their nakedness to crawling to, intr reargus O Connor was again their open opponent—(loud cheers). They had been taunted as being unwashed; but he would rather spend an evening with them—with those with blistered hands, stopped the popular voice. They have proposed an the Bishop and give to the lower dignitaries; they champagne, or claret. He placed more confidence in the honesty of the working classes, than in that edness, crime, and starvation would be the inhabi- may make alterations ; but the people want substantial changes. You must awake. If the present tants of our country-(hear). He would not occupy their time longer, as they were anxious to hear that distress is allowed to destrey one portion, it will that in Ireland there would not a blow be struck ; at Leeds. To be transported for fifteen years. tressed state of the country, will be held at Mr. Saiisbury's Large Room, 7, Kingsmead-square, on Monday evening, July 24, the chair to be taken at seven o'clock." With a bill like this, announcing meeting for the purpose of taking into considerprinciples expressed, and in establishing a purely Men will be driven from the manufacturing disstion the present distressed state of the country-the theme of conversation in every part of the iand-the subject of discussion in Parliament, so deep-rooted that even the great Peel was not ble to deel with it - he should have thenght that hoped to meet them at the rooms of their Asso-ciation, where they met every evening for conversation and reading, and social and in-tellectual improvement. He was sure there was not a man present but would desire done. We have not toiled in vain. A few years would have come there, and that trowns was not a man present but would desire done. We have not concurring the second in the square outside. He England to become in reality, what she ago, if I had come among you, you would have is now falsely called, "The glory of surround-ine with "Hurroo, Pat, what brought you ing nations, and the admiration of the world." here?" So opposed was the feeling of Englishmen is now the second the received the rec Mr. B. having read the resolution, which was as fol- to Irishmen. But the case was altered now ; and lows, sat down amidst loud cheering :-" That ex-clusive class legislation is the basis and origin of as to one born under their own nose. Do we owe bad Government, and the real cause of the present nothing to this change of feeling ! I hold now as distressed state of tradesmen and working men, and good a position as any man in the country. I have all who live by their labour. That, in the opinion eradicated the feeling of cumity, and established a of this meeting, no House of Commons will ever do mutual feeling in its place between the two coun-

FEARSUS O'CONNOR, Esq., who, on coming to the eight or nine months, whilst the working men in England had only from Saturday to Mondaytheir fellows in Ireland had ammunition for nine

ercion was required first of all to calm the public that point-and that they would once again take the mind, and prepare them for the reception of it. The lead in the battle front of oppression. He was ready aomiciliary system was adopted in all its tyranny to take his position. He had suffered 16 months soliand blackness; villainous policemen had been al-lowed to enter the houses of the people, and the naked mother, springing from her bed of straw, was obliged to answer their questions. But the naked-was there after all their efforts to put him down, ness of such women was virtue. They would prefer to dare the Government to its face, and tell them their straw bed and their nakedness to crawling to, that Feargus O'Connor was again their open in the honesty of the working classes, than in that of those who were called their betters. He believed His countrymen were quick at resenting injuries, and woe be to that Government or those rulers who

should now attempt to destroy the energies of the working classes. He believed Peel was as sick at that moment as any sailor that ever went to the

Look round, unruly boy, Your battle comes enrolled, Feeble wrath, a war of waters Rais'd against the head and front

Of necessity and the people.-(Cheers.)

The Duke's were the doting words of a doting old man; they would, therefore, take no notice of him. Mr. O'Connor then expressed his willingness and determination to cast all differences to the wind

BURGLARY AT ADDINGHAM. at Thorne, and he was charged with having forged Mr. which existed between him and other parties, diunder the provisions of the People's Charter, and thus made fairly, fully, and equally to represent all classes of society." justice to the people until that House is elected tries. Was this nothing to achieve? They heard Thomas Cooper, 25, William Keighley, 35, and John Lee's name to an order for a watch, which he obtained Bakewell, 45, were indicted for a burglary in the dwelof the prosecutor. ling-house of Mr. James Cockshott, of Addingham, in The Jury found the prisoner Guilty. To be impribills, or railroads for England, or English finances, classes of society." fair manner, he gave his cordial co-operation. Mr. the West-Riding, and stealing therefrom five hats, Mr. PHILLIPS seconded the resolution, and the but to look to the grievances of the people of Ireland. hairman introduced soned until the close of present Assizos. O'C. then referred to his own advocacy of the cause twenty yards of flaunel, and twenty pairs of worsted HOUSEBREAKING AT LEEDS. for the last twenty years, and his sufferings since stockings, his property. that period, which excited feelings of just indig- Mr. WASNEY and Mr Chairman introduced William Hewitt, 22, Henry Falentine, 20, and John land. England had a right to demand the Repeal Mr. WASNEY and Mr. HARDY were counsel for the front of the platform was received by tremendous cheering, and bursts of acclamation. When the cheering had subsided, Mr. O'Connor said—Mr. Because Ireland at present was a burden upon the Chairman, and Working Men of Bath, I might English prople-because the time of their own Briggs, 26, were indicted for having, on the 8th of prosecution; Mr. BLISS defended the prisoner Cooper. nation against his oppressors in the minds of all June last, at the Borough of Leeds, feloniously broken Keighley and Bakewell had been previously sentenced at present. He then showed the manner in which the and entered the dwelling house of Mr. Joshua Bower, Government had deceived the people of Ireland. the present Assizes to ten years' transportation. and stolen therefrom one thermometer, two metal teathe rich opposed to the labourer, of the aristocracy naturally suppose that a resolution such as that you House of Commons which ought to be looking to He also spoke of their own agitation, and said The house of the prosecutor, Mr. Cockshott, who is a pots, three silver tea-spoons, two silver table spoons there were three parts to an agitation :-- 1. To collect draper and grocer at Addingham, was entered by thieves have just heard read by Mr. Bolwell would be their interests, was all taken up by Ireland; yes, it proposed at any meeting which I was to address. occupied their attention six nights in the week, and and several other articles. his property. public opinion :- 2. To organize that opinion :- and during the night of the 23rd of May, and the property Mr. HALL and Mr. MIDDLETON were the counsel for . To direct the opinion. The two first have been mentioned was stolen. On the house of Cooper being the prosecution; Mr. WILKINS appeared for the pri-Although your chairman has lamented that this they only sat five, and sometimes counted out the brought about; and it was now for the people to searched, three hats were found, which the prosecutor meeting is not more numerously attended, yet I am House-(laughter). Yes, this appeared funny, but not astonished to see so few here. He has spoken of it was the case. They only sat five nights a week, soner Briggs. The other two had no counsel. decide who should load and direct that organized identified; and on the other two prisoners being appre-The prosecutor, Mr. Joshua Bower, resides at Hunslet, isking into consideration the present distress accord only to be mentioned to have called forth the ener-gies of every one to the question of the unfortunate dilemma so fast approaching—(hear, hear). Look to Ireland—(cheers). The condition of that country to Ireland—(cheers). The condition of that country to ishment. If there were any sectional question they have hear hear they were handed opinion. They had stood much during the course of hended, the other two huts were found on their heads, near Leeds. On the 7th of June last, prosecutor and his their agitation, they had gone through the fire of and they were all traced to have been in the neighwife left home, leaving the house in the care of the persecution, and come out unscatched-(cheers). bourhood of the prosecutor's house on the night of the servante; and it was made perfectly secure that night. There was the delusive ory of "high wages, plenty robbery. On the following morning, about half-past five, the to do, and cheap bread." Mr. O'C., in a most sar-There was no levidence to prove that the house in touching their own interests to have been brought that when the Irish had a Parliament they did not Enowed what men could do when they were banded together-(hear, hear). There was an individual in itat country who possessed the affections of the united people; and these affections enabled him to working classes was to be the subject they were working classes was to be the subject they were groom got up, and discovered that the house had been castic manner, referred to the meeting of the Dis- which the property was found was Cooper's, and therebroken into. The front door had been forced open, and senting ministers on the subject of the Corn Laws, 'fore against him the JUDGE said there was no case, and also that which leads to the cellar. Search being made, But the people had not been deluded by their hum- by his direction the Jury returned a verdict of Not it was found that a secretaire had been broken open, bug, and why ? for the same reason that the burnt Guilty as to him; and as the other two had already generally not to be found. They knew that he and at length when the English Minister poured his child dreads the fire. (Cheers.) The wounds were been probattled scanst desolation and poverty, of which gold into it, and they betrayed their country, it still green on the backs of men, and they were offered. and the contents extracted. Several other articles were child dreads the fire. (Cheers.) The wounds were been prosecuted to conviction, no further evidence was missing, and amongst them those which are mentioned their chairman so justly complained, and against could not be said the people, or the people's parlia- ready to buttle against both parties, Whig as well Let this state of things continue for a short time, the system which caused it. They knew he exposed ment did it. The charge he had to make against it as Tory. The people had become enlightened, and as they would see oppression and tyranny falling their selfishners, and advocated the cause of the was, that the Catholics could not send Catholic where was the power who would now resist the where was the power who would now resist the members to Parliament. That coven tenths of the where was the power who would now resist the members to Parliament. in the indictment. Mr. Bower was written to, inform-TUESDAY, JULY 25. ing him of what had occurred, and he immediately returned home. Two notes were produced, which the (Before Mr. Justice Cresswell.) before a people who not only willed freedom, but working man; and, therefore, no wonder they were members to Parliament. That seven-tenths of the might of democracy { (Cheers.) Mr. O'C. then absent, for they kiew the greatest compliment they people had no voice or power in it-(lond prisoners had contrived to get changed, both of which HIGHWAY ROBBERY AT BRADFORE were identified by Mr. Bower as having of Ireland desired a share in the Government of could pay him was to stay away-(cheers, and cheers). He was glad to see the progress of intelli- leaders in directing their agitation, and ably and absent, for they knew the greatest compliment they people had no voice or power in it-(loud) Thomas Butterfield, 26, and Patrick Burke, 26, were secretaire, at the time it was broken open. They were their country. They were banded together for the laughter). But it would be no use to talk of secindicted for having, on the 10th of July instant, at belonging banks which had stopped payment during the iter country. They were banded together for the parpose of obtaining what they desired. There was a mutual sympathy with them on this point; and he wished the people of Eagland to unite for the same purpose. But there were a great number of strong Government admitted it—(hear, hear). He to tell of all the injustice which had been exor-many who went to cised towards Ireland. He would ask them how. Bradford, assaulted Robert Turner, and stolen from his late wars. The prisoners were seen together on the person a bank of England note for £100, and thirty- night of the robbery, and also at the Green Man Inn, on five notes, of £5 each, of the Yorkshire Bauking the Dewsbury road, early on the morning after the burglary had been committed. No part of the property Company. people in this country who had not yet felt the birter was not attonished either at the many who went to cised towards Ireland. He would ask them how-Mr. WILKINS and Mr. PICKERING were counsel except the forged notes was produced, nor had it been sting of povery and want. When they began to see the pauper Prince, whom they had to support, ever, which was most guilty, the ignorant man who feel privation then they would begin to unite. He or the manner in which he was received—(hear, committed murder, or the rich ruffian who would had hope; for England, which had been the cradle hear, hear). He was not astonished that tempt him to do it ? He should say the villain who tulating the working classes upon the great imrecovered. The only question for the jury was their for the prosecution; Mr. BLISS defended the priprovement which had been wrought in a few years. satisfaction of the identity of the notes. soners. Judgment had taken the place of passion, and The prosecutor is a stuff manufacturer, residing at The jury retired to consider their verdict, and on of freedom, was not going to be its grave-(cheers). numbers of the working classes were there clad in tampered with, and excited the man's wicked he could with confidence appeal to their reason their return pronounced all the prisoners Guilty. Horton, near Bradford. On Saturday, the 8th of the and common sense. "Knowledge is power," and At no period had there ever been anything like the present stirring movement. If they looked to Wales, what was the cause of the present disturb-they should wish to have a peep at the bauble they here should wish to have a peep at the bauble they English Ministry who had wrought all the injury present month he went to Doncaster, from whence he SACRILEGE AT EAST ARDSLEY. ignorance the best title to power. They had learnt returned on Sunday, the 5th. When he reached Bradto stand still and see their enemies fight like William Drake and Samuel Atack was charged with ford he stopped there some hours, and set off to Horton having, on the 1st of April, at East Ardsley, broken Kilkenny cets-(hear, and laughter)-and they paid for,-it was all they received for what they towards Ireland. It was said again but England alone, about one o'clock on Monday morning; he had would wait until they had destroyed each other, and and entered the Parish Church there situate, and stolen paid so exceedingly dear. (Cheers.) In propor- is your right arm, would you sever yourself from then they would come in at the death, and carry off scarcely got clear of the houses at Bradford, when he therefrom a quantity of silk velvet and other articles, the tion as the night advanced so would the popular her? True, England was the right arm; but then was seized by three men, who after knocking him the warment-(cheers, and laughter). If they did property of the parishioners; and Hannah Bannister strength be manifested in that room. Before they Ireland was the belly. Ireland was the body. separated he thought they would see it crammed. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) England was only the down, robbed him of his pocket-book, containing cash to was charged with having received some of the property, not receive his words as words of knowledge, he the amount of about £300, including a Bank of knowing it to have been stolen. hoped what he had said would arrest their judginistration! Their remedy was to send down but the intere were more persons to see Feargus O'Connor; but it merce with England, and of their dependence apendities of gunpowder, bayonets, pistols, and soldiery than there were to see Feargus O'Connor; but it merce with England, and of their dependence apendities of the content of the should like to see the her in that respect. He should like to see the state of the Church in Scotland; and contended, who held the principles of Prince Albert than commerce. All the benefit Ireland derived from it is state of the Church in Scotland; and contended, who held the principles he advocated. was, that she gave England pigs and they gave England note for £100, thirty-five Yorkshire Banking ment. and lead to healthful conclusions. It was the Mr. WILKINS conducted the prosecution ; Mr. BLISS Company's notes, and other money. On Tuesday, the was for the defence. working classes that supported the shopkeepers. 11th, about four o'clock in the afternoon, the two pri-Milsom-street was not supported by Mr. Beckford The facts are simply these :- On Saturday evening. soners were at the shop of Mr. Peter Galley, general the 1st of April, the sexton of the church left that place or any other individual, but by the productive classes. dealer, Kirkgate, Leeds, where they selected a quanas he expected perfectly safe, and on going there the Mr. O'Connor then referred with bitter arcasm tity of goods, in payment of which Burke tendered a (Cheers.) If the principles of himself and the her parsons; and who would not sooner have one to the windy profession. of some parties, and showed f llowing morning, he found that an entrance had been Bank of England £100 note, for which he wished principle of the Prince were set in opposition, and cart load of pigs than a legion of parsons ? (Cheers how the burden of the taxes eventually fell upon effected through one of the windows, and that a the working men had to poll, he thought his would and laughter.) He did not wish to excite their change. Mr. Galley, under pretence of getting change, quantity of velvet and other articles had been taken the shoulders of the working classes, and that it went out, and gave information to Mr. Read, Chief have the largest support. (Cheers.) It did not laughter. He desired to arrest their attention. He away. Information was given of the robbery, and was the intention of the other classes to keep them domestic trade; for the great majority have not follow that because they gave their presence they wished to convince them that this question was of Constable, whe went and found Burke only in the shop, some of the property was found in the possession of the gave themselves, or their principles. (Hear, hear.) equal interest to them as Ireland. It was said, too, of luxury and ease, whilst others were starving. Mr. Read inquired of Burke if he knew the value of in subjection. That some should live in the extreme the other prisoner having, in the meantime, gone out. prisoners, who were accordingly apprehended. The jury retired for about three quarters of an hour, was not the will of dispensing Providence. They cratic principle had found its way even into the state by herself. (Hear, hear, hear.) So it was aristocratic city of Bath, and the working men said of Belgium, when Holland was accustomed to know what principles to adopt. (Cheers.) Their make her a draw-farm for her kings and for her the note, to which he replied that he did; and said he and returned into court with a verdict of Guilty against (the working classes) were denounced by those had got it in London on the Saturday previous; it was all the prisoners. Hannah Bannister and Samuel Alack, above them as cowards, if they would not fight his own, for he had found it in the street. He'was had been previously convicted of felony. They were with them; and ruffians if they did. Now, in future : worthy chairman had referred to Ireland and the aristocracy to enrich themselves upon. But when they would fight, and they would not fight-they country, they could not have brought about a work working men of the lish. (Hear.) He had given the state of things-(hear). They wanted a just and union of the lish. (Hear.) He had given the liberties, and set herself free from her connexion Did they think they could be worse off under such working men of England as regarded their union. Did they think they could be worse off under such of the working men of England as regarded their union. then taken into custody, and the other prisoner was sentenced to be transported for seven years. William apprehended the same night at Bradford. None of the Drake to be imprisened and keps to hard labour for 18 small notes were recovered, but the identity of the calendar months. large one was complete. The court then broke up. Mr. BLISS made an able defence, and the Jury, worse, When they came into office they were all- the advantage-(hear). The nearer men were placed and independent state, occupying a place amongst powerful-they had the power to remove grievances; to rely on these who employ they they had the power to remove grievances; to rely on these who employ they are the second and independent state, occupying a place amongst WEDNESDAY, JULY 26. without leaving the box, found a verdict of Guilty fight or not. Mr. O'C. then referred to the noble bewerful-they had the power to remove grievances; betwerful-they had the power to remove grievances; betwerful-they had the power to remove grievances; betwerful-they had the employ them, the greater was the nations. So now their tyrants may declare the funds steady, but they may be assured they were instead of looking into and alleviating the distress of the people, the Honse of Commons had been n'ght (cheers). This great circumstance arose trom the state. It was a sturdy assertion of the Irish Dake against Burke for the highway robbery, acquitting exertions of Father Mathew. He was an able (Before Mr. Justice Cresswell.) Butt rfield of that charge. The latter was ordered to occulist. Ireland drunk had become Ireland sober. The Learned Jubge took his seat on the bench be detained for another charge to be preferred against The film had been removed from the eyes of the this morning at ten o'clock, for the purpose of passsiter night discussing—(a voice—nonsense)—triffes, sye nonsense, excepting the physical force bill tor Ireland. But O'Connell did not want physical force. Ind. The working men in Ireland bed the Index of the Union. But they must always read such asserhim at the next assizes. ing sentences which had been left over, and which people and they had seen that they had been robbed whilst they were drunk ; but now they were sober concluded the Gaol Delivery, and terminated the CHARGE OF FORGING A WILL. they had begun to take care they were robbed no business of the Crown Court. The following senten-Anne Peacock, an elderly lasy of great respec land. The working men in Ireland had their larders tions with a rational dictionary, and the qualification more. Mr. O'Connor passed the highest eulogium He had a higher class of amunition in store than guns stored for seven, eight, or nine months in the year; he would attach to this was—if the Irish people ces were passed :-tability, was charged with having forged a will, purupon the exertions of Father Mathew, and urged William Barker and William Binns, who had and supposing it was but poor, that it was devoid of would allow him-(Cheers.) The Irish people had luxury, yet, if they were satisfied to hve upon it different laws forced on them to what the English porting to be the last will and testament of Abigail the cause of temperance upon his hearers with much Mittord. pleaded Guilty to a charge of sacrilege, in the parish cheers). The people of Ireland would not meet them with flints, percussion caps, or gunpowder, but with pockets buttoned up-(loud cheers). Imagine eight or nine months, whilst the working men in language, and in blood-(Cheore). The Repeat of warmth, showing the advantage morally, intellec-Mr. PASHLEY, Mr. OVEREND, and Mr. JOHNSTON of Halifax, after a previous conviction for felony, to tually, and politically, to be derived from temperwere counsel for the prosecution ; and Mr. WILKINS be transported for fourteen years. ance by the working classes, and how far it would and Mr BLISS appeared for the detence. William Thornton, Andrew Forbes, Samuel Haigh, language and in blood-(Cheers.) The Repeal of Joseph Platts, Henry Platts, and Frederick Foster, lead to the destruction of the influence of the aris-A mass of evidence was adduced, but it so comthe Union would not be objected to by the working tocracy. He would refer them to that part of the pletely broke down, that the counsel for the prosecu-tion abandoned the case. After the Judge had Wakefield. Thornton and Joseph Platts pleaded three rounds of ball cartridge served them; whilst would be its opposers. He could imagine them resolution which denounced class legislation. The Government of this country had been carried on by effered some strong observations on the conduct of Guilty, and against Thornton, Forbes, and Haigh, losing an epaulette from their arm, or a knee-tie or classes without the people. They had been the trus-tees of the people; but they had not fulfilled their The foreman previous convictions for felony were proved ; these months. Which then were able to stand the fight a shoe-buckle by the Repeal, and he knew how The foreman of the jury said,-My Lord, we are were sentenced to be transported for life, and the with oppression ? Although the feod in the larders warmly they would object to this. He fancied trusts; they had broken their contract, and therethink you ?- (A voice, "Nothing"; and cheers). of his countrymen was lamentable as a means of them on the Continent being taunted that they unanimous in our opinion that this is one of the other three to be transported for ten years each. fore the people desired that they would hand over the most flagrant cases ever brought into a court of Mark Hewitt, Wm Milner, and John Milner, subsistence, yet if it was to lead to the regeneration had not been able to govern Ireland, that they had -(cheers). Just half nothing. Mr. O'Connor had of his country, he rejoiced that Paddy lived upon pot- allowed her to proclaim her independence. He could trust into their own keeping. (Cheers.) When convicted of highway robbery, with violence, to be justice. their Organization was completed, he hoped to see A verdict of Not Guilty was then recorded against | transported for fifteen years. atoes to achieve so great a trinmph. Secular wars fancy their downcast looks to see in them opposition them in a position to demand this right, and that the venerable old lady, who was assisted from the are now carried on against various abu-es at the to the rights of the Irish people-(cheers).' What Patrick Burke, for nighway robbery at Bradford they would be able to accomplish a tair and dock by several of her relatives, who had been in to be transported for ten years. same time. Popular opinion carried the Emanci- had been the result of the agitation against the full representation of the whole people. For attendance upon her during the proceedings. Wm. Blewitt, and Wm. Lightfoot, convicted of an pation Act; popular opinion carried the R-form Bill, Factory Bill and all the other measures brought this purpose his whole energies would be aggravated assault, whilst night poaching, to be but it was not so popular then as it is now. Popu- forward by Government? Why, that they were all CUTTING AND WOUNDING AT HUPDERSFIELD. exerted in reorganizing their forces, and collecting. imprisoned eighteen calendar months with hard lar opinion is more powerful against the Govern. gone to the tomb of the Capulets. This had been Rowland Broadbent was charged with having, on public opinion-(cheers). He was asked what his ment now than ever it was. But why did not popu- the result of popular opinion ; and now the great labour. motives and what his principles were. His motive the 12th of July inst., at Huddersfield, fermiously cut lar opinion succeed now as then, you will say ? It is question of Irish liberty was before them, would Thos Graham, for stabbing, with intent to do was to lead the working man to work out his own and wounded Win. Bradley, with intent to do him and wealth, luxury and want. It had been said because the factions knew that the Emancipation Act they not cry hurrah for Ireland ?-(loud cheers). grievous bouily harm, to be imprisoned for eighteen salvation. His principles were those of extreme some grievious bodily harm; and Thomas Heins Broadthat those whem God designs to ruin he first strikes and the Reform Bill were mere shadows. They did When this great question came before the public, calendar months to hard labour. democracy. He would not abate one jota of the bent, John Thornton, and Ellen, his write, were not resist Emancipation, and why? Because they knew | they shewed the real principles of Chartism by re-John Hanson, convicted of sheep stealing, to be principles of the Charter. If one principle was charged with aiding and abetting in the commission imprisoned for nine calendar months to hard labour they could stop it at their own doors. They could maining inactive-they did not float their ship by given up, then he should be asked to give up another, of the said off-nce. and so on, until he had given up all, and then what Mr. WILKINS and Mr. P.CKERING were counsel for make the cathocic tenantry pay the tithes, and the the side of Repeal, but had allowed her to ride system would stand as before. The Whig franchi-e openly and engross alone the public mind. They should be get for it? Why he would be laughed at the prosecution ; and Mr. BLISS and Mr. PASHLEY as based on the reform bill, they knew would benefit had done so because their principles were wrapt up for his weakness, and so he ought. He wished to defended the prisoners. LOCAL MARKET' the people nothing ; they knew that by it they could with Repeal. Repeal would not benefit Ireland of concentrate such a public opinion in favour of It appeared that on the 12th inst., two warrants resist the people, having got all the power into their itself; he would not have it without an extensive Chartism as would make it dangerous for any Go- were placed in the hands of Mr. Woodson, a bailiff, LEEDS WOOLLEN MARKET.-There was an average own hands. This was why they did not oppose and firnthful representation for the people. This vernment to oppose it. He trusted he had arrested withorising him to seize the goods of Ellen Broad popular opinion then; but now the people were seek- was the great foundation of the people's political their thought that evening, and that none would go bent, (mother to all the prisoners, excepting amount of business transacted in our Cloth Halls, on ing something for themselves, and that was why they rights-a full, fair, and free representation-(cheers). away uninstructed. He would tell them there was Thornton, who married her daughter), for a sum of Saturday, but scarcely so much on Tuesday. Tao were opposed now—(cheers.) The field of labour The English people were not to be led astray by no hope from the Government. The House of Com £17 3s. 2d., and after watching the manoavres of on which all lived was the best battle field on abstract questions. Their mind had been fixed mons was filled with men who would come to them at the family for tome time, they obtained an entrance goods disposed of were principally of the coarser kinds, at prices that cannot be remunerating. Mr. Bouwerlt then rose and spoke as follows:-bin. Chairman and respected fellow citizens, I feel that I never appeared before you with greater diffi-cence than on the present occasion. I say it is with legt to a few days to rembember the arrival of one ingham on his left; and did he not make it his boast. Lex S few days to rembember the arrival of one ingham on his left; and did he not make it his boast. Lexes din their best clokes, were then assembled ind; has been a ready? How had it not present occasion. Large number of the working classes, and powerful Peels, were then assembled in freewast. The bas clockes, were then assembled in the present of the working classes, and powerful Peels as ince failen in ready? How had it not present of the working classes, and powerful Peels, were then assembled in left and; his arm has been paralyzed by a Woman in place the inter thest clokes, were then assembled in the bas clokes, were then assembled in the present occasion of the working classes, and powerful Peels, were then assembled in the number of persons, a of having the multitary at his back. But this great in the construct of the working classes, and powerful Peels, were then assembled in the bas clokes, were then assembled in the tweet what the tweet is or the great Paels with his work grant has been analyzed by a Woman in based the subject the tweet what the tweet Peels on the ware the assemble of the working classes. The the assemble distant when he wither a subject to the askeed what the tweet what the tweet the askeed and the ready? How has the tweet the askeed and the ready has the askeed and the ready has the askeed and the ready has the askeed and the askeed and the askeed what the tweet has been analyzed by a Woman in pl where a subject so vast in importance as that Waies-(cheers). He had been a-ked what the peal; or the great Peel, with his military at his so much desired. And the labour they bostowed very violent expressions towards the pailiffs, and and part rain has fallen. There a subject so vast in importance as that wates-(cheers). Ge has been and the face in obtaining them he hoped would make them prize just before the effence in question was perpetrated, Richmond Corn Marker Saturdar July 22for our consideration this evening is to be discussed. Chartists had done amongst all this i "nour not yet so few, comparatively spraking, are to be found, who not, it was true, made any direct assault. But he forms; or Lord Palmerston, with his "nour not yet take an interest in it. (Hear, hear.) I presume, attached great importance to the Chartist sgitation arrived"? What grievances had they to dispel, him who however, from the manner in which you received the in the present state of things. He dio not say what heart-burnings to allay. The landords were watchdefence several witnesses were called to prove that week's prices. Wheat sold from 7s 6d to 8: 6d. the injury was inflicted by a person named "Bee- Oats 2: 10d to 3s 9d. Barley 3: 9d to 4:. Beaus 43 The beautiful toy so fondly sought, sentiments expressed by the Chairman, that you was the exact point they had accomplished. They ing them, and felt discontented, Rebecca was in And found the beauty gone by being caught. believe the distress to be general. I do not expect were looking for a more general achievement. They arms against the turnpike gates. Then there was som Jack," who had abscended, and that none of 3d to 4.6d per bushel. this would be admitted either by her Majesty or, had been silent, quiescent, and tranquil. The peo- the great question between landlord and tenant of Mr. O'Connor sat down amidst loud, long continued, the prison rs were a party in the transaction. Not YORK CORN MARKET, SATURDAY JULY 22.-Owing Prince Alcert. When they pass through the country ple, the great power, had been looking on whilst the fixity of tenure. Then there was the Church. The and enthusiastic cheers. they see only the bright side of the question. No factions were quarrelling; and they would be pre- landlords were the tructees of the State Church. The thanks of the meeting having been given to doubt his Borel Hisharman between the tructees of the state Church. Guilty, to the continued advance in other markets, and the doubt his Royal Highness went back to her Majesty pared to take advantage of any opportunity which it was the Church that was the bone of contention the Chairman, the meeting separated. BURGLARY AT WAKEFIELD. unfavourable weather, we have an excited trade tolast week and told her that the appearance of the should present itself of bettering their own condition in Ireland—(cheers). Mr. O'Connor then entered prople bespoke happiness, contentment, and pros-ion. Peel had done nothing. He had had bark- into a warm description of the depopulating system perity. (Hear, hear.) But, O i in this fashionable ings and howlings at him from all quarters of carried on by the landlords in Ireland, and Wm. Thorpton, 24, Joseph Platts, 23, Henry day. For Wheat, an advance of nearly 1s per Platts, 24, Andrew Forbes, 18, Samuel Haigh, 21, bushel is generally asked, but our millers are unwil-THE TEA MEETING. ling to give more than 2s to 3s per gr. above last On Tuesday evening, another of those assemblies so calculated to produce that much-to-be-desired object, "Union." was holden at the rooms of the National the dwelling-house of John Barff, and stolen there-of the dwelling of the the the store of the st city there were then many mothers who, when their the House-(hear)-and yet he was contended that the Chartist franchise was the children cried for food, had no bread to give them. remain lulled by a few friends in the House of only means which would enable the working classes in the dwelling-house of John Baiff, and stolen there-(Hear.) Such eases are not solitary; and it was our Commons. He who was all-powerful is powerless. effectually to grapple with their oppressors. He duty to feel and sympathies with the distressed. Ireland hates him with contempi-no, that is not then went through the various interests of society, been announced in the bills that F. O'Connor, Esq. of sugar, and two silver spoons. The two former and, with fine weather, we cannot think that present (Cheers.) They were met for the purpose of taking the word; fearing him, no; defying him, no; showing the effects of the present distress upon each, would attend, as might be expected with such an prisoners pleaded guilty. no consideration the distressed state of the country. there is no word I can use to show Ireland's treat-and the results to each when labour was high or attraction, all the tickets issued for the occasion were Mr. WILWINS and Mr. PICKERING were counsel prices will be supported. He feit it was nunecessary he should cite instances ment of him. Ireland snaps her fingers at him- low. He then showed the evils of the present soon disposed of, and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of, and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of and the result was a goodly meeting in for the present soon disposed of a solution is the present soon disposed of a solution is the present solution is th LEEDS :- Printed for the Proprietor, FEARGUS The projecutor resides at St. John's Place. in Wakeof distress, for there was not one in that room, he (loud and long-continued cheering). Every dif- system of government, and the necessity of uniting appearance and numbers. O'CONNOR, Esq. of Hammersmith, County field, and on the night of the robbery he was from The rooms were decorated with laurel, and the porfeit assured, who were not acquainted with cases ferent section of society was complaining and dis- to bring about a change. It was for the purpose of Middlesex, by JOSHUA HOBSON, at his Print which had come under their individual notice, where contented. The commercial and manufacturing uniting them that he had come among them. He traits of several of the leading men of the Chartist home, having left the house to the care of two serthe chilling blast of poverty had worked its deso- interests, the agriculturists, the shopkeepers, the had been for the last ten months only a prisoner at cause were hung around the walls, together with vants. When they retired to rest, the doors, &c., large effects. (Hear.) Were there none in that Church of Scotland, Ireland, and Waits-(cheers). large. And it was to the cleverness and ingenuity several banners and ingent banners and ingent banners and ingent banners and ingent banners and ingen banners and ingent banners and ingen ba ing Offices, Nos. 12 and 13. Market-street, Briggate and Published by the said JOSHUA HOBSON room who worked without a fair remuneration for Disinterested men, calm and considerate men, rea-iher labour ? He feared there were many. He felt soning and thoughtfol men, I would ask you how he had a city to perform, besides considering the can a Government hold together when interests so (for the said FEARGUS O'CONNOR,) at his Dwe ling-house, No. 5, Market-street, Briggate ; internal Communication existing between the said distress it was to suggest a remedy. (Hear, hear.) opposite are all opposed to it ! Mr. Bolwell had proud that it owned the first solicitor that was ever Mr. Bolwell had proud that it owned the first solicitor that was ever Some would say they wanted time to understand; spoken of the remedies proposed. There were two able to battle against the strong powers of Govern- that Mr. O'Connor, together with Mr. Roberts, would place, he discovered that the front door had been No. 5. Market-street. and the said Nos. 12 and others would philosophise; but they must meet the pet remedies of men at present. One was the ment and come off bearing the palm of victory. And leave them at an early hour, having to address a meet. forced open. His suspicions were in conse-present difficulties openly, and for themselves; for if Repeal of the Corn Laws, and the other a kind of now that he was once more set at liberty from the ing of their fellow-Chartists in Frome that evening. quence excited, and he closed the door; rang 13, Market-street, Briggate, thus constituting t whole of the said Printing and Publishing Off they left it to the Government, that Government transportation. One will tell you, you must depend fange of the Government, he was determined to heal, He would, therefore, call on Mr. O'Connor to address the house bell, and sprang his rattle. Assistance would deceive them. (Cheers.) What, then, is the on the foreigner for trade and sustemance. The if possible, any differences that might have orept them, as they were, he knew, very anxious to hear immediately came up, when the party entered the house, the foreigner for trade and sustemance. The if possible, any differences that might have orept them, as they were, he knew, very anxious to hear immediately came up, when the party entered the house, the former of when was instantly knocked him. one Premises. All Communications must be addressed. Post-paid. classes of politicians suggesting their remedies. But are you content to remain at home to compete First came the High Church party, and they suggested with, and be trampled upon by artificial power; ing all around, and many were the difficulties and tive address, explained the reason of himself and Mr. Mr. HOBSON, Northern Star Office, Leeds. theirs; but he would have the people depend upon it and at length, when machinery had done its work much the opposition they had to contend against. Roberts having to leave them so early; and after giving to make his escape from one of the windows, when in depriving them of the means of subsistence, to be But he was resolved to brave them all—(cheers.) such advice and encouragement to the Chartists as will he was thrown to the ground with such violence as (Saturday, July 29, 1843,

CROWN COURT-MONDAY, JULY 24,

(Before Mr. Justice Cresswell.)

SENTENCES.

Thomas Beaumoni and Joseph Walker, convicted of stealing woollen cloth, at Huddersfield. To be imprisoned and kept to hard labour, for twelve calendar months.

Charles Gothard, George Mason, and Samuel Kay, convicted of stealing to the amount of more than £5, in a dwelling house at Ecclesfield, were sentenced to be transported fifteen years.

James Linley and Joseph Butterfield, convicted of a burglary in the dwelling house of Mr. John Wilkinson, at Leeds. To be transport for fifteen years.

William Smith, convicted of robbing Henry Woolf,

SHEEP STEALING AT BARNINGHAM.

Thomas Shaw and John Shaw, father and son, who had been out on bail, were placed at the bar, the former (the son) charged with having, on the 17th of June, stolen two gimmer sheep, the property of Geo. have been stolen.

prosecution : Mr. BLISS was counsel for Thomas Shaw, assizes to answer to a charge of perjury. Mr. Jones and Mr. WILKINS for John Shaw.

The prisoners were highly respectable farmers; and the case occupied several hours. The prisoners were found not guilty.

SACRILEGE AT MALIFAX. William Barker, 27, and William Binns, 27, pleaded Guilty to an indictment which charged them with or request, for the delivery of a watch, with intent to breaking into the parochial chapel at Illingworth, in defraud Thomas Kellitt, well knowing the same to be the parish of Halifax, in the month of May last. The forged. prisoner Barker pleaded Guilty to having been previously convicted of felony .- Sentence was deferred.

PERJURY AT HULL.

Wm. Wrigglesworth, who had been out on bail, was charged with having committed wilful and corrupt perjury, at the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull. Mr. ARCHBOLD and Mr. BAIN were for the prose

cution ; Mr. ASPINALL for the defence.

The offence with which the prisoner was charged originated in certain proceedings in the Police Court at Hull, to which place Wrigglesworth, who acted as a common informer, had summoned several publicans, who had been fined, on his information, 23. 6d. each. The fines were paid by Mr. Jones, the draper, in Hull, who, on one occasion, when the defendant was leaving the Court, said to him, "I would recommend you to go home, to read good books, and attend church on a Sunday", A crowd was collected, and some hooting, and other expressions of popular disapprobation were manifested, and the day following, Wrigglesworth, before the magistrates at Hull, swore that a Mr. Jones, a draper, had offered a sovereign or a guinea, he did not know which, to any four persons, who would give him, Wrigglesworth, a "d-d good hiding." On this in-Crafton, of Barningham, near Greta Bridge; and the formation, sworn before a magistrate at Hull, asummonlatter with having received the same, knowing them to was granted against Mr. Jones, and at the hearing of the case, Mr. Jones was discharged, and Wriggles. Sir G. LEWIN- and Mr. GRAINGER, conducted the worth was ordered to find surecies to appear at the refused now to appear to prosecute the case, and a verdict of Not Guilty was recorded.

UTTERING A FORGED ORDER AT THONNE.

Abraham Egarr, 23, was indicted for having on the 23d of May last, at Thorne, in the West Riding, uttered, disposed of, and put off a certain forged warrant, order,

Mr. WARREN conducted the prosecution; the prisoner was defended by Mr. ASPINAL.

The prisoner was in the service of Mr. Lee, a farmer.